### Questions from 3.2.3

# Description of Our Project:

The goal of our project was to represent the current state of a university residence. To do this, we created a database to store information about the state of dorms, buildings, units, and rooms. In our database, we also tracked different kinds of residents, such as students and residence advisors (RAs). With these entities, we kept track of which room each resident stayed in, as well as which student was monitored under which residence advisor. We also stored information about sublets, packages, maintenance requests and maintenance staff, so we could monitor the activity of the residents.

# Changes in Our Final Schema:

Our final schema differed in a few ways. One, we had to change all BOOLEAN datatypes to VARCHAR as the BOOLEAN datatype was not supported. In the Unit table, we also changed the column 'number' to 'unitNumber' as 'number' is not a valid column name. For the same reason, in the Room\_R2 table, we changed the column 'number' to 'roomNumber'. In the PermanentResident table, we also removed the column 'subletId' as our Sublet table already referenced a PermanentResident with a participation constraint. In MaintenanceRequest, we also updated the 'staffId' column to be NOT NULL as it is foreign key referencing a MaintenanceStaff entity, so it would make sense for each request to not have a null staff assignment.

## SQL Queries Used:

#### 2.1.1 - 2.1.6:

SQL query	Where it can be found	
INSERT	appService.js, lines 317 - 320	
UPDATE	appService.js, lines 338 - 340, 351	
DELETE	appService.js, lines 364	
Selection	appService.js, lines 291 - 294	
Projection	appService.js, lines 227 - 230	
Join	appService.js, lines 247 - 251	

# 2.1.7 – 2.1.10:

Sql query	Сору	Description	Where it can
			be found
Aggregation	SELECT p.studentld, p.name,	Gets the earliest	appService.js,
with GROUP	d.earliest_delivery	date a package was	lines 159-168
BY	FROM (	delivered for every	
	SELECT	resident with at	
	studentId,	least one package	
	min(deliveryDate) as	delivery. Joins with	
	earliest_delivery	PermanentResident	
	FROM Package	to return the	
	GROUP BY studentId	resident names in	
	) d	addition to the	
	JOIN PermanentResident p	resident IDs.	
	ON d.studentId = p.studentId		
Aggregation	SELECT buildingName, COUNT(*)	Gets the number of	appService.js,
with HAVING	FROM PermanentResident	residents in each	lines 185-190
	GROUP BY buildingName	building. Filters out	
	HAVING COUNT(*) >= :min	all the buildings	
		where the number	
		of residents is less	
		than the given	
		requirement.	
Nested	SELECT buildingName,	Gets the average	appService.js,
aggregation	avg(sqfeet)	room square	lines 206-212
with GROUP	FROM Room_R2	footage in each	
BY	GROUP BY buildingName	building. Filters out	
	HAVING avg(sqfeet) >= (	all the buildings	
	SELECT avg(sqfeet)	where the average	
	FROM Room_R2	room sqft is less	
	)	than the average	
		room sqft in all	
		buildings.	
Division	SELECT DISTINCT r.buildingName	Get buildings that	appService.js,
	FROM Room_R2 r	contain rooms with	lines 267 - 276
	WHERE NOT EXISTS (	every possible size	
	SELECT r1.sqFeet	(by sqft)	
	FROM Room_R1 r1		
	WHERE NOT EXISTS (		
	SELECT 1 FROM		
	Room_R2 r2 WHERE		
	r2.buildingName =		
	r.buildingName AND r2.sqFeet =		
	r1.sqFeet)		
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