# **Paper Title**

## Jaouhara Chanchaf UM6P

## ABSTRACT

300 word description of the project

#### **PVLDB Reference Format:**

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# 1 INTRODUCTION

### • Use case 1: Keyword Query

A data scientist wants to analyze the impact of food cost inflation on food consumption. Initially The user decides to start the search with a keyword-query  $Q_0 = \{\text{``food''}, \text{``consumption''}\}, k = 10\}$ . The search engine returns Table 2 which contains data from year 1990 to 2009 about "Per Capita Consumption of Principal Foods (in pounds)". The user decides to keep Table 2 for the study and continue to search for other relevant tables.

• Use case 2: Join Query Table 2 is a good first result as it contains a complete list of the main food types, however this result lacks information on food prices. For that the use perform a join query on the food column to explore other tables that may have information about food prices for the years 1990 to 2009.

**Attempt 1:** To speed up search the user submits  $Q_1 = (\text{Table 2, Join column}: \text{``Food''}, k = 10)$  with a small k value. The search engine returned 775 tables. However, after skimming through the list of returned tables nothing seemed relevant to the user.

Attempt 2: The user decides to increase k to get more results from the search engine. He/she submits a second query  $Q_2 =$  (Table 2, Join column: "Food", k = 20). This time the search engine returned 161 tables, because the number of results is big the user could notice Table ?? ranked at position 55.

Attempt 3: As a last attempt the user gave up on getting any fast meaningful result so he/she decide to increase k significantly in hope that a relevant table will appear in the list of results. He/she submits  $Q_3 = (\text{Table 2, Join column : "Food"}, k = 200)$ . Finally and after several attempts, the search engine returned Table

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## Karima Echihabi UM6P

?? at position 11 which contains information on food prices from the 2007 WIC program.

#### 2 DEFINITIONS AND TERMINOLOGY

Dataset Discovery.

Keyword and Join Queries.

Incremental Query Answering.

## 3 SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

## 4 DEMONSTRATION

### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We sincerely thank X, Y and Z.

#### REFERENCES

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Company	Plant	Location	Feedstock	Capacity (MW)		
Wheelabrator Technologies Inc.	Wheelabrator Shasta Energy Co. Inc.	Anderson - CA	Logging and Mill Residue/Ag Residue	50		
Greenleaf Power LLC	Desert View	Mecca - CA	Ag Residue/Urban Wood Waste	47		
Covanta	Covanta Delano	Delano - CA	Orchard and Vineyard Prunings/Nut Shells/Stone Fruit Pits	58		
Greenleaf Power LLC	Honey Lake Wendel - CA	Mill and Logging Residue/Forest Thinning/Urban Woodwaste	30			

Table 1: U.S. Biomass Power Plants

Category	Plant	Plant Name	Unit	Status	Start	Retire Date	Prime mover	Prime Mover	Capacity	net
	ID				Date		ID	Description		MWh

Table 2: U.S. Biomass Power Plants