

AAD / Backend Development

# Observability

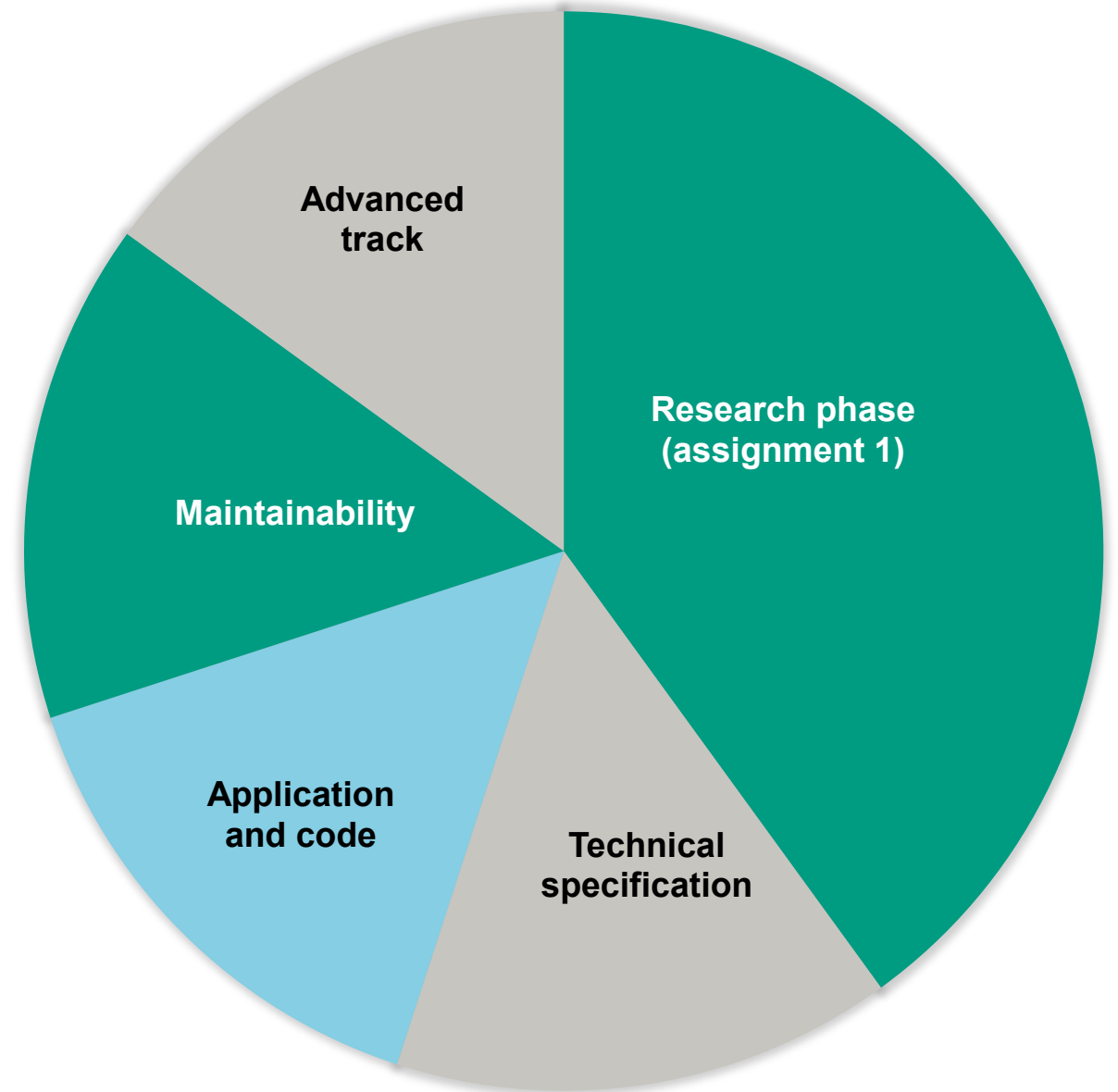
Erik van der Arend / Jan Willem Boer

23/24 Q3



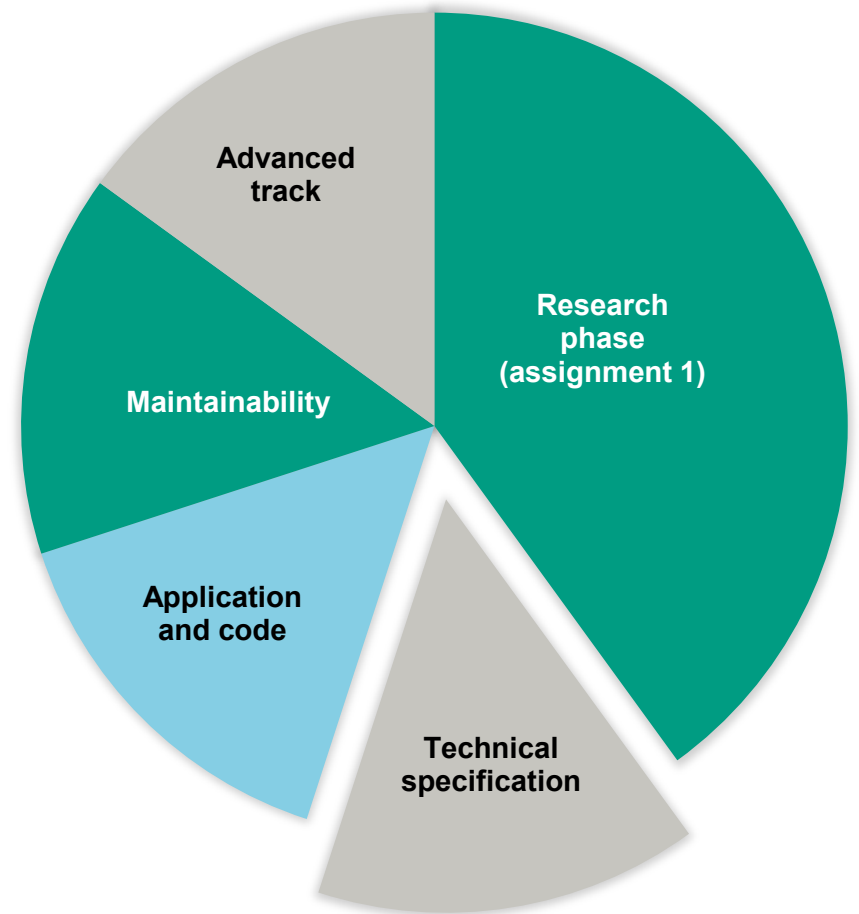
## Assignment 2 – rubric

- Technical specification 15
- Application and code 15
- Maintainability 15
- Advanced track 15



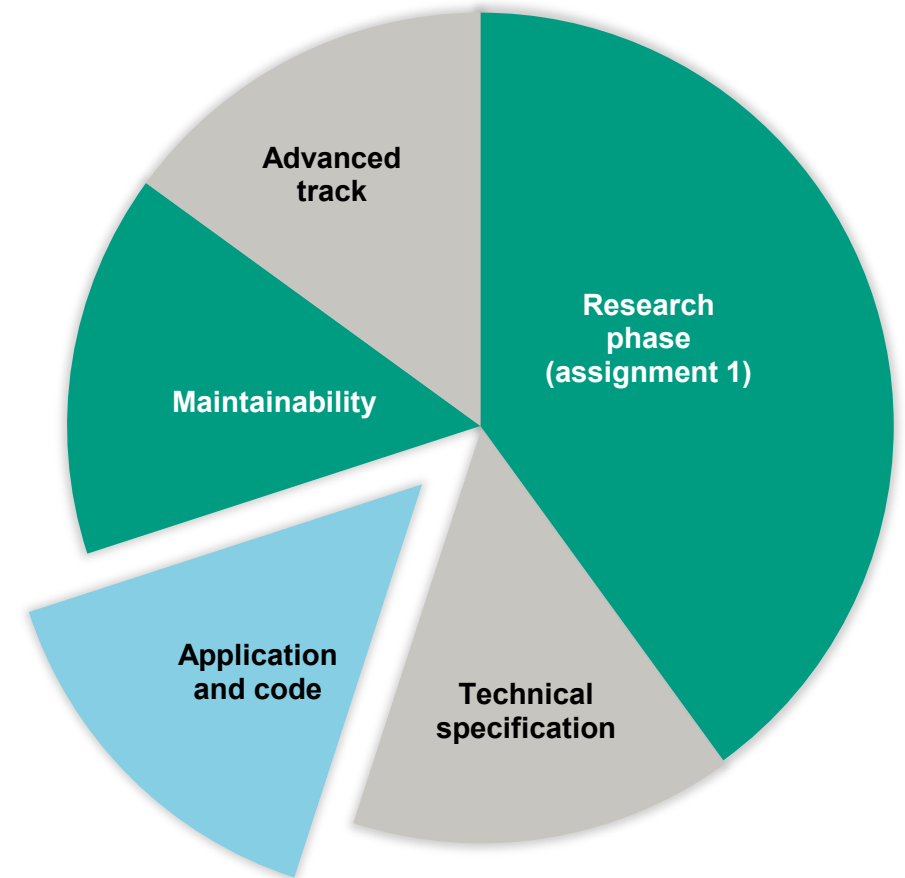
# Technical specification

- Why this application (context / description)
- Requirements
- Technical overview:
  - Components
  - How they connect to each other
  - Details where needed
  - Diagrams where needed
  - Choices made, alternatives considered
  - Repeat for subcomponents where needed
- API specification (generated as html is allowed)



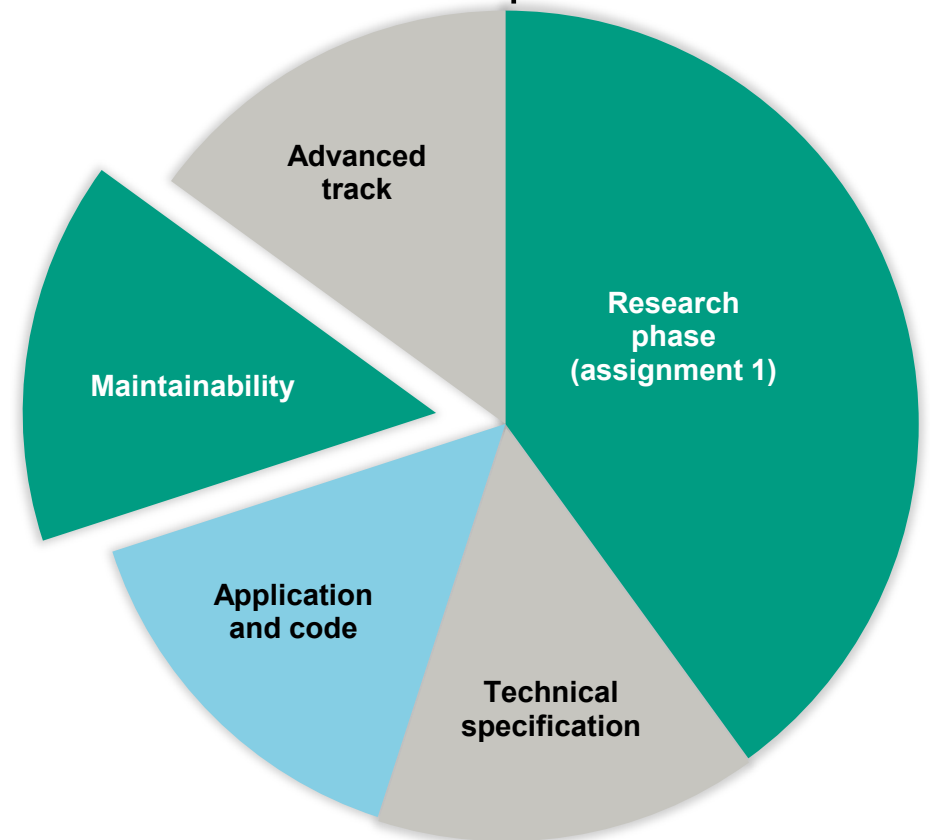
# Application and code

- Complete application
- Stable application
- Errorhandling is correct (user errors and technical errors)
- Code quality
  - Neat
  - Structured
  - SoC
  - Readable
  - Navigatable
  - Useful comments



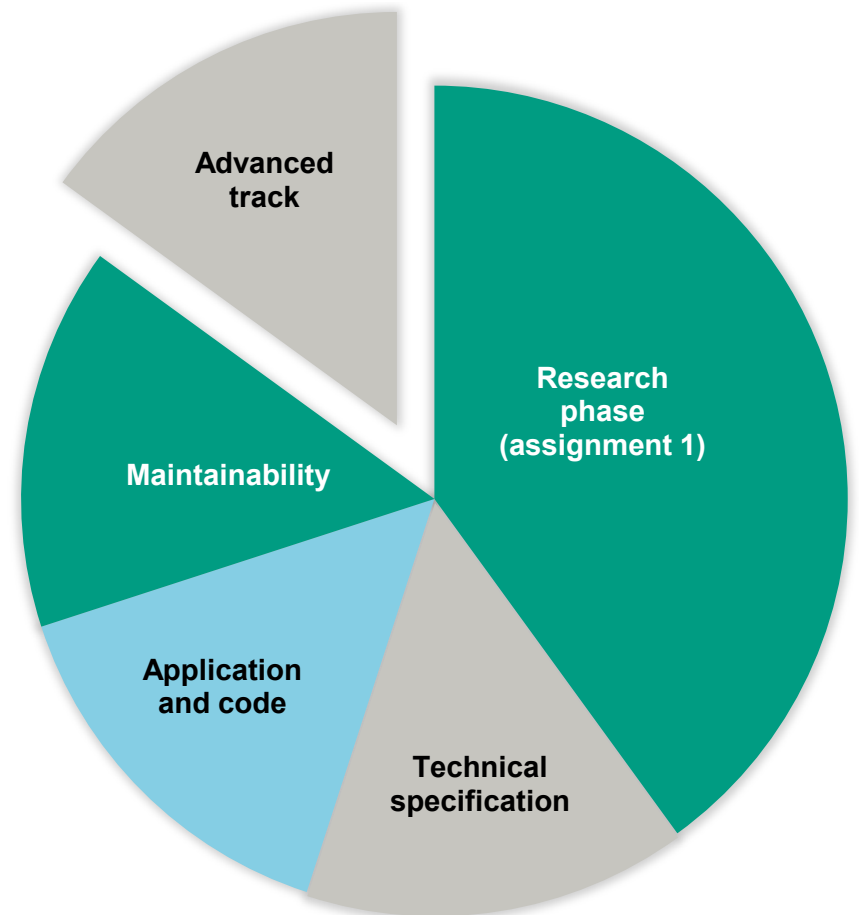
# Maintainability

- A manual (a README file) how to start, develop and test the application
- Fully dockerized: docker-compose up starts the application without extra steps.  
(including database and other dependencies)
- Tests
- Testreports



## Advanced track

- Depends...
- Documentation:
  - What did you do for the advanced track
  - What does it look like (= proof)
  - How to configure it



# Observability

Why observe your production application?

- Users will provide strange and mysterious input
- Clients will report problems
- Application flows will crash
- External services will go down
- Networks will go down
- The application will be too slow
- Servers will be overloaded
- Database queries will take too long
- Rare bugs will occur
- ...





# What is observability?

Providing information about the status of the application to an outside observer

- ~~Adding alert and console.log statements~~
- Structural logging
- Logging analytics
- Performance metrics
- Health checks
- Alerting

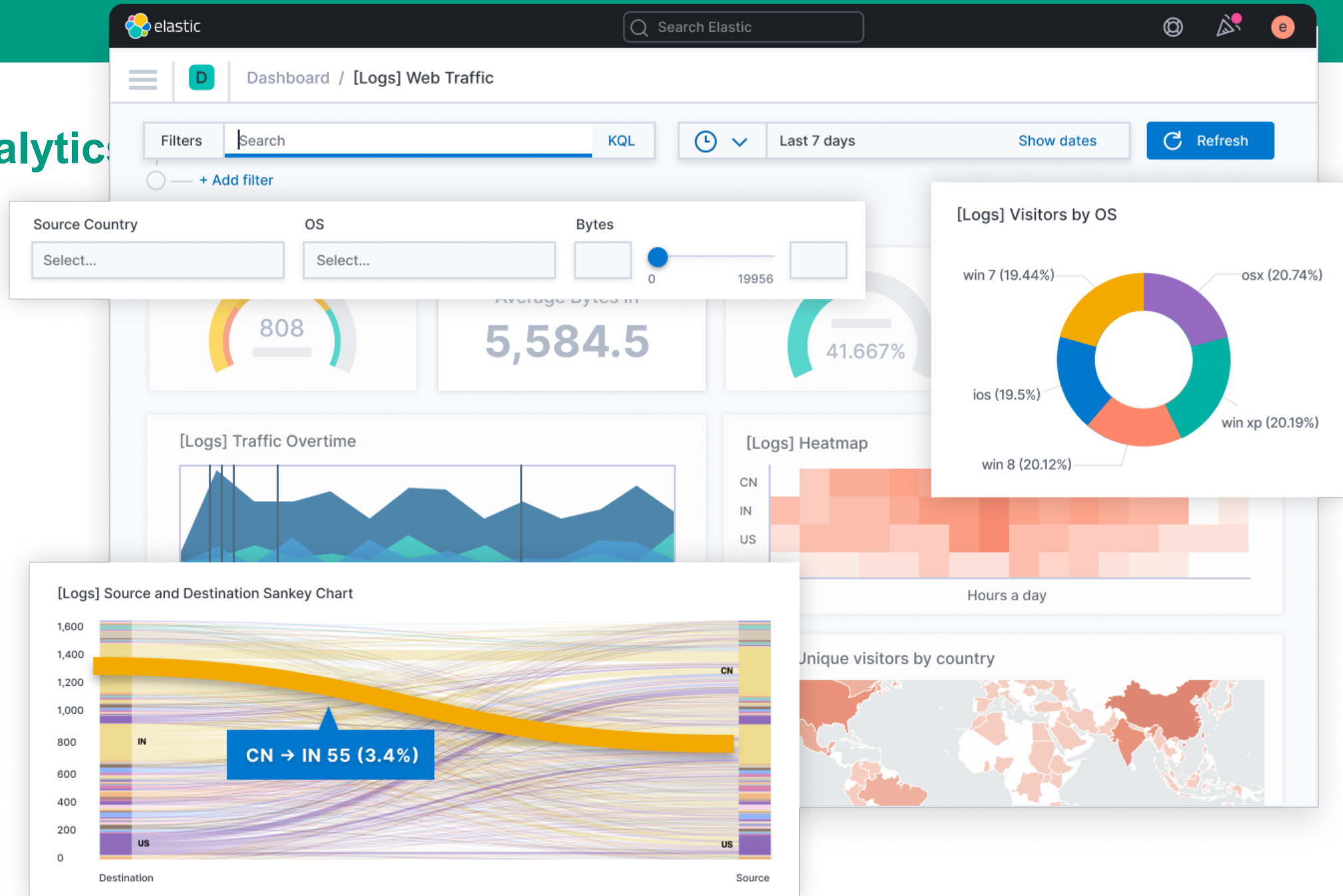




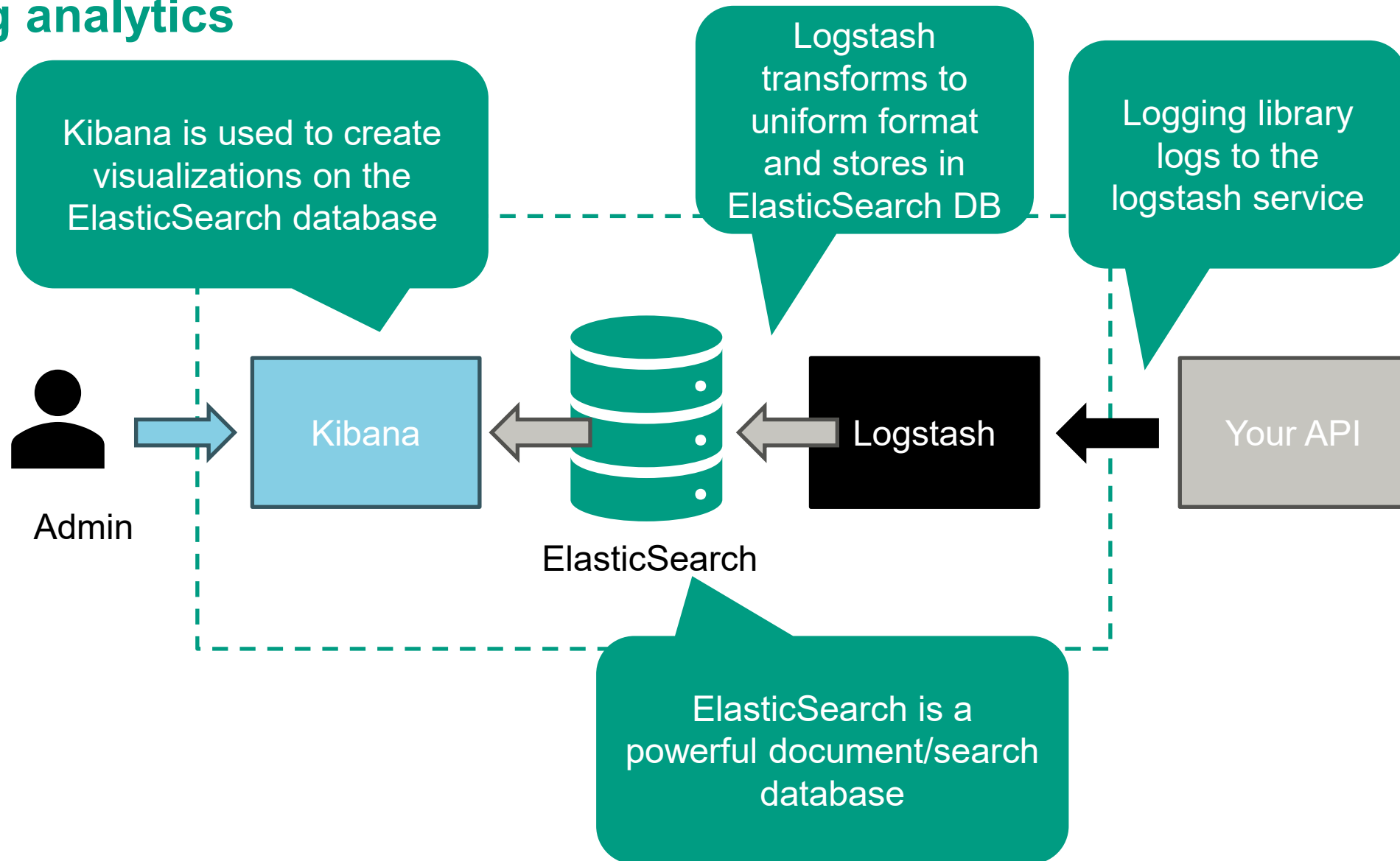
# Structural logging

- Add log statements to your code
  - Errors
  - When services go down
  - For additional information
  - ...
- Logging to a file
- Add properties: timestamp, application name, module name, user, ...
- Use levels: fatal, error, warn, info, debug
- Log to a database for easier analytics

# Logging analytics

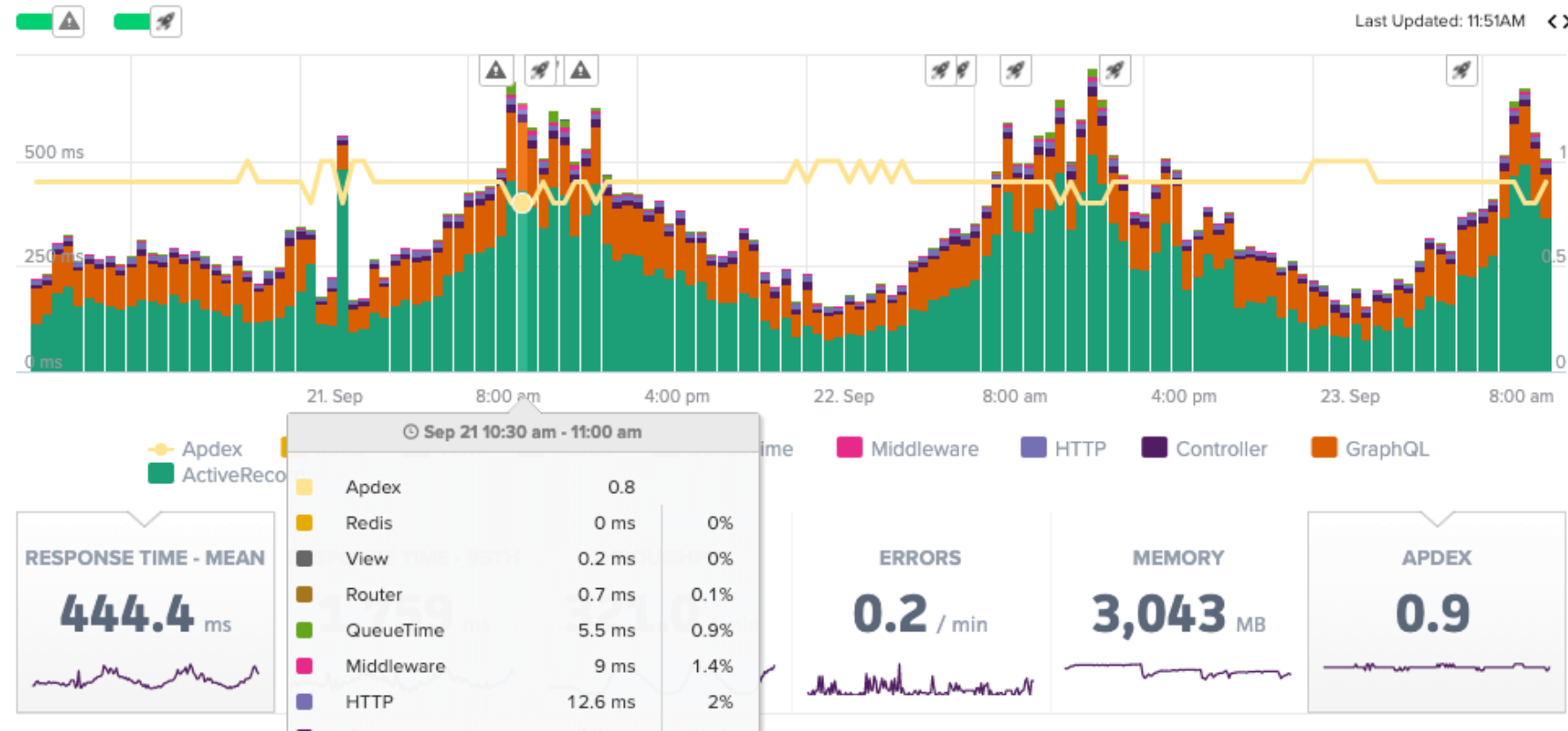


## Logging analytics



# Performance metrics & health checks

- Error rates of requests
- How long does a request take
- How long does a db query take
- Uptime
- Ping response times
- Resource usage (memory/cpu/disk)



# Alerting

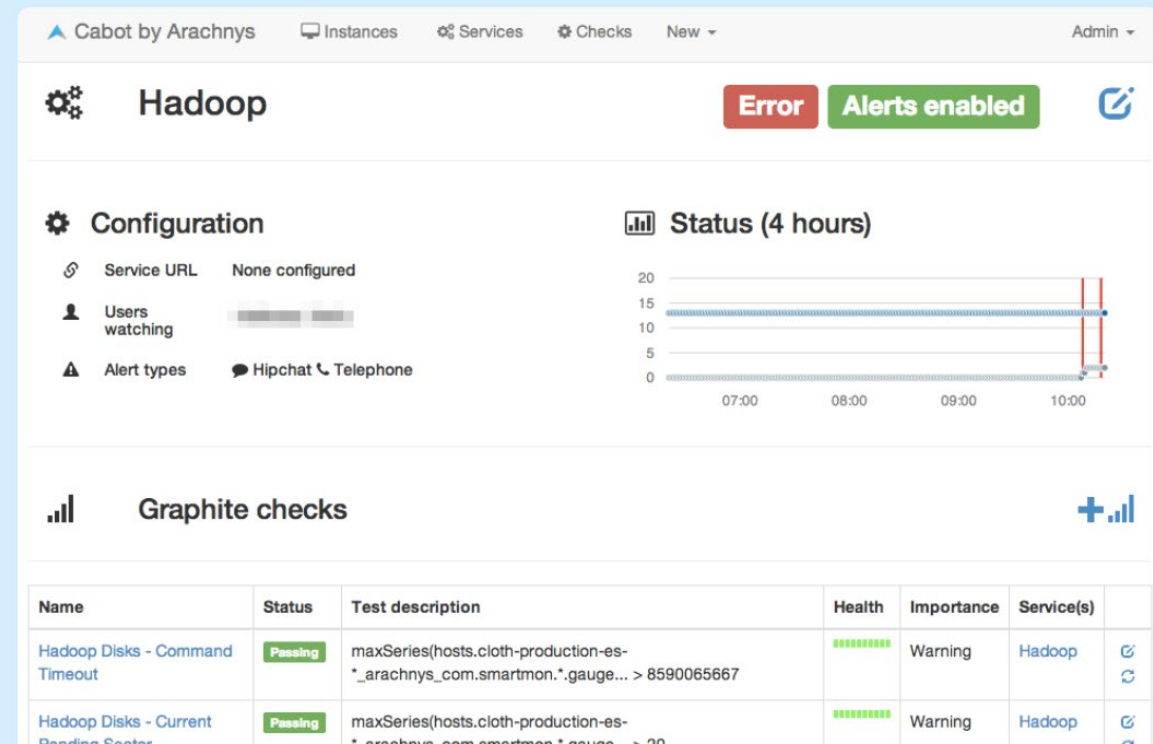
- Send alerts to people when things go crazy
- Example: cabot

## Cabot - monitor and alert

Get alerted when services go down or metrics go crazy

[5 minute deploy](#) | [Monitor infrastructure](#) | [GitHub project](#)

[About Arachnys](#)



# Do it yourself

- Find which logging library your framework has
- Or find a logging library to complement your framework
- Add logging to your application (at least for errors)





## Note: projects

- 15-20 projects will be published on blackboard in week 7
- Register for the project phase and choose a project or a team
- In week 9-10 you can contact the client already and start the project
- In week 2.1: go.
- In week 2.9-10: assessment

# Now what

## **This week**

- Continue with Assignment 2