

?? CSCI 2500 — Computer Organization ??
Fall 2023 Test 3 (December 5, 2023)

Please silence and put away all laptops, phones, watches and any other electronic devices, etc. Using any electronic devices during the test is strictly prohibited.

1. DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO!
2. READ THROUGH THE ENTIRE TEST BEFORE STARTING TO WORK.
3. YOU ARE ALLOWED ANY PRINTED OR HANDWRITTEN MATERIALS AND NOTES.
NO OTHER MATERIALS ARE ALLOWED.
4. ABSOLUTELY NO ELECTRONIC DEVICES ARE ALLOWED.

This test is designed to take 110 minutes; therefore, for 50% extra time, the expected time is 2 hours and 45 minutes and 100% extra time is 3 hours and 40 minutes. Questions will not be answered except when there is a glaring mistake or ambiguity in the statement of a question. Please do your best to interpret and answer each question. Document any assumptions that you had to make.

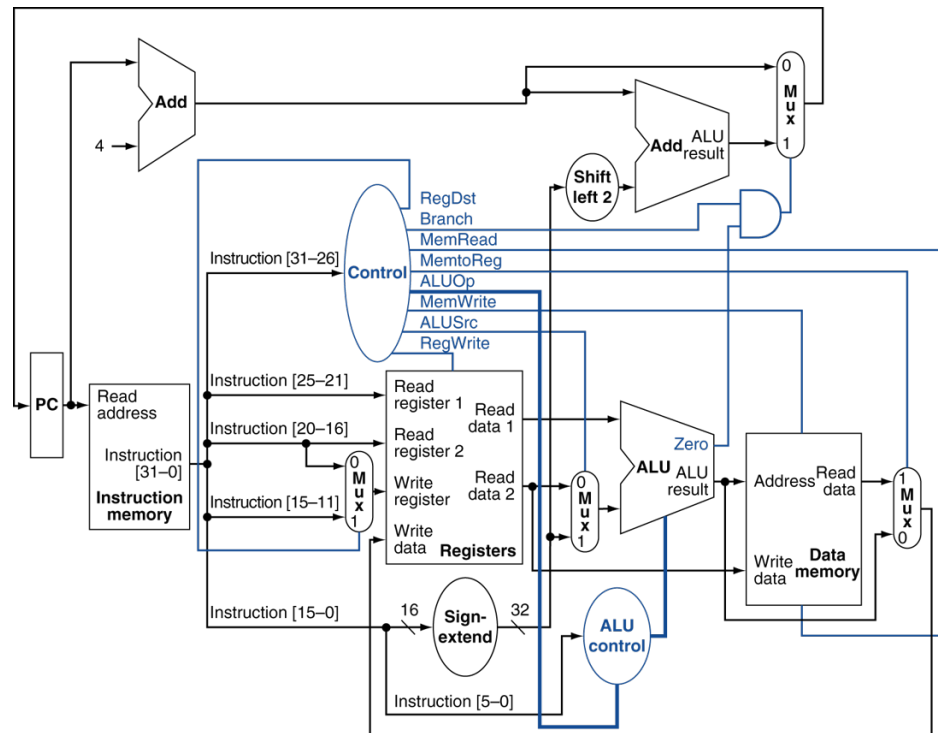
If you need extra space for your answers, you can add a page to your test booklet. Make sure this extra page is clearly labeled with your name and question number. Make a note on the title page of your test indicating that there is an extra page. When returning your test to a proctor, make sure you give them this extra page.

This test is out of 100 points but there are some extra credit questions or parts of questions.



1. (20 POINTS)

Recall “Datapath With Control” figure from the textbook and lecture slides:



Suppose the following instruction is executed in this datapath:

`bne $8, $6, loop`

where label `loop` refers to the instruction which is immediately preceding the given instruction . You may refer to the “MIPS Reference Data” pages at the end of this test.

Assume that data memory is all zeros and that the processor’s registers have the following decimal values at the beginning of the clock cycle in which the above instruction is fetched:

r0	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5	r6	r8	r9	r31	PC
0	-2	1	-2	0	-1	2	7	6	6	4194366

What are the values of **all inputs and outputs** of the “Registers” unit, **all data inputs and outputs** of the “ALU” unit, **all inputs and outputs** of the “Add” unit in the right part of the datapath figure, and the following control signals: “Branch”, “RegDst”, “Zero”, “ALUSrc”, “RegWrite”? If there is not enough information to determine the value of any of these signals, write “N/A” for it. If the value of any signal is “Don’t care”, write “X” (note that “X” is not the same as “N/A”).



Control

Branch = 1

RegDst = X

Zero = 0

ALUSrc = 0

RegWrite = 0

Register

Read Reg 1 = 8

Read Reg 2 = 6

Write Reg = X

Write Data = X

Read Data 1 = R[8] = 7

Read Data 2 = R[6] = 2

ALU

ALU 1 = 7

ALU 2 = 2

Zero (also part of control) = 0

ALU Result = 5 (7-2)

ALU Control = 110 (might not be required)

Right Adder

Add 1 = PC+4 (PC does not seem to be given)

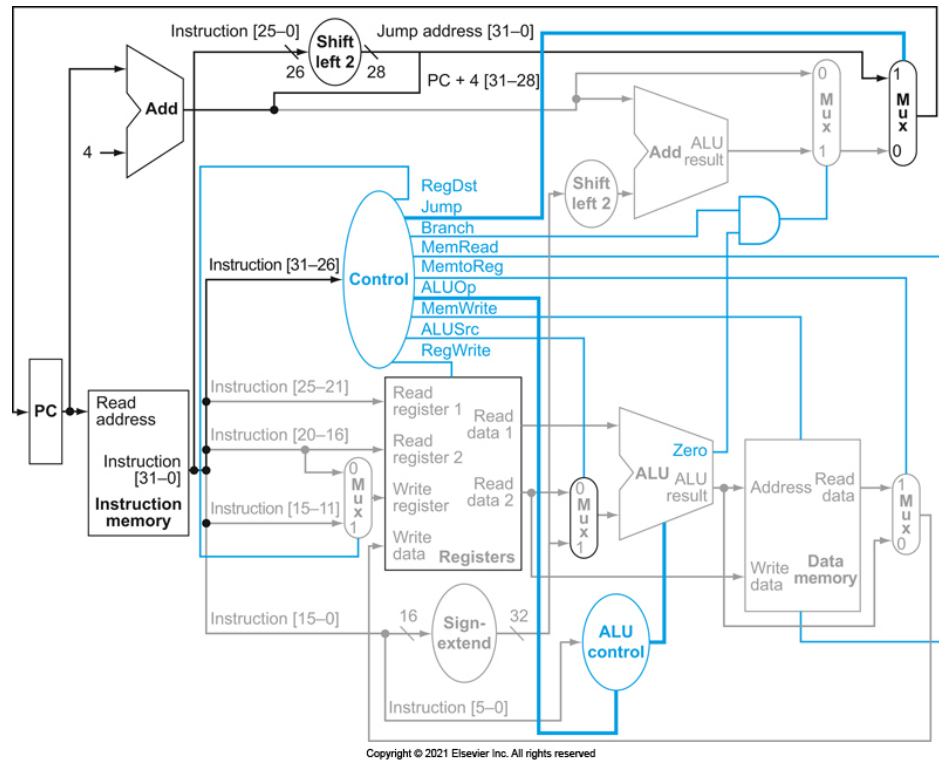
Add 2 = -8 (-2 * 4)

Add Result = PC-4



2. (20 POINTS)

Recall “Datapath With Jumps Added” figure from the textbook and lecture slides:



Now, imagine that due to a memory chip malfunction, any words read from any address of the Instruction Memory always have 11 least significant bits (**Instruction[10-0]**) set to 1111111111.

Give a specific example of an instruction (i.e., a valid line of MIPS code) which would be affected by this malfunction and work incorrectly. Describe the exact behavior that will be observed when executing this instruction. If you believe that all instructions would still work correctly, explain why none of the instructions would be affected by the malfunction.

Instructions of the following forms are all correct:

Any R-Type instruction. For full points, students should explain how funct becomes 0x3f, which does not correspond to a defined operation.

Any I-Type instruction whose immediate value's 11 least significant bits are not 11111111111 to begin with. For full points, students should explain how the least significant 11 bits of the immediate value are altered. E.g. 'lw \$t0 0(\$t1)' is incorrectly performed as 'lw \$t0 2047(\$t0)'

Any J-Type instruction whose jump address's 11 least significant bits are not 11111111111 to begin with. For full points, students should explain how the least significant 11 bits of the jump location are altered. E.g. 'j L0' is incorrectly performed as 'j L1', where L0 represents address 0x0 in instruction memory and L1 represents address 0x(2047 * 4) in instruction memory.

Finally, give a specific example of an instruction (i.e., a valid line of MIPS code) which would remain unaffected by this malfunction and still work correctly. Describe the exact behavior that will be observed when executing this instruction. If you believe that not a single instruction would work correctly, explain why.

Instructions of the following forms are all correct:

Any I or J type instruction whose immediate value/jump location has 1111111111 as its 11 least significant bits. For full points, students should explain what the instruction does (similar to the cases above, but with the desired behavior), and that the mistake does not affect the instruction since the new bits are identical to the ones that should be there anyways.



- ```
1 add $a2, $s0, $s1
2 addi $a0, $s0, 4
3 lw $s0, 4($a0)
4 or $a0, $s0, $s1
5 lw $a0, 0($a0)
6 andi $a1, $s1, 0xffff1200
7 sw $s1, 4($a1)
8 addi $a1, $s1, 8
9 sw $a1, 0($a1)
10 add $a2, $s0, $s1
```

- Forwarding is not used
- Additional hardware was used to allow us to test registers, calculate the branch address, and update the PC during the ID stage
- Statically predict branches not taken

[illegible]

**Part b: (5/20 points)** How many clock cycles would this code take to complete?

24

**Part c: (5/20 points)** Which types of hazards does this code have? Clearly circle all that apply.

- (a) Structure (structural)
- (b) Control
- (c) Synchronization
- (d) Forwarding
- ☒ (e) Data
- (f) None of the above

**Extra credit part d: (10 points)** Re-order instructions to minimize pipeline stalls without changing the semantics of the program.

```
Add $a2 $s0 $s1
Addi $a0 $s0 4
Andi $a1 $s1 0xffff1200
Addi $a1 $s1 8
Lw $s0 4($a0)
Sw $s1 4($a1)
Sw $a1 0($a1)
Or $a0 $s0 $s1
Nop
Add $a2 $s0 $s1
Lw $a0 0($a0)
```



4. (20 POINTS) Given a 32-bit architecture (both address and data buses are 32 bits) with byte-addressed main memory you designed a direct-mapped primary cache that has a total of 512 blocks with 1 word per block.

**Part a: (10/20 points)** Consider the sequence of memory accesses given below and write “hit”, or “miss” next to each instruction. Compute the miss rate and express it either as a percentage or as a fraction of the form  $m/n$ .

load from 0xf00d0020  
store to 0xf00d0020  
load from 0xf00d0021  
load from 0xf00d1024  
load from 0xf00d2029  
load from 0xf00d1024  
store to 0xf00d0021  
load from 0xf00df022

Miss rate: 

|       |
|-------|
| 4 / 8 |
|-------|

512 blocks with 1 word per block.

512 indices, 9 bits for index, 2 bits needed for byte offset

load from 0xf00d0020 miss \*  
store to 0xf00d0020 hit \*  
load from 0xf00d0021 hit \*  
load from 0xf00d1024 miss \*  
load from 0xf00d2029 miss  
load from 0xf00d1024 hit \*  
store to 0xf00d0021 hit \*  
load from 0xf00df022 miss

miss rate: 4/8

**Part b: (4/20 points)** For this cache configuration and the specific sequence of instructions given, indicate a single change that would lead to fewer misses (or write “None” if nothing could be done to decrease misses). Assume you cannot increase the total size of your cache (i.e., the total number of bits the cache occupies on the die). Be specific in describing the parameters of this change.

The main change would be to increase the size of each block to attempt to allow loading in one address to also load in some of the others that are later called. However, due to the large distance between different addresses, it is impossible to increase this block size without also changing the size of the cache.

**Part c: (3/20 points)** In the list of instructions above, use asterisks (“\*”) to mark at least two instructions that exhibit temporal locality. If there are none, clearly circle the statement below:

There are no instructions in the list above which exhibit temporal locality.

Shown above (multiple examples exist)

**Part d: (3/20 points)** In the list of instructions above, use hash signs (“#”) to mark at least two instructions that exhibit spatial locality. If there are none, clearly circle the statement below:

No instructions





There are no instructions in the list above which exhibit spatial locality.

**Extra credit part e: (5 points)** Repeat the task from part (a) of this question but now with the 4-way set-associative primary cache that has a total of 512 blocks with 1 word per block and that uses LRU replacement policy.

load from 0xf00d0020  
store to 0xf00d0020  
load from 0xf00d0021  
load from 0xf00d1024  
load from 0xf00d2029  
load from 0xf00d1024  
store to 0xf00d0021  
load from 0xf00df022

4 Way associative -  $512 / 4 = 128$  indices

load from 0xf00d0020 miss  
store to 0xf00d0020 hit  
load from 0xf00d0021 hit  
load from 0xf00d1024 miss  
load from 0xf00d2029 miss  
load from 0xf00d1024 hit  
store to 0xf00d0021 hit  
load from 0xf00df022 miss  
miss rate: 4/8

4 / 8

Miss rate:

**Extra credit part f: (5 points)** Repeat the task from part (a) of this question but now with the fully set-associative primary cache that has a total of 512 blocks with 1 word per block and that uses FIFO replacement policy.

load from 0xf00d0020  
store to 0xf00d0020  
load from 0xf00d0021  
load from 0xf00d1024  
load from 0xf00d2029  
load from 0xf00d1024  
store to 0xf00d0021  
load from 0xf00df022

Fully associative - one index

load from 0xf00d0020 miss  
store to 0xf00d0020 hit  
load from 0xf00d0021 hit  
load from 0xf00d1024 miss  
load from 0xf00d2029 miss  
load from 0xf00d1024 hit  
store to 0xf00d0021 hit  
load from 0xf00df022 miss  
miss rate: 4/8

4 / 8

Miss rate:

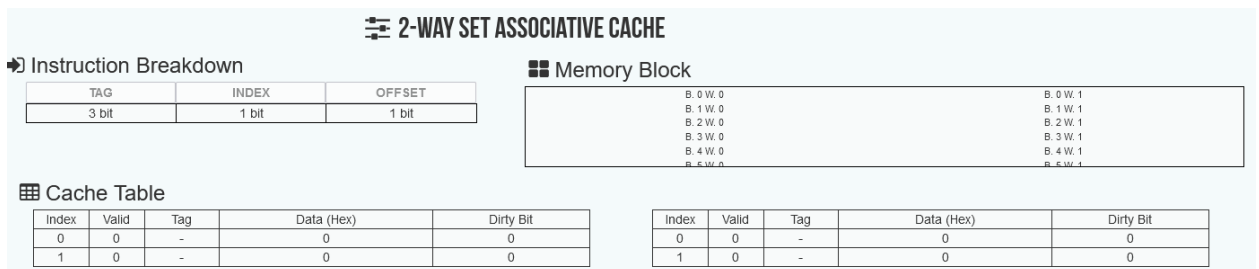
**Extra credit part g: (3 points)** Discuss how miss rate is different for different cache configurations that you designed above and why. How would miss rate change for a different set of memory access instructions?

Due to the large size of the cache compared to the low size of the number of instructions, the miss rate for all 3 cache designs is the same. In order to have a different miss rate in the different cache designs, you would need more addresses accessed, for example having 5 words with the same index accessed for the 4 associative cache.



5. **Extra credit (15 POINTS)** Consider a scenario in which die size constraints limited CPU designers to only 64 Kib (i.e., 65,536 bits, not bytes) of space left for the on-chip cache. Suppose that you want the cache to be write-through, write on allocate, 4-way set-associative (SA) with a 2-word block size (and the machine word size is 16 bits).

Draw the graphical representation of your cache using the same notation that we discussed in class. Show how memory addresses are broken down into offset, index, and tag bits, and the size of each field. Be sure to account for all required fields, not just the block data. Assume main memory is byte-addressed. The screen shot below is just a reminder on the notation, it is not the actual answer to this question (it is not even a 4-way SA cache). You need to give your answer in the space provided below the screen shot.



$$T_{\text{read}} = T_{\text{seek}} + T_{\text{rotational}} + T_{\text{transfer}}$$

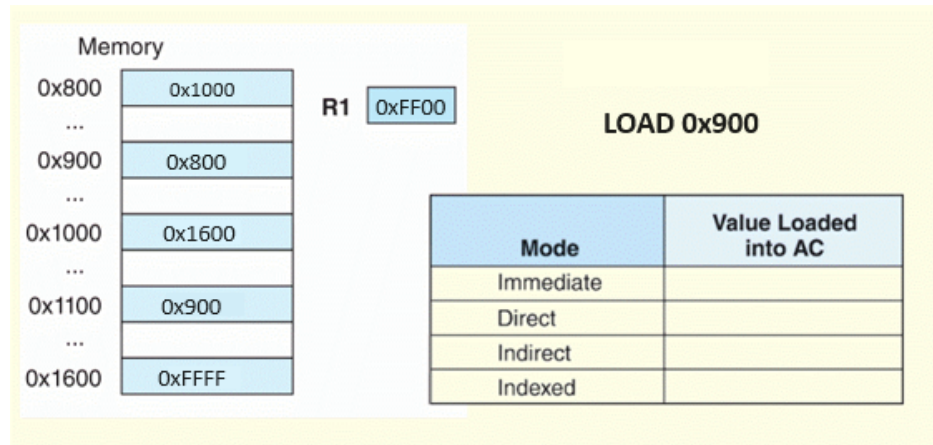
$$T_{\text{rotation}} = 1 / 7200 \text{ RPM} / 60 \text{ s} / 2 = 8.33 / 2 \text{ ms} = 4.17 \text{ ms}$$

$$T_{\text{transfer}} = 512 \text{ MB} / 100 \text{ MB/s} = 5.12 \text{ s}$$

$$T_{\text{read}} = 5.12 \text{ s} + 4.17 \text{ ms} + 0.005 \text{ s}$$



6. (20 POINTS) Recall a computer architecture that we reviewed in class where all instructions have at most one argument, and “LOAD” instruction loads the value into the accumulator register. For the instruction shown, what value is loaded into the accumulator (“AC”) for each addressing mode? For indexed addressing mode, assume “R1” to be the register that holds the offset. Remember that it is a 16-bit architecture, so all values are 16 bits and integer values can be signed. Fill in the table directly in the figure below:



L1 Cache Access Time = Access Time for L1 Cache = 1 cycle (given CPI = 1 and clock rate = 2.5GHz)

Therefore, L1 Cache Access Time =  $1 / (2.5 \text{ GHz}) = 0.4 \text{ ns}$

Average Memory Access Time (L1-only system):

Average Access Time = L1 Cache Access Time + L1 Cache Miss Rate \* L1 Cache Miss Penalty

Average Access Time (L1-only) =  $0.4 \text{ ns} + 0.02 * 100 \text{ ns} = 0.4 \text{ ns} + 2 \text{ ns} = 2.4 \text{ ns}$

Three-Level Cache System:

Average Access Time (three-level cache system) = L1 Cache Access Time + L1 Miss Rate \* (L2 Cache Access Time + L2 Miss Rate \* (L3 Cache Access Time + L3 Miss Rate \* Main Memory Access Time))

Substituting the values:

Average Access Time (three-level cache system) =  $0.4 \text{ ns} + 0.02 * (6 \text{ ns} + 0.01 * (10 \text{ ns} + 0.005 * 100 \text{ ns})) = 0.5221 \text{ ns}$

Speedup = Average Access Time (L1-only system) / Average Access Time (three-level cache system)

Speedup =  $2.4 / 0.5221 \text{ ns} \sim 4.60$



This page is left blank for scratch work. You may show your work but do not put your solutions here.



# MIPS Reference Data

①



## CORE INSTRUCTION SET

| NAME, MNEMONIC              | FOR-MAT | OPERATION (in Verilog)                                                       | OPCODE / FUNCT (Hex)      |
|-----------------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Add                         | add R   | $R[rd] = R[rs] + R[rt]$                                                      | (1) 0 / 20 <sub>hex</sub> |
| Add Immediate               | addi I  | $R[rt] = R[rs] + \text{SignExtImm}$                                          | (1,2) 8 <sub>hex</sub>    |
| Add Imm. Unsigned           | addiu I | $R[rt] = R[rs] + \text{SignExtImm}$                                          | (2) 9 <sub>hex</sub>      |
| Add Unsigned                | addu R  | $R[rd] = R[rs] + R[rt]$                                                      | 0 / 21 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| And                         | and R   | $R[rd] = R[rs] \& R[rt]$                                                     | 0 / 24 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| And Immediate               | andi I  | $R[rt] = R[rs] \& \text{ZeroExtImm}$                                         | (3) c <sub>hex</sub>      |
| Branch On Equal             | beq I   | if $R[rs] == R[rt]$<br>$PC = PC + 4 + \text{BranchAddr}$                     | (4) 4 <sub>hex</sub>      |
| Branch On Not Equal         | bne I   | if $R[rs] != R[rt]$<br>$PC = PC + 4 + \text{BranchAddr}$                     | (4) 5 <sub>hex</sub>      |
| Jump                        | j J     | $PC = \text{JumpAddr}$                                                       | (5) 2 <sub>hex</sub>      |
| Jump And Link               | jal J   | $R[31] = PC + 8; PC = \text{JumpAddr}$                                       | (5) 3 <sub>hex</sub>      |
| Jump Register               | jr R    | $PC = R[rs]$                                                                 | 0 / 08 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| Load Byte Unsigned          | lbu I   | $R[rt] = \{24'b0, M[R[rs]](7:0)\}$<br>+SignExtImm(7:0)}                      | (2) 24 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| Load Halfword Unsigned      | lhu I   | $R[rt] = \{16'b0, M[R[rs]](15:0)\}$<br>+SignExtImm(15:0)}                    | (2) 25 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| Load Linked                 | ll I    | $R[rt] = M[R[rs]] + \text{SignExtImm}$                                       | (2,7) 30 <sub>hex</sub>   |
| Load Upper Imm.             | lui I   | $R[rt] = \{\text{imm}, 16'b0\}$                                              | f <sub>hex</sub>          |
| Load Word                   | lw I    | $R[rt] = M[R[rs]] + \text{SignExtImm}$                                       | (2) 23 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| Nor                         | nor R   | $R[rd] = \sim (R[rs] \mid R[rt])$                                            | 0 / 27 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| Or                          | or R    | $R[rd] = R[rs] \mid R[rt]$                                                   | 0 / 25 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| Or Immediate                | ori I   | $R[rt] = R[rs] \mid \text{ZeroExtImm}$                                       | (3) d <sub>hex</sub>      |
| Set Less Than               | slt R   | $R[rd] = (R[rs] < R[rt]) ? 1 : 0$                                            | 0 / 24 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| Set Less Than Imm.          | slti I  | $R[rt] = (R[rs] < \text{SignExtImm}) ? 1 : 0$                                | (2) a <sub>hex</sub>      |
| Set Less Than Imm. Unsigned | sltiu I | $R[rt] = (R[rs] < \text{SignExtImm}) ? 1 : 0$                                | (2,6) b <sub>hex</sub>    |
| Set Less Than Unsig.        | sltu R  | $R[rd] = (R[rs] < R[rt]) ? 1 : 0$                                            | (6) 0 / 2b <sub>hex</sub> |
| Shift Left Logical          | sll R   | $R[rd] = R[rt] \ll \text{shamt}$                                             | 0 / 00 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| Shift Right Logical         | srl R   | $R[rd] = R[rt] \gg \text{shamt}$                                             | 0 / 02 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| Store Byte                  | sb I    | $M[R[rs] + \text{SignExtImm}](7:0) = R[rt](7:0)$                             | (2) 28 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| Store Conditional           | sc I    | $M[R[rs] + \text{SignExtImm}] = R[rt];$<br>$R[rt] = (\text{atomic}) ? 1 : 0$ | (2,7) 38 <sub>hex</sub>   |
| Store Halfword              | sh I    | $M[R[rs] + \text{SignExtImm}](15:0) = R[rt](15:0)$                           | (2) 29 <sub>hex</sub>     |
| Store Word                  | sw I    | $M[R[rs] + \text{SignExtImm}] = R[rt]$                                       | (2) 2b <sub>hex</sub>     |
| Subtract                    | sub R   | $R[rd] = R[rs] - R[rt]$                                                      | (1) 0 / 22 <sub>hex</sub> |
| Subtract Unsigned           | subu R  | $R[rd] = R[rs] - R[rt]$                                                      | 0 / 23 <sub>hex</sub>     |

- (1) May cause overflow exception  
 (2) SignExtImm = { 16{immediate[15]}, immediate }  
 (3) ZeroExtImm = { 16{1b'0}, immediate }  
 (4) BranchAddr = { 14{immediate[15]}, immediate, 2'b0 }  
 (5) JumpAddr = { PC+4[31:28], address, 2'b0 }  
 (6) Operands considered unsigned numbers (vs. 2's comp.)  
 (7) Atomic test&set pair; R[rt] = 1 if pair atomic, 0 if not atomic

## BASIC INSTRUCTION FORMATS

|          |        |       |         |       |  |           |  |       |  |       |   |
|----------|--------|-------|---------|-------|--|-----------|--|-------|--|-------|---|
| <b>R</b> | opcode |       | rs      | rt    |  | rd        |  | shamt |  | funct |   |
|          | 31     | 26 25 |         | 21 20 |  | 16 15     |  | 11 10 |  | 6 5   | 0 |
| <b>I</b> | opcode |       | rs      | rt    |  | immediate |  |       |  |       |   |
|          | 31     | 26 25 |         | 21 20 |  | 16 15     |  |       |  |       |   |
| <b>J</b> | opcode |       | address |       |  |           |  |       |  |       |   |
|          | 31     | 26 25 |         |       |  |           |  |       |  |       |   |

## ARITHMETIC CORE INSTRUCTION SET

| NAME, MNEMONIC     | FOR-MAT   | OPERATION                                                                                                                         | OPCODE / FUNCT (Hex) |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Branch On FP True  | bclt FI   | if(FPcond) $PC = PC + 4 + \text{BranchAddr}$                                                                                      | (4) 11/8/1/--        |
| Branch On FP False | bclf FI   | if(!FPcond) $PC = PC + 4 + \text{BranchAddr}$                                                                                     | (4) 11/8/0/--        |
| Divide             | div R     | $Lo = R[rs] / R[rt]; Hi = R[rs] \% R[rt]$                                                                                         | 0/--/--/1a           |
| Divide Unsigned    | divu R    | $Lo = R[rs] / R[rt]; Hi = R[rs] \% R[rt]$                                                                                         | (6) 0/--/--/1b       |
| FP Add Single      | add.s FR  | $F[fd] = F[fs] + F[ft]$                                                                                                           | 11/10/--/0           |
| FP Add Double      | add.d FR  | $\{F[fd], F[fd+1]\} = \{F[fs], F[fs+1]\} + \{F[ft], F[ft+1]\}$                                                                    | 11/11/--/0           |
| FP Compare Single  | c.x.s* FR | $FPcond = (F[fs] op F[ft]) ? 1 : 0$                                                                                               | 11/10/--/y           |
| FP Compare Double  | c.x.d* FR | $FPcond = (\{F[fs], F[fs+1]\} op \{F[ft], F[ft+1]\}) ? 1 : 0$<br>* (x is eq, lt, or le) (op is ==, <, or <=) (y is 32, 3c, or 3e) | 11/11/--/y           |
| FP Divide Single   | div.s FR  | $F[fd] = F[fs] / F[ft]$                                                                                                           | 11/10/--/3           |
| FP Divide Double   | div.d FR  | $\{F[fd], F[fd+1]\} = \{F[fs], F[fs+1]\} / \{F[ft], F[ft+1]\}$                                                                    | 11/11/--/3           |
| FP Multiply Single | mul.s FR  | $F[fd] = F[fs] * F[ft]$                                                                                                           | 11/10/--/2           |
| FP Multiply Double | mul.d FR  | $\{F[fd], F[fd+1]\} = \{F[fs], F[fs+1]\} * \{F[ft], F[ft+1]\}$                                                                    | 11/11/--/2           |
| FP Subtract Single | sub.s FR  | $F[fd] = F[fs] - F[ft]$                                                                                                           | 11/10/--/1           |
| FP Subtract Double | sub.d FR  | $\{F[fd], F[fd+1]\} = \{F[fs], F[fs+1]\} - \{F[ft], F[ft+1]\}$                                                                    | 11/11/--/1           |
| Load FP Single     | lwc1 I    | $F[rt] = M[R[rs] + \text{SignExtImm}]$                                                                                            | (2) 31/--/--/0       |
| Load FP Double     | ldc1 I    | $F[rt] = M[R[rs] + \text{SignExtImm}];$<br>$F[rt+1] = M[R[rs] + \text{SignExtImm} + 4]$                                           | (2) 35/--/--/0       |
| Move From Hi       | mghi R    | $R[rd] = Hi$                                                                                                                      | 0 /--/--/10          |
| Move From Lo       | mflo R    | $R[rd] = Lo$                                                                                                                      | 0 /--/--/12          |
| Move From Control  | mfc0 R    | $R[rd] = CR[rs]$                                                                                                                  | 10 /0/--/0           |
| Multiply           | mult R    | $\{Hi, Lo\} = R[rs] * R[rt]$                                                                                                      | 0/--/--/18           |
| Multiply Unsigned  | multu R   | $\{Hi, Lo\} = R[rs] * R[rt]$                                                                                                      | (6) 0/--/--/19       |
| Shift Right Arith. | sra R     | $R[rd] = R[rt] \gg \text{shamt}$                                                                                                  | 0/--/--/3            |
| Store FP Single    | swc1 I    | $M[R[rs] + \text{SignExtImm}] = F[rt]$                                                                                            | (2) 39/--/--/0       |
| Store FP Double    | sdc1 I    | $M[R[rs] + \text{SignExtImm}] = F[rt];$<br>$M[R[rs] + \text{SignExtImm} + 4] = F[rt+1]$                                           | (2) 3d/--/--/0       |

## FLOATING-POINT INSTRUCTION FORMATS

| FR | opcode | fmt   | ft    | fs        | fd    | funct |
|----|--------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|
|    | 31     | 26 25 | 21 20 | 16 15     | 11 10 | 6 5   |
| FI | opcode | fmt   | ft    | immediate |       |       |
|    | 31     | 26 25 | 21 20 | 16 15     |       |       |

## PSEUDOINSTRUCTION SET

| NAME                         | MNEMONIC | OPERATION                                 |
|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------------|
| Branch Less Than             | blt      | if $R[rs] < R[rt]$ $PC = \text{Label}$    |
| Branch Greater Than          | bgt      | if $R[rs] > R[rt]$ $PC = \text{Label}$    |
| Branch Less Than or Equal    | bte      | if $R[rs] \leq R[rt]$ $PC = \text{Label}$ |
| Branch Greater Than or Equal | bge      | if $R[rs] \geq R[rt]$ $PC = \text{Label}$ |
| Load Immediate               | li       | $R[rd] = \text{immediate}$                |
| Move                         | move     | $R[rd] = R[rs]$                           |

## REGISTER NAME, NUMBER, USE, CALL CONVENTION

| NAME      | NUMBER | USE                                                   | PRESERVED ACROSS A CALL? |
|-----------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| \$zero    | 0      | The Constant Value 0                                  | N.A.                     |
| \$at      | 1      | Assembler Temporary                                   | No                       |
| \$v0-\$v1 | 2-3    | Values for Function Results and Expression Evaluation | No                       |
| \$a0-\$a3 | 4-7    | Arguments                                             | No                       |
| \$t0-\$t7 | 8-15   | Temporaries                                           | No                       |
| \$s0-\$s7 | 16-23  | Saved Temporaries                                     | Yes                      |
| \$t8-\$t9 | 24-25  | Temporaries                                           | No                       |
| \$k0-\$k1 | 26-27  | Reserved for OS Kernel                                | No                       |
| \$gp      | 28     | Global Pointer                                        | Yes                      |
| \$sp      | 29     | Stack Pointer                                         | Yes                      |
| \$fp      | 30     | Frame Pointer                                         | Yes                      |
| \$ra      | 31     | Return Address                                        | No                       |



### OPCODES, BASE CONVERSION, ASCII SYMBOLS

| MIPS<br>opcode<br>(31:26) | (1) MIPS<br>funct<br>(5:0) | (2) MIPS<br>funct<br>(5:0)     | Binary  | Deci-<br>mal | Hexa-<br>deci-<br>mal | ASCII<br>Char-<br>acter | Deci-<br>mal | Hexa-<br>deci-<br>mal | ASCII<br>Char-<br>acter |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| (1)                       | sll                        | add <sub>f</sub>               | 00 0000 | 0            | 0                     | NUL                     | 64           | 40                    | @                       |
|                           |                            | sub <sub>f</sub>               | 00 0001 | 1            | 1                     | SOH                     | 65           | 41                    | A                       |
| j                         | srl                        | mul <sub>f</sub>               | 00 0010 | 2            | 2                     | STX                     | 66           | 42                    | B                       |
| jal                       | sra                        | div <sub>f</sub>               | 00 0011 | 3            | 3                     | ETX                     | 67           | 43                    | C                       |
| beq                       | sllv                       | sqrt <sub>f</sub>              | 00 0100 | 4            | 4                     | EOT                     | 68           | 44                    | D                       |
| bne                       |                            | abs <sub>f</sub>               | 00 0101 | 5            | 5                     | ENQ                     | 69           | 45                    | E                       |
| blez                      | srlv                       | mov <sub>f</sub>               | 00 0110 | 6            | 6                     | ACK                     | 70           | 46                    | F                       |
| bgtz                      | sra                        | neg <sub>f</sub>               | 00 0111 | 7            | 7                     | BEL                     | 71           | 47                    | G                       |
| addi                      | jr                         |                                | 00 1000 | 8            | 8                     | BS                      | 72           | 48                    | H                       |
| addiu                     | jalr                       |                                | 00 1001 | 9            | 9                     | HT                      | 73           | 49                    | I                       |
| slti                      | movz                       |                                | 00 1010 | 10           | a                     | LF                      | 74           | 4a                    | J                       |
| sltiu                     | movn                       |                                | 00 1011 | 11           | b                     | VT                      | 75           | 4b                    | K                       |
| andi                      | syscall                    | round.w <sub>f</sub>           | 00 1100 | 12           | c                     | FF                      | 76           | 4c                    | L                       |
| ori                       | break                      | trunc.w <sub>f</sub>           | 00 1101 | 13           | d                     | CR                      | 77           | 4d                    | M                       |
| xori                      |                            | ceil.w <sub>f</sub>            | 00 1110 | 14           | e                     | SO                      | 78           | 4e                    | N                       |
| lui                       | sync                       | floor.w <sub>f</sub>           | 00 1111 | 15           | f                     | SI                      | 79           | 4f                    | O                       |
| (2)                       |                            |                                |         |              |                       |                         |              |                       |                         |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 0000 | 16           | 10                    | DLE                     | 80           | 50                    | P                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 0001 | 17           | 11                    | DC1                     | 81           | 51                    | Q                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 0010 | 18           | 12                    | DC2                     | 82           | 52                    | R                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 0011 | 19           | 13                    | DC3                     | 83           | 53                    | S                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 0100 | 20           | 14                    | DC4                     | 84           | 54                    | T                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 0101 | 21           | 15                    | NAK                     | 85           | 55                    | U                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 0110 | 22           | 16                    | SYN                     | 86           | 56                    | V                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 0111 | 23           | 17                    | ETB                     | 87           | 57                    | W                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 1000 | 24           | 18                    | CAN                     | 88           | 58                    | X                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 1001 | 25           | 19                    | EM                      | 89           | 59                    | Y                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 1010 | 26           | 1a                    | SUB                     | 90           | 5a                    | Z                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 1011 | 27           | 1b                    | ESC                     | 91           | 5b                    | [                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 1100 | 28           | 1c                    | FS                      | 92           | 5c                    | \                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 1101 | 29           | 1d                    | GS                      | 93           | 5d                    | ]                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 1110 | 30           | 1e                    | RS                      | 94           | 5e                    | ^                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 01 1111 | 31           | 1f                    | US                      | 95           | 5f                    | _                       |
| lb                        | add                        | cvt.s <sub>f</sub>             | 10 0000 | 32           | 20                    | Space                   | 96           | 60                    | `                       |
| lh                        | addu                       | cvt.d <sub>f</sub>             | 10 0001 | 33           | 21                    | !                       | 97           | 61                    | a                       |
| lwl                       | sub                        |                                | 10 0010 | 34           | 22                    | "                       | 98           | 62                    | b                       |
| lw                        | subu                       |                                | 10 0011 | 35           | 23                    | #                       | 99           | 63                    | c                       |
| lbu                       | and                        | cvt.w <sub>f</sub>             | 10 0100 | 36           | 24                    | \$                      | 100          | 64                    | d                       |
| lhu                       | or                         |                                | 10 0101 | 37           | 25                    | %                       | 101          | 65                    | e                       |
| lwr                       | xor                        |                                | 10 0110 | 38           | 26                    | &                       | 102          | 66                    | f                       |
|                           | nor                        |                                | 10 0111 | 39           | 27                    | '                       | 103          | 67                    | g                       |
| sb                        |                            |                                | 10 1000 | 40           | 28                    | (                       | 104          | 68                    | h                       |
| sh                        |                            |                                | 10 1001 | 41           | 29                    | )                       | 105          | 69                    | i                       |
| swl                       | slt                        |                                | 10 1010 | 42           | 2a                    | *                       | 106          | 6a                    | j                       |
| sw                        | sltu                       |                                | 10 1011 | 43           | 2b                    | +                       | 107          | 6b                    | k                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 10 1100 | 44           | 2c                    | ,                       | 108          | 6c                    | l                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 10 1101 | 45           | 2d                    | -                       | 109          | 6d                    | m                       |
|                           |                            |                                | 10 1110 | 46           | 2e                    | .                       | 110          | 6e                    | n                       |
| swr                       | cache                      |                                | 10 1111 | 47           | 2f                    | /                       | 111          | 6f                    | o                       |
| ll                        | tge                        | c.f <sub>f</sub>               | 11 0000 | 48           | 30                    | 0                       | 112          | 70                    | p                       |
| lwc1                      | tgeu                       | c.un <sub>f</sub>              | 11 0001 | 49           | 31                    | 1                       | 113          | 71                    | q                       |
| lwc2                      | tl <sub>t</sub>            | c.eq <sub>f</sub>              | 11 0010 | 50           | 32                    | 2                       | 114          | 72                    | r                       |
| pref                      | tl <sub>tu</sub>           | c.ueq <sub>f</sub>             | 11 0011 | 51           | 33                    | 3                       | 115          | 73                    | s                       |
|                           | teq                        | c.ol <sub>t</sub> <sub>f</sub> | 11 0100 | 52           | 34                    | 4                       | 116          | 74                    | t                       |
| ldc1                      |                            | c.ult <sub>f</sub>             | 11 0101 | 53           | 35                    | 5                       | 117          | 75                    | u                       |
| ldc2                      | tne                        | c.ole <sub>f</sub>             | 11 0110 | 54           | 36                    | 6                       | 118          | 76                    | v                       |
|                           |                            | c.ule <sub>f</sub>             | 11 0111 | 55           | 37                    | 7                       | 119          | 77                    | w                       |
| sc                        |                            | c.sf <sub>f</sub>              | 11 1000 | 56           | 38                    | 8                       | 120          | 78                    | x                       |
| swc1                      |                            | c.ngle <sub>f</sub>            | 11 1001 | 57           | 39                    | 9                       | 121          | 79                    | y                       |
| swc2                      |                            | c.seq <sub>f</sub>             | 11 1010 | 58           | 3a                    | :                       | 122          | 7a                    | z                       |
|                           |                            | c.ngl <sub>f</sub>             | 11 1011 | 59           | 3b                    | ;                       | 123          | 7b                    | {                       |
|                           |                            | c.lt <sub>f</sub>              | 11 1100 | 60           | 3c                    | <                       | 124          | 7c                    | }                       |
| sdc1                      |                            | c.nge <sub>f</sub>             | 11 1101 | 61           | 3d                    | =                       | 125          | 7d                    | ~                       |
| sdc2                      |                            | c.le <sub>f</sub>              | 11 1110 | 62           | 3e                    | >                       | 126          | 7e                    | ~                       |
|                           |                            | c.ngt <sub>f</sub>             | 11 1111 | 63           | 3f                    | ?                       | 127          | 7f                    | DEL                     |

(1) opcode(31:26) == 0

(2) opcode(31:26) == 17<sub>ten</sub> (11<sub>hex</sub>); if fmt(25:21) == 16<sub>ten</sub> (10<sub>hex</sub>) f = s (single);  
if fmt(25:21) == 17<sub>ten</sub> (11<sub>hex</sub>) f = d (double)

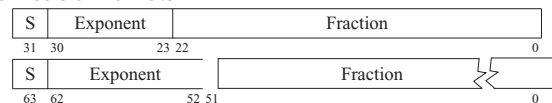
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### IEEE 754 FLOATING-POINT STANDARD

$$(-1)^S \times (1 + \text{Fraction}) \times 2^{(\text{Exponent} - \text{Bias})}$$

where Single Precision Bias = 127,  
Double Precision Bias = 1023.

### IEEE Single Precision and Double Precision Formats:

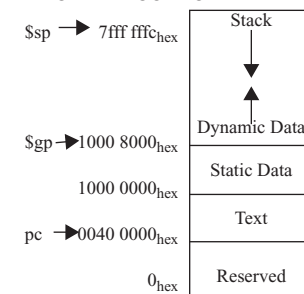


### IEEE 754 Symbols

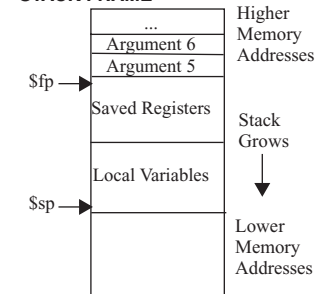
| Exponent     | Fraction | Object         |
|--------------|----------|----------------|
| 0            | 0        | ± 0            |
| 0            | ≠ 0      | ± Denorm       |
| 1 to MAX - 1 | anything | ± Fl. Pt. Num. |
| MAX          | 0        | ± ∞            |
| MAX          | ≠ 0      | NaN            |

S.P. MAX = 255, D.P. MAX = 2047

### MEMORY ALLOCATION



### STACK FRAME

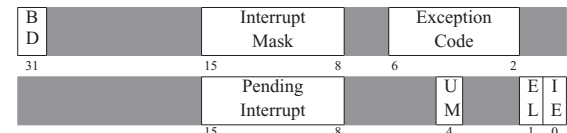


### DATA ALIGNMENT

| Double Word |      |          |      |          |      |          |      |
|-------------|------|----------|------|----------|------|----------|------|
| Word        |      |          |      | Word     |      |          |      |
| Halfword    |      | Halfword |      | Halfword |      | Halfword |      |
| Byte        | Byte | Byte     | Byte | Byte     | Byte | Byte     | Byte |
| 0           | 1    | 2        | 3    | 4        | 5    | 6        | 7    |

Value of three least significant bits of byte address (Big Endian)

### EXCEPTION CONTROL REGISTERS: CAUSE AND STATUS



BD = Branch Delay, UM = User Mode, EL = Exception Level, IE = Interrupt Enable

### EXCEPTION CODES

| Number | Name | Cause of Exception                                  | Number | Name | Cause of Exception             |
|--------|------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------|------|--------------------------------|
| 0      | Int  | Interrupt (hardware)                                | 9      | Bp   | Breakpoint Exception           |
| 4      | AdEL | Address Error Exception (load or instruction fetch) | 10     | RI   | Reserved Instruction Exception |
| 5      | AdES | Address Error Exception (store)                     | 11     | CpU  | Coprocessor Unimplemented      |
| 6      | IBE  | Bus Error on Instruction Fetch                      | 12     | Ov   | Arithmetic Overflow Exception  |
| 7      | DBE  | Bus Error on Load or Store                          | 13     | Tr   | Trap                           |
| 8      | Sys  | Syscall Exception                                   | 15     | FPE  | Floating Point Exception       |

### SIZE PREFIXES (10<sup>x</sup> for Disk, Communication; 2<sup>x</sup> for Memory)

| SI Size          | Prefix | Symbol | IEC Size        | Prefix | Symbol |
|------------------|--------|--------|-----------------|--------|--------|
| 10 <sup>3</sup>  | Kilo-  | K      | 2 <sup>10</sup> | Kibi-  | Ki     |
| 10 <sup>6</sup>  | Mega-  | M      | 2 <sup>20</sup> | Mebi-  | Mi     |
| 10 <sup>9</sup>  | Giga-  | G      | 2 <sup>30</sup> | Gibi-  | Gi     |
| 10 <sup>12</sup> | Tera-  | T      | 2 <sup>40</sup> | Tebi-  | Ti     |
| 10 <sup>15</sup> | Peta-  | P      | 2 <sup>50</sup> | Pebi-  | Pi     |
| 10 <sup>18</sup> | Exa-   | E      | 2 <sup>60</sup> | Exbi-  | Ei     |
| 10 <sup>21</sup> | Zetta- | Z      | 2 <sup>70</sup> | Zebi-  | Zi     |
| 10 <sup>24</sup> | Yotta- | Y      | 2 <sup>80</sup> | Yobi-  | Yi     |

