

Loan Management System

Database Testing Summary

Summary of Database Testing Results

The database testing for the Loan Management System focused on validating key database operations, ensuring data integrity, and assessing performance. A total of **9 test cases** were executed, covering core functionalities such as Loan Management, Client Management, and Payments Management. The DB had a 56% pass rate.

During the testing process, several issues were identified:

1. **Critical Issues:** 1 (duplicate entries caused by a trigger).
2. **High Severity Issues:** 1 (missing index on a heavily queried table).
3. **Other Issues:** 2 low-severity bugs and redundant queries affecting data consistency.

Key observations highlighted good adherence to foreign key constraints and data validation rules.

1. Overview

1. **Project/Module Name:** Loan Management System
2. **Objective:** Validate database operations, integrity, constraints, and performance under various scenarios.

2. Testing Scope

1. **Tested Features**
 - CRUD operations, stored procedures, triggers, foreign key constraints, and performance optimization.
2. **Test Data**
 - The testing involved realistic sample datasets simulating scenarios, including loan records, client and payment records.

3. Test Results

A total of **9 test cases** were executed. The results are summarized below:

| Test Case ID | Test Case Description | Expected Outcome | Actual Outcome | Status (PASS/FAIL) |
|--------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| TC_DB_001 | Validate loan creation | Loan record created | Loan record created | PASS |
| TC_DB_002 | Invalid loan creation | Loan record not created | Loan record created | FAIL |
| TC_DB_003 | Valid payment creation | payment record created | payment record created | PASS |
| TC_DB_004 | Invalid payment creation | payment record bot created | payment record created | FAIL |
| TC_DB_005 | Valid client creation | Client record created | Client record created | PASS |
| TC_DB_006 | Invalid client creation | Client record not created | Client record not created | PASS |
| TC_DB_007 | Check foreign key constraint | Rejected invalid data | Data rejected | PASS |
| TC_DB_008 | Test trigger functionality | No duplicate entries | Duplicate entries found | FAIL |
| TC_DB_009 | Verify query performance | Query executes in <1 sec | Query executes in >2 sec | FAIL |

4. Issues Identified

The highlights the defects identified and severity

| Issue ID | Description | Severity | Steps to Reproduce |
|----------|----------------------------------|----------|--|
| DB_001 | Trigger causes duplicate entries | Critical | 1. Insert data into the loans table. 2. Check for duplicate entries in the table. |
| DB_002 | Redundant Queries | Low | 1.Check Performance under high load |
| DB_003 | Missing index on payments table | High | 1. Query payments for a specific client ID. 2. Observe slow execution time. |
| DB_004 | Constraint allows invalid data | Low | 1. Insert invalid loan status. |

5. Key Observations

- Core database operations performed as expected, with a high pass rate for test cases.
- Foreign key constraints and data validation rules were adhered to effectively.
- A critical issue with trigger functionality caused duplicate entries, requiring immediate resolution.

6. Recommendations

1. Fix Identified Issues

- Address the critical trigger issue and add an index to the payments table to improve performance.

2. Optimize Database Queries

- Conduct a detailed analysis of slow redundant queries and optimize their execution plans.

3. Enhance Testing Coverage

- Include additional test cases to cover edge scenarios, scalability testing, and further validate constraints.

4. Monitor Database Performance

- Implement monitoring tools to track query execution times and resource usage in real-time.

7. Conclusion

The testing confirmed the functionality and reliability of most database operations. However, targeted improvements are required to address the identified performance bottlenecks and critical bugs. With these enhancements, the database will be well-prepared for production deployment.