

INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS (CT216)

Matlab code and Results:

<u>Lab Group - 2 : Project Group - 2</u>

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TOPIC: CONVOLUTIONAL CODING

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Honor code:

- The work that we are presenting is our own work.
- We have not copied the work (the code,the results,etc.) that someone else has done.
- Concepts, understanding and insights we will be describing are our own.
- We make this pledge truthfully.
- We know that violation of this solemn pledge can carry grave consequences.

```
function ans = encoding(kc, generation_polynomials, inp)
   n = length(generation_polynomials);
    ans = [];
   regval = 0;
   for i = 1:length(inp)
        curbit = inp(i);
        regval = bitor(bitshift(regval, -1), bitshift(curbit, (kc - 1)));
        for j = 1:n
            cur_poly = generation_polynomials(j);
            output = 0;
            p=dec2bin(cur_poly,kc);
            p=fliplr(p)-'0';
            rv=dec2bin(regval,kc)-'0';
            output=0;
             for k=1:kc
                 output=xor(output,(p(k) & rv(k)));
             end
            ans = [ans, output];
         end
     end
end
function ans = decoding_soft(kc, generation_polynomials, inp)
   ns = bitshift(1, (kc-1));
   n = length(generation polynomials);
   mtr = ones(floor(length(inp)/n) + 1, ns) * 1e9;
   previous_states = cell(floor(length(inp)/n) + 1, 1);
     for i = 1:length(previous_states)
            previous_states{i} = cell(ns, 1);
         for j = 1:ns
             previous\_states{i}{j} = {1e9, 1e9};
         end
     end
    idx = 0;
for t = 1:(length(inp)/n)
    for st = 0:ns-1
     if (t == 1) && (st == 0)
                    mtr(t, st+1) = 0;
     end
```

```
for input_bits = 0:1
                    curstate = st;
                    next_state = bitor(bitshift(curstate, -1),(input_bits *
   bitshift(1, (kc-2)));
                    euclidian_distance = 0;
         for i = 1:n
                            output = 0;
                            poly = generation_polynomials(i);
                            regvalue = bitor(curstate, bitshift(input_bits,
(kc-1));
             for k = 0:(kc-1)
                            output = bitxor(output, bitand(bitshift(poly,
-k), ...
   1) & bitand(bitshift(regvalue, -(kc-k-1)), 1));
             end
                    output=1-2*output;
                    euclidian_distance=euclidian_distance+(abs(output-...
inp(idx+i))*abs(output-inp(idx+i)));
            end
                euclidian=sqrt(euclidian_distance);
                a = mtr(t+1, next_state+1);
                b = mtr(t, curstate+1);
if a > b + euclidian_distance
                    mtr(t+1, next_state+1) = b + euclidian_distance;
                     previous_states{t+1}{next_state+1} =
{curstate,input_bits};
end
end
end
        idx = idx + n;
end
   ans = [];
    temp = previous_states{(length(inp)/n)+1}{1};
    ans = [temp{2} ans];
    cur = (length(inp)/n);
while cur >1
        temp = previous_states{cur}{temp{1}+1};
        ans = [temp{2} ans];
        cur = cur - 1;
end
end
function modulated_op = modulator(encoded_message,sigma)
     s = 1 - 2 * encoded_message; % BPSK modulation
     modulated_op= s + sigma * randn(1, length(encoded_message));
```

```
end
EbNodB = 0:0.5:10;
R1 = 1/2;
R2 = 1/3;
R3 = 1/3;
n1 = 2;
n2 = 3;
n3 = 3;
k1 = 1;
k2 = 1;
k3 = 1;
kc1 = 3;
kc2 = 4;
kc3 = 6;
% practical_error = zeros(1,length(EbNodB));
%theoratical_error = zeros(1,length(EbNodB));
soft_error1=zeros(1,length(EbNodB));
soft_error2=zeros(1,length(EbNodB));
soft_error3=zeros(1,length(EbNodB));
idx = 1;
idx2=1;
N = 500;
for j=EbNodB
EbNo = 10^{(j/10)};
sigmal = sqrt (1/(2*R1*EbNo));
sigma2 = sqrt (1/(2*R2*EbNo));
sigma3 = sqrt (1/(2*R3*EbNo));
BER_th = 0.5*erfc(sqrt(EbNo));
Nerr_soft1=0;
Nerr_soft2=0;
Nerr_soft3=0;
for i = 1 : N
msg = randi ([0 1],1,100); %generate random message
 msg1=[msg zeros(1,kc1-1)];
msg2=[msg zeros(1,kc2-1)];
msg3=[msg zeros(1,kc3-1)];
```

```
encoded_array1=encoding(kc1,[5 7],msg1);
encoded array2=encoding(kc2,[11 13 15],msq2);
encoded_array3=encoding(kc3,[39 43 61],msg3);
modulated_message1=modulator(encoded_array1, sigma1);
modulated_message2=modulator(encoded_array2, sigma2);
modulated_message3=modulator(encoded_array3, sigma3);
%decoded_message=decoding(kc,[5 7],demodualted_message);
soft_decoded_message1=decoding_soft(kc1,[5 7],modulated_message1);
soft_decoded_message2=decoding_soft(kc2,[11 13 15],modulated_message2);
soft_decoded_message3=decoding_soft(kc3,[39 43 61],modulated_message3);
Nerr_soft1=Nerr_soft1+sum(soft_decoded_message1~=msg1);
Nerr_soft2=Nerr_soft2+sum(soft_decoded_message2~=msg2);
Nerr_soft3=Nerr_soft3+sum(soft_decoded_message3~=msg3);
% Nerrs=Nerrs+sum(msg ~= decoded_message);
end
soft_error1(idx)=(Nerr_soft1)/(N*length(msg1));
soft_error2(idx)=(Nerr_soft2)/(N*length(msg2));
soft_error3(idx) = (Nerr_soft3) / (N*length(msg3));
%practical_error(idx) = (Nerrs/(N*length(msg)));
%theoratical_error(idx2) = theoratical_error(idx2)+BER_th;
idx = idx+1;
idx2 = idx2+1;
end
%semilogy(EbNodB,practical_error,'LineWidth',2.0);
%semilogy(EbNodB, theoratical_error, 'LineWidth', 2.0);
semilogy(EbNodB, soft_error1, 'LineWidth', 0.5);
hold on;
semilogy(EbNodB, soft_error2, 'LineWidth', 0.5);
semilogy(EbNodB, soft_error3, 'LineWidth', 0.5);
legend('SDD R=1/2 & Kc=3', 'SDD R=1/3 & Kc=4', 'SDD R=1/3 & Kc=6');
title('Soft Decision Decoding');
%xlim([0 1]);
xlabel('EbNo(dB)');
ylabel('BER');
hold off;
```

