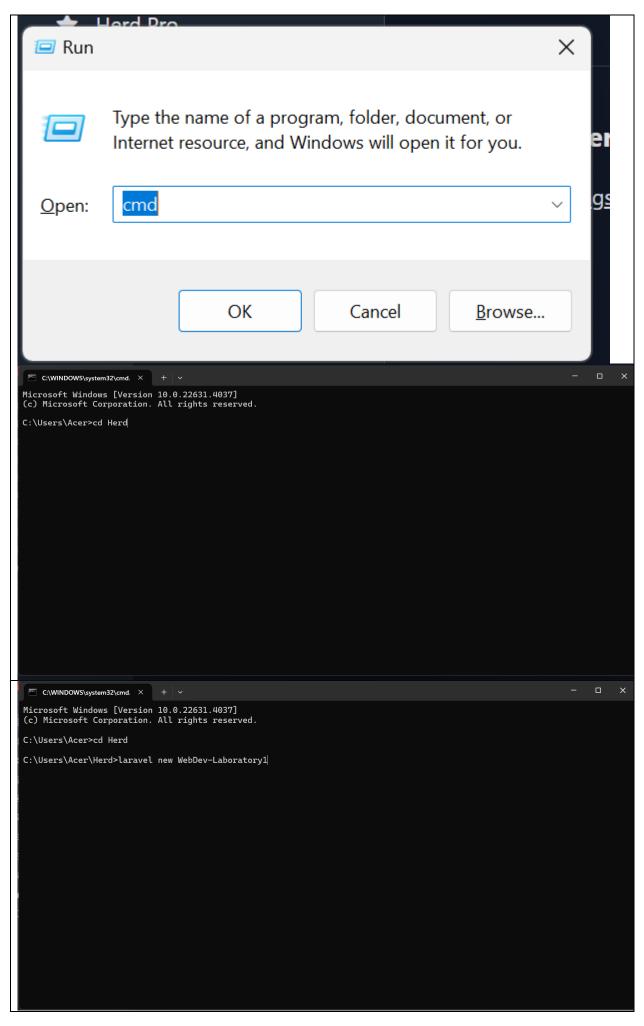
A. PURPOSE OF KEY DIRECTORIES AND FILES IN THE LARAVEL PROJECT.

KEY DIRECTORIES			
> 📖 арр	app/:	This is where to find the main code. It's like the brain of my project, with controllers, models, and middleware that make everything work behind the scenes.	
> b ootstrap	bootstrap/:	When app starts up, this folder helps get everything ready. It also has some cached files that help my app run faster.	
> tonfig	config/:	If I want to change how app/web connects to the database, handles emails, or other settings, this is where I go.	
> 🥞 database	database/:	This is where to manage everything related to the database. I can set up tables using migrations and even add some test data using seeds to make sure things are working.	
> public	public:/	This is like the front-facing part. It's where to put all the files that people can see, like images, JavaScript, and CSS. It also has the index.php file that acts as the entry point.	
✓ resources	resources:/	This is where to store my HTML files (views), raw CSS and JavaScript before they get compiled, and any language files for localization	
✓ ✓ routes	routes/:	This folder helps control how web responds to different URLs. It's like a map that guides on what to do when someone visits a specific page.	
> storage	storage/:	This is where to tore all the files that my web generates, like logs, cached files, and anything that gets uploaded.	
> 📭 tests	tests/:	If you want to check if code is working correctly, you can come here. It's where to write and run tests to make sure everything behaves as expected.	
> 📭 vendor	vendor/:	This folder holds all the extra tools and libraries that website needs. They're automatically installed when I set up my project.	

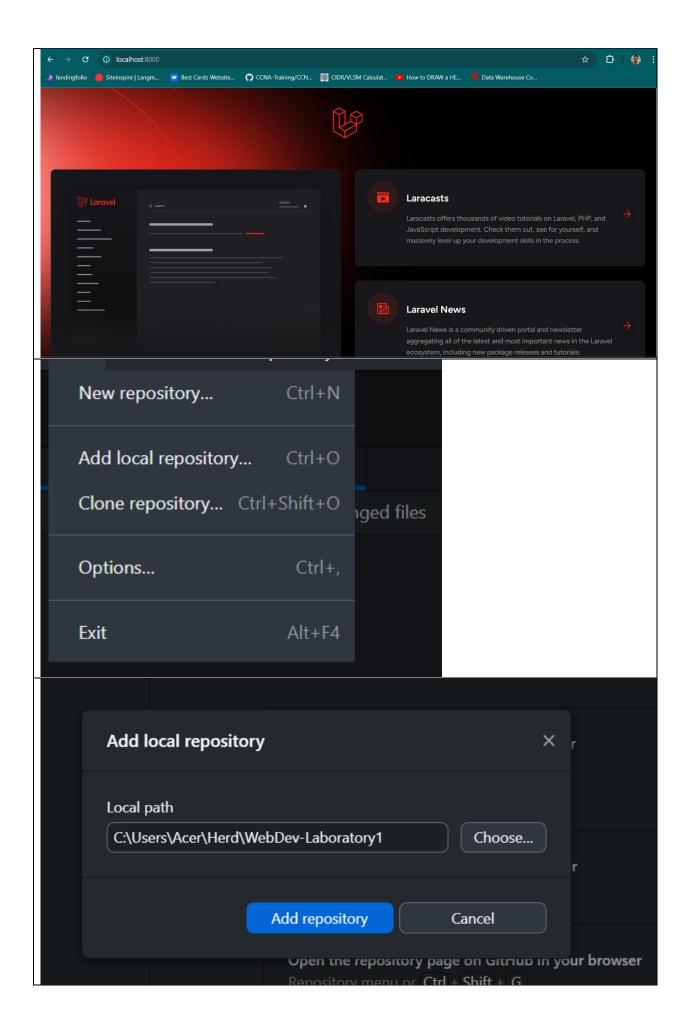
KEY FILES			
‡‡ .env	.env	This file is the secret control panel for the website to be developed. It stores important settings that you don't want to share publicly, like database credentials, API keys, and other sensitive information. It lets you easily change the environment settings without touching the code.	
v routes console.php web.php	routes/web.php	This file is where to define the main routes for my web application. It's like a GPS that tells web app what to do when someone visits a specific URL. For example, if someone goes to the homepage, this file directs them to the right view.	
light welcome.blade.php	blade files	These are HTML templates with a little extra power. They let you write dynamic content using Blade syntax (Laravel's templating engine). For example, you can include loops, conditionals, and other logic directly in views, which makes it easier to create flexible and reusable layouts.	

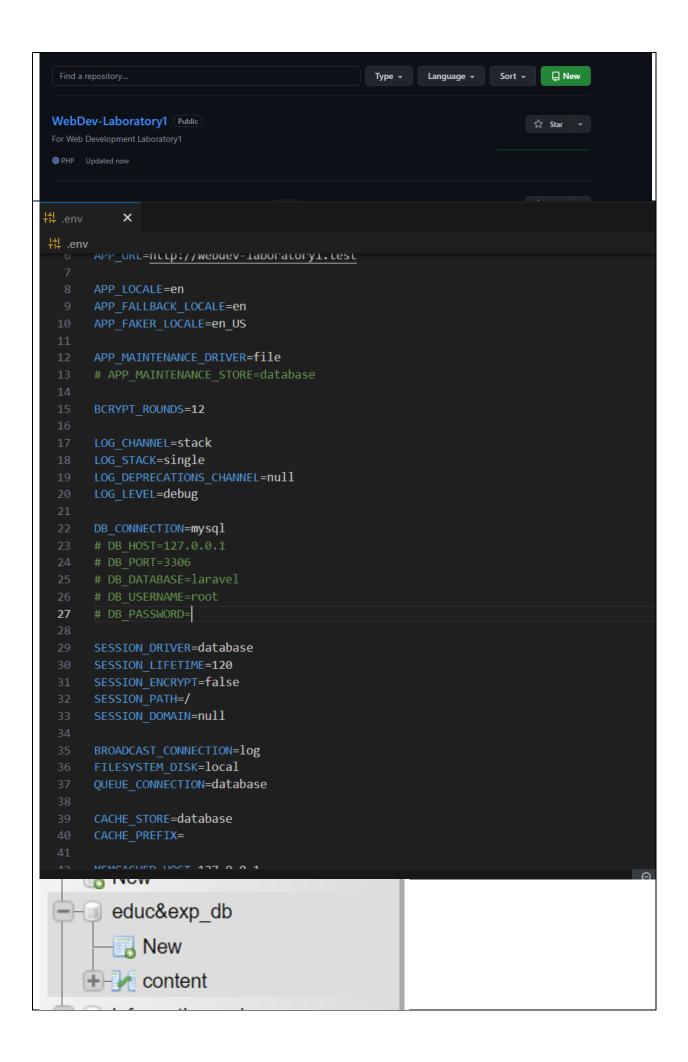
B. DOCUMENTATION

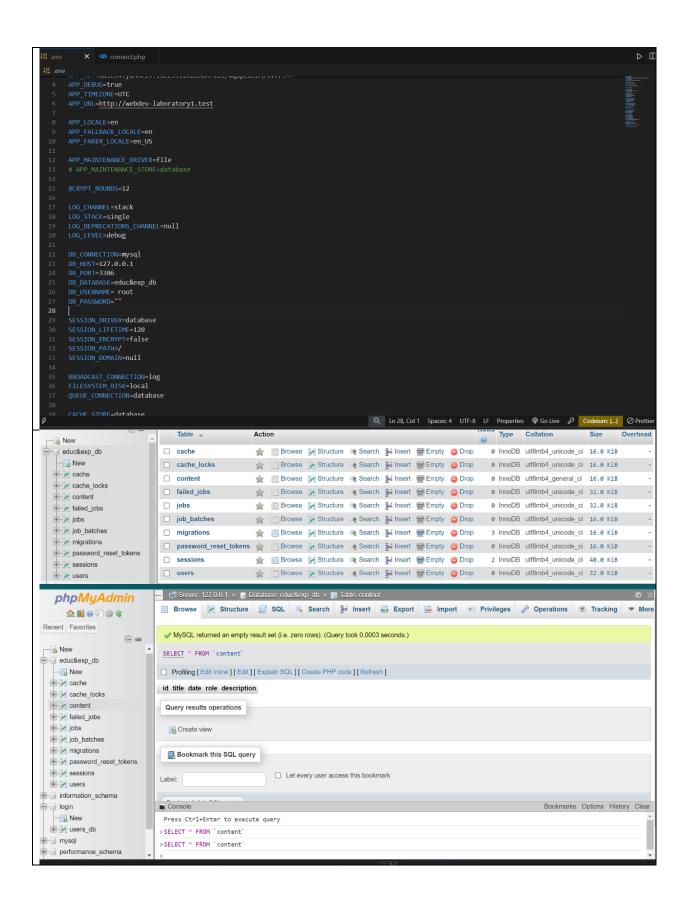


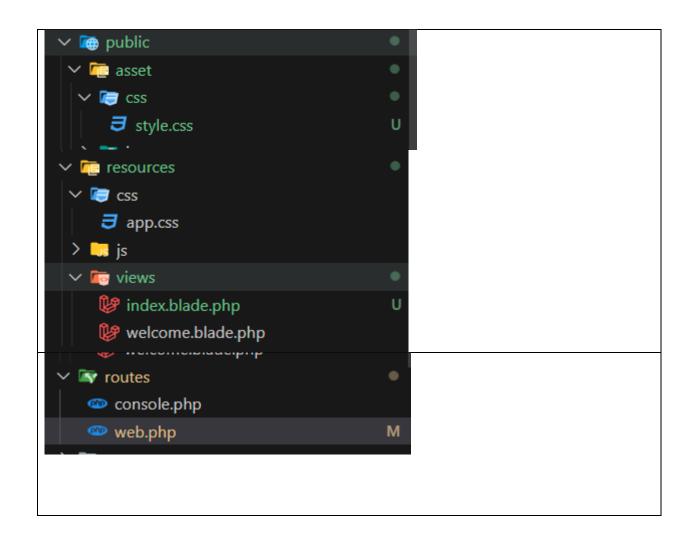
```
C:\Users\Acer\Herd>laravel new WebDev-Laboratory1
 Would you like to install a starter kit? [No starter kit]:
                ] No starter kit
   [none
                ] Laravel Breeze
   [jetstream] Laravel Jetstream
 INFO Application ready in [WebDev-Laboratory1]. You can start your local development using:
⇒cd WebDev-Laboratory1
 ⇒php artisan serve
  New to Laravel? Check out our bootcamp and documentation. Build something amazing!
C:\Users\Acer\Herd>cd WebDev-Lavoratory1
The system cannot find the path specified.
C:\Users\Acer\Herd>cd WebDev-Laboratory1
⇒cd WebDev-Laboratory1
⇒php artisan serve
 New to Laravel? Check out our bootcamp and documentation. Build something amazing!
C:\Users\Acer\Herd>cd WebDev-Lavoratory1
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 The system cannot find the path specified.
 C:\Users\Acer\Herd>cd WebDev-Laboratory1
```

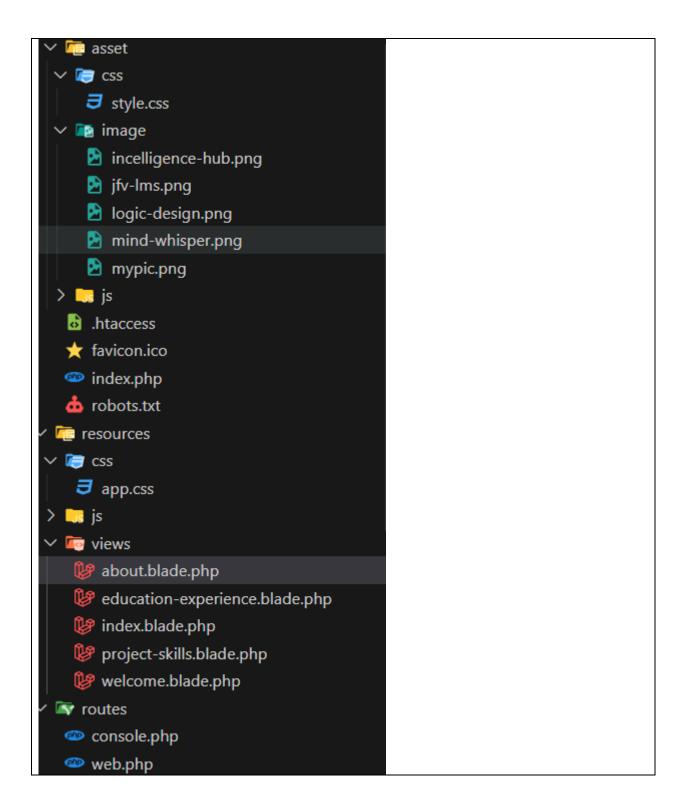
C:\Users\Acer\Herd\WebDev-Laboratory1>php artisan serve











```
routes > 🥯 web.php
      <?php
      use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Route;
      Route::get('/', function () {
          return view('welcome');
      });
      Route::get('/', function () {
          return view('index');
      })->name('homepage');
 12
      Route::get('/education-experience', function () {
          return view('education-experience');
      })->name('education-experience');
      Route::get('/project-skills', function () {
 17
          return view('project-skills');
      })->name('project-skills');
 19
      Route::get('/about', function () {
 21
          return view('about');
      })->name('about');
 24
```

