

# OPERATIVSYSTEMER OG PROCESINTERAKTION

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EKSAMENSPROJEKT  
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## INDHOLD

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## 1. INDLEDNING

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Dette eksamensprojekt er lavet i forbindelse med faget Operativsystemer og Procesinteraktion på IT- Diplomuddannelsen, Ingeniørhøjskolen i København.

Faget har taget udgangspunkt i bogen Operating Systems, med undertitlen "Internals and Design Principles" af forfatteren William Stallings, samt ekstra materiale fra underviser Bo Holst-Christensen.

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## 2. OPGAVEBESKRIVELSE

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For at komme igennem noget af materialet i faget, specielt kapitel 5 (Concurrency: Mutual Exclusion and Synchronization) og til dels kapitel 6 (Concurrency: Deadlock and Starvation), har jeg valgt at lave et rengøringsrobotsimuleringsprogram. Som visuelt viser hvordan robotter rengører et areal, som er opdelt i felter.

Der skal være 3 robotter, som skal holde arealet rent. Hver robot får sin egen tråd. Arealet der skal rengøres opdeles i 10 gange 10 felter. Hvert felt kan kun have en robot stående af gangen. Et af felterne vil være en skraldespand.

Der skal være en tilfældighedsgenerator, som med mellemrum genererer noget snavs på felterne. Denne snavsgenerator får også sin egen tråd.

Robotterne skal søge efter snavs uden at støde ind i hinanden. Hver robot kan rengøre 5 snavsede felter, hvorefter den må en tur til skraldespanden, for at blive tømt for snavs. Når en robot skal beslutte sit næste træk, kan den se alle felter omkring sig, dvs. 8 felter, hvis robotten ikke står ved en kant. Hvis en eller flere af disse 8 felter er snavs, vælges et tilfældigt snavs felt af disse. Ellers vælges der et tilfældigt rent felt. Hver robot husker også de sidste 6 felter den har besøgt, disse felter undgås når der skal vælges nyt felt. Med mindre at dette "låser" robotten. Robotten kan komme til at låse sig selv inde i et hjørne vha. denne "felthukommelse", hvis dette sker så nulstilles denne "felthukommelse".

Alle robotter og snavsgeneratoren, som alle arbejder i hver sin tråd, får også en log, så der kan følges med i hvilke skridt, de enkelte tråde gennemgår. Der vil også være en log for selve skraldespanden, så man kan se, hvor meget snavs der er blevet modtaget fra de enkelte robotter.

Centralt i programmet vil være det areal der skal rengøres, kaldet board i programmet. Dette board benyttes til håndtering af, hvilke felter der er rene og snavs, hvor skraldespanden og de enkelte robotter står. Dvs. at boardet har overblikket, og det er her synkroniseringen, mellem de enkelte tråde foregår. Dette betyder også, at det ikke er et rigtigt simuleringsprogram, da de enkelte robotter ikke er autonome, men hele tiden "spørger" boardet.

Der er heller ikke deadlock problemer i dette program, da en robot kun kan låse et felt af gangen. En deadlock situation kræver som regel at to eller flere ressourcer, låses i forskellige rækkefølge af to eller flere tråde/processer.

Selve programmet laves i sproget Java<sup>1</sup>, og gør brug af Java's muligheder inde for trådprogrammering.

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<sup>1</sup> Java, se [www.java.com](http://www.java.com)

## 2.1. AFGRÆNSING

For at afgrænse opgaven har jeg valgt kun at benytte 3 robotter. For at undgå for mange konflikter, f.eks. hvis skraldespanden står i et hjørne, så kan en robot spærres inde ved, at der står 3 andre fyldte robotter, og venter på at komme til skraldespanden. Dette kan løses ved at definere nogle felter som kø til skraldespanden, og et andet felt som udgang fra skraldespanden.

Løsningen er heller ikke dækket ind med hensyn til unit tests.

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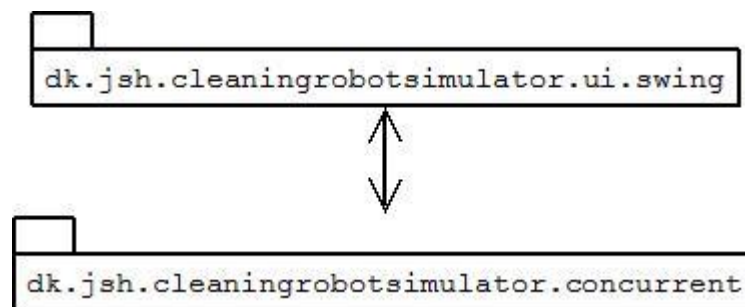
## 3. DESIGN

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Følgende er en kort beskrivelse af designet af applikationen. Startende med et pakkediagram efterfulgt af et designklassediagram.

### 3.1. INDELING AF KODE I LAG

Jeg har inddelt koden i 2 overordnet lag vha. java pakker, se følgende diagram.

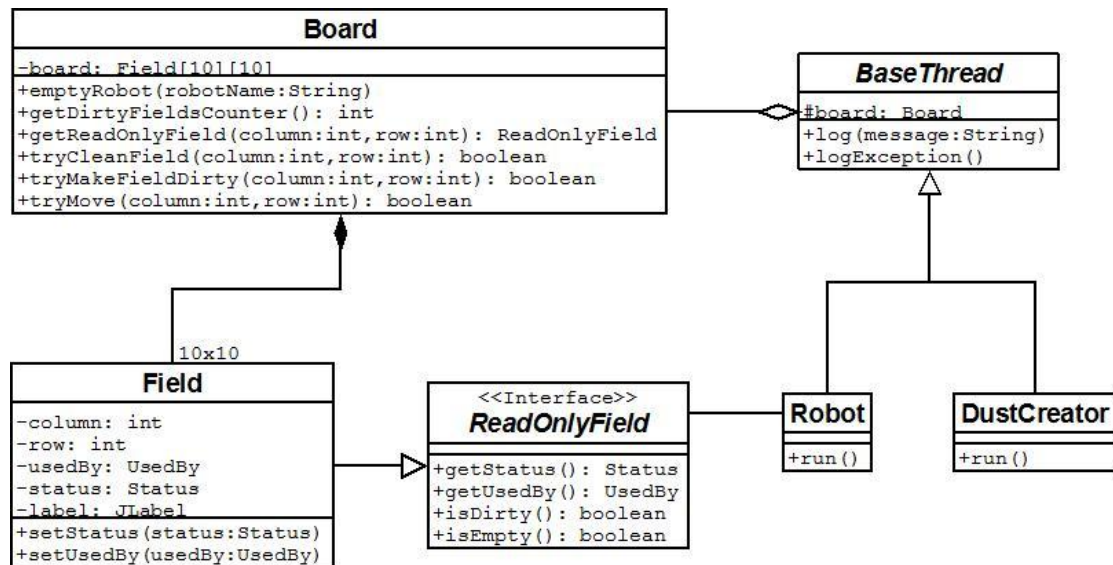


Figur 1- Pakkediagram

Pakke	Beskrivelse
dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.ui.swing	Kode til håndtering af brugerfladen.
dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent	Kode til håndtering af tråd-programmering/samtidighed.

Koden til håndtering af brugerfladen beskrives ikke yderligere, da det ikke er relevant for opgaven. Det følgende er et klassediagram over de væsentligste klasser, som er i dk.jsh.claeningrobotsimulator.concurrent pakken.

### 3.2. DESIGN KLASSEDIAGRAM



Figur 2 - Design klassediagram

Robot og DustCreator arver begge fra den abstrakte klasse BaseThread, som igen arver fra Thread (standard del af Java). Dvs. at objekter af klasserne Robot og DustCreator, kan startes som tråde. I applikationen startes der 3 Robot tråde og en DustCreator tråd. BaseThread indeholder også et Board, som benyttes af Robot og DustCreator trådene.

Boardet består af 10 gange 10 Field's. Det er i selve Board klassen alt synkronisering sker, idet metoderne emptyRobot, tryCleanField, tryMakeFieldDirty og tryMove alle er synkroniseret.

Board metoden getReadOnlyField benyttes af Robot til at undersøge felter omkring sig. Denne metode er ikke synkroniseret, det er derfor at den i stedet for at returnere Field's, så returnerer den ReadOnlyField's. Dvs. at når en robot tråd er ved at undersøge hvilke mulige felter, den kan rykke hen på eller rengøre, så låser denne proces ikke for, at de andre robotter kan rykke eller rengøre. ReadOnlyField har heller ikke nogen set metoder, det er for at sikre at en Robot tråd ikke ændre et Fields status. Det er kun Board objektet der har lov til det.

Dvs. at en Robot tråd ikke kan være sikker på den status, som står i et ReadOnlyField. Status kan være ændret af en anden Robot. Det er også derfor de 3 Board metoder tryCleanField, tryMakeFieldDirty og tryMove alle returnerer en boolean, som er true hvis operationen lykkes eller false hvis ikke.

F.eks. en robot henter alle 8 felter omkring sig (som ReadOnlyField's), undersøger disse, finder et felt som skal rengøres, og ikke er optaget af en anden robot, så kalder den først tryMove() metoden, som f.eks. returnerer false, fordi feltet er overtaget af en anden robot i mellemtiden.

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#### 4. TRÅDET PROGRAMMERING I JAVA

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En tråd i Java kan laves ved at arve fra java klassen Thread, eller ved at implementere interfacet Runnable. Begge kræver at der er en run metode, som er den metode som indeholder den kode, der skal afvikles i en selvstændig tråd. Som det fremgår af Figur 2 - Design klassediagram, har klasserne Robot og DustCreator begge en run metode. I programmet startes der tråde af disse klasser (se bilag View.java). Robot tråde startes her ved at lave et nyt objekt af klassen Robot og kalde start metoden på denne, som så starter selve tråden.

DustCreator objektet startes vha. af en scheduler (se bilag View.java). Her bruges en scheduler, med en fast pause mellem hvert run. I programmet bliver DustCreator startet med 30 sekunders intervaller.

For at undgå konflikter robotterne imellem, benytter jeg, java keyworded synchronized, dette benyttes kun af klassen Board. Enten på hele metodekaldet, eller inde i nogle blokke i metoderne. Synchronize er en mutual exclusion også kaldet critical section. Dvs. at kun en tråd kan eksekvere kode her af gangen. I java kan hele motoder være en critical section. Men det er faktisk en kort notation for synchronize(this). Se følgende:

```
public boolean tryMove(..) {
    synchronize(this) {
        //Så længe en tråd er i denne kritiske sektion, kan andre tråde ikke benytte kode i dette
        //objekt, som også synkroniserer på this.
    }
}
```

Det samme kunne opnås ved at skrive public synchronized boolean tryMove(..){..} "this" er i dette tilfælde er objektet selv. Man kan også synkronisere på andre objekter. Grunden til at jeg ikke bruger synchronized på alle metoder i Board, skyldes at noget af koden i de enkelte metoder, godt kan køres på samme tid i forskellige tråde. F.eks. i tryMove metoden valideres de argumenter, som metoden kaldes med, før metoden laver en critical section vha. synchronize.

Board klassen, betragter jeg som en monitor, da dens opbygning minder om det, som er beskrevet i bogen Operation System i kapitel 5 afsnit 5.4 Monitors. Fields og andre attributter tilgås kun gennem Board klassens metoder. synchronize(this) søger for at kun en proces (her tråd) af gangen, kan arbejde med Board klassens interne attributter. I bogen Java Concurrency in practice<sup>2</sup>, kaldes dette også for "Java monitor pattern".

Udover det jeg har benyttet i programmet, så tilbyder java mange andre muligheder i forbindelse med trådprogrammering. F.eks. Atomic Types, en AtomicInteger sikre at kun en tråd af gangen, kan udfører f.eks. en addition. Derudover er der forskellige typer af semaphore, der kan benyttes som låsemekanismer. Dvs. at man kan lave noget programlogik, hvor en tråd "låser" en semaphor, andre tråde må vente på at denne tråd låser semaphoren op igen, før de kan komme til. Problemet med semaphore er, at de kan blive spredt ud over mange programfiler, og det kan derfor være svært, at vedligeholde og fejlfinde.

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<sup>2</sup> Java Concurrency in Practice, af Brian Goetz m.fl., se [www.javaconcurrencyinpractice.com](http://www.javaconcurrencyinpractice.com)

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## 5. PROGRAMMERINGSMILJØ

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Under programmeringen har jeg gjort brug af følgende værktøjer og andre ressourcer:

- NetBeans<sup>3</sup> – Java IDE, Java udviklingsmiljø.
- Maven2<sup>4</sup> - Build, deploy, dependency management tool
- SubVersion<sup>5</sup> via GoogleCode - Repository til al kode. Bl.a for at have backup af koden på en anden maskine, og for at få historik på mine koderettelser. Google tilbyder at stille lagerplads til rådighed via deres GoogleCode<sup>6</sup>. Mod at man frigiver koden som open source<sup>7</sup>. Hele dette projekt inkl. denne tekst kan også findes under GoogleCode, se [code.google.com/p/cleaning-robot-simulator/](http://code.google.com/p/cleaning-robot-simulator/).

Alle diagrammer er lavet vha. Dia<sup>8</sup>, som har skabeloner til UML diagrammer. De enkelte diagrammer ligger også på den vedlagte CD. Se [bilag](#) for indholdet på den vedlagte CD.

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<sup>3</sup> NetBeans IDE, se [netbeans.org](http://netbeans.org)

<sup>4</sup> Maven2, se [maven.apache.org/](http://maven.apache.org/)

<sup>5</sup> SubVersion, se [subversion.tigris.org](http://subversion.tigris.org)

<sup>6</sup> GoogleCode, se [code.google.com](http://code.google.com)

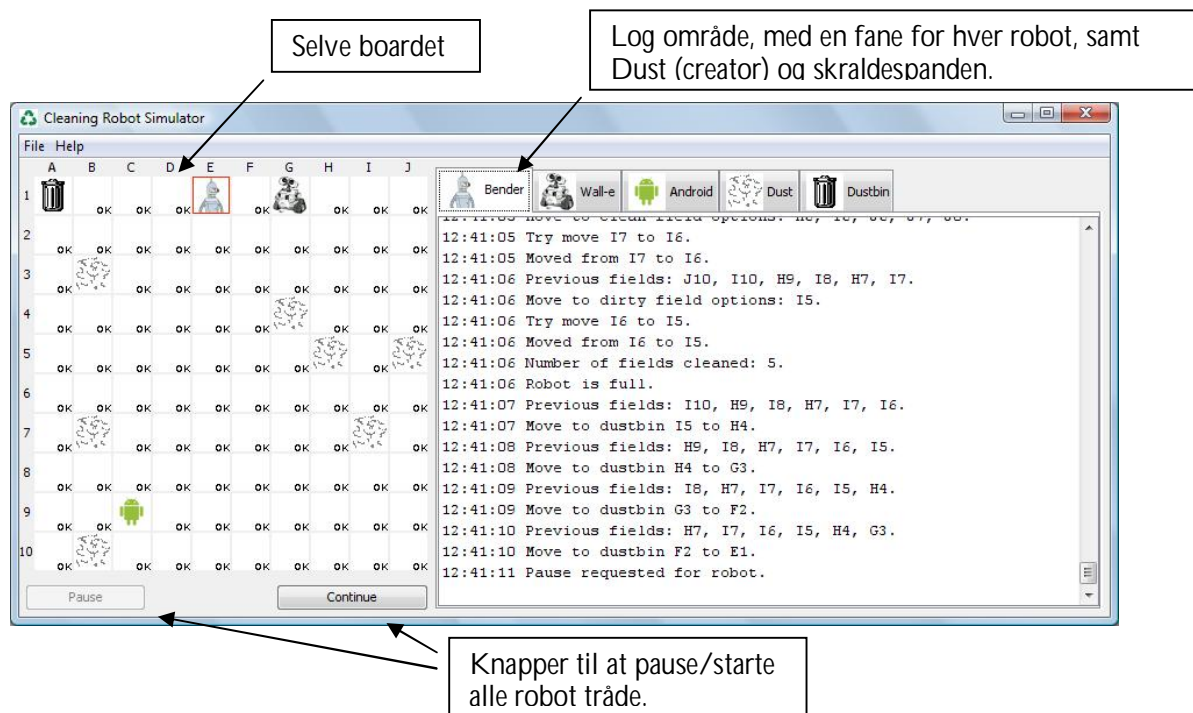
<sup>7</sup> Open source, se [da.wikipedia.org/wiki/Open\\_source](http://da.wikipedia.org/wiki/Open_source)

<sup>8</sup> Dia, se [projects.gnome.org/dia](http://projects.gnome.org/dia)

## 6. BRUGERVEJLEDNING

Programmet startes ved at finde programmet på den vedlagte cd, programmet hedder "cleaning-robot-simulator-1.0.jar" og ligger i kataloget Program. I Windows startes programmet ved at dobbeltklikke på filen i Stifinder (File Explore). Alternativ kan programmet startes ved at skrive "java -jar cleaning-robot-simulator-1.0.jar" fra en kommandolinje. Under alle omstændigheder kræver programmet, at der er installeret en Java 6 runtime<sup>9</sup>, på den pågældende maskine.

Når programmet startes, fremkommer følgende dialog:











Figur 3 - Selve programmet

<sup>9</sup> Java runtime kan hentes fra [java.sun.com](http://java.sun.com)



Symboler på boardet:

Robotter	   Robotterne får en rød kant når de er fyldte.  Eksempel på en fyldt robot. 
Felter	Rent felt  OK, snavset felt 
Skraldespand	 Skraldespand som ikke er i brug.   Skraldespand som benyttes af en robot.

De to knapper "Pause" og "Continue" kan benyttes til at stoppe/genstarte alle Robotterne, så man evt. kan nærlæse de enkelte logfaneblade.

Hver robot har et logfaneblad, hvor robotens handlinger kan aflæses. Hvilke felter den har besøgt, hvilke snavsede felter der er omkring den? En robot forsøger altid at gå til et snavset felt, hvis der er sådan et i dens omkreds. Hvis der ingen snavset felter er, vælges der et tilfældigt rent felt, den ikke har besøgt inden for 6 træk. Når en robot har rengjort 5 felter, er den fyldt, og går til skraldespanden. De enkelte felter navngives med A til J for kolonner og med 1 til 10 for rækker. F.eks. "A1" er der hvor skraldespanden står.

På "Dust" logfanen kan man se hvilke felter der bliver gjort snavset. Og på "Dustbin" logfanen fremgår det hvilke robotter, som har tømt sit snavs over i skraldespanden, og hvor meget snavs der totalt er modtaget.

Menuen i programmer indeholder "File -> Exit" som afslutter programmet. Og "Help -> About..." viser følgende dialog, som fortæller lidt om programmet:



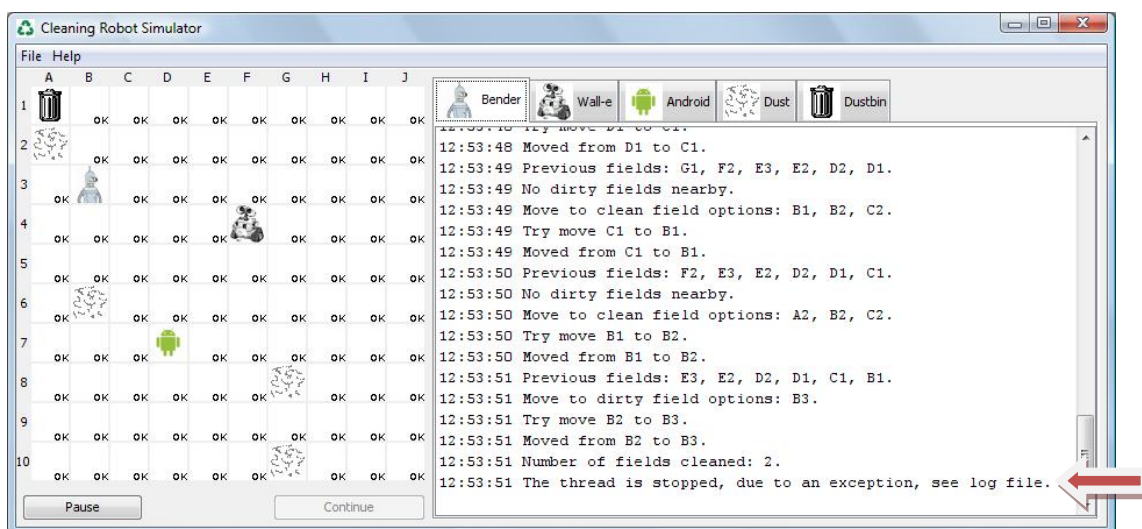
Figur 4 - About dialog

Robotternes navne og ikoner er lånt fra:

- Android styresystemet fra Google, se [www.android.com](http://www.android.com)
- Wall-E, Disney animationsfilm fra 2008, se [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/WALL-E](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/WALL-E)
- Bender, tegneserien Futurama af Matt Groening (Også kendt for serien The Simpsons), se [da.wikipedia.org/wiki/Futurama](http://da.wikipedia.org/wiki/Futurama)

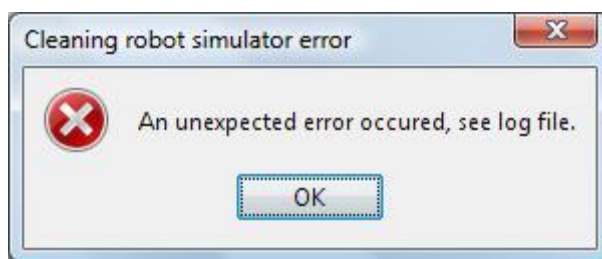
## 6.1. FEJLHÅNDTERING

Hvis der opstår en fejl i en af Robotterne, vil det fremgå af den pågældende robots logfane. Se den røde pil på følgende eksempel.



Figur 5 - Exempel på en exception i en tråd

Hvis der sker en fejl i selve applikationen, fremkommer følgende dialog.



Figur 6- Applikationsfejl

Når det trykkes på "OK" knappen, lukkes programmet.

I begge ovenstående fejlsituationer, henvises til en logfil. Her kan en java stacktrace af selve fejlen ses. På en Windows maskine vil denne fil typisk ligge følgende sted:

C:\Users\<User>\AppData\Local\Temp\cleaning-robot-simulator.log.0

---

## 7. KONKLUSION

---

Formålet med opgaven var at lave en rengøringsrobotsimulator i java. Som visuelt viser hvordan 3 robotter holder et areal, bestående af 10 gange 10 felter rent. Jeg har måske brugt en del tid på den visuelle side af sagen, mest fordi det er sjovt. Men det viser ganske tydeligt hvordan de enkelte robotter, i hver sin tråd interagerer med arealet (Board'et).

Som nævnt tidligere er det ikke et ægte simuleringsprogram, fordi de enkelte robotter ikke er autonome. Det er Board'et som bestemmer, om en robot må flytte til et felt eller ej. Men da opgaven også gik ud på at komme noget af materialet fra bogen igennem, specielt kapitel 5 (Concurrency: Mutual Exclusion and Synchronization) og til dels kapitel 6 (Concurrency: Deadlock and Starvation), synes jeg at det er lykket meget godt. Jeg har været inde på trådprogrammering, samtidighed, mutual exclusion, semaphore og monitors.

Jeg er ikke løbet ind i de store problemer med hensyn til deadlock og starvation i programmet. Starvation er håndteret af mit design, hvor det er Board, som hele tiden begrænser de enkelte robotter, så de ikke løber løbsk. Og deadlock undgås ved, at der kun er en robot, som kan stå på et felt af gangen. Hvis der var mere end 3 robotter, kunne en robot eksempelvis blive låst inde i et hjørne. Det betragter jeg ikke som en deadlock situation, da denne robot så bare må vente til de andre robotter har flyttet sig. Som det fremgår af bogen, er designet vigtigt når man udvikler programmer med flere tråde. Det der i bogen kaldes "Deadlock prevention".

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## 8. BILAG

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### 8.1. KODE

Følgende er javakoden, som er udviklet i forbindelse med denne opgave. Startende med koden i javapakken: `dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent`, derefter kommer pakken `dk.jsh.cleaningrobot.ui.swing`.

*dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent*

`\dk\jsh\cleaningrobotsimulator\concurrent\Constants.java`

```
1 package dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent;
2
3 import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
4
5 /**
6  * Cleaning robot simulator constants.
7  * @author Jan S. Hansen
8  */
9 public class Constants {
10
11     public final static int MAX_ROWS = 10;
12     public final static int MAX_COLUMNS = 10;
13     public final static int MAX_DIRTY_FIELDS = 10;
14     public final static int MAX_CLEANED_FIELDS = 5;
15     public final static SimpleDateFormat timeFormat =
16         new SimpleDateFormat("HH:mm:ss");
17
18     //Empty private constructor to prevent that this class can be instantiated.
19     private Constants() {
20     }
21 }
22
```

`\dk\jsh\cleaningrobotsimulator\concurrent\Board.java`

```
1 package dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent;
2
3 import java.util.Date;
4 import javax.swing.Icon;
5 import javax.swing.ImageIcon;
6 import javax.swing.JTextArea;
7 import org.jdesktop.application.ResourceMap;
8
9 /**
10  * A Board class. A board consist of 10x10 fields
11  * (see { @link dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent.Field Field}).<br>
12  * Each field can be either clean or dirty (one is the dustbin).
13  * A field can only hold one robot.<br>
14  * This class is thread safe.
15  * @see dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.cuncurrent.Field
16  * @author Jan S. Hansen
17  */
18 public class Board {
19
20     //Thread safety - following fields is guarded by "this".
21     private Field[][] board;
22     private int dirtyFieldsCounter;
23     private long fieldsCleaned;
24     private JTextArea jTextAreaDustbin;
25
26     //Read-only fields.
27     private ResourceMap resourceMap;
28
29     /**

```

```

30  * Constructor.
31  */
32  public Board(ResourceMap resourceMap, JTextArea jTextAreaDustbin) {
33      this.resourceMap = resourceMap;
34      this.jTextAreaDustbin = jTextAreaDustbin;
35      board = new Field[Constants.MAX_ROWS][Constants.MAX_COLUMNS];
36      //Clean board
37      for (int row = 0; row < Constants.MAX_ROWS; row++) {
38          for (int column = 0; column < Constants.MAX_COLUMNS; column++) {
39              Field field = new Field(column, row,
40                  Field.Status.CLEAN, Field.UsedBy.EMPTY);
41              Icon icon = resourceMap.getIcon("RobotSimulator.clean");
42              field.jLabel.setIcon(icon);
43              board[row][column] = field;
44          }
45      }
46      setField(9, 0, Field.Status.CLEAN, Field.UsedBy.BENDER,
47          "RobotSimulator.bender");
48      setField(9, 9, Field.Status.CLEAN, Field.UsedBy.WALL_E,
49          "RobotSimulator.wall-e");
50      setField(0, 9, Field.Status.CLEAN, Field.UsedBy.ANDROID,
51          "RobotSimulator.android");
52      setField(0, 0, Field.Status.DUSTBIN, Field.UsedBy.EMPTY,
53          "RobotSimulator.dustbin");
54  }
55
56  /**
57   * Try to move a robot from one field to another field.
58   * @param fromColumn from column
59   * @param fromRow from row
60   * @param toColumn to column
61   * @param toRow to row
62   * @param robotIconResource robot icon resource
63   * @return true if move was a success.
64   */
65  public boolean tryMove(int fromColumn, int fromRow,
66      int toColumn, int toRow, String robotIconResource) {
67      testFieldArguments(fromColumn, fromRow);
68      testFieldArguments(toColumn, toRow);
69      boolean moveOk = false;
70      synchronized (this) {
71          Field fromField = getField(fromColumn, fromRow);
72          Field toField = getField(toColumn, toRow);
73          if (toField.isEmpty() && !fromField.isEmpty()) {
74              toField.setUsedBy(fromField.getUsedBy());
75              fromField.setUsedBy(Field.UsedBy.EMPTY);
76              moveOk = true;
77              //Set icons
78              if (fromColumn == 0 && fromRow == 0) {
79                  fromField.jLabel.setIcon(
80                      resourceMap.getIcon("RobotSimulator.dustbin"));
81              } else {
82                  if (fromField.isDirty()) {
83                      fromField.jLabel.setIcon(
84                          resourceMap.getIcon("RobotSimulator.dirt"));
85                  } else {
86                      fromField.jLabel.setIcon(
87                          resourceMap.getIcon("RobotSimulator.clean"));
88                  }
89              }
90              if (toRow == 0 && toColumn == 0) {
91                  toField.jLabel.setIcon(resourceMap.getIcon(
92                      "RobotSimulator.recycle"));
93              } else {
94                  toField.jLabel.setIcon(resourceMap.getIcon(
95                      robotIconResource));
96              }
97          }
98          return moveOk;
99      }
100  }
101
102  /**
103   * Try to make a field dirty.
104   * @param column fields column

```

```

105  * @param row fields row
106  * @return true if it was a success.
107  */
108  public boolean tryMakeFieldDirty(int column, int row) {
109      testFieldArguments(column, row);
110      boolean ok = false;
111      synchronized (this) {
112          if (dirtyFieldsCounter + 1 <= Constants.MAX_DIRTY_FIELDS) {
113              if (column == 0 && row == 0) { //Dustbin
114                  throw new IllegalArgumentException("Dustbin can't be dirty");
115              }
116              Field field = getField(column, row);
117              if (field.isEmpty() && !field.isDirty()) {
118                  field.setStatus(Field.Status.DIRTY);
119                  dirtyFieldsCounter++;
120                  ok = true;
121                  field.jLabel.setIcon(
122                      resourceMap.getIcon("RobotSimulator.dirt"));
123              }
124          }
125          return ok;
126      }
127  }
128
129  /**
130   * Changes a fields status to clean.
131   * @param column fields column
132   * @param row fields row
133   * @return true if it was a success.
134   */
135  public boolean tryCleanField(int column, int row) {
136      boolean ok = false;
137      testFieldArguments(column, row);
138      synchronized (this) {
139          if (column == 0 && row == 0) { //Dustbin
140              throw new IllegalArgumentException("Dustbin can't be cleaned");
141          }
142          Field field = getField(column, row);
143          if (field.isDirty()) {
144              field.setStatus(Field.Status.CLEAN);
145              dirtyFieldsCounter--;
146              ok = true;
147          }
148          return ok;
149      }
150  }
151
152  /**
153   * Empties a robot for dust and log a message to the Dustbin log.
154   * @param robotName robot name, used in log message.
155   */
156  public synchronized void emptyRobot(String robotName) {
157      fieldsCleaned+=Constants.MAX_CLEANED_FIELDS;
158      //Clear textArea after 2000 lines. TODO: Create a FIFO JTextArea
159      if (jTextAreaDustbin.getLineCount() > 2000) {
160          jTextAreaDustbin.setText("");
161      }
162
163      StringBuilder timeAndMessage =
164          new StringBuilder(Constants.timeFormat.format(new Date()));
165      timeAndMessage.append(" Dust from ").append(robotName);
166      timeAndMessage.append(" recieved - Total recieved: ");
167      timeAndMessage.append(fieldsCleaned).append("\n");
168      jTextAreaDustbin.append(timeAndMessage.toString());
169  }
170
171  /**
172   * Returns dirty fields counter.
173   * @return dirty fields counter
174   */
175  public synchronized int getDirtyFieldsCounter() {
176      return dirtyFieldsCounter;
177  }
178
179  /**

```

```

180 * Returns a read only field. To prevent that a field is updated outside
181 * this board instance.
182 * @param column fields column
183 * @param row fields row
184 * @return field a ReadOnlyField
185 */
186 public ReadOnlyField getReadOnlyField(int column, int row) {
187     testFieldArguments(column, row);
188     synchronized (this) {
189         return board[row][column];
190     }
191 }
192
193 /**
194 * Returns a field.
195 * @param column fields column
196 * @param row fields row
197 * @return field a Field
198 */
199 private Field getField(int column, int row) {
200     return board[row][column];
201 }
202
203 /**
204 * Set a Fields Status and UsedBy.
205 * @param column Fields column
206 * @param row Fields row
207 * @param status Fields Status
208 * @param usedBy Fields UsedBy
209 * @param iconResource Icon resource
210 */
211 private void setField(int column, int row, Field.Status status,
212     Field.UsedBy usedBy, String iconResource) {
213     testFieldArguments(column, row);
214     Field field = board[row][column];
215     field.setStatus(status);
216     field.setUsedBy(usedBy);
217     ImageIcon imageIcon = resourceMap.getImageIcon(iconResource);
218     field.jLabel.setIcon(imageIcon);
219 }
220
221 /**
222 * Test if is valid column and row arguments.
223 * @param column
224 * @param row
225 * @throws IllegalArgumentException Illegal row or column.
226 */
227 private void testFieldArguments(int column, int row)
228     throws IllegalArgumentException {
229     if (column < 0 || column >= Constants.MAX_COLUMNS
230         || row < 0 || row >= Constants.MAX_ROWS) {
231         throw new IllegalArgumentException("Error in column or row: ("
232             + column + ", " + row + ")");
233     }
234 }
235 }
236

```

\dk\jsh\cleaningrobotsimulator\concurrent\ReadOnlyField.java

```

1 /*
2  * To change this template, choose Tools | Templates
3  * and open the template in the editor.
4  */
5
6 package dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent;
7
8 import javax.swing.JLabel;
9
10 /**
11  * A read only Field interface. Used by Board, so it can return a read only
12  * field.
13  * @author Jan S. Hansen

```

```

14 */
15 public interface ReadOnlyField {
16     public enum Status {CLEAN, DIRTY, DUSTBIN}
17     public enum UsedBy {BENDER, WALL_E, ANDROID, EMPTY}
18
19     public int getColumn();
20     public int getRow();
21     public Status getStatus();
22     public UsedBy getUsedBy();
23     public boolean isEmpty();
24     public boolean isDirty();
25     public JLabel getLabel();
26 }
27
28

```

\dk\jsh\cleaningrobotsimulator\concurrent\Field.java

```

1 package dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent;
2
3 import javax.swing.JLabel;
4
5 /**
6  * Field value object.<br>
7  * A field has a row and a column, both starting from 0.<br>
8  * A field has a status that can be CLEAR, DIRTY or DUSTBIN, and <br>
9  * a field can be used by either robot BENDER, WALL-E of ANDROID or else the
10 * field is EMPTY.
11 * @author Jan S. Hansen
12 */
13 public class Field implements ReadOnlyField {
14
15     private Status status;
16     private UsedBy usedBy;
17     private int column;
18     private int row;
19     public JLabel jLabel;
20
21     /**
22      * Constructor.
23      * @param column Fields column
24      * @param row Fields row
25      * @param status Fields Status
26      * @param usedBy Fields UsedBy
27      */
28     public Field(int column, int row, Status status, UsedBy usedBy) {
29         this.column = column;
30         this.row = row;
31         this.status = status;
32         this.usedBy = usedBy;
33         this.jLabel = new JLabel();
34     }
35
36     /**
37      * Gets Fields column.
38      * @return column number
39      */
40     @Override
41     public int getColumn() {
42         return column;
43     }
44
45     /**
46      * Gets Fields row.
47      * @return row number
48      */
49     @Override
50     public int getRow() {
51         return row;
52     }
53
54     /**
55      * Gets Fields Status.

```



```

56  * @return Status
57  */
58  @Override
59  public Status getStatus() {
60      return status;
61  }
62
63  /**
64   * Sets Fields Status
65   * @param status Status
66   */
67  public void setStatus(Status status) {
68      this.status = status;
69  }
70
71  /**
72   * Gets Fields UsedBy
73   * @return UsedBy
74   */
75  @Override
76  public UsedBy getUsedBy() {
77      return usedBy;
78  }
79
80  /**
81   * Sets Fields UsedBy
82   * @param usedBy UsedBy
83   */
84  public void setUsedBy(UsedBy usedBy) {
85      this.usedBy = usedBy;
86  }
87
88  /**
89   * Returns true if Field is empty.
90   * @return true if empty
91   */
92  @Override
93  public boolean isEmpty() {
94      return usedBy == UsedBy.EMPTY;
95  }
96
97  /**
98   * Returns true if Field is dirty.
99   * @return true if dirty
100  */
101  @Override
102  public boolean isDirty() {
103      return status == Status.DIRTY;
104  }
105
106  /**
107   * Returns JLabel.
108   * @return JLabel
109   */
110  @Override
111  public JLabel getLabel() {
112      return jLabel;
113  }
114
115  /**
116   * Test if this field is equal to a given object.<br>
117   * Row and column is tested.
118   * @param obj object to Test
119   * @return true if equal.
120   */
121  @Override
122  public boolean equals(Object obj) {
123      if (obj == null) {
124          return false;
125      }
126      if (getClass() != obj.getClass()) {
127          return false;
128      }
129      final Field other = (Field) obj;
130      if (this.column != other.column) {

```

```

131         return false;
132     }
133     if (this.row != other.row) {
134         return false;
135     }
136     return true;
137 }
138
139 @Override
140 public int hashCode() {
141     int hash = 5;
142     hash = 61 * hash + this.column;
143     hash = 61 * hash + this.row;
144     return hash;
145 }
146 }
147

```

\dk\jsh\cleaningrobotsimulator\concurrent\BaseThread.java

```

1 package dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent;
2
3 import java.util.Date;
4 import java.util.logging.Logger;
5 import javax.swing.JTextArea;
6 import org.jdesktop.application.ResourceMap;
7
8 /**
9  * Abstract class with common thread functions
10  * @author Jan S. Hansen
11  */
12 abstract public class BaseThread extends Thread {
13     protected JTextArea jTextArea;
14     protected Board board;
15     protected ResourceMap resourceMap;
16     protected Logger exceptionLogger; //Logging of exceptions in a log file.
17
18     /**
19      * Constructor.
20      * @param threadName thread name
21      * @param board A Board object
22      * @param jTextArea A JTextArea to use as log for this thread
23      * @param resourceMap A ResourceMap
24      */
25     public BaseThread(String threadName, Board board, JTextArea jTextArea,
26         ResourceMap resourceMap) {
27         this.board = board;
28         this.jTextArea = jTextArea;
29         this.resourceMap = resourceMap;
30         //If an exceptions occurs, the this name will be part of the exception
31         //stacktrace.
32         this.setName(threadName);
33         exceptionLogger = Logger.getLogger(Robot.class.getName());
34         setUncaughtExceptionHandler(new SimpleThreadExceptionHandler());
35     }
36
37     /**
38      * Log a message a the JTextArea. See constructor.
39      * @param message message to log.
40      */
41     protected void log(String message) {
42         //Clear textArea after 2000 lines. TODO: Create a FIFO JTextArea
43         if (jTextArea.getLineCount() > 2000) {
44             jTextArea.setText("");
45         }
46
47         StringBuilder timeAndMessage =
48             new StringBuilder(Constants.timeFormat.format(new Date()));
49         timeAndMessage.append(" ").append(message).append("\n");
50         jTextArea.append(timeAndMessage.toString());
51     }
52
53     /**

```

```

54  * Log that an exception has occurred in the thread.
55  */
56  protected void logException() {
57      log("The thread is stopped, due to an exception, see log file.");
58  }
59 }
60

```

\dk\jsh\cleaningrobotsimulator\concurrent\Robot.java

```

1  package dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent;
2
3  import java.util.ArrayList;
4  import java.util.Date;
5  import java.util.List;
6  import java.util.Random;
7  import java.util.logging.Level;
8  import javax.swing.JTextArea;
9  import org.jdesktop.application.ResourceMap;
10
11 /**
12  * Robot thread.
13  * @author Jan S. Hansen
14  */
15 public class Robot extends BaseThread {
16
17     private boolean stopRequested = false;
18     private boolean pauseRequested = false;
19     private String resource;
20     private String fullResource;
21     private int column;
22     private int row;
23     private ReadOnlyField[] prevFields =
24         new ReadOnlyField[] { null, null, null, null, null, null };
25     private int nextPrevField;
26     private int fieldsCleaned;
27     Random randomGenerator = new Random();
28
29     /**
30     * Constructor.
31     * @param threadName Thread name
32     * @param board A Board object
33     * @param jTextArea A JTextArea to use as log for this thread
34     * @param resourceMap A ResourceMap
35     * @param resource Robots normal icon resource
36     * @param fullResource Robots full icon resource
37     * @param row Robots start row position
38     * @param column Robots start column position
39     */
40     public Robot(String threadName, Board board, JTextArea jTextArea,
41         ResourceMap resourceMap,
42         String resource, String fullResource,
43         int row, int column) {
44         super(threadName, board, jTextArea, resourceMap);
45         this.resource = resource;
46         this.fullResource = fullResource;
47         this.column = column;
48         this.row = row;
49         this.resourceMap = resourceMap;
50     }
51
52     /**
53     * The threads run method.
54     */
55     @Override
56     public void run() {
57         log("Thread for robot is now running.");
58         while (!isStopRequested()) {
59             if (isPauseRequested()) {
60                 paused();
61             } else {
62                 cleaning();
63             }
64         }
65     }
66

```

```

64     }
65     log("Thread for robot is now stopped");
66 }
67
68 /**
69  * Robot is in cleaning mode
70  */
71 private void cleaning() {
72     logPrevFields();
73     addToPrevFields(board.getReadOnlyField(column, row));
74     if (fieldsCleaned >= Constants.MAX_CLEANED_FIELDS) { //Goto bin
75         gotoDustbinMode();
76     } else { //Search and clean
77         cleaningMode();
78     }
79     sleepForSecs(1);
80 }
81
82 /**
83  * Search for dirty nearby fields. If found clean a random
84  * dirty field, else goto random a nearby empty and clean field.
85  */
86 private void cleaningMode() {
87     //Search and clean
88     ReadOnlyField moveToField = getNextField();
89     if (moveToField == null) {
90         clearPrevFields();
91     } else {
92         int toColumn = moveToField.getColumn();
93         int toRow = moveToField.getRow();
94         logMove("Try move", row, column, toRow, toColumn);
95         if (board.tryMove(column, row, toColumn, toRow, resource)) {
96             logMove("Moved from", row, column, toRow, toColumn);
97             if (moveToField.isDirty()) {
98                 if (board.tryCleanField(toColumn, toRow)) {
99                     fieldsCleaned++;
100                     log("Number of fields cleaned: " + fieldsCleaned + ".");
101                     if (fieldsCleaned >= Constants.MAX_CLEANED_FIELDS) {
102                         log("Robot is full.");
103                     }
104                 } else {
105                     log("*** The field is no longer dirty, after moving " + "robot.");
106                 }
107             }
108             row = toRow;
109             column = toColumn;
110         } else {
111             log("*** Move failed.");
112         }
113     }
114 }
115
116 /**
117  * Move robot closer to the dustbin. If robot is on the dustbin field, the
118  * robot is emptied.
119  */
120 private void gotoDustbinMode() {
121     //Goto bin
122     int toRow = row > 0 ? row - 1 : 0;
123     int toColumn = column > 0 ? column - 1 : 0;
124     if (board.tryMove(column, row, toColumn, toRow, fullResource)) {
125         logMove("Move to dustbin", row, column, toRow, toColumn);
126         if (toRow == 0 && toColumn == 0) {
127             fieldsCleaned = 0;
128             board.emptyRobot(this.getName());
129             clearPrevFields();
130             log("Robot is emptied.");
131         }
132         row = toRow;
133         column = toColumn;
134     } else {
135         log("*** Move to dustbin failed.");
136     }
137 }
138

```

```

139 /**
140  * Paused this thread for 1 second.
141  */
142 private void paused() {
143     sleepForSecs(1);
144 }
145
146 /**
147  * Makes this thread goto sleep for a given number of seconds.
148  * @param secs seconds
149  */
150 private void sleepForSecs(int secs) {
151     try {
152         int msecs = secs * 1000;
153         int i = 0;
154         while (i < (msecs / 100) && !isStopRequested()) {
155             sleep(100);
156             i++;
157         }
158     } catch (InterruptedException ex) {
159         exceptionLogger.log(Level.SEVERE, null, ex);
160         logException();
161         requestStop();
162     }
163 }
164
165 /**
166  * Request this thread to stop
167  */
168 public synchronized void requestStop() {
169     log("Stop requested for robot.");
170     stopRequested = true;
171 }
172
173 /**
174  * Returns true if this thread is requested to stop.
175  * @return true if this thread is requested to stop
176  */
177 private synchronized boolean isStopRequested() {
178     return stopRequested;
179 }
180
181 /**
182  * Request this thread to go into pause mode.
183  */
184 public synchronized void requestPause() {
185     log("Pause requested for robot.");
186     pauseRequested = true;
187 }
188
189 /**
190  * Request this thread to go into running mode.
191  */
192 public synchronized void continueAfterPause() {
193     log("Continue requested for robot.");
194     pauseRequested = false;
195 }
196
197 /**
198  * Returns true if this thread is requested to go into pause mode.
199  * @return true if this thread is requested to go into pause mode
200  */
201 private synchronized boolean isPauseRequested() {
202     return pauseRequested;
203 }
204
205 /**
206  * Returns the next field the Robot should try to go to. Dirty Fields has
207  * priority.
208  * @return A Field or null if no move is possible
209  */
210 private ReadOnlyField getNextField() {
211     List<ReadOnlyField> moveToCleanFieldOptions =
212         new ArrayList<ReadOnlyField>();
213     List<ReadOnlyField> moveToDirtyFieldOptions =

```

```

214     new ArrayList<ReadOnlyField>();
215     //Test fields above
216     int testColumn = column - 1;
217     int testRow = row - 1;
218     for (testColumn = column - 1; testColumn <= column + 1; testColumn++) {
219         if (validRowColumn(testColumn, testRow)) {
220             ReadOnlyField field = board.getReadOnlyField(testColumn, testRow);
221             if (field.isEmpty()) {
222                 if (field.isDirty()) {
223                     moveToDirtyFieldOptions.add(field);
224                 } else {
225                     if (!isFieldInPrevFields(field)) {
226                         moveToCleanFieldOptions.add(field);
227                     }
228                 }
229             }
230         }
231     }
232     //Test field to the left
233     testRow = row;
234     testColumn = column - 1;
235     if (validRowColumn(testColumn, testRow)) {
236         ReadOnlyField field = board.getReadOnlyField(testColumn, testRow);
237         if (field.isEmpty()) {
238             if (field.isDirty()) {
239                 moveToDirtyFieldOptions.add(field);
240             } else {
241                 if (!isFieldInPrevFields(field)) {
242                     moveToCleanFieldOptions.add(field);
243                 }
244             }
245         }
246     }
247     //Test field to the right
248     testColumn = column + 1;
249     if (validRowColumn(testColumn, testRow)) {
250         ReadOnlyField field = board.getReadOnlyField(testColumn, testRow);
251         if (field.isEmpty()) {
252             if (field.isDirty()) {
253                 moveToDirtyFieldOptions.add(field);
254             } else {
255                 if (!isFieldInPrevFields(field)) {
256                     moveToCleanFieldOptions.add(field);
257                 }
258             }
259         }
260     }
261     //Test fields below
262     testColumn = column - 1;
263     testRow = row + 1;
264     for (testColumn = column - 1; testColumn <= column + 1; testColumn++) {
265         if (validRowColumn(testColumn, testRow)) {
266             ReadOnlyField field =
267                 board.getReadOnlyField(testColumn, testRow);
268             if (field.isEmpty()) {
269                 if (field.isDirty()) {
270                     moveToDirtyFieldOptions.add(field);
271                 } else {
272                     if (!isFieldInPrevFields(field)) {
273                         moveToCleanFieldOptions.add(field);
274                     }
275                 }
276             }
277         }
278     }
279     ReadOnlyField field = null;
280     if (!moveToDirtyFieldOptions.isEmpty()) {
281         logMoveToOptions("Move to dirty field options",
282             moveToDirtyFieldOptions);
283         //Return random
284         int index = randomGenerator.nextInt(moveToDirtyFieldOptions.size());
285         field = moveToDirtyFieldOptions.get(index);
286     } else { //No dirty fields to move to, try clean fields.
287         log("No dirty fields nearby.");
288         if (!moveToCleanFieldOptions.isEmpty()) {

```

```

289         logMoveToOptions("Move to clean field options",
290             moveToCleanFieldOptions);
291         int index = randomGenerator.nextInt(
292             moveToCleanFieldOptions.size());
293         field = moveToCleanFieldOptions.get(index);
294     } else {
295         log("*** Robot is locked, no move is possible!");
296     }
297 }
298 return field;
299 }
300
301 /**
302  * Test if a given column and row is valid.
303  * @param column Column
304  * @param row Row
305  * @return true if valid pair of column and row
306  */
307 private boolean validRowColumn(int column, int row) {
308     boolean ok = true;
309     if (row < 0 || row >= Constants.MAX_ROWS
310         || column < 0 || column >= Constants.MAX_COLUMNS) {
311         ok = false;
312     }
313     if (column == 0 && row == 0) { //Dustbin
314         ok = false;
315     }
316     return ok;
317 }
318
319 /**
320  * Add a Field to a circular buffer with previous fields this Robot has
321  * visited.
322  * @param field ReadOnlyField to add to buffer
323  */
324 private void addToPrevFields(ReadOnlyField field) {
325     prevFields[nextPrevField] = field;
326     nextPrevField++;
327     if (nextPrevField > prevFields.length - 1) {
328         nextPrevField = 0;
329     }
330 }
331
332 /**
333  * Clear a circular buffer with previous fields this Robot has
334  * visited.
335  */
336 private void clearPrevFields() {
337     log("Clear prev. fields.");
338     for (int i = 0; i < prevFields.length; i++) {
339         prevFields[i] = null;
340     }
341     nextPrevField = 0;
342 }
343
344 /**
345  * Returns true if this field is in the circular buffer with previous
346  * fields.
347  * @param field ReadOnlyField to test
348  * @return true if this field is in the circular buffer with previous
349  * fields.
350  */
351 private boolean isFieldInPrevFields(ReadOnlyField field) {
352     int i = 0;
353     boolean fieldFound = false;
354     while (!fieldFound && i < prevFields.length) {
355         if (field.equals(prevFields[i])) {
356             fieldFound = true;
357         } else {
358             i++;
359         }
360     }
361     return fieldFound;
362 }
363

```

```

364 /**
365  * Log a move.
366  * @param message Message before from and to text.
367  * @param fromRow from row
368  * @param fromColumn from column
369  * @param toRow to row
370  * @param toColumn to column
371  */
372 private void logMove(String message,
373     int fromRow, int fromColumn,
374     int toRow, int toColumn) {
375     StringBuilder timeAndMessage =
376         new StringBuilder(Constants.timeFormat.format(new Date()));
377     timeAndMessage.append(" ").append(message).append(" ");
378     timeAndMessage.append((char) (fromColumn + 65));
379     timeAndMessage.append(++fromRow).append(" to ");
380     timeAndMessage.append((char) (toColumn + 65));
381     timeAndMessage.append(++toRow).append("\n");
382     jTextArea.append(timeAndMessage.toString());
383 }
384
385 /**
386  * Log all move to options.
387  * @param message Message before options
388  * @param fields A List of Fields
389  */
390 private void logMoveToOptions(String message, List<ReadOnlyField> fields) {
391     StringBuilder timeAndMessage =
392         new StringBuilder(Constants.timeFormat.format(new Date()));
393     timeAndMessage.append(" ").append(message);
394     String before = " ";
395     for (ReadOnlyField field : fields) {
396         timeAndMessage.append(before);
397         timeAndMessage.append((char) (field.getColumn() + 65));
398         timeAndMessage.append(field.getRow() + 1);
399         before = " ";
400     }
401     timeAndMessage.append("\n");
402     jTextArea.append(timeAndMessage.toString());
403 }
404
405 /**
406  * Log prev. fields.
407  */
408 private void logPrevFields() {
409     StringBuilder timeAndMessage =
410         new StringBuilder(Constants.timeFormat.format(new Date()));
411     timeAndMessage.append(" Previous fields: ");
412     String before = null;
413     int i = nextPrevField;
414     boolean noPrevFields = true;
415     for (int c = 0; c < prevFields.length; c++) {
416         ReadOnlyField field = prevFields[i];
417         if (field != null) {
418             noPrevFields = false;
419             if (before != null) {
420                 timeAndMessage.append(before);
421             }
422             timeAndMessage.append((char) (field.getColumn() + 65));
423             timeAndMessage.append(field.getRow() + 1);
424             before = " ";
425         }
426         i++;
427         if (i > prevFields.length - 1) {
428             i = 0;
429         }
430     }
431     if (noPrevFields) {
432         timeAndMessage.append("No previous fields");
433     }
434     timeAndMessage.append("\n");
435     jTextArea.append(timeAndMessage.toString());
436 }
437 }
438

```



```

1 package dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent;
2
3 import java.util.Date;
4 import java.util.Random;
5 import java.util.logging.Level;
6 import javax.swing.JTextArea;
7 import org.jdesktop.application.ResourceMap;
8
9 /**
10  * Dust creator thread.
11  * @author Jan S. Hansen
12  */
13 public class DustCreator extends BaseThread {
14     Random randomGenerator = new Random();
15
16     /**
17      * Constructor.
18      * @param threadName Thread name
19      * @param board A Board object
20      * @param jTextArea A JTextArea to use as log for this thread.
21      * @param resourceMap A ResourceMap
22      */
23     public DustCreator(String threadName, Board board, JTextArea jTextArea,
24         ResourceMap resourceMap) {
25         super(threadName, board, jTextArea, resourceMap);
26     }
27
28     /**
29      * The threads run method.
30      */
31     @Override
32     public void run() {
33         log("Thread for dust creator is now running.");
34         int dirtyFields = board.getDirtyFieldsCounter();
35         log("Dirty fields on board: " + dirtyFields);
36         while (dirtyFields < Constants.MAX_DIRTY_FIELDS) {
37             int row = randomGenerator.nextInt(Constants.MAX_ROWS);
38             int column = randomGenerator.nextInt(Constants.MAX_COLUMNS);
39             if (row != 0 || column != 0) { //Dustbin
40                 logTrySetFieldDirty(row, column);
41                 if (board.tryMakeFieldDirty(column, row)) {
42                     dirtyFields++;
43                     log("Dirt added.");
44                 }
45                 else {
46                     log("Failed.");
47                 }
48             }
49             sleepForSecs(1);
50         }
51         log("Thread for dust creator is now finished.");
52     }
53
54     /**
55      * Log a "Try put dirt on field" message.
56      * @param row fields row, used in log message, converted to row + 1
57      * @param column fields column, used in log message, converted to A, B, C
58      * etc.
59      */
60     private void logTrySetFieldDirty(int row, int column) {
61         StringBuilder timeAndMessage =
62             new StringBuilder(Constants.timeFormat.format(new Date()));
63         timeAndMessage.append(" Try put dirt on field ");
64         timeAndMessage.append((char)(column + 65));
65         timeAndMessage.append(++row).append(".\n");
66         jTextArea.append(timeAndMessage.toString());
67     }
68
69     /**
70      * Makes this thread goto sleep for a given number of seconds.

```

```

71  * @param secs seconds
72  */
73  private void sleepForSecs(int secs) {
74      try {
75          sleep(secs * 1000);
76      } catch (InterruptedException ex) {
77          exceptionLogger.log(Level.SEVERE, null, ex);
78          logException();
79      }
80  }
81 }
82

```

\dk\jsh\cleaningrobotsimulator\concurrent\SimpleThreadExceptionHandler.java

```

1  package dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent;
2
3  import java.io.PrintWriter;
4  import java.io.StringWriter;
5  import java.util.logging.Level;
6  import java.util.logging.Logger;
7
8  /**
9   * This class is used to handle uncaught exceptions in threads.
10  * @author Jan S. Hansen
11  */
12  public class SimpleThreadExceptionHandler
13      implements Thread.UncaughtExceptionHandler {
14      private Logger logger;
15
16      /**
17       * Constructor.
18       */
19      public SimpleThreadExceptionHandler() {
20          logger = Logger.getLogger(getClass().getName());
21      }
22
23      /**
24       * Log uncaught exceptions to a log file and to the standard error stream.
25       * @param thread The thread that throw the exception
26       * @param exception Exception.
27       */
28      @Override
29      public void uncaughtException(Thread thread, Throwable exception) {
30          exception.printStackTrace();
31          StringWriter sw = new StringWriter();
32          exception.printStackTrace(new PrintWriter(sw));
33          logger.log(Level.SEVERE, "Uncaught exception in thread",
34              thread.getName());
35          logger.log(Level.SEVERE, "Uncaught exception in thread", sw.toString());
36          if (thread instanceof Robot) {
37              Robot robot = (Robot)thread;
38              robot.logException();
39          }
40      }
41  }
42

```

\dk\jsh\cleaningrobotsimulator\ui\swing\CleaningRobotSimulator.java

```
1 package dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.ui.swing;
2
3 import java.util.logging.FileHandler;
4 import java.util.logging.Handler;
5 import java.util.logging.Level;
6 import java.util.logging.Logger;
7 import org.jdesktop.application.Application;
8 import org.jdesktop.application.SingleFrameApplication;
9
10 /**
11  * The main class of the application.
12  * @author Jan S. Hansen
13  */
14 public class CleaningRobotSimulator extends SingleFrameApplication {
15
16     /**
17      * At startup create and show the main frame of the application.
18      */
19     @Override protected void startup() {
20         show(new View(this));
21     }
22
23     /**
24      * Setup log file.
25      */
26     private static void setupLog() {
27         try {
28             // %t - Means that the log is located in the Systems Temp directory
29             Handler fh = new FileHandler("%t/cleaning-robot-simulator.log",
30                 10000, 5);
31             Logger logger = Logger.getLogger("");
32             logger.addHandler(fh);
33             logger.setLevel(Level.INFO);
34             logger.info("Application started.");
35         } catch (Exception ex) {
36             ex.printStackTrace();
37         }
38     }
39
40     /**
41      * This method is to initialize the specified window by injecting resources.
42      * Windows shown in our application come fully initialized from the GUI
43      * builder, so this additional configuration is not needed.
44      */
45     @Override protected void configureWindow(java.awt.Window root) {
46     }
47
48     /**
49      * A convenient static getter for the application instance.
50      * @return the instance of CleaningRobotSimulator
51      */
52     public static CleaningRobotSimulator getApplication() {
53         return Application.getInstance(CleaningRobotSimulator.class);
54     }
55
56     /**
57      * Main method launching the application.
58      */
59     public static void main(String[] args) {
60         setupLog();
61         Thread.setDefaultUncaughtExceptionHandler(
62             new SimpleMainThreadExceptionHandler());
63         launch(CleaningRobotSimulator.class, args);
64     }
65 }
66
```

```

1 package dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.ui.swing;
2
3 import dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent.Board;
4 import dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent.Constants;
5 import dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent.DustCreator;
6 import dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent.ReadOnlyField;
7 import dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.concurrent.Robot;
8 import java.awt.GridBagConstraints;
9 import java.awt.Insets;
10 import java.awt.event.ComponentAdapter;
11 import java.awt.event.ComponentEvent;
12 import java.awt.event.WindowEvent;
13 import java.util.concurrent.Executors;
14 import java.util.concurrent.ScheduledExecutorService;
15 import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;
16 import java.util.logging.Level;
17 import java.util.logging.Logger;
18 import javax.swing.ImageIcon;
19 import org.jdesktop.application.Action;
20 import org.jdesktop.application.ResourceMap;
21 import org.jdesktop.application.SingleFrameApplication;
22 import org.jdesktop.application.FrameView;
23 import javax.swing.JDialog;
24 import javax.swing.JFrame;
25 import javax.swing.JLabel;
26
27 /**
28  * The application's main frame.
29  * @author Jan S. Hansen
30  */
31 public class View extends FrameView {
32
33     private Board board;
34     private ResourceMap resourceMap;
35     private Robot bender;
36     private Robot android;
37     private Robot wallE;
38     private Logger logger;
39
40     /**
41      * Constructor.
42      */
43     public View(SingleFrameApplication app) {
44         super(app);
45         logger = Logger.getLogger(View.class.getName());
46
47         resourceMap = getResourceMap();
48
49         //Catch windowClosing event
50         JFrame jFrame = this.getFrame();
51         jFrame.addWindowListener(new java.awt.event.WindowAdapter() {
52
53             @Override
54             public void windowClosing(WindowEvent winEvt) {
55                 quit();
56             }
57         });
58
59         //Set icon in upper left corner
60         ImageIcon image = resourceMap.getImageIcon("RobotSimulator.recycle");
61         jFrame.setIconImage(image.getImage());
62
63         //Initialize UI
64         initComponents();
65
66         //Create board
67         board = new Board(resourceMap, JTextAreaDustbin);
68
69         //Set tab icons
70         jTabbedPane1.setIconAt(0, resourceMap.getIcon("RobotSimulator.bender"));
71         jTabbedPane1.setIconAt(1, resourceMap.getIcon("RobotSimulator.wall-e"));
72         jTabbedPane1.setIconAt(2, resourceMap.getIcon("RobotSimulator.android"));
73         jTabbedPane1.setIconAt(3, resourceMap.getIcon("RobotSimulator.dirt"));

```

```

74  jTabbedPane1.setIconAt(4, resourceMap.getIcon("RobotSimulator.dustbin"));
75  jTabbedPane1.setSelectedIndex(0);
76
77  jButtonContinue.setEnabled(false);
78
79  //Set JFrame's min. height and width.
80  JFrame.addComponentListener(new ComponentAdapter() {
81      private final static int MIN_WIDTH = 855;
82      private final static int MIN_HEIGHT = 450;
83      @Override
84      public void componentResized(ComponentEvent e) {
85          JFrame frame = (JFrame) e.getSource();
86          int width = frame.getWidth() < MIN_WIDTH
87              ? MIN_WIDTH : frame.getWidth();
88          int height = frame.getHeight() < MIN_HEIGHT
89              ? MIN_HEIGHT : frame.getHeight();
90          frame.setSize(width, height);
91      }
92  });
93
94  createUIBoard();
95
96  //Start robot threads
97  bender = new Robot("Bender", board, JTextAreaBender, resourceMap,
98      "RobotSimulator.bender", "RobotSimulator.bender-full", 0, 9);
99  bender.start();
100
101  android = new Robot("Android", board, JTextAreaAndroid, resourceMap,
102      "RobotSimulator.android", "RobotSimulator.android-full", 9, 0);
103  android.start();
104
105  wallE = new Robot("Wall-E", board, JTextAreaWallE, resourceMap,
106      "RobotSimulator.wall-e", "RobotSimulator.wall-e-full", 9, 9);
107  wallE.start();
108
109  //Get a scheduler
110  ScheduledExecutorService scheduler =
111      Executors.newSingleThreadScheduledExecutor();
112  //Run DustCreator with a 30 secs. delay between each run.
113  scheduler.scheduleWithFixedDelay(
114      new DustCreator("DustCreator", board, JTextAreaDust,
115          resourceMap), 0, 30, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
116  }
117
118  /**
119   * Adds fields from board to UI.
120   */
121  private void createUIBoard() {
122      GridBagConstraints gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
123      Insets insets = new Insets(1, 1, 1, 1);
124      for (int row = 0; row < Constants.MAX_ROWS; row++) {
125          for (int column = 0; column < Constants.MAX_COLUMNS; column++) {
126              ReadOnlyField field = board.getReadOnlyField(column, row);
127              JLabel jLabel = field.getLabel();
128              gridBagConstraints.gridx = column + 1;
129              gridBagConstraints.gridy = row + 1;
130              gridBagConstraints.insets = insets;
131              mainPanel.add(jLabel, gridBagConstraints);
132          }
133      }
134  }
135
136  /**
137   * Show about box action.
138   */
139  @Action
140  public void showAboutBox() {
141      if (aboutBox == null) {
142          JFrame mainFrame = CleaningRobotSimulator.getApplication().getMainFrame();
143          aboutBox = new AboutBox(mainFrame);
144          aboutBox.setLocationRelativeTo(mainFrame);
145      }
146      CleaningRobotSimulator.getApplication().show(aboutBox);
147  }
148

```

```

149  /**
150   * Pause button action.
151   */
152   @Action
153   public void pause() {
154       bender.requestPause();
155       android.requestPause();
156       wallE.requestPause();
157       jButtonPause.setEnabled(false);
158       jButtonContinue.setEnabled(true);
159   }
160
161  /**
162   * Continue button action.
163   */
164   @Action
165   public void cont() {
166       bender.continueAfterPause();
167       android.continueAfterPause();
168       wallE.continueAfterPause();
169       jButtonPause.setEnabled(true);
170       jButtonContinue.setEnabled(false);
171   }
172
173  /**
174   * Quit application action.
175   */
176   @Action
177   public void quit() {
178       bender.requestStop();
179       android.requestStop();
180       wallE.requestStop();
181       while (bender.isAlive() || android.isAlive() || wallE.isAlive()) {
182           try {
183               Thread.sleep(50);
184           } catch (InterruptedException ex) {
185               logger.log(Level.SEVERE, "Error waiting for robots to stop.",
186                   ex);
187           }
188       }
189       logger.log(Level.INFO, "Application stopped.");
190       System.exit(0);
191   }
192
193  /** This method is called from within the constructor to
194   * initialize the form.
195   * WARNING: Do NOT modify this code. The content of this method is
196   * always regenerated by the Form Editor.
197   */
198   @SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
199   // <editor-fold defaultstate="collapsed" desc="Generated Code">
200   private void initComponents() {
201       java.awt.GridBagConstraints gridBagConstraints;
202
203       menuBar = new javax.swing.JMenuBar();
204       javax.swing.JMenu fileMenu = new javax.swing.JMenu();
205       javax.swing.JMenuItem exitMenuItem = new javax.swing.JMenuItem();
206       javax.swing.JMenu helpMenu = new javax.swing.JMenu();
207       javax.swing.JMenuItem aboutMenuItem = new javax.swing.JMenuItem();
208       mainPanel = new javax.swing.JPanel();
209       jLabel1 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
210       jLabel2 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
211       jLabel3 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
212       jLabel4 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
213       jLabel5 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
214       jLabel6 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
215       jLabel7 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
216       jLabel8 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
217       jLabel9 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
218       jLabel10 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
219       jLabel11 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
220       jLabel12 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
221       jLabel13 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
222       jLabel14 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
223       jLabel15 = new javax.swing.JLabel();

```

```

224     jLabel16 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
225     jLabel17 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
226     jLabel18 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
227     jLabel19 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
228     jLabel20 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
229     jLabel21 = new javax.swing.JLabel();
230     jTabbedPane1 = new javax.swing.JTabbedPane();
231     jScrollPane1 = new javax.swing.JScrollPane();
232     jTextAreaBender = new javax.swing.JTextArea();
233     jScrollPane2 = new javax.swing.JScrollPane();
234     jTextAreaWalle = new javax.swing.JTextArea();
235     jScrollPane3 = new javax.swing.JScrollPane();
236     jTextAreaAndroid = new javax.swing.JTextArea();
237     jScrollPane4 = new javax.swing.JScrollPane();
238     jTextAreaDust = new javax.swing.JTextArea();
239     jScrollPane5 = new javax.swing.JScrollPane();
240     jTextAreaDustbin = new javax.swing.JTextArea();
241     jButtonPause = new javax.swing.JButton();
242     jButtonContinue = new javax.swing.JButton();
243
244     menuBar.setName("menuBar"); // NOI18N
245
246     org.jdesktop.application.ResourceMap resourceMap =
org.jdesktop.application.Application.getInstance(dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.ui.swing.CleaningRobotSimulator.class).getCont
ext().getResourceMap(View.class);
247     fileMenu.setText(resourceMap.getString("fileMenu.text")); // NOI18N
248     fileMenu.setName("fileMenu"); // NOI18N
249
250     javax.swing.ActionMap actionMap =
org.jdesktop.application.Application.getInstance(dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.ui.swing.CleaningRobotSimulator.class).getCont
ext().getActionMap(View.class, this);
251     exitMenuItem.setAction(actionMap.get("quit")); // NOI18N
252     exitMenuItem.setIcon(resourceMap.getIcon("exitMenuItem.icon")); // NOI18N
253     exitMenuItem.setName("exitMenuItem"); // NOI18N
254     fileMenu.add(exitMenuItem);
255
256     menuBar.add(fileMenu);
257
258     helpMenu.setText(resourceMap.getString("helpMenu.text")); // NOI18N
259     helpMenu.setName("helpMenu"); // NOI18N
260
261     aboutMenuItem.setAction(actionMap.get("showAboutBox")); // NOI18N
262     aboutMenuItem.setIcon(resourceMap.getIcon("aboutMenuItem.icon")); // NOI18N
263     aboutMenuItem.setDisabledIcon(resourceMap.getIcon("aboutMenuItem.disabledIcon")); // NOI18N
264     aboutMenuItem.setName("aboutMenuItem"); // NOI18N
265     helpMenu.add(aboutMenuItem);
266
267     menuBar.add(helpMenu);
268
269     mainPanel.setMinimumSize(new java.awt.Dimension(313, 240));
270     mainPanel.setName("mainPanel"); // NOI18N
271     mainPanel.setLayout(new java.awt.GridBagLayout());
272
273     jLabel1.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel1.text")); // NOI18N
274     jLabel1.setName("jLabel1"); // NOI18N
275     gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
276     gridBagConstraints.fill = java.awt.GridBagConstraints.BOTH;
277     mainPanel.add(jLabel1, gridBagConstraints);
278
279     jLabel2.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel2.text")); // NOI18N
280     jLabel2.setName("jLabel2"); // NOI18N
281     mainPanel.add(jLabel2, new java.awt.GridBagConstraints());
282
283     jLabel3.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel3.text")); // NOI18N
284     jLabel3.setName("jLabel3"); // NOI18N
285     mainPanel.add(jLabel3, new java.awt.GridBagConstraints());
286
287     jLabel4.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel4.text")); // NOI18N
288     jLabel4.setName("jLabel4"); // NOI18N
289     mainPanel.add(jLabel4, new java.awt.GridBagConstraints());
290
291     jLabel5.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel5.text")); // NOI18N
292     jLabel5.setName("jLabel5"); // NOI18N
293     mainPanel.add(jLabel5, new java.awt.GridBagConstraints());
294

```

```

295 jLabel6.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel6.text")); // NOI18N
296 jLabel6.setName("jLabel6"); // NOI18N
297 mainPanel.add(jLabel6, new java.awt.GridBagConstraints());
298
299 jLabel7.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel7.text")); // NOI18N
300 jLabel7.setName("jLabel7"); // NOI18N
301 mainPanel.add(jLabel7, new java.awt.GridBagConstraints());
302
303 jLabel8.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel8.text")); // NOI18N
304 jLabel8.setName("jLabel8"); // NOI18N
305 mainPanel.add(jLabel8, new java.awt.GridBagConstraints());
306
307 jLabel9.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel9.text")); // NOI18N
308 jLabel9.setName("jLabel9"); // NOI18N
309 mainPanel.add(jLabel9, new java.awt.GridBagConstraints());
310
311 jLabel10.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel10.text")); // NOI18N
312 jLabel10.setName("jLabel10"); // NOI18N
313 mainPanel.add(jLabel10, new java.awt.GridBagConstraints());
314
315 jLabel11.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel11.text")); // NOI18N
316 jLabel11.setName("jLabel11"); // NOI18N
317 mainPanel.add(jLabel11, new java.awt.GridBagConstraints());
318
319 jLabel12.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel12.text")); // NOI18N
320 jLabel12.setName("jLabel12"); // NOI18N
321 gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
322 gridBagConstraints.gridx = 0;
323 gridBagConstraints.gridy = 1;
324 mainPanel.add(jLabel12, gridBagConstraints);
325
326 jLabel13.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel13.text")); // NOI18N
327 jLabel13.setName("jLabel13"); // NOI18N
328 gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
329 gridBagConstraints.gridx = 0;
330 gridBagConstraints.gridy = 2;
331 mainPanel.add(jLabel13, gridBagConstraints);
332
333 jLabel14.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel14.text")); // NOI18N
334 jLabel14.setName("jLabel14"); // NOI18N
335 gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
336 gridBagConstraints.gridx = 0;
337 gridBagConstraints.gridy = 3;
338 mainPanel.add(jLabel14, gridBagConstraints);
339
340 jLabel15.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel15.text")); // NOI18N
341 jLabel15.setName("jLabel15"); // NOI18N
342 gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
343 gridBagConstraints.gridx = 0;
344 gridBagConstraints.gridy = 4;
345 mainPanel.add(jLabel15, gridBagConstraints);
346
347 jLabel16.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel16.text")); // NOI18N
348 jLabel16.setName("jLabel16"); // NOI18N
349 gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
350 gridBagConstraints.gridx = 0;
351 gridBagConstraints.gridy = 5;
352 mainPanel.add(jLabel16, gridBagConstraints);
353
354 jLabel17.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel17.text")); // NOI18N
355 jLabel17.setName("jLabel17"); // NOI18N
356 gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
357 gridBagConstraints.gridx = 0;
358 gridBagConstraints.gridy = 6;
359 mainPanel.add(jLabel17, gridBagConstraints);
360
361 jLabel18.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel18.text")); // NOI18N
362 jLabel18.setName("jLabel18"); // NOI18N
363 gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
364 gridBagConstraints.gridx = 0;
365 gridBagConstraints.gridy = 7;
366 mainPanel.add(jLabel18, gridBagConstraints);
367
368 jLabel19.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel19.text")); // NOI18N
369 jLabel19.setName("jLabel19"); // NOI18N

```



```

370     gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
371     gridBagConstraints.gridx = 0;
372     gridBagConstraints.gridy = 8;
373     mainPanel.add(jLabel19, gridBagConstraints);
374
375     jLabel20.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel20.text")); // NOI18N
376     jLabel20.setName("jLabel20"); // NOI18N
377     gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
378     gridBagConstraints.gridx = 0;
379     gridBagConstraints.gridy = 9;
380     mainPanel.add(jLabel20, gridBagConstraints);
381
382     jLabel21.setText(resourceMap.getString("jLabel21.text")); // NOI18N
383     jLabel21.setName("jLabel21"); // NOI18N
384     gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
385     gridBagConstraints.gridx = 0;
386     gridBagConstraints.gridy = 10;
387     mainPanel.add(jLabel21, gridBagConstraints);
388
389     JTabbedPane1.setBorder(javax.swing.BorderFactory.createEmptyBorder(1, 1, 1, 1));
390     JTabbedPane1.setName("JTabbedPane1"); // NOI18N
391
392     JScrollPane1.setName("JScrollPane1"); // NOI18N
393
394     JTextAreaBender.setColumns(20);
395     JTextAreaBender.setEditable(false);
396     JTextAreaBender.setRows(5);
397     JTextAreaBender.setName("JTextAreaBender"); // NOI18N
398     JScrollPane1.setViewportView(JTextAreaBender);
399
400     JTabbedPane1.addTab(resourceMap.getString("JScrollPane1.TabConstraints.tabTitle"), JScrollPane1); // NOI18N
401
402     JScrollPane2.setName("JScrollPane2"); // NOI18N
403
404     JTextAreaWalle.setColumns(20);
405     JTextAreaWalle.setEditable(false);
406     JTextAreaWalle.setRows(5);
407     JTextAreaWalle.setName("JTextAreaWalle"); // NOI18N
408     JScrollPane2.setViewportView(JTextAreaWalle);
409
410     JTabbedPane1.addTab(resourceMap.getString("JScrollPane2.TabConstraints.tabTitle"), JScrollPane2); // NOI18N
411
412     JScrollPane3.setName("JScrollPane3"); // NOI18N
413
414     JTextAreaAndroid.setColumns(20);
415     JTextAreaAndroid.setEditable(false);
416     JTextAreaAndroid.setRows(5);
417     JTextAreaAndroid.setName("JTextAreaAndroid"); // NOI18N
418     JScrollPane3.setViewportView(JTextAreaAndroid);
419
420     JTabbedPane1.addTab(resourceMap.getString("JScrollPane3.TabConstraints.tabTitle"), JScrollPane3); // NOI18N
421
422     JScrollPane4.setName("JScrollPane4"); // NOI18N
423
424     JTextAreaDust.setColumns(20);
425     JTextAreaDust.setEditable(false);
426     JTextAreaDust.setRows(5);
427     JTextAreaDust.setName("JTextAreaDust"); // NOI18N
428     JScrollPane4.setViewportView(JTextAreaDust);
429
430     JTabbedPane1.addTab(resourceMap.getString("JScrollPane4.TabConstraints.tabTitle"), JScrollPane4); // NOI18N
431
432     JScrollPane5.setName("JScrollPane5"); // NOI18N
433
434     JTextAreaDustbin.setColumns(20);
435     JTextAreaDustbin.setEditable(false);
436     JTextAreaDustbin.setRows(5);
437     JTextAreaDustbin.setName("JTextAreaDustbin"); // NOI18N
438     JScrollPane5.setViewportView(JTextAreaDustbin);
439
440     JTabbedPane1.addTab(resourceMap.getString("JScrollPane5.TabConstraints.tabTitle"), JScrollPane5); // NOI18N
441
442     gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
443     gridBagConstraints.gridwidth = 15;
444     gridBagConstraints.gridheight = 12;

```

```

445     gridBagConstraints.fill = java.awt.GridBagConstraints.BOTH;
446     gridBagConstraints.weightx = 1.0;
447     gridBagConstraints.weighty = 1.0;
448     gridBagConstraints.insets = new java.awt.Insets(5, 5, 5, 5);
449     mainPanel.add(jTabbedPane1, gridBagConstraints);
450
451     jButtonPause.setAction(actionMap.get("pause")); // NOI18N
452     jButtonPause.setText(resourceMap.getString("jButtonPause.text")); // NOI18N
453     jButtonPause.setName("jButtonPause"); // NOI18N
454     gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
455     gridBagConstraints.gridx = 0;
456     gridBagConstraints.gridy = 11;
457     gridBagConstraints.gridwidth = 4;
458     gridBagConstraints.fill = java.awt.GridBagConstraints.HORIZONTAL;
459     gridBagConstraints.anchor = java.awt.GridBagConstraints.SOUTH;
460     gridBagConstraints.insets = new java.awt.Insets(5, 5, 5, 5);
461     mainPanel.add(jButtonPause, gridBagConstraints);
462
463     jButtonContinue.setAction(actionMap.get("cont")); // NOI18N
464     jButtonContinue.setText(resourceMap.getString("jButtonContinue.text")); // NOI18N
465     jButtonContinue.setName("jButtonContinue"); // NOI18N
466     gridBagConstraints = new java.awt.GridBagConstraints();
467     gridBagConstraints.gridx = 7;
468     gridBagConstraints.gridy = 11;
469     gridBagConstraints.gridwidth = 4;
470     gridBagConstraints.fill = java.awt.GridBagConstraints.HORIZONTAL;
471     gridBagConstraints.anchor = java.awt.GridBagConstraints.SOUTH;
472     gridBagConstraints.insets = new java.awt.Insets(5, 5, 5, 0);
473     mainPanel.add(jButtonContinue, gridBagConstraints);
474
475     setComponent(mainPanel);
476     setMenuBar(menuBar);
477 } // </editor-fold>
478 // Variables declaration - do not modify
479 private javax.swing.JButton jButtonContinue;
480 private javax.swing.JButton jButtonPause;
481 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel1;
482 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel10;
483 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel11;
484 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel12;
485 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel13;
486 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel14;
487 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel15;
488 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel16;
489 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel17;
490 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel18;
491 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel19;
492 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel2;
493 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel20;
494 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel21;
495 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel3;
496 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel4;
497 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel5;
498 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel6;
499 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel7;
500 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel8;
501 private javax.swing.JLabel jLabel9;
502 private javax.swing.JScrollPane jScrollPane1;
503 private javax.swing.JScrollPane jScrollPane2;
504 private javax.swing.JScrollPane jScrollPane3;
505 private javax.swing.JScrollPane jScrollPane4;
506 private javax.swing.JScrollPane jScrollPane5;
507 private javax.swing.JTabbedPane jTabbedPane1;
508 private javax.swing.JTextArea jTextAreaAndroid;
509 private javax.swing.JTextArea jTextAreaBender;
510 private javax.swing.JTextArea jTextAreaDust;
511 private javax.swing.JTextArea jTextAreaDustbin;
512 private javax.swing.JTextArea jTextAreaWalle;
513 private javax.swing.JPanel mainPanel;
514 private javax.swing.JMenuBar menuBar;
515 // End of variables declaration
516 private JDialog aboutBox;
517 }
518

```

```

1 package dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.ui.swing;
2
3 import org.jdesktop.application.Action;
4
5 /**
6  * About box dialog.
7  * @author Jan S. Hansen
8  */
9 public class AboutBox extends javax.swing.JDialog {
10
11     /**
12      * Constructor.
13      * @param parent parent frame
14      */
15     public AboutBox(java.awt.Frame parent) {
16         super(parent);
17         initComponents();
18         getRootPane().setDefaultButton(closeButton);
19     }
20
21     /**
22      * Close about box action.
23      */
24     @Action
25     public void closeAboutBox() {
26         dispose();
27     }
28
29     /** This method is called from within the constructor to
30      * initialize the form.
31      * WARNING: Do NOT modify this code. The content of this method is
32      * always regenerated by the Form Editor.
33      */
34     // <editor-fold defaultstate="collapsed" desc="Generated Code">
35     private void initComponents() {
36
37         closeButton = new javax.swing.JButton();
38         javax.swing.JLabel appTitleLabel = new javax.swing.JLabel();
39         javax.swing.JLabel versionLabel = new javax.swing.JLabel();
40         javax.swing.JLabel appVersionLabel = new javax.swing.JLabel();
41         javax.swing.JLabel vendorLabel = new javax.swing.JLabel();
42         javax.swing.JLabel appVendorLabel = new javax.swing.JLabel();
43         javax.swing.JLabel homepageLabel = new javax.swing.JLabel();
44         javax.swing.JLabel appHomepageLabel = new javax.swing.JLabel();
45         javax.swing.JLabel appDescLabel = new javax.swing.JLabel();
46         javax.swing.JLabel imageLabel = new javax.swing.JLabel();
47
48         setDefaultCloseOperation(javax.swing.WindowConstants.DISPOSE_ON_CLOSE);
49         org.jdesktop.application.ResourceMap resourceMap =
org.jdesktop.application.Application.getInstance(dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.ui.swing.CleaningRobotSimulator.class).getCont
ext().getResourceMap(AboutBox.class);
50         setTitle(resourceMap.getString("title")); // NOI18N
51         setModal(true);
52         setName("aboutBox"); // NOI18N
53         setResizable(false);
54
55         javax.swing.ActionMap actionMap =
org.jdesktop.application.Application.getInstance(dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.ui.swing.CleaningRobotSimulator.class).getCont
ext().getActionMap(AboutBox.class, this);
56         closeButton.setAction(actionMap.get("closeAboutBox")); // NOI18N
57         closeButton.setName("closeButton"); // NOI18N
58
59         appTitleLabel.setFont(appTitleLabel.getFont().deriveFont(appTitleLabel.getFont().getStyle() | java.awt.Font.BOLD,
appTitleLabel.getFont().getSize()+4));
60         appTitleLabel.setText(resourceMap.getString("Application.title")); // NOI18N
61         appTitleLabel.setName("appTitleLabel"); // NOI18N
62
63         versionLabel.setFont(versionLabel.getFont().deriveFont(versionLabel.getFont().getStyle() | java.awt.Font.BOLD));
64         versionLabel.setText(resourceMap.getString("versionLabel.text")); // NOI18N
65         versionLabel.setName("versionLabel"); // NOI18N
66
67         appVersionLabel.setText(resourceMap.getString("Application.version")); // NOI18N
68         appVersionLabel.setName("appVersionLabel"); // NOI18N

```

```

69
70     vendorLabel.setFont(vendorLabel.getFont().deriveFont(vendorLabel.getFont().getStyle() | java.awt.Font.BOLD));
71     vendorLabel.setText(resourceMap.getString("vendorLabel.text")); // NOI18N
72     vendorLabel.setName("vendorLabel"); // NOI18N
73
74     appVendorLabel.setText(resourceMap.getString("Application.vendor")); // NOI18N
75     appVendorLabel.setName("appVendorLabel"); // NOI18N
76
77     homepageLabel.setFont(homepageLabel.getFont().deriveFont(homepageLabel.getFont().getStyle() |
java.awt.Font.BOLD));
78     homepageLabel.setText(resourceMap.getString("homepageLabel.text")); // NOI18N
79     homepageLabel.setName("homepageLabel"); // NOI18N
80
81     appHomepageLabel.setText(resourceMap.getString("Application.homepage")); // NOI18N
82     appHomepageLabel.setName("appHomepageLabel"); // NOI18N
83
84     appDescLabel.setText(resourceMap.getString("appDescLabel.text")); // NOI18N
85     appDescLabel.setName("appDescLabel"); // NOI18N
86
87     imageLabel.setIcon(resourceMap.getIcon("imageLabel.icon")); // NOI18N
88     imageLabel.setName("imageLabel"); // NOI18N
89
90     org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout layout = new org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout(getContentPane());
91     getContentPane().setLayout(layout);
92     layout.setHorizontalGroup(
93         layout.createParallelGroup(org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.LEADING)
94             .add(layout.createSequentialGroup()
95                 .add(imageLabel)
96                 .add(18, 18, 18)
97                 .add(layout.createParallelGroup(org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.TRAILING)
98                     .add(org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.LEADING, layout.createSequentialGroup()
99                         .add(layout.createParallelGroup(org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.LEADING)
100                             .add(versionLabel)
101                             .add(vendorLabel)
102                             .add(homepageLabel))
103                         .addPreferredGap(org.jdesktop.layout.LayoutStyle.RELATED)
104                         .add(layout.createParallelGroup(org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.LEADING)
105                             .add(appVersionLabel)
106                             .add(appVendorLabel)
107                             .add(appHomepageLabel)))
108                     .add(org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.LEADING, appTitleLabel)
109                     .add(org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.LEADING, appDescLabel,
org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.DEFAULT_SIZE, 346, Short.MAX_VALUE)
110                 .add(closeButton))
111             .addContainerGap())
112     );
113     layout.setVerticalGroup(
114         layout.createParallelGroup(org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.LEADING)
115             .add(imageLabel, org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.PREFERRED_SIZE,
org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.DEFAULT_SIZE, Short.MAX_VALUE)
116             .add(layout.createSequentialGroup()
117                 .addContainerGap()
118                 .add(appTitleLabel)
119                 .addPreferredGap(org.jdesktop.layout.LayoutStyle.RELATED)
120                 .add(appDescLabel, org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.PREFERRED_SIZE,
org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.DEFAULT_SIZE, org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.PREFERRED_SIZE)
121                 .addPreferredGap(org.jdesktop.layout.LayoutStyle.RELATED)
122                 .add(layout.createParallelGroup(org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.BASELINE)
123                     .add(versionLabel)
124                     .add(appVersionLabel))
125                 .addPreferredGap(org.jdesktop.layout.LayoutStyle.RELATED)
126                 .add(layout.createParallelGroup(org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.BASELINE)
127                     .add(vendorLabel)
128                     .add(appVendorLabel))
129                 .addPreferredGap(org.jdesktop.layout.LayoutStyle.RELATED)
130                 .add(layout.createParallelGroup(org.jdesktop.layout.GroupLayout.BASELINE)
131                     .add(homepageLabel)
132                     .add(appHomepageLabel))
133                 .addPreferredGap(org.jdesktop.layout.LayoutStyle.RELATED, 33, Short.MAX_VALUE)
134                 .add(closeButton)
135                 .addContainerGap())
136     );
137
138     pack();
139 } // </editor-fold>

```

```

140
141 // Variables declaration - do not modify
142 private javax.swing.JButton closeButton;
143 // End of variables declaration
144
145 }
146

```

\dk\jsh\cleaningrobotsimulator\ui\swing\SimpleMainThreadExceptionHandler.java

```

1 package dk.jsh.cleaningrobotsimulator.ui.swing;
2
3 import java.io.PrintWriter;
4 import java.io.StringWriter;
5 import java.util.logging.Level;
6 import java.util.logging.Logger;
7 import javax.swing.JOptionPane;
8 import javax.swing.SwingUtilities;
9
10 /**
11  * Main thread uncaught exception handler.
12  * @author Jan S. Hansen
13  */
14 public class SimpleMainThreadExceptionHandler
15     implements Thread.UncaughtExceptionHandler {
16     private Logger logger;
17
18     /**
19      * Constructor.
20      */
21     public SimpleMainThreadExceptionHandler() {
22         logger = Logger.getLogger(getClass().getName());
23     }
24
25     /**
26      * Log uncaught exceptions to a log file and show an error dialog.
27      * @param thread The thread that throw the exception
28      * @param exception Exception to log.
29      */
30     @Override
31     public void uncaughtException(final Thread thread,
32                                   final Throwable exception) {
33         if (SwingUtilities.isEventDispatchThread()) {
34             showAndLogException(thread, exception);
35         } else {
36             SwingUtilities.invokeLater(new Runnable() {
37                 @Override
38                 public void run() {
39                     showAndLogException(thread, exception);
40                 }
41             });
42         }
43     }
44
45     /**
46      * Log exception in log file and show an error dialog.
47      * @param thread The thread that throw the exception
48      * @param exception Exception to log.
49      */
50     private void showAndLogException(Thread thread, Throwable exception) {
51         exception.printStackTrace();
52         StringWriter sw = new StringWriter();
53         exception.printStackTrace(new PrintWriter(sw));
54         logger.log(Level.SEVERE, "Uncaught exception in main thread",
55                   sw.toString());
56         JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null,
57                                     "An unexpected error occurred, see log file.",
58                                     "Cleaning robot simulator error",
59                                     JOptionPane.ERROR_MESSAGE);
60         System.exit(1);
61     }
62 }
63

```

## 8.2. INDHOLD PÅ VEDLAGTE CD

Indholdet på den vedlagte CD er inddelt i følgende 3 kataloger:

- Løsning – Indeholder javakode, diverse resourcer samt Maven projektfil. Lavet vha. SubVersions eksportfunktion.
- Program – Indeholder en cleaning-robot-simulator-1.0.jar.
- Rapport – Indeholder denne rapport i Word 2007 format og i PDF format.