WFCPP 0.0.1

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# Chapter 1

# **Concept Index**

# 1.1 Concepts

Here is a list of all documented concepts with brief descriptions:

PixelType

The concept for pixel-like objects. It requires the type to contain RGBA properties/members . . ??

2 Concept Index

# Chapter 2

# **Class Index**

# 2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

MPImage	
The BMPImage class	??
xtractor	
The Extractor Class	??
irid< TileKey >	??
td::hash< Position >	??
td::hash< std::pair< size_t, Direction >>	??
The struct for storing pixels in BMP. Supports up to 32-bit colors	??
osition	
The struct for storing grid coordinates. Overloads == operator in the usual manner	??
olver	
The Solver class	??
ynthesizer	
The Synthesizer class	??
ile	
The Tile class	??
ileData	
Tile Data Class	??

4 Class Index

# **Chapter 3**

# File Index

# 3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

include/BMPImage.h								 				 				 						?
include/Direction.h								 				 				 						?
include/Extractor.h								 				 				 						?
include/FileType.h .								 				 				 						?
include/Grid.h								 				 				 						?
include/Pixel.h								 				 				 						?
include/Position.h .								 				 				 						?
include/Rotation.h .								 				 				 						?
include/Solver.h								 				 				 						?
include/Synthesizer.h	ì							 				 				 						?
include/Tile.h								 				 				 						?

6 File Index

# **Chapter 4**

# **Concept Documentation**

# 4.1 PixelType Concept Reference

The concept for pixel-like objects. It requires the type to contain RGBA properties/members.

```
#include <Pixel.h>
```

# 4.1.1 Concept definition

```
template<typename T>
concept PixelType = requires
{
    T::Red;
    T::Green;
    T::Blue;
    T::Alpha;
}
```

# 4.1.2 Detailed Description

The concept for pixel-like objects. It requires the type to contain RGBA properties/members.

**Template Parameters** 



# **Chapter 5**

# **Class Documentation**

# 5.1 BMPImage Class Reference

The BMPImage class.

#include <BMPImage.h>

#### **Public Member Functions**

• BMPImage ()

Construct a new BMPImage object.

• BMPImage (unsigned int initWidth, unsigned int initHeight)

Construct a new BMPImage object.

• BMPImage (std::string filename)

Construct a new BMPImage object from image file.

• ∼BMPImage ()=default

Destroy the BMPImage object.

unsigned int getWidth () const noexcept

Get the width.

unsigned int getHeight () const noexcept

Get the height.

· void setSize (unsigned int NewWidth, unsigned int NewHeight)

Set the Size of the image. The added positions will be filled with defaultPixel.

• Pixel getPixel (Position pos) const

Get the Pixel object at some position.

• void setPixel (Position pos, Pixel newPixel)

Set the Pixel object at some position.

• void exportToFile (std::string filename, FileType type) const

Export this object to a file of specified type.

# 5.1.1 Detailed Description

The BMPImage class.

This class supports the import, export and basic modification of images as BMP files. It provides an interface for image processing in Extractor and Synthesizer.

At the time, we only support png and bmp format images.

# 5.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 5.1.2.1 BMPImage() [1/3]

```
BMPImage::BMPImage ( )
```

Construct a new BMPImage object.

# 5.1.2.2 BMPImage() [2/3]

```
BMPImage::BMPImage (
          unsigned int initWidth,
          unsigned int initHeight )
```

Construct a new BMPImage object.

#### **Parameters**

initWidth	
initHeight	

# 5.1.2.3 BMPImage() [3/3]

Construct a new BMPImage object from image file.

#### **Parameters**

filename File to read from.

# 5.1.2.4 ∼BMPImage()

```
{\tt BMPImage::\sim} {\tt BMPImage ( ) } {\tt [default]}
```

Destroy the BMPImage object.

# 5.1.3 Member Function Documentation

# 5.1.3.1 exportToFile()

Export this object to a file of specified type.

#### **Parameters**

filename	The path for the exported image.
type	The type of the image.

# **Exceptions**

std::runtime_error	Indicates that the export fails.
--------------------	----------------------------------

# 5.1.3.2 getHeight()

```
unsigned int BMPImage::getHeight ( ) const [noexcept]
```

Get the height.

# Returns

the height as unsigned int

# 5.1.3.3 getPixel()

Get the Pixel object at some position.

#### **Parameters**

pos a position in image

#### Returns

Pixel

# 5.1.3.4 getWidth()

```
unsigned int BMPImage::getWidth ( ) const [noexcept]
```

Get the width.

# Returns

the width as unsigned int

# 5.1.3.5 setPixel()

Set the Pixel object at some position.

# **Parameters**

pos	a position in image
newPixel	the new Pixel to be filled in

# **Exceptions**

```
std::out_of_range | Indicates that the position is not valid.
```

# 5.1.3.6 setSize()

```
void BMPImage::setSize (
          unsigned int NewWidth,
          unsigned int NewHeight )
```

Set the Size of the image. The added positions will be filled with defaultPixel.

#### **Parameters**

NewWidth	
NewHeight	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/BMPImage.h
- · src/BMPImage.cpp

# 5.2 Extractor Class Reference

The Extractor Class.

#include <Extractor.h>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- int extractTileset (unsigned int width, unsigned int height, unsigned int horizontal, unsigned int vertical, const std::vector< Pixel > &pixels, std::vector< TileData > &tiles)
- void encodeTilesetPNG (std::vector< TileData > &tiles, std::string assetName)
- int setConstraints (std::vector< TileData > &tileList)
- void setComparisonMetric (double m)
- void setDumpDirectoryRelative (std::string dir)
- void setDumpDirectoryAbsolute (std::string dir)
- void setAssetDirectoryRelative (std::string dir)
- void setAssetDirectoryAbsolute (std::string dir)
- void printDirectories ()
- void printConstraintsV (std::vector< TileData > tiles)
- void printConstraints (TileData tile)
- Extractor ()
- Extractor (double metric)

#### Static Public Member Functions

# 5.2.1 Detailed Description

The Extractor Class.

Author

Ricardo Figueroa

This class provides support for the Wave Function Collapse algorithm by making available png and bitmap extraction and encoding for tiles and tilesets. Tilesets are usually formatted in a X by X image file, so the extractor takes said image file and extracts all necessary information, i.e, pixel data, width and height.

There existed many methods by which to expand the extractor class. As a result of time constraints png and bmp are the only filetypes available for extraction. But by introducing more libraries to the class it can be possible to expand to a larger range of filetypes, that said, the most common ones have been chosen for the class.

Using both lodePNG and EasyBMP, extraction and encoding was made much easier. Allowing for simple to use API that abstract these processes.

Extraction for both PNG and BMP consists of acquiring the RGBA values of each pixel. Ranging from 0 to 255 for each. They are placed in a vector of Pixel type that is meant to be the generalized structure for all extractions (space for appending functionality)

Encoding for both PNG and BMP consists of taking this generalized structure and encoding through their respective support libraries.

The vectors of pixels as described above are then processed by extractTileset, which is the function that creates the required piece for both the Solver and Synthesizer (a vector of TileData). Given that the pixels themselves aren't organized in Tile form.

Once the TileData is extracted it can then be automatically be setConstraints based on a comparison metric. This is highly basic at the moment, the metric being a int meant to represent a percentage from 0 to 1.0. The difference in tile sides is calculated and compared to this metric to decide whether the tiles are accepted as constraints. This can be expanded on by changing the metric to some Al driven metric. Knowing what difference in pixels is acceptable is hard to measure through simple arithmatic so for now it is just an option available to the user.

See also

**Pixel** 

#### 5.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.2.2.1 Extractor() [1/2]

```
Extractor::Extractor ( ) [inline]
```

Default constructor for the Extractor.

# 5.2.2.2 Extractor() [2/2]

Constructor for the Extractor, allows for metric initialization.

#### **Parameters**

metric	The metric the user is allowed to implement. Max at 1, min at 0
--------	---

# 5.2.3 Member Function Documentation

# 5.2.3.1 encodePNG()

```
void Extractor::encodePNG (
        unsigned int width,
        unsigned int height,
        const std::string & filename,
        const std::vector< Pixel > & pixels ) [static]
```

Encodes a vector of pixels into a PNG file at the filename provided.

#### **Parameters**

width	The width of the file being created
height	The height of the file being created
filename	The filename of the file being created
pixels	The pixels used to created the file

# 5.2.3.2 encodeTilesetPNG()

Econdes a vecotr of tiles using encodePNG

#### **Parameters**

tiles	The vector of tiles being encoded
assetName	name of asset and folder

# 5.2.3.3 extractBMP()

```
void Extractor::extractBMP (
          unsigned int & width,
```

```
unsigned int & height,
const std::string & filename,
std::vector< Pixel > & pixels )
```

Extracts the pixel data from a BMP file.

#### **Parameters**

width	A reference to width that gets updated on easyBMP extraction
height	A reference to height that gets updated on easyBMP extraction
filename	A reference to filename that is used to retrieve the desired file
pixels	The pixel data of a file

#### See also

Pixel

# 5.2.3.4 extractPNG()

```
void Extractor::extractPNG (
    unsigned int & width,
    unsigned int & height,
    const std::string & filename,
    std::vector< Pixel > & pixels )
```

Extracts the pixel data from a PNG file.

#### **Parameters**

width	A reference to width that gets updated on lodePNG extraction
height	A reference to height that gets updated on lodePNG extraction
filename	A reference to filename that is used to retrieve the desired file
pixels	The pixel data of a file

# See also

**Pixel** 

# 5.2.3.5 extractTileset()

```
int Extractor::extractTileset (
          unsigned int width,
          unsigned int height,
          unsigned int horizontal,
          unsigned int vertical,
```

```
const std::vector< Pixel > & pixels,
std::vector< TileData > & tiles )
```

Extracts tiles from a vector of pixels.

#### **Parameters**

width	The width of the file that extracted the pixels referenced in
height	The height of the file that extracted the pixels referenced in
horizontal	The maximum number of tiles on the tileset horizontally
vertical	The maxumum number of tiles on the tilset vertically
pixels	A reference to the pixels that will be extracted
tiles	A reference to the tile vector that will be appended to

# 5.2.3.6 printConstraints()

Print function for constraints of a tile

#### **Parameters**

tile	Tile for printing
------	-------------------

# 5.2.3.7 printConstraintsV()

Print function for constraints of a vector of tiles

# **Parameters**

```
tile TileVector for printing
```

# 5.2.3.8 printDirectories()

```
void Extractor::printDirectories ( )
```

Print function for the two directories

# 5.2.3.9 setAssetDirectoryAbsolute()

```
void Extractor::setAssetDirectoryAbsolute ( {\tt std::string} \ dir \ )
```

Directory setter for acquiring assets

#### **Parameters**

dir Directory

# 5.2.3.10 setAssetDirectoryRelative()

```
void Extractor::setAssetDirectoryRelative ( {\tt std::string} \ dir \ )
```

Directory setter for acquiring assets relative to current directory

#### **Parameters**

dir Directory

# 5.2.3.11 setComparisonMetric()

Setter function for comparisonMetric

#### **Parameters**

m Input for comparisonMetric

# 5.2.3.12 setConstraints()

Set the constraints for each tile on a tileList based on the tiles from that tileList.

#### **Parameters**

tileList A vector of tiles to apply constraints to

#### 5.2.3.13 setDumpDirectoryAbsolute()

```
void Extractor::setDumpDirectoryAbsolute ( {\tt std::string} \ dir \ )
```

Directory setter for dumping assets

#### **Parameters**

```
dir Directory
```

# 5.2.3.14 setDumpDirectoryRelative()

```
void Extractor::setDumpDirectoryRelative ( {\tt std::string} \ dir \ )
```

Directory setter for dumping extractions relative to current directory

#### **Parameters**



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/Extractor.h
- src/Extractor.cpp

# 5.3 Grid < TileKey > Class Template Reference

# **Public Member Functions**

- Grid (size\_t dimension, std::map< TileKey, std::shared\_ptr< Tile > > map)
- **Grid** (size\_t dimension)
- size\_t getDimension () const
- void setDimension (size\_t newDimension)
- TileKey getKey (Position p)
- void setKey (Position p, TileKey key)
- std::shared\_ptr< Tile > getTile (Position pos) const
- void setTile (Position pos, TileKey tileKey)
- void setTileMap (std::map< TileKey, std::shared\_ptr< Tile > > newMap)
- Position translatePixelPosition (Position pos) const
- std::vector< Position > enumeratePosition () const

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/Grid.h

# 5.4 std::hash< Position > Struct Reference

# **Public Member Functions**

• std::size\_t operator() (const Position &k) const

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/Solver.h

# 5.5 std::hash< std::pair< size\_t, Direction > > Struct Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

std::size\_t operator() (const std::pair< size\_t, Direction > &k) const

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/Solver.h

# 5.6 Pixel Struct Reference

The struct for storing pixels in BMP. Supports up to 32-bit colors.

```
#include <Pixel.h>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

```
    template < PixelType T >
        Pixel & operator = (const T &rhs)
```

Overload the = operator to support assignment from pixel-like objects.

# **Public Attributes**

- int count
- BYTE Blue

Blue value.

• BYTE Green

Green value.

BYTE Red

Red value.

• BYTE Alpha

Alpha value.

# 5.6.1 Detailed Description

The struct for storing pixels in BMP. Supports up to 32-bit colors.

# 5.6.2 Member Function Documentation

# 5.6.2.1 operator=()

Overload the = operator to support assignment from pixel-like objects.

# **Template Parameters**



#### **Parameters**

rhs A pixel-like object

Returns

Pixel&

See also

PixelType

# 5.6.3 Member Data Documentation

# 5.6.3.1 Alpha

BYTE Pixel::Alpha

Alpha value.

#### 5.6.3.2 Blue

BYTE Pixel::Blue

Blue value.

#### 5.6.3.3 Green

```
BYTE Pixel::Green
```

Green value.

#### 5.6.3.4 Red

```
BYTE Pixel::Red
```

Red value.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/Pixel.h

# 5.7 Position Struct Reference

The struct for storing grid coordinates. Overloads == operator in the usual manner.

```
#include <Position.h>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

· Direction getDirection (Position other)

A method for determining to what direction of the current Position any other Position is.

# **Public Attributes**

- size\_t x
- size\_t y

# 5.7.1 Detailed Description

The struct for storing grid coordinates. Overloads == operator in the usual manner.

# 5.7.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.7.2.1 getDirection()

A method for determining to what direction of the current Position any other Position is.

#### **Parameters**

other The other position	
--------------------------	--

#### Returns

the direction from the current position that the other position is located in

See also

Direction

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/Position.h

# 5.8 Solver Class Reference

The Solver class.

#include <Solver.h>

# **Public Types**

- typedef size t TileKey
- typedef std::function< std::vector< TileKey >::const\_iterator(const std::vector< TileKey > &)> Collapse
   —
   Behavior
- typedef std::function< void(const TileKey &, Position)> CollapseCallback
- typedef std::function < void(const std::vector < TileKey > &, Position) > PropagateCallback
- typedef std::list< CollapseCallback >::iterator CollapseCallbackCookie
- typedef std::list< PropagateCallback >::iterator PropagateCallbackCookie

#### **Public Member Functions**

```
• template<typename T >
```

Solver (const std::vector< T > &tiles, int seed=0)

• template<typename T >

Solver (const std::map< TileKey, T > &tiles, int seed=0)

void setSeed (int seed)

Set the seed for the random number generator.

· int getSeed ()

Get the seed for the random number generator.

- void solve (size t N, Grid < TileKey > &grid)
- void addAdjacencyConstraint (TileKey t, Direction d, TileKey neighbor)
- void removeAdjacencyConstraint (TileKey t, Direction d, TileKey neighbor)
- void addAdjacencyConstraint (TileKey t, Direction d, std::initializer\_list< TileKey > neighbors)
- void removeAdjacencyConstraint (TileKey t, Direction d, std::initializer list< TileKey > neighbors)
- void setInitialConstraint (Position p, TileKey possibility)
- void setInitialConstraint (Position p, std::initializer\_list< TileKey > possibilities)
- CollapseCallbackCookie registerOnCollapse (CollapseCallback callback)
- void deregisterOnCollapse (CollapseCallbackCookie cookie)
- PropagateCallbackCookie registerOnPropagate (PropagateCallback callback)
- void deregisterOnCollapse (PropagateCallbackCookie cookie)
- void setCollapseBehaviour (std::optional < CollapseBehavior > b)

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# 5.8.1 Detailed Description

The Solver class.

**Author** 

Jose A. Ramos

This class implements the Wave Function Collapse (WFC) algorithm. It provides an interface for calling the algorithm, for setting the solver constraints, changing some algorithm behavior, and registering for certain events. It utilizes keys to represent tiles, returning a 2D grid of keys.

At the moment, only 2 dimensional square grids are available to be solved by the algorithm. This limitation is not hard to overcome, and in fact this class can be generalized with minor changes to some key private methods and the Direction enum.

The algorithm consists of a grid, with each slot/square having a set of allowed tiles at any given time. In the WFC literature, this is called a "superposition", although we avoid that nomenclature. A grid square is said to be "collapsed" when only one tile is allowed in it. The grid itself is said to be "collapsed" when all of its squares are collapsed. This constitutes a "solved" grid. If a grid square ever has zero allowed tiles, that means the grid is in "contradiction". A solution cannot be found from a contradiction.

WFC works by iterating 3 steps until either the grid is solved or a leads to a contradiction:

- · Find the non-collapsed grid square with the least number of allowed tiles (this is the "min entropy heuristic").
- · Collapse the grid square using some policy (usually uniform random sampling).
- Propagate the results of the new collapsed grid square, removing tiles that are now disallowed by adjacency constraints.

Beyond offering the solve method, this class provides an API to define *adjacency constraints* and *initial constraints*, which guide the final solution to the grid. Additionally, it provides an API for registering functions to be called on the information at a grid square whenever it either collapses or is affected by propagation. Finally, an API is provided for changing the way grid squares are collapsed.

See also

Grid

Direction

Position

# 5.8.2 Member Typedef Documentation

#### 5.8.2.1 CollapseCallbackCookie

 $\verb|typedef| std::list<CollapseCallback>::iterator| Solver::CollapseCallbackCookie| typedef| std::list<CollapseCallbackCookie| typedef| std::list<CollapseCallbackCookie| typedef| typedef| std::list<CollapseCallbackCookie| typedef| typede$ 

The alias for the callback cookie type for collapse events

See also

registerOnCollapse(CollapseCallback callback)

# 5.8.2.2 PropagateCallbackCookie

```
typedef std::list<PropagateCallback>::iterator Solver::PropagateCallbackCookie
```

The alias for the callback cookie type for propagation events

See also

registerOnPropagate(PropagateCallback callback)

# 5.8.2.3 TileKey

```
typedef size_t Solver::TileKey
```

The alias for the key type used for tiles in the algorithm.

# 5.8.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 5.8.3.1 Solver() [1/2]

The tile keys are auto-generated from vector as the indeces.

# **Parameters**

tiles	A vector of tiles.
seed	The seed for the random number generator.

# 5.8.3.2 Solver() [2/2]

Keeps track of tile keys from a given mapping of tile keys to tiles.

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#### **Parameters**

tiles	A map of tile keys to tiles.
seed	The seed for the random number generator.

#### 5.8.4 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.8.4.1 addAdjacencyConstraint() [1/2]

A multi-argument version of Solver::addAdjacencyConstraint Utilizes an initializer list, for use by programmers.

This method is idempotent.

#### See also

Solver::addAdjacencyConstraint(TileKey t, Direction d, TileKey neighbor)

#### **Parameters**

t	The tile key which will have a new possible neighbor
d	The direction in which the neighbor will be possible
neighbors	The tile keys which are allowed to be adjacent to t in direction d

# 5.8.4.2 addAdjacencyConstraint() [2/2]

A method for adding an *adjacency constraint*. An adjacency constraint consists of a given tile, a direction, and a neighbor tile. The constraint specifies that the neighbor tile is allowed to be adjacent to the given tile in said direction. Inversely, if such a constraint does not exist, the neighbor tile is not allowed to be adjacent in that direction.

By default, if **no** constraint exists for a (tile, direction) pair, every tile is allowed to be adjacent to the given tile in that direction. This is why they are called *constraints*, since it constrains this default case by only allowing specific neighbors.

This method is idempotent.

#### **Parameters**

ſ	t	The tile key which will have a new possible neighbor
ſ	d	The direction in which the neighbor will be possible
Ī	neighbor	The tile key which is allowed to be adjacent to t in direction d

# 5.8.4.3 deregisterOnCollapse() [1/2]

Deregisters a function that is called whenever a grid square collapses.

# See also

CollapseCallbackCookie registerOnCollapse(CollapseCallback callback)

#### **Parameters**

ſ	cookie	a cookie used to indentify and remove a callback
---	--------	--

# 5.8.4.4 deregisterOnCollapse() [2/2]

Deregisters a function that is called whenever a grid square is interacted with during constraint propagation.

#### See also

PropagateCallbackCookie registerOnPropagate(PropagateCallback callback)

# **Parameters**

	<u></u>
cookie	a cookie used to indentify and remove a callback

# 5.8.4.5 getSeed()

```
int Solver::getSeed ( )
```

5.8 Solver Class Reference 29

Get the seed for the random number generator.

#### Returns

the seed

# 5.8.4.6 registerOnCollapse()

Registers a function to be called whenever a grid square collapses. The function argument is the tile key now occupying that grid square, and the position. Returns a cookie to allow deregistering the function later.

#### See also

CollapseCallback

CollapseCallbackCookie

deregisterOnCollapse(CollapseCallbackCookie cookie)

#### **Parameters**

callback a function to be called when a grid square collapses

#### Returns

a cookie to be used for deregistering the callback

# 5.8.4.7 registerOnPropagate()

Registers a function to be called whenever a grid square collapses. The function argument is the tile key now occupying that grid square, and the position. Returns a cookie to allow deregistering the function later.

#### See also

PropagateCallback

PropagateCallbackCookie

deregisterOnCollapse(PropagateCallbackCookie cookie)

#### **Parameters**

callback a function to be called when a grid square is interacted with during constraint propagation.

# Returns

a cookie to be used for deregistering the callback

# 5.8.4.8 removeAdjacencyConstraint() [1/2]

A multi-argument version of Solver::addAdjacencyConstraint Utilizes an initializer list, for use by programmers.

This method is idempotent.

#### See also

Solver::removeAdjacencyConstraint(TileKey t, Direction d, TileKey neighbor)

#### **Parameters**

	t	The tile key which will have a possible neighbor removed
ſ	d	The direction in which the neighbor will no longer be a possible
ſ	neighbors	The tile keys which are no longer allowed to be adjacent to t in direction d

# 5.8.4.9 removeAdjacencyConstraint() [2/2]

A method for removing an adjacency constraint.

This method is idempotent.

# See also

Solver::addAdjacencyConstraint(TileKey t, Direction d, TileKey neighbor)

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#### **Parameters**

t	The tile key which will have a possible neighbor removed
d	The direction in which the neighbor will no longer be a possible
neighbor	The tile key which is no longer allowed to be adjacent to t in direction d

# 5.8.4.10 setCollapseBehaviour()

```
void Solver::setCollapseBehaviour ( {\tt std::optional} < {\tt CollapseBehavior} \, > \, b \,\,)
```

Low level access function to change selection policy used in collapse. Can be set to a null value, in which case collapseRandom is used instead.

# See also

CollapseBehavior

#### **Parameters**

b a function which returns an iterator to a specific tile key in a grid square

# 5.8.4.11 setInitialConstraint() [1/2]

A multi-tile version of setInitialConstraint(Position p, TileKey possibility)

If an empty initializer list is passed, nothing will occur.

#### **Parameters**

р	the grid position for the initial constraint
possibilities	the tile keys which will be allowed in this grid position

# 5.8.4.12 setInitialConstraint() [2/2]

A method to set an *initial constraint*. An initial constraint involves a grid position and a tile key. The grid square at the given position is preemptively collapsed to the given tile key, with the results being propagated, before the algorithm begins. This gives the user more say in the kinds of solutions that the algorithm will reach.

Liberal use of initial constraints may lead to frequent contradictions, so limiting their use is adviced.

Unlike the adjacency constraint API, succesive calls to this method with the same position but different tile keys does not add them all to the grid position. It is a setter, not an inserter.

#### **Parameters**

р	the grid position for the initial constraint
possibility	the sole tile key which will be allowed in this grid position

# 5.8.4.13 setSeed()

Set the seed for the random number generator.

#### **Parameters**

```
seed the seed
```

#### 5.8.4.14 solve()

Runs the wave-function collapse algorithm, solving in-place a 2-dimensional square Grid or throwing an exception if the algorithm fails. The grid modified is of dimensions NxN.

#### **Parameters**

Ν	The dimension of the square grid.
grid	A grid to solve

# **Exceptions**

std::runtime error	Indicates that the grid could not be solved.
	, manager and and great accordance according

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/Solver.h
- · src/Solver.cpp

# 5.9 Synthesizer Class Reference

The Synthesizer class.

#include <Synthesizer.h>

#### **Public Member Functions**

• Synthesizer ()=default

Construct a new Synthesizer object.

∼Synthesizer ()=default

Destroy the Synthesizer object.

• void exportGridToFile (const SolverGrid &grid, std::string exportPath, FileType type)

Export a completed Grid to a file of the specified format.

std::shared\_ptr< BMPImage > exportGridToImage (const SolverGrid &grid)

Export a completed Grid to a BMPImage.

• void initRealTimeImage (unsigned int n)

Initialize a real time image for step by step images. If there is an existing real time image, this function would clear the existing one.

• void modifyRealTimeImage (Position pos, const Tile &tile)

Modify the real time image with one step of collapse in grid.

• std::shared\_ptr< BMPImage > getRealTimeImage () const

Get the Real Time Image object.

· void clearRealTimeImage ()

Clear the current real time image.

void exportRealTimeImageToFile (std::string exportPath, FileType type)

Export the real time image to file in the specified format.

# 5.9.1 Detailed Description

The Synthesizer class.

This class implements the functionality of synthesizing grid into an out put image. At the moment, only png and bmp images are supported. All generated images are stored as BMPImage and transformed into specified format.

See also

Grid

**BMPImage** 

# 5.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 5.9.2.1 Synthesizer()

```
Synthesizer::Synthesizer ( ) [default]
```

Construct a new Synthesizer object.

# 5.9.2.2 ∼Synthesizer()

```
{\tt Synthesizer::} {\sim} {\tt Synthesizer ( ) [default]}
```

Destroy the Synthesizer object.

# 5.9.3 Member Function Documentation

# 5.9.3.1 clearRealTimeImage()

```
void Synthesizer::clearRealTimeImage ( )
```

Clear the current real time image.

# 5.9.3.2 exportGridToFile()

Export a completed Grid to a file of the specified format.

# **Parameters**

grid	A completed grid of tiles.
exportPath	The path for the exported image.
type	The format for the image.

# 5.9.3.3 exportGridToImage()

Export a completed Grid to a BMPImage.

#### **Parameters**

```
grid A completed grid of tiles
```

#### Returns

std::shared\_ptr<BMPImage> Caller gets the ownership of a smart pointer to the result image.

## 5.9.3.4 exportRealTimeImageToFile()

Export the real time image to file in the specified format.

#### **Parameters**

exportPath	The target path for the exported image.
type	The format of image.

#### 5.9.3.5 getRealTimeImage()

```
\verb|std::shared_ptr<| \verb|BMPImage|| > \verb|Synthesizer::getRealTimeImage|| ( ) const|
```

Get the Real Time Image object.

#### Returns

std::shared\_ptr<BMPImage> The caller gains ownership of the real time image.

#### 5.9.3.6 initRealTimeImage()

```
void Synthesizer::initRealTimeImage (  unsigned \ int \ n \ )
```

Initialize a real time image for step by step images. If there is an existing real time image, this function would clear the existing one.

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#### **Parameters**

```
n The dimension of the image.
```

#### 5.9.3.7 modifyRealTimeImage()

Modify the real time image with one step of collapse in grid.

#### **Parameters**

pos	The logical position of the target position in grid.
tile	The target tile to be filled into the position.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/Synthesizer.h
- · src/Synthesizer.cpp

## 5.10 Tile Class Reference

The Tile class.

```
#include <Tile.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Tile (const std::shared\_ptr< BMPImage > img)
  - Constructor for initializing with image data.
- unsigned int getSize () const

Gets tile's size in pixels.

std::shared\_ptr< BMPImage > getImageData () const

Gets tile's image data.

• std::vector< Position > enumeratePosition () const

Enumerates all positions in the image.

#### 5.10.1 Detailed Description

The Tile class.

This class is a wrapper for a BMPImage, to be used in the context of a Grid and Solver

5.10 Tile Class Reference 37

#### 5.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.10.2.1 Tile()

Constructor for initializing with image data.

**Exceptions** 

ivalid\_argument | Image must be square

#### 5.10.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.10.3.1 enumeratePosition()

```
std::vector< Position > Tile::enumeratePosition ( ) const [inline]
```

Enumerates all positions in the image.

Returns

all pixel positions

#### 5.10.3.2 getImageData()

```
std::shared_ptr< BMPImage > Tile::getImageData ( ) const [inline]
```

Gets tile's image data.

Returns

the image data

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#### 5.10.3.3 getSize()

```
unsigned int Tile::getSize ( ) const [inline]
```

Gets tile's size in pixels.

Returns

the pixel size

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/Tile.h

## 5.11 TileData Class Reference

Tile Data Class.

```
#include <Extractor.h>
```

#### **Public Attributes**

- int id
- · unsigned int width
- · unsigned int height
- std::vector< Pixel > pixels
- std::vector< Pixel > north
- std::vector< Pixel > south
- std::vector< Pixel > east
- std::vector< Pixel > west
- std::map< int, std::set< int > > northConstraints
- std::map< int, std::set< int > > southConstraints
- std::map< int, std::set< int > > westConstraints
- std::map< int, std::set< int > > eastConstraints

## 5.11.1 Detailed Description

Tile Data Class.

Author

Ricardo Figueroa

Contains all the required TileData retrieved through the extraction. Most of the names are self explanitory. Id, width, height, pixels... The different sides (north, south, east, west) however refer to the list of pixels that encompase those sides for the tile. The side constraints however, contain a set of ids mapped to the id of the tile.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/Extractor.h

# **Chapter 6**

# **File Documentation**

# 6.1 BMPImage.h

```
1 #pragma once
3 #include <vector>
4 #include <string>
6 #include <Position.h>
7 #include <FileType.h>
9 #include <Pixel.h>
10
11 constexpr int defaultHorizontalDPI = 96;
12 constexpr int defaultVerticalDPI = 96;
13 constexpr int defaultBitDepth = 32;
26 class BMPImage {
28 public:
29
34
       BMPImage();
35
42
       BMPImage(unsigned int initWidth, unsigned int initHeight);
43
49
       BMPImage(std::string filename);
50
       ~BMPImage() = default;
55
56
58
       /* Size */
59
       unsigned int getWidth() const noexcept;
65
66
       unsigned int getHeight() const noexcept;
73
       void setSize(unsigned int NewWidth , unsigned int NewHeight);
82
       /* Pixel */
8.3
84
       Pixel getPixel (Position pos) const;
91
100
        void setPixel(Position pos, Pixel newPixel);
101
        void exportToFile(std::string filename, FileType type) const;
109
110
111 private:
112
113
         /* PIXELS */
114
        std::vector<std::vector<Pixel> pixels;
115
116
        /* METADATA */
117
        int bitDepth;
        int verticalDPI, horizontalDPI;
118
119
120
         /* HELPERS */
121
        inline bool checkPosition(Position pos) const;
122
123 };
134 inline bool operator==(const BMPImage& lhs, const BMPImage& rhs)
```

```
135 {
136
        if (lhs.getWidth() != rhs.getWidth() || lhs.getHeight() != rhs.getHeight()) {
137
            return false;
        }
138
139
        for (unsigned int x = 0; x < lhs.getWidth(); x++)
140
            for (unsigned int y = 0; y < lhs.getHeight(); y++) {
141
142
                if (lhs.getPixel(\{x, y\}) != rhs.getPixel(\{x, y\})) {
143
                     return false;
144
145
            }
146
        return true:
147 }
```

## 6.2 Direction.h

```
1 #pragma once
2
7 enum Direction {
8    UP,
9    DOWN,
10    LEFT,
11   RIGHT
12 };
```

### 6.3 Extractor.h

```
1 #pragma once
3 #include <Pixel.h>
5 #include <vector>
6 #include <string>
7 #include <map>
8 #include <set>
10
11 enum Side { north, south, east, west };
27 class TileData {
28
     public:
29
          int id;
           unsigned int width, height;
30
          std::vector<Pixel> pixels;
31
           std::vector<Pixel> north;
33
34
           std::vector<Pixel> south;
           std::vector<Pixel> east;
35
           std::vector<Pixel> west;
36
37
38
           std::map<int, std::set<int> northConstraints;
           std::map<int, std::set<int> southConstraints;
40
           std::map<int, std::set<int> westConstraints;
41
           std::map<int, std::set<int> eastConstraints;
42 };
43
44
89 class Extractor {
90
      public:
91
102
            void extractPNG(unsigned int& width, unsigned int& height, const std::string& filename,
       std::vector<Pixel>& pixels);
103
            void extractBMP(unsigned int& width, unsigned int& height, const std::string& filename,
114
       std::vector<Pixel>& pixels);
115
128
            int extractTileset(unsigned int width, unsigned int height, unsigned int horizontal, unsigned
       int vertical, const std::vector<Pixel>& pixels, std::vector<TileData>& tiles);
129
137
            void encodeTilesetPNG(std::vector<TileData>& tiles, std::string assetName);
138
139
150
            static void encodePNG (unsigned int width, unsigned int height, const std::string& filename,
       const std::vector<Pixel>& pixels);
151
159
            int setConstraints(std::vector<TileData>& tileList);
160
167
            void setComparisonMetric(double m);
```

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```
168
176
            void setDumpDirectoryRelative(std::string dir);
177
            void setDumpDirectoryAbsolute(std::string dir);
185
186
194
            void setAssetDirectoryRelative(std::string dir);
195
203
            void setAssetDirectoryAbsolute(std::string dir);
204
209
            void printDirectories();
210
211
218
            void printConstraintsV(std::vector<TileData> tiles);
219
226
            void printConstraints(TileData tile);
227
232
            Extractor() {
233
                idCount = 1;
234
                comparisonMetric = .8;
235
236
244
            Extractor(double metric){
                idCount = 1;
if (metric > 1) {
245
246
247
                     metric = 1;
248
249
                 if(metric < 0){</pre>
250
                     metric = 0;
2.51
252
253
                comparisonMetric = metric;
254
             }
255
256
        private:
257
258
                int idCount;
259
            double comparisonMetric;
260
            std::string aDir;
261
            std::string dDir;
262
263
            int tileFormation(const std::vector<Pixel>& pixels, TileData& tile, unsigned int width, unsigned
275
       int height, int id);
276
285
            int tileCompare(TileData& tile1, TileData& tile2);
286
295
            bool sideCompare(std::vector<Pixel> side1, std::vector<Pixel> side2, unsigned int length);
296
297 }
298;
```

## 6.4 FileType.h

```
1 #pragma once
2
3 enum FileType {
4    bmp,
5    png
6 };
```

## 6.5 Grid.h

```
1 #pragma once
3 #include <Tile.h>
4 #include <Position.h>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <vector>
8 #include <limits.h>
10 template <typename TileKey>
11 class Grid {
12
13 public:
       Grid() { dimension = 0; }
14
15
16
       ~Grid() = default;
17
```

```
18
       Grid(size_t dimension, std::map<TileKey, std::shared_ptr<Tile> map)
20
            setDimension(dimension);
2.1
            setTileMap(map);
2.2
23
       Grid(size_t dimension)
24
25
26
            setDimension(dimension);
2.7
28
       size_t getDimension() const
29
30
31
            return dimension;
32
33
34
       void setDimension(size_t newDimension)
35
36
            dimension = newDimension;
            tileKeyGrid.resize(newDimension, std::vector<TileKey>());
38
            for (auto& row : tileKeyGrid)
39
                row.resize(newDimension, TileKey(-1)); // suppose -1 == unassigned
40
       }
41
42
       TileKey getKey(Position p)
43
44
            return tileKeyGrid[p.x][p.y];
45
46
47
       void setKey(Position p, TileKey key)
48
49
            if (!checkPosition(p))
50
                 throw std::out_of_range("Position out of range. ");
51
52
            tileKeyGrid[p.y][p.x] = key;
53
54
55
       std::shared_ptr<Tile> getTile(Position pos) const
56
            if (!checkPosition(pos))
                 throw std::out_of_range("Position out of range. ");
58
59
           auto tileKey = tileKeyGrid[pos.y][pos.x];
auto tile = tileMap.at(tileKey);
60
61
62
63
            return tile;
64
6.5
       void setTile(Position pos, TileKey tileKey)
66
67
68
            if (!tileMap.contains(tileKey))
69
                throw std::out_of_range("TileKey does not exist. ");
70
71
            if (!checkPosition(pos))
                 throw std::out_of_range("Position out of range. ");
72
73
            tileKeyGrid[pos.y][pos.x] = tileKey;
75
       }
76
77
       void setTileMap(std::map<TileKey, std::shared_ptr<Tile> newMap) {
78
            for(const auto & e : newMap)
79
80
                   If the key exists, change only the value, add the {key, value} otherwise
                tileMap[e.first] = e.second;
82
            }
83
       }
84
       Position translatePixelPosition(Position pos) const
85
86
            if (!checkPosition(pos))
88
                 throw std::out_of_range("Position out of range. ");
29
           if (getTile(pos)->getSize() > INT_MAX)
    throw std::runtime_error("Tile size too big. ");
90
91
92
            auto tileSize = getTile(pos)->getSize();
94
95
            return { pos.x * tileSize, pos.y * tileSize} ;
96
97
98
       std::vector<Position> enumeratePosition() const
99
100
             std::vector<Position> res;
101
             for (size_t i = 0; i < dimension; i++)
    for (size_t j = 0; j < dimension; j++) {
        Position pos = {j, i};</pre>
102
103
104
```

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```
105
                      res.push_back(pos);
106
107
108
             return res;
109
110
111 private:
112
113
         size_t dimension;
114
         std::map<TileKey, std::shared_ptr<Tile> tileMap;
115
116
117
         std::vector<std::vector<TileKey» tileKeyGrid;</pre>
118
119
         constexpr bool checkPosition(Position pos) const
120
             size_t i = pos.x;
size_t j = pos.y;
return (i < dimension && i >= 0 && j < dimension && j >= 0);
121
122
123
124
125 };
126
```

## 6.6 Pixel.h

```
1 #pragma once
3 #include <sstream>
4
9 typedef unsigned char BYTE;
10
17 template<typename T>
18 concept PixelType = requires
19 {
20
       T::Red;
2.1
       T::Green;
22
       T::Blue;
23
       T::Alpha;
24 };
25
30 typedef struct Pixel {
31
       int count;
32
       BYTE Blue;
37
38
43
       BYTE Green;
44
49
       BYTE Red;
50
       BYTE Alpha;
55
56
       template<PixelType T>
66
       Pixel& operator=(const T& rhs) {
          Alpha = rhs.Alpha;
Blue = rhs.Blue;
68
69
           Green = rhs.Green;
70
71
           Red = rhs.Red;
           count = 0;
return *this;
72
73
74
75
76 } Pixel;
87 inline bool operator == (const Pixel& lhs, const Pixel& rhs) {
88
       return lhs.Pixel::Blue == rhs.Pixel::Blue && lhs.Pixel::Green == rhs.Pixel::Green && lhs.Red ==
       rhs.Red && lhs.Alpha == rhs.Alpha;
89 }
90
99 std::ostream& operator (std::ostream &os, const Pixel &p);
100
101 /* DEFAULT CONSTANTS */
102
103 constexpr Pixel defaultPixel = {
        0,
255,
104
105
        255,
106
107
        255,
108
        0
109 };
```

#### 6.7 Position.h

```
1 #pragma once
3 #include <Direction.h>
5 #include <cstddef>
11 struct Position {
      size_t x;
size_t y;
12
13
14
     Direction getDirection(Position other) {
22
       if (other.x > x)
            return Direction::RIGHT;
25
         else if (other.x < x)</pre>
           return Direction::LEFT;
2.6
         else if (other.y > y)
2.7
28
            return Direction::UP;
30
            return Direction::DOWN;
31
32 };
33
34 inline bool operator <(const Position& lhs, const Position& rhs){
       return lhs.x >= rhs.x ? lhs.y < rhs.y : true;</pre>
36 }
37
38 inline bool operator==(const Position& lhs, const Position& rhs) {
39    return lhs.x == rhs.x && lhs.y == rhs.y;
40 }
```

#### 6.8 Rotation.h

```
1 #pragma once
2
3 enum Rotation {
4      D0,
5      D90,
6      D180,
7      D270
8 };
```

#### 6.9 Solver.h

```
1 #pragma once
3 #include <Tile.h>
4 #include <Grid.h>
5 #include <Position.h>
7 #include <memory>
8 #include <map>
9 #include <set>
10 #include <vector>
11 #include <list>
12 #include <functional>
13 #include <unordered set>
14 #include <unordered_map>
15 #include <stack>
16 #include <utility>
17 #include <tuple>
18 #include <optional>
19 #include <iterator>
20 #include <algorithm>
21 #include <cstdlib>
22 #include <stdexcept>
23
24
25 template <>
26 struct std::hash<Position> {
   std::size_t operator()(const Position& k) const {
28
     return (k.y « 16) ^ k.x;
29
30 };
31 template <>
32 struct std::hash<std::pair<size_t, Direction» {
33 std::size_t operator()(const std::pair<size_t, Direction>& k) const {
      return k.first ^ (size_t)k.second;
```

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```
35
    }
36 };
37
73 class Solver {
74 public:
75
79
    typedef size_t TileKey;
80
81
    typedef std::function<std::vector<TileKey>::const_iterator(const std::vector<TileKey>&)>
       CollapseBehavior;
82
    typedef std::function<void(const TileKey&, Position)> CollapseCallback;
83
    typedef std::function<void(const std::vector<TileKey>&, Position)> PropagateCallback;
84
85
90
    typedef typename std::list<CollapseCallback>::iterator CollapseCallbackCookie;
91
96
    typedef typename std::list<PropagateCallback>::iterator PropagateCallbackCookie;
97
103
      template<typename T>
104
      Solver(const std::vector<T>& tiles, int seed=0): seed(seed) {
105
       for (TileKey k = 0; k < tiles.size(); k++) {</pre>
106
         this->tiles.push_back(k);
       }
107
108
     }
109
115
      template<typename T>
116
      Solver(const std::map<TileKey, T>& tiles, int seed=0): seed(seed) {
117
       for (auto [k, _] : tiles)
118
         this->tiles.push_back(k);
119
       }
120
121
122
123
      SOLVER API
124
125
130
      void setSeed(int seed);
131
136
      int getSeed();
137
145
      void solve(size_t N, Grid<TileKey>& grid);
146
147
148
       CONSTRAINT INTERFACE/API
149
       Set the solver constraints using this specified interface
150
151
      void addAdjacencyConstraint(TileKey t, Direction d, TileKey neighbor);
168
169
180
      void removeAdjacencyConstraint(TileKey t, Direction d, TileKey neighbor);
181
193
      void addAdjacencyConstraint(TileKey t, Direction d, std::initializer_list<TileKey> neighbors);
194
206
      void removeAdjacencyConstraint(TileKey t, Direction d, std::initializer_list<TileKey> neighbors);
207
222
      void setInitialConstraint(Position p, TileKey possibility);
223
232
      void setInitialConstraint(Position p, std::initializer_list<TileKey> possibilities);
233
234
235
      CALLBACK INTERFACE/API
236
237
249
      CollapseCallbackCookie registerOnCollapse(CollapseCallback callback);
250
258
      void deregisterOnCollapse(CollapseCallbackCookie cookie);
259
271
      PropagateCallbackCookie registerOnPropagate(PropagateCallback callback):
272
280
      void deregisterOnCollapse(PropagateCallbackCookie cookie);
281
282
283
      COLLAPSE INTERFACE
284
285
293
      void setCollapseBehaviour(std::optional<CollapseBehavior> b);
294
295
296 private:
297
      typedef std::pair<TileKey, Direction> Side;
298
299
      /* INITIAL */
300
      int seed;
301
      std::vector<TileKey> tiles;
302
303
      /* CONSTRAINTS */
304
      std::unordered map<Side, std::unordered set<TileKey» adjacency constraints;
```

```
std::unordered_map<Position, std::unordered_set<TileKey» initial_constraints;</pre>
306
307
      /* BEHAVIOURS */
308
      CollapseBehavior collapse_behavior = nullptr;
309
310
      /* CALLBACKS */
      std::list<CollapseCallback> collapse_callbacks;
311
312
      std::list<PropagateCallback> propagate_callbacks;
313
314
      /* ALGORITHM */
      std::unordered_map<Position, std::vector<TileKey» grid;
315
316
      size t N:
317
318
      void initializeGrid(size_t N);
319
      void processInitialConstraints();
320
      bool isCollapsed();
321
      bool isContradiction();
322
      void iterate();
323
      Position getMinEntropyCoordinates();
324
      void collapseAt (Position p);
325
      void propagate(Position p);
326
      bool propagateAt(Position current, Position neighbor); //returns true if neighbor's possible tiles
       decrease
327
      std::vector<Position> getNeighbors(Position p);
      std:.vector<TileKey>:const_iterator collapseRandom(const std::vector<TileKey>& tiles);
std::unordered_set<TileKey> getAdjacencies(TileKey k, Direction d);
328
330
      std::vector<TileKey> getPossibleTiles(Position p);
331
332 };
333
339 typedef Grid<Solver::TileKey> SolverGrid;
```

## 6.10 Synthesizer.h

```
1 #pragma once
3 #include <Solver.h>
4 #include <FileType.h>
 #include <memory>
19 class Synthesizer {
20
21 public:
27
       Synthesizer() = default;
28
33
       ~Synthesizer() = default;
34
41
       void exportGridToFile(const SolverGrid& grid, std::string exportPath, FileType type);
49
       std::shared_ptr<BMPImage> exportGridToImage(const SolverGrid& grid);
50
57
       void initRealTimeImage(unsigned int n);
58
       void modifyRealTimeImage(Position pos, const Tile& tile);
65
66
72
       std::shared_ptr<BMPImage> getRealTimeImage() const;
73
78
       void clearRealTimeImage();
79
       void exportRealTimeImageToFile(std::string exportPath, FileType type);
86
89 private:
90
       /* IMAGE STATE */
91
       std::shared_ptr<BMPImage> realTimeImage;
92
93
95
       void copyTileToGrid(Position pos, const Tile& tile, BMPImage* gridImage);
96
97 };
```

## 6.11 Tile.h

```
1 #pragma once
```

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```
3 #include <Direction.h>
4 #include <Position.h>
5 #include <BMPImage.h>
7 #include <string>
8 #include <memory>
10
18 class Tile {
19
20 public:
21
       Tile() = default;
~Tile() = default;
22
23
24
29
        Tile(const std::shared_ptr<BMPImage> img)
30
            if (img->getHeight() != img->getWidth())
    throw std::invalid_argument("Image must be square. ");
31
32
33
            size = img->getHeight();
34
            image = img;
35
36
41
        unsigned int getSize() const
42
43
             return size;
44
45
        std::shared_ptr<BMPImage> getImageData() const
51
52
53
             return image:
54
        }
55
61
        std::vector<Position> enumeratePosition() const
62
63
             std::vector<Position> res;
64
65
             for (unsigned int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
                 for (unsigned int j = 0; j < size; j++) {
   Position pos = {j, i};
66
68
                      res.push_back(pos);
69
                 }
70
71
             return res;
72
73
74 private:
7.5
76
        std::string filePath;
        // TODO: add other variables
77
79
        unsigned int size;
80
        std::shared_ptr<BMPImage> image;
81 };
```