Lab 4

Lab 4

Pseudo Code:

```
# TODO
# allocate a byte array of 128 bytes on stack to save result
#store the return address in the stack.

# call remove_spaces on the return address
# print the resultant string (a1)

# retrieve the old return address
# put stack pointer back

# identify the registers that need to be preserved, but changed
# save/restore registers

# jump back to the return address to execute following lines
ra
```

Actual Code:

```
function
print ns:
          # TODO
           allocate a byte array of 128 bytes on stack to save result
          t call remove_spaces
         # print the result string
# identify the registers that need to be preserved, but changed
         # save/restore registers
         # Make stack
                  # addi sp, sp, -4 # Drop the stack pointer down by 4
# sw a0, 0(sp) # Save a0 via sp
addi sp, sp, -128 #Shift pointer sp down by 128
                   add al, zero, sp # Save al in sp
                   addi sp, sp, -4 # Drop the stack pointer down by 4
                   sw ra, 0(sp) # save ra via sp
         # Call Function
                    # Extend stack for chars for into
                   jal ra, remove_spaces # jump to remove spaces
         #print a1
                                       # Service 4 is print string
                   li a7, 4
                   add a0, a1, zero # Load desired value into a0 for the call
                                        # Make the Call
                   ecall
         #retrieve the old return address
                   lw ra, 0(sp)
         #put the stack pointer back
                   addi sp, sp, 132
         #return
         jr
                  ra
remove spaces:
         # copy your code from lab 3 here
          tit should work if it uses only temporary and argument registers
        # make necessary changes if needed
         addi t4, x0, 0 # i = 0
         addi t5, x0, 0 \# j = 0
         addi a2, x0, 32 # len till stop
         loop:
                 add t1, a0, t4 # go to str[0] + i
                 lb t6, 0(t1) # c = str[i] read byte at i in the string bne t6, a2, if # if c != 32, goto if
                 beq x0, x0, ifexit # Else, Exitif
                 if:
                           add t1, a1, t5 # a1 + j
sb t6, 0(t1) #res[j] = 0
                           addi t5, t5, 1 # j += 1
                  ifexit:
                           addi t4, t4, 1 #i += 1
                           beq_t6, zero, exitloop # if str[i] = 0, exit
                           beg x0, x0, loop # Else, go to the loop again
         exitloop:
```

```
#li a7, 4 # Load print statment
#add a0, a1, zero #stage a0
#ecall # make the call
jr ra
```

Return Address

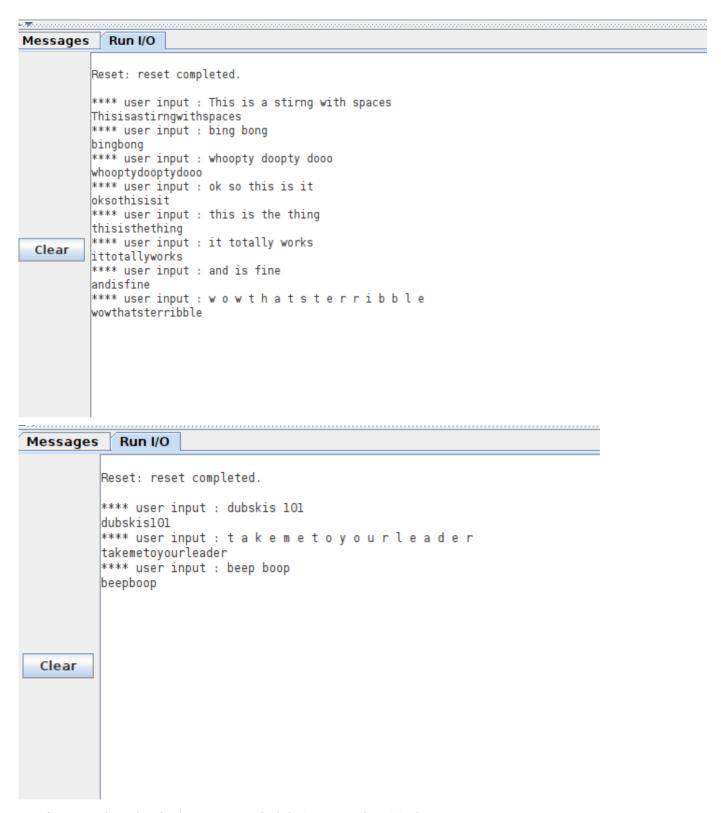
This is the return address being retrieved from memory.

	0x0040004c 0x000000073 ecall	63: ecall	# Make the Call
~	0x00400050 0x00012083 lw x1,0(x2)	66: lw ra, 0	(sp)
	0x00400054 0x08410113 addi x2,x2,0x00000084	69: addi sp,	sp, 132
	: 1		`

Here is the data being stored as text over the array of memory.

Address	Value (+0)	Value (+4)	Value (+8)	Value (+c)	Value (+10)	Value (+14)	Value (+18)	Value (+1c)
0x10010000	0x676e6962	0x6d207375	0x69642063	0x7375676e	0x0000000a	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x10010020	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x10010040	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x10010060	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x10010080	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x100100a0	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x100100c0	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x100100e0	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x10010100	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x10010120	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x10010140	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x10010160	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x10010180	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x100101a0	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x100101c0	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x100101e0	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000

Test Runs



Maximum string size is the same as in lab 3, capped at 32 characters.

Analysis:

My code seems to work, the calling functions and saving the text stripped across memory is pretty neat, and you could see that my return address was saved in memory as 0x00400050. Pretty neat.