

1. a)
- $4 \neq \{4\}$, the number 4 is not equivalent to the set $\{4\}$
 - $\{1, \{1\}, \{1, \{1\}\}\}$ there are 3 elements in this set
 - $\{2\}$ is not an element of $\{1, 2\}$
 - $\{1\}$ is a subset of $\{1, \{2\}\}$
 - $\{-6, -3, -2, -1, 1, 2, 3, 6\}$

b) converse: If Jose is Jan's cousin, then Ann is Jan's Mother

Inverse: If Ann is not Jan's mother, then Jose is not Jan's cousin

contrapositive: If Jose is not Jan's cousin, then Ann is not Jan's mother

c) $\neg(\neg p \vee \neg q) \vee (p \wedge \neg q) \equiv p$

$$(\neg(\neg p) \vee \neg(\neg q) \vee (p \wedge \neg q) \equiv$$

$$(p \vee q) \vee (p \wedge \neg q)$$

$$p \vee (q \wedge (p \wedge \neg q))$$

$$p \vee (q \vee p) \wedge (q \vee \neg q)$$

$$p \vee ((q \vee p) \wedge T)$$

$$p \vee (q \vee p) \wedge (p \vee T)$$

↓

De Morgan's
Double negation
Associative laws
distributive
Negation Law
Commutative
Absorption Law
distributive

$$P \vee (q \vee p) \wedge (P \vee T)$$

$$p \vee (q \vee p) \wedge T$$

$$P \vee T$$

$$P$$

Dominance low
Adsorption low

I density low

2. a) $P \rightarrow \sim q, q \rightarrow \sim p, P \vee q$

P	q	$\sim P$	$\sim q$	$P \rightarrow \sim q$	$q \rightarrow \sim p$	$P \vee q$
T	T	F	F	F	F	
T	F	F	T	T	T	T
F	T	T	F	F	F	T
F	F	T	T	T	T	<u>F</u>

In valid

b)

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{N}, \mathbb{N}$$

$$x \geq 2 \rightarrow x^2 \geq 4$$

$$\neg (x^2 \geq 4)$$

$$\therefore \neg (x \geq 2)$$

True, modus tollens

c)

$$Fe = \text{tenor} \quad \forall x, Flu(x) \rightarrow Fe(x)$$

$$Flu = Flu$$

$$Fe(x)$$

$$\therefore Flu(x)$$

Invalid, ~~error~~
error

3) a)

$$a) \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}, \text{ if } x+1 > 0 \text{ then } 1 < x \leq 0$$

$$b) \quad \exists x \in \mathbb{R}, \text{ if } \neg(x+1 > 0) \text{ then } \neg(1 < x \leq 0)$$

$$b) \quad a) \quad \forall x \in H, \text{ if } H(x) \rightarrow L(x)$$

$H = \text{Humans}$

$L = \text{have some}$

$$b) \quad \exists x \in H, H(x) \rightarrow \neg L(x)$$

c) Yes, logically equivalent, because

\neg iff is \Leftrightarrow bidirectional

- d)
- 2, $\neg C(x) \rightarrow \neg B(x)$
 - 3, $\neg C(x) \rightarrow Rob(x)$
 - 1, $Rob(x) \rightarrow Aat(x)$
 - $\therefore B(x) \rightarrow Aat(x)$

$B(x) \rightarrow C(x) \rightarrow$
 $Rob(x) \rightarrow Aat(x)$
Modus Ponens

I want;