

User Manual

This user manual will go through the entire functionality of our built website, including every functionality and option for each user type of our system. This manual will provide snapshots for every functionality as well. The underlying MySQL Database transactions can be viewed in the appendix section, and will be referred to as we go along. Note that the figures are labelled *figure U.x*, where U denotes this image belongs to the user manual section, and x is the number of the image.

The first discussion of our webpage starts at the homepage:

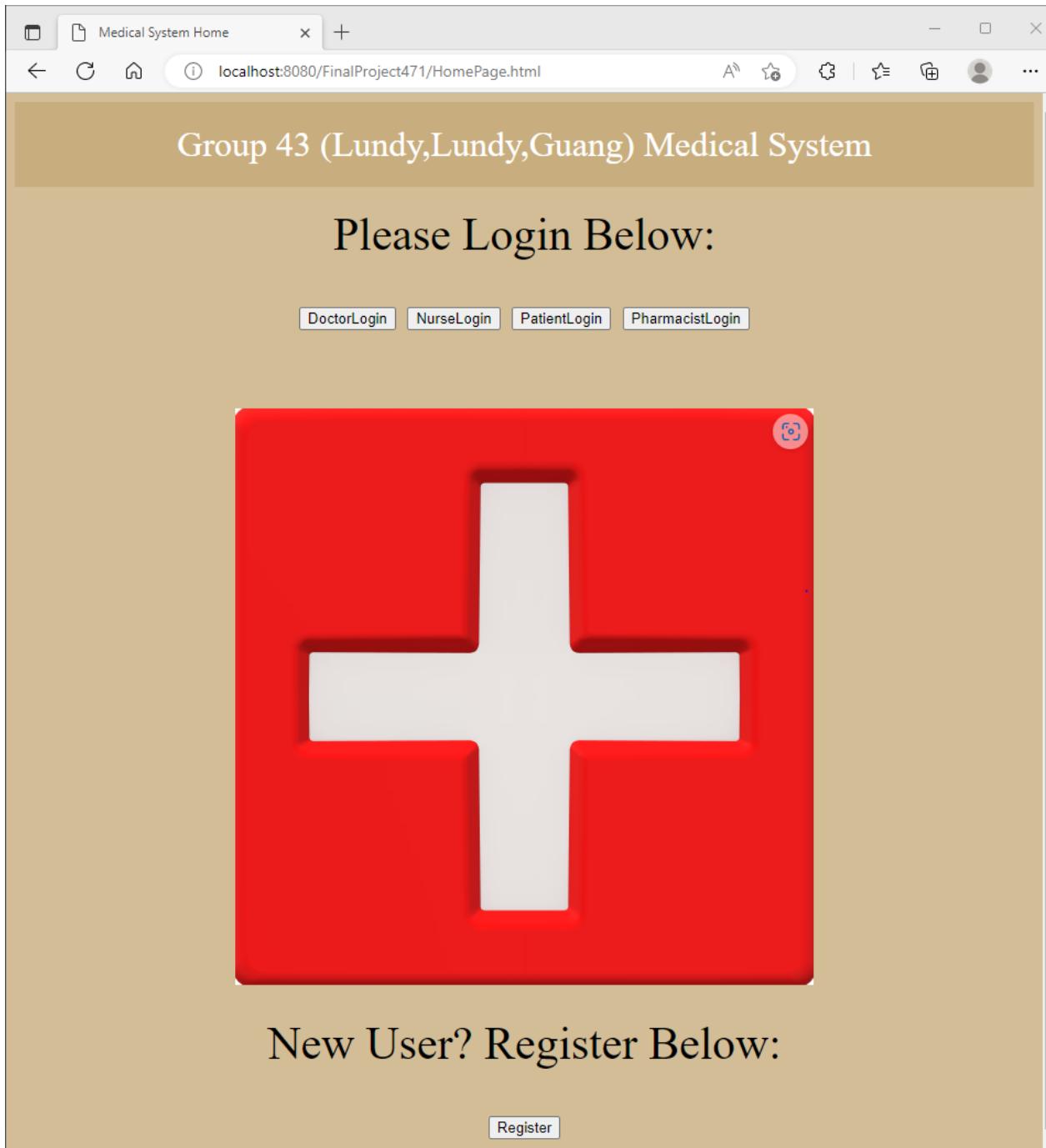


Figure U.1: The homepage of our website (Source code: HomePage.html)

The homepage screen provides a logo, a title for our system, as well as the first two options we will encounter: Login (*above logo*) and Register (*below logo*).

Before starting, refer to *Appendix U.1* to view the state of the database *before* this user manual. This will show the sample database population/state created for the user manual, and this state will be manipulated as we progress through this user manual.

We will split this user manual into a part for each user and their functionalities (ie. doctor, nurse, patient, and pharmacist). We will begin with showing the doctor functionality:

1. Doctor Functionality

Let us begin with registering new users. Once users press the register button at the bottom of the webpage, they will be met with this page:

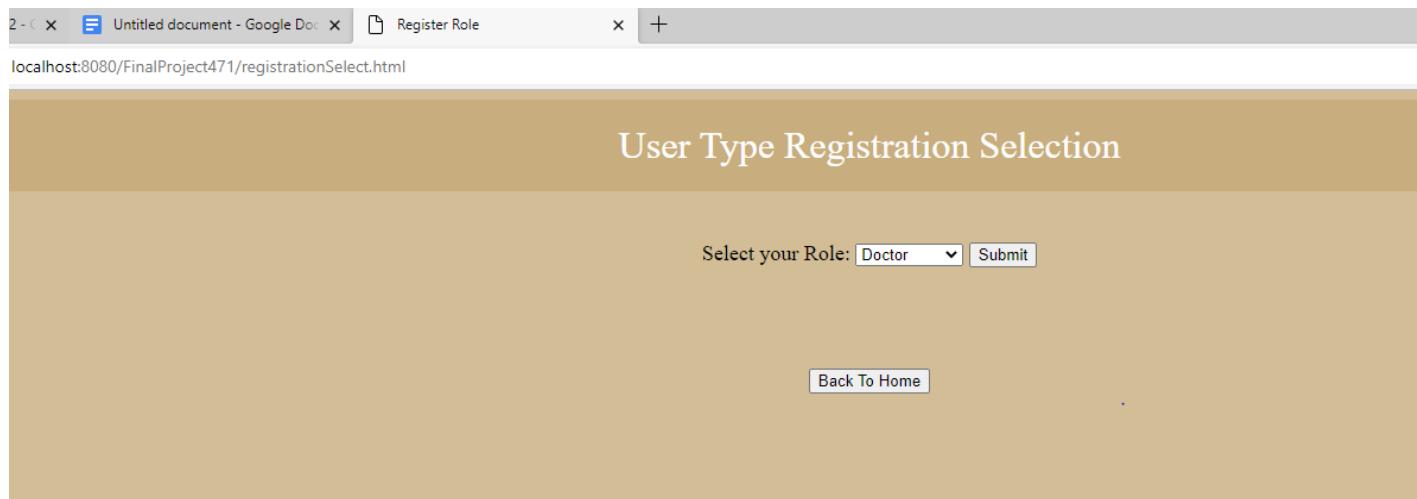


Figure U.2: The user registration page

Here, the user may select their user role using the select role drop down menu. The options are:



Figure U.3: Registration user options

For the discussion of registration, the same functionality persists regardless of role. Let us select doctor first and submit. Once submitted, the next page prompts the potential doctor to fill out their information in a form as shown below:

Doctor Registration

Please fill in all fields below:

Enter ID:

Enter FirstName:

Enter LastName:

Enter Username:

Enter Password:

Enter Phone:

Enter Email:

Select your Specialty:

Enter ClinicName:

A screenshot of a web-based doctor registration form. The form is titled 'Doctor Registration' and contains a message 'Please fill in all fields below:'. It includes fields for ID, FirstName, LastName, Username, Password, Phone, Email, and a dropdown for Specialty. The 'Specialty' field is currently set to 'None'. There is also a field for ClinicName and a 'Submit' button. At the bottom of the form is a 'Back To Home' button.

Figure U.4: Doctor Registration form. Note that Back to home button returns you to the homepage

The first outcome to discuss here is registering a new doctor that does not yet exist in the database, and thus will successfully be added to the database system. Let us fill in the form as such: *ID=215403, FirstName=Johnny, LastName=Appleseed, Username=Lakers248, Password=Calgary403, Phone: (403) 555-9898, Email=JohnApple@gmail.com, none for specialty, and Oasis Clinic as clinic.*

Doctor Registration

Please fill in all fields below:

Enter ID: 215403

Enter FirstName: Johnny

Enter LastName: Appleseed

Enter Username: Lakers248

Enter Password:

Enter Phone: (403) 555-9898

Enter Email: JohnApple@gmail.com

Select your Specialty: None

Enter ClinicName: Oasis Clinic

Submit

Back To Home

Figure U.5: Form for doctor. Note that Back to home button returns you to the homepage

Enter Email: JohnApple@gmail.com

Select your Specialty: None

Enter ClinicName: Oasis Clinic

None

Family Doctor

Specialist

Submit

Figure U.6: All options for specialty dropdown

Once Submitted, we expect to see the doctor homepage for that newly registered doctor, shown below:

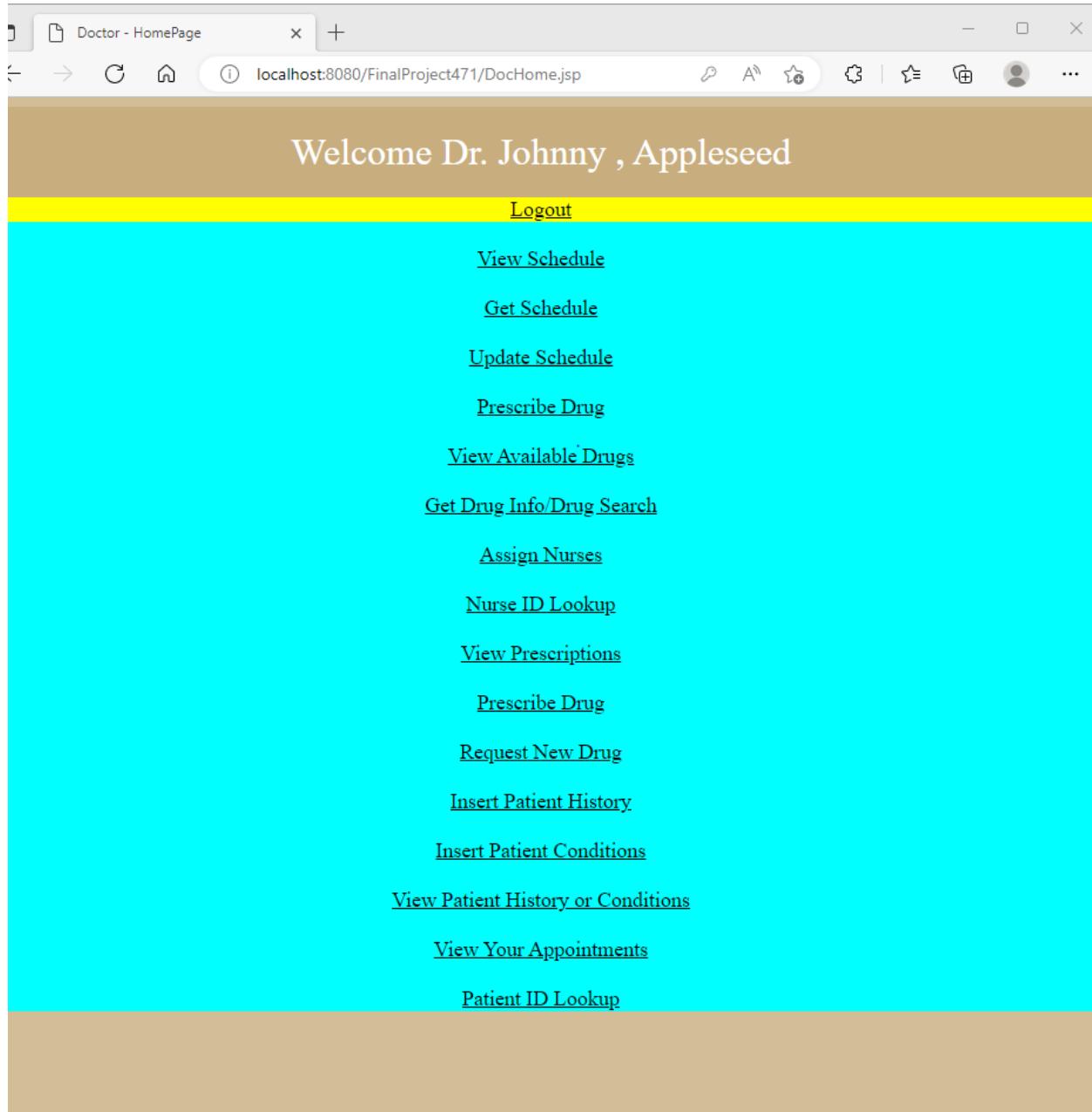


Figure U.7: Doctor Homepage

Here, we see the dynamic webpage has created the user, and shows us all options that this new doctor can do. *Refer to Appendix U.2.1 to view the database change. The first option to show is the logout, and then we will demonstrate an invalid registration in our system before returning to this page.

Pressing the logout link (top of figure U.7), we return to the homepage, indicating a successful logout.

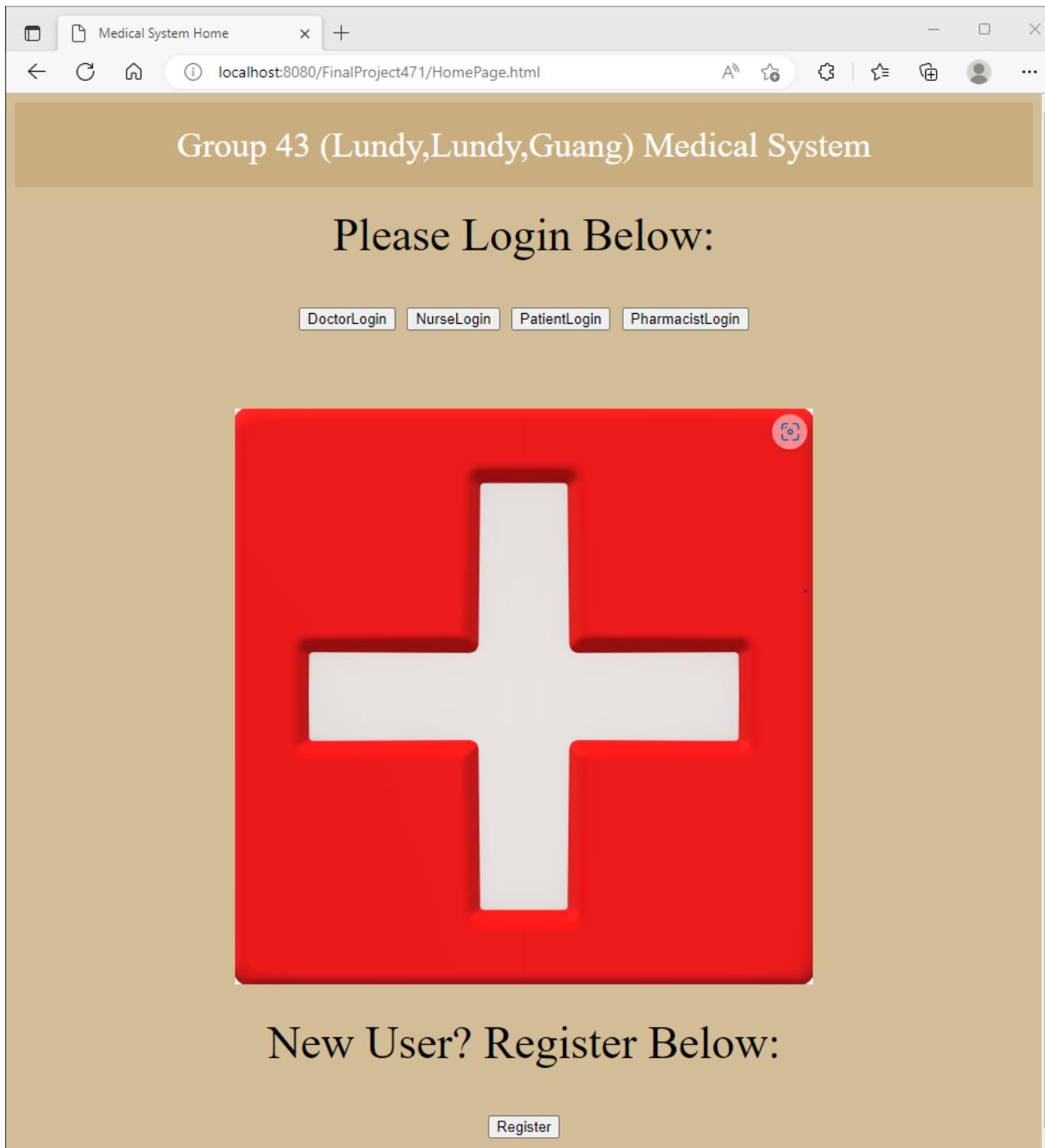


Figure U.8: Homepage after logging out

Now let us register a doctor in an invalid way: attempting to pass NULLs. To prevent NULLs in our database system, all form fields have been set to required, and therefore must all be filled before submitting. *This is true for any form in our system*. This is demonstrated in *appendix U.3*. Therefore, our system is protected from invalid registrations and

missing information, which is critical to maintain the dependency and integrity of our coded session attributes set at login and registration.

Now we can discuss the login functionality for doctors in our system.

To login, the user must first press the doctorlogin button at the top of the homepage(refer to figure u.8). Pressing the button leads to the doctor login page:

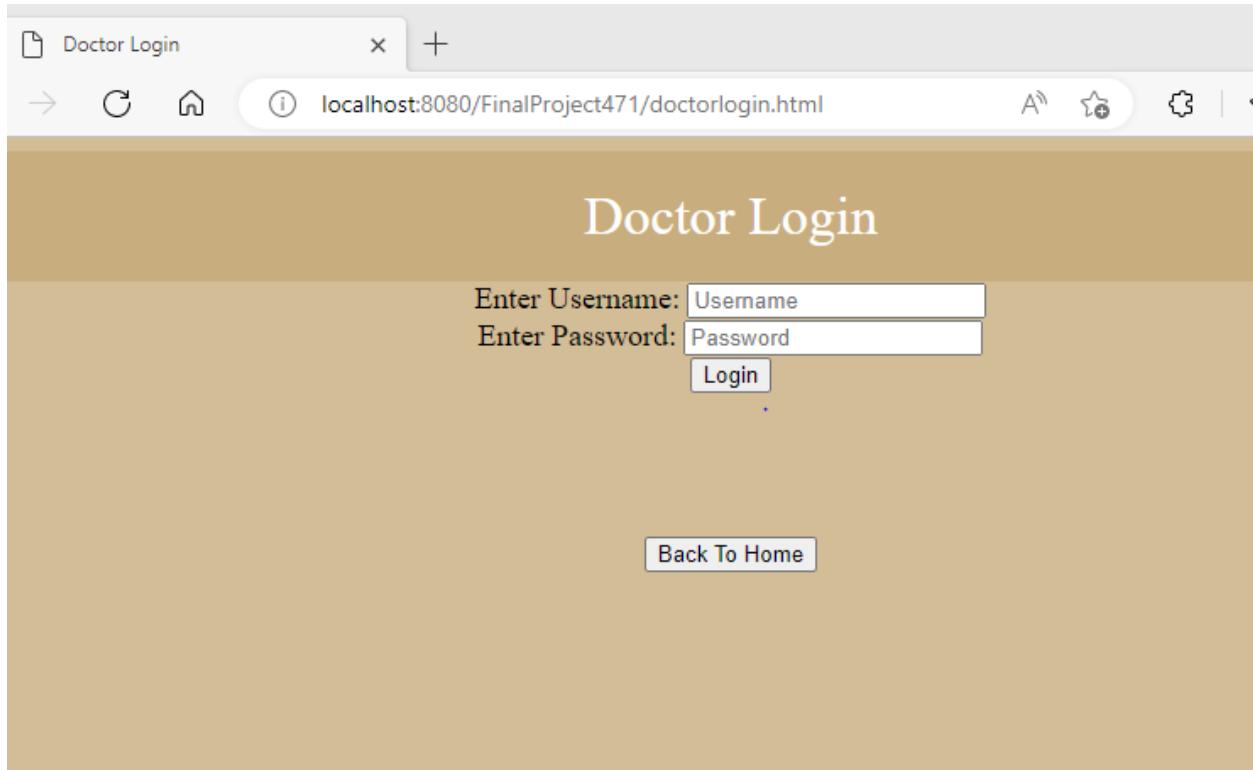


Figure U.9: Doctor Login. Note back to home button brings you back to the homepage seen in figure U.8.

The two options here are an invalid login (logging in with someone who does not exist in the system) shown in figure U.10, and a successful login shown in figure U.11.

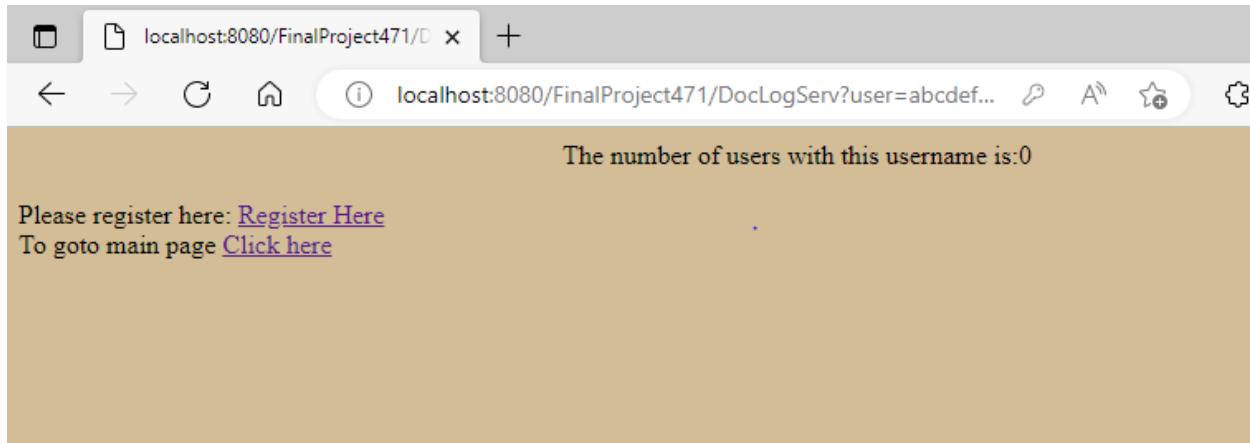
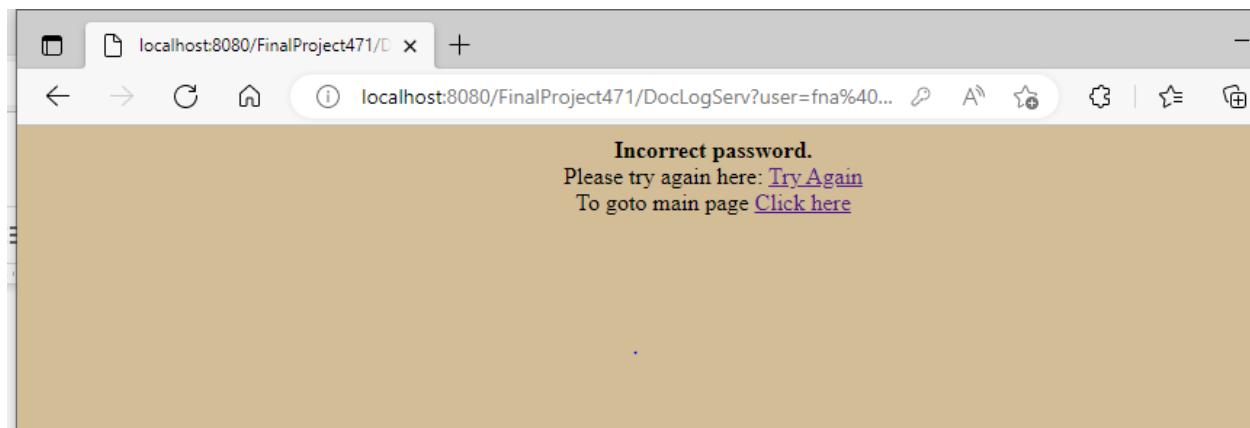


Figure U.10: An invalid login using 'abcdefghijklmnp' and '123456789' as username and password, respectively. Register here link brings you to figure U.5 to register, while Click here brings you back to the homepage of figure U.8.



A valid username, but incorrect password attempt

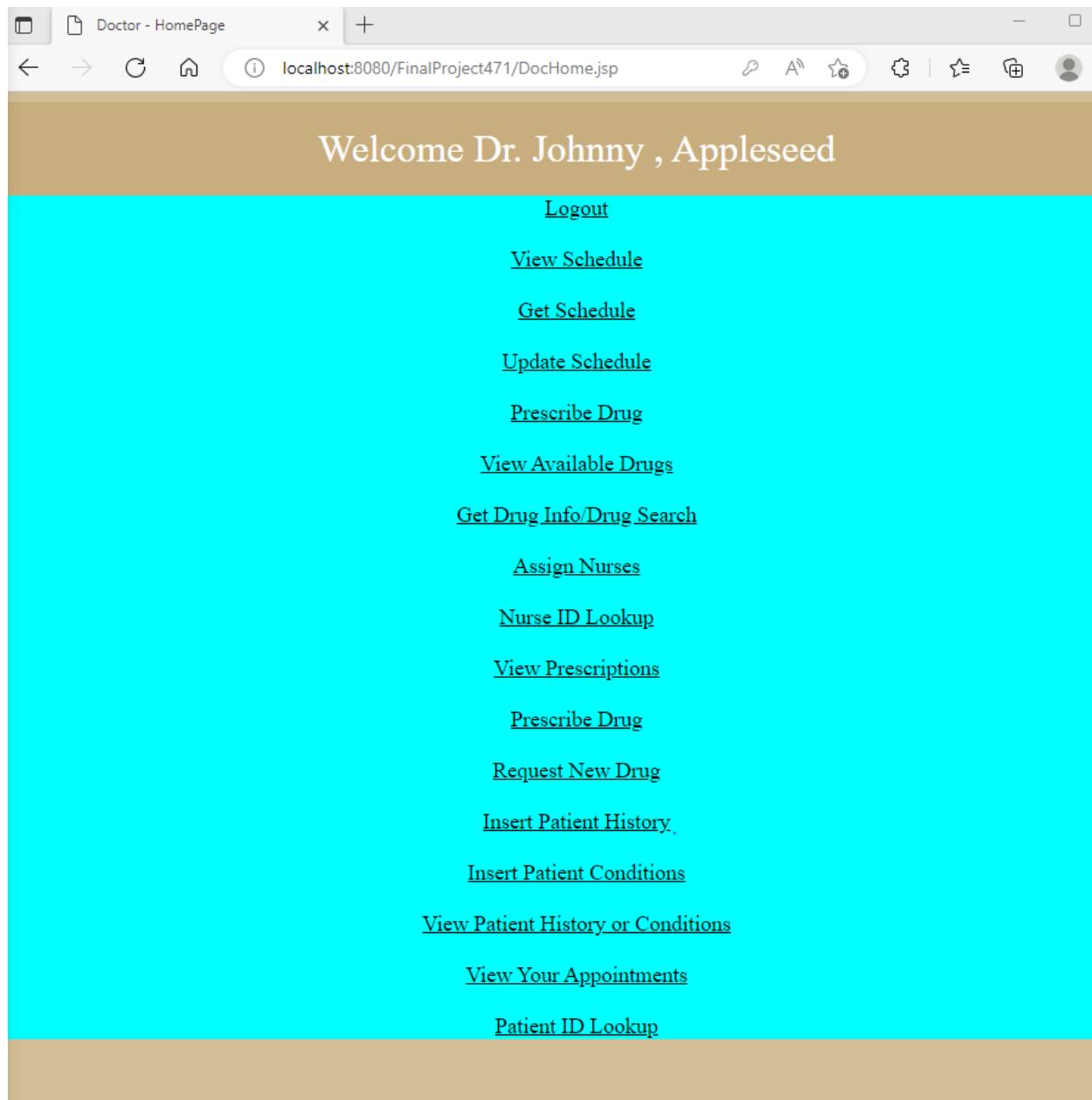


Figure U.11: Logging in with 'Lakers248' and 'Calgary403' username and password. (This matched the user we just created previously, Johnny Appleseed)

Now logged in with Johnny Appleseed, we can demonstrate the existing doctor functionalities/options seen in the previous figure.

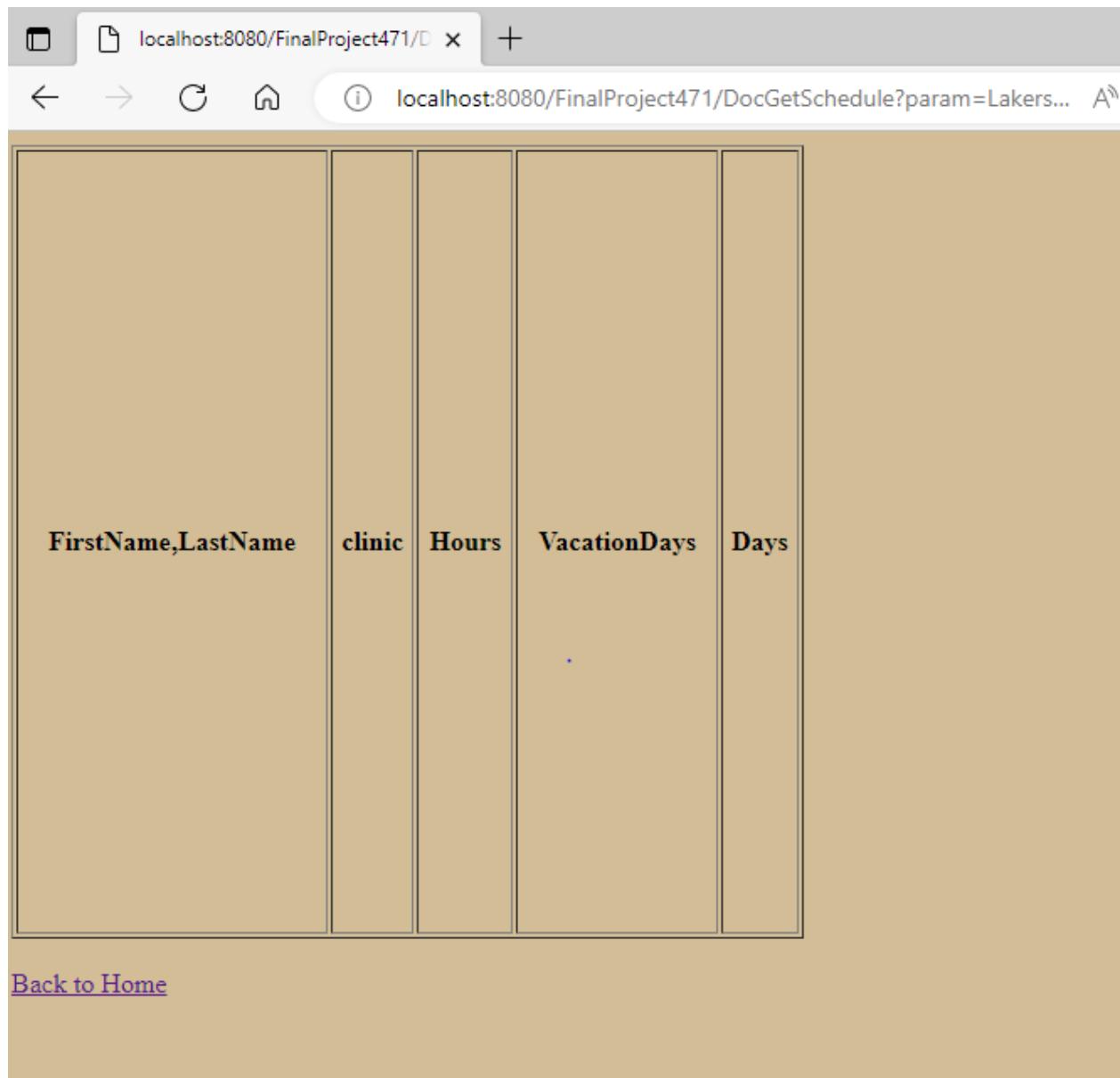
***Note: at the time of this user manual, 'View Schedule' and 'Get Schedule' are duplicates, and view schedule does nothing. Therefore, View Schedule will be taken out in the final code submission.

Now we can demonstrate the schedule functionality of doctor, which also corresponds to the doctor_schedule table in our database. First we will look at retrieving a schedule.



Figure U.12: Choosing Get Schedule

At first, Dr. Appleseed will have no schedule, and thus an empty table will be displayed:



A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows the URL `localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocGetSchedule?param=Lakers...`. The main content area displays a table with five columns. The columns are labeled **FirstName,LastName**, **clinic**, **Hours**, **VacationDays**, and **Days**. The table is currently empty, with no data rows present.

FirstName,LastName	clinic	Hours	VacationDays	Days
			.	

[Back to Home](#)

Figure U.13: Empty Doctor Schedule

This, of course, corresponds to the fact that no tuple in `doctor_schedule` exists yet in the database (*[Appendix U.1.7](#)).

Now, lets go back (Back to Home Link). Note that this back to home brings you back to the logged in user's homepage.

Let us now select update schedule to make a change to Dr.Appleseed's schedule:

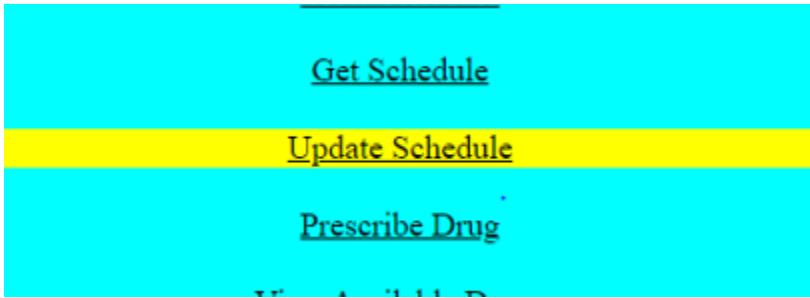


Figure U.14: Selecting update schedule

The update schedule selection prompts this page to appear:

Welcome Nurse Johnny , Appleseed to the Update Schedule page!
Please fill in the form below to update parameters of your unique schedule

Select your Hours: Select your days: Enter Any Vacation Days: (Enter none if N/A)

[Back to your Homepage](#) [Get My Schedule Instead](#)

Figure U.15: Update Schedule Form

The form allows for the selection of various hours (figure U.16) and various days (figure U.17) and a text submitted vacation days. The links 'Back to Homepage' brings you back to the user's homepage, while 'get my schedule instead' brings you to the get my schedule page previously discussed.

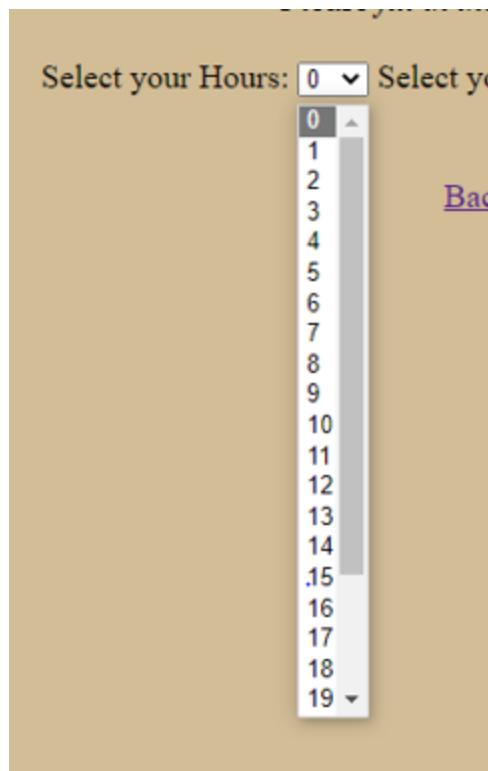


Figure U.16: Dropdown options for hours

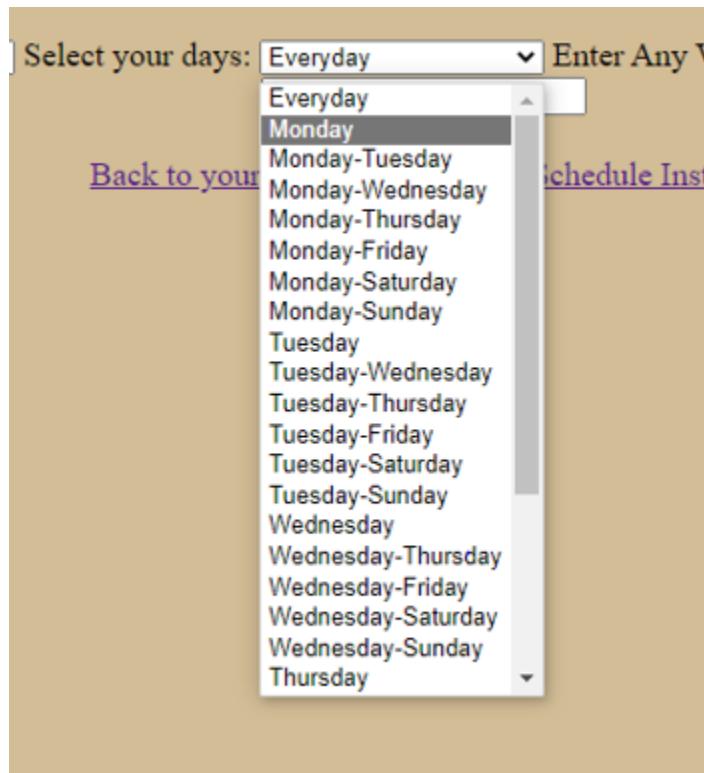


Figure U.17: Dropdown options for days

Let us fill in the form as such:

Select your Hours: Select your days: Enter Any Vacation Days: (Enter none if N/A)

Figure U.18: Sample form for updating doctor schedule

Once submitted we see the success message: (refer to [***Appendix U.4](#) for database change)

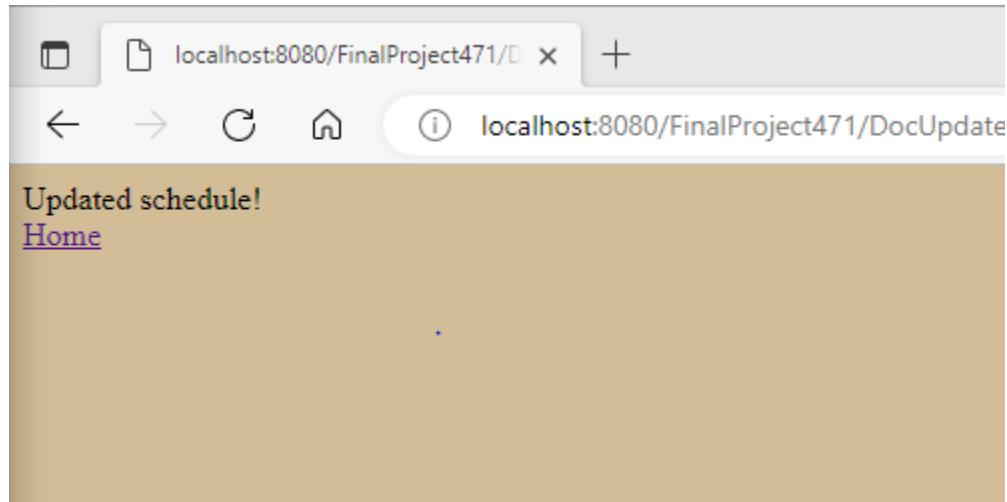


Figure U.19: Successful updated schedule

Now, lets press Home and select update schedule again with these parameters, which will overwrite the previous schedule for this user ([***Appendix U.5](#))

Welcome Doctor Johnny , Appleseed to the Update Schedule page!
Please fill in the form below to update parameters of your unique schedule

Select your Hours: Select your days: Enter Any Vacation Days: (Enter none if N/A)

[Back to your Homepage](#) [Get My Schedule Instead](#)

Figure U.20: Updating again to show overwriting previous schedule

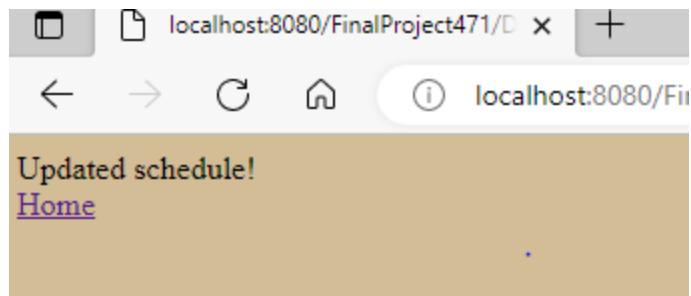


Figure U.21: Successfully overwritten

Now we can show Get Schedule to retrieve an existing schedule. Selecting 'Get Schedule' from the homepage (as in figure U.12) now shows this:

FirstName,LastName	clinic	Hours	VacationDays	Days
Johnny,Appleseed	Oasis Clinic	7	every last month's friday	Monday-Friday

[Back to Home](#)

Figure U.22: Retrieved Schedule via Get Schedule

Notice that the most up to date record from update schedule (ie. figure U.20) is shown due to our system's overwriting policy to avoid multiple schedules.

Following the schedule functionalities, we can discuss all the drug functionalities our system provides to a doctor.

This section will include discussion of the options (from figure U.11): View Available Drugs, Get Drug Info/Drug Search, View prescriptions, Prescribe drug, and request new drug.

Logically, we will first explore the view available drugs option to see the drugs available in our system.

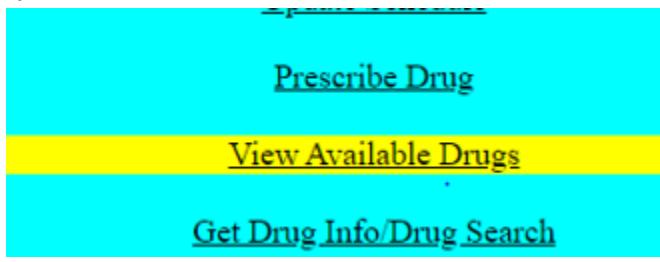


Figure U.23: View Available Drugs option

Pressing the above link yields:

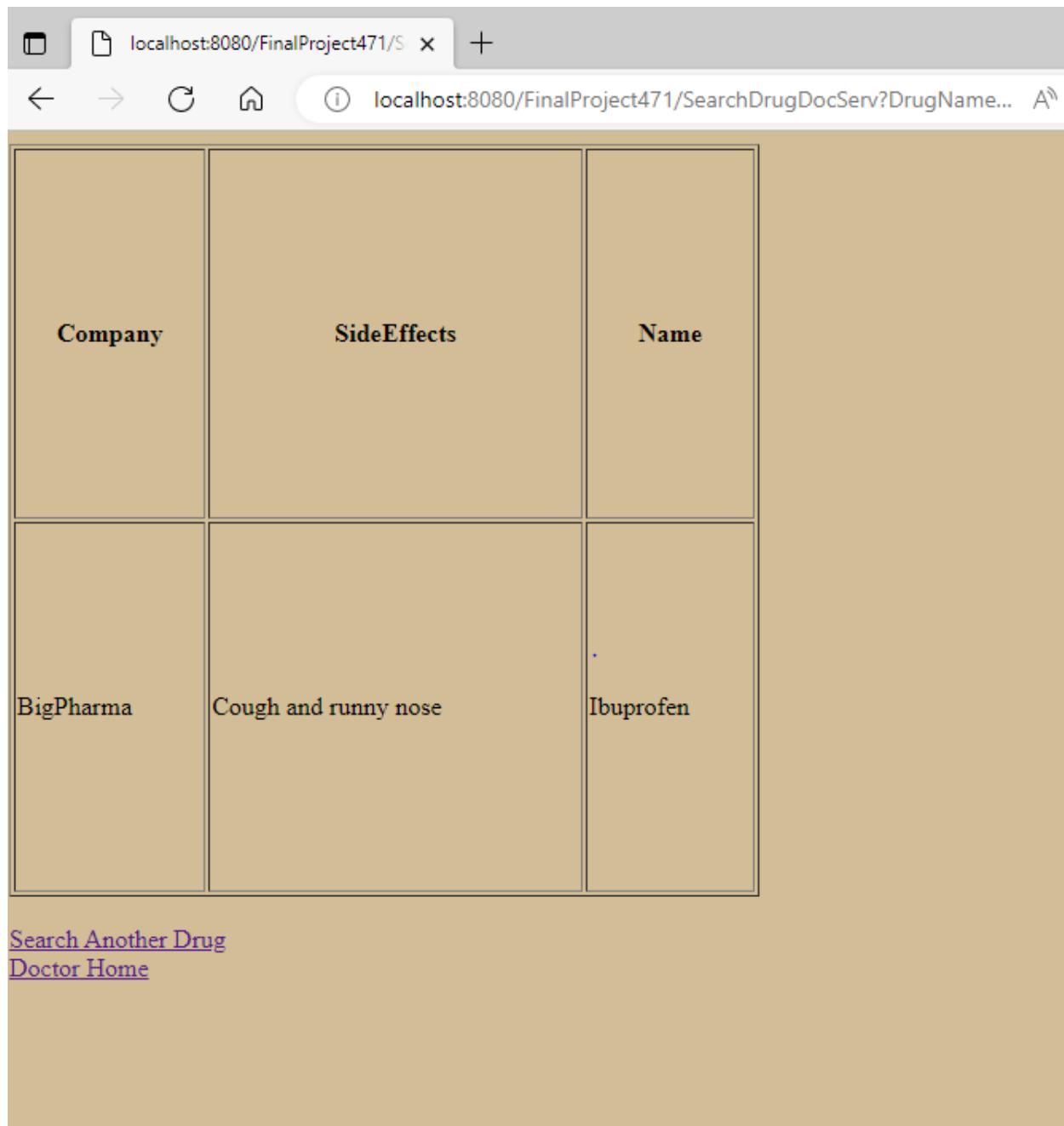
Name	View Drug Info
123	View This Drug Info
Ativan	View This Drug Info
Clenbuterol	View This Drug Info
Clorazepam	View This Drug Info
Hydroxyzine	View This Drug Info
Ibuprofen	View This Drug Info
Klonopin	View This Drug Info
menthol	View This Drug Info
Metranolol	View This Drug Info
Pepto	View This Drug Info
Propranolol	View This Drug Info
Tylenol	View This Drug Info
Xanax	View This Drug Info

[Back to Home](#)

[Search a Specific Drug](#)

Figure U.24: Available Drugs

Here, we see all available drugs registered in our system (refer to ***[Appendix U.1.8](#)), as well as various links. For every drug name in the table printed, there is a link to view this drug info. Pressing it shows more detailed information for that specific drug. For example, we can press the link for 'Ibuprofen' as shown below:



A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows the URL `localhost:8080/FinalProject471/SearchDrugDocServ?DrugName...`. The main content is a table with three columns: 'Company', 'SideEffects', and 'Name'. The table has two rows. The first row contains the column headers. The second row contains the data for the drug 'Ibuprofen', showing 'BigPharma' as the company, 'Cough and runny nose' as the side effects, and 'Ibuprofen' as the name. Below the table, there are two links: 'Search Another Drug' and 'Doctor Home'.

Company	SideEffects	Name
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Ibuprofen

[Search Another Drug](#)
[Doctor Home](#)

Figure U.25: Selecting 'View This Drug Info' for name 'Ibuprofen'

Viewing drug info shows more detailed information, namely Company and SideEffects, for that specific drug. The link 'Search Another Drug' brings you to the drug search shown in figure U.26 (which we will discuss next), and the doctor home brings you back to the familiar doctor homepage.

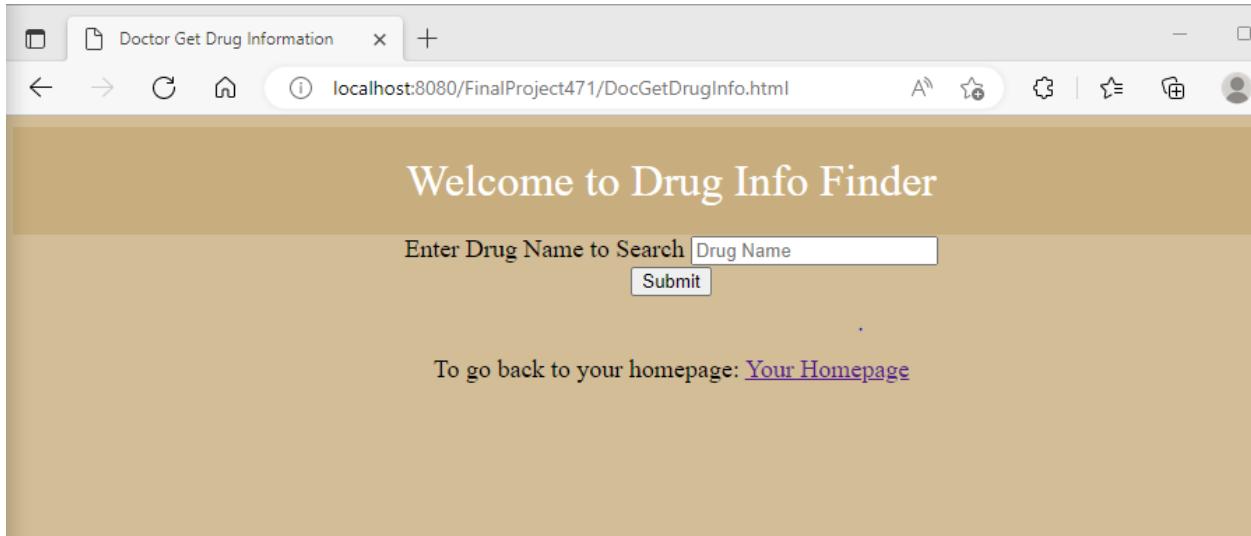


Figure U.26: Drug Search (note: homepage link brings you back to the doctor homepage)

Next, the drug search option seen in figure U.26 is to be discussed. There are 3 pathways to get to this page: (1) Selecting Get Drug Info/Drug Search from the doctor homepage (figure U.27), (2) From the Search a Specific Drug link on the view available drugs page (figure U.24), and (3) Pressing Search Another Drug once viewing a specific drug's info (figure U.25). Any of these options bring you to the above figure U.26.

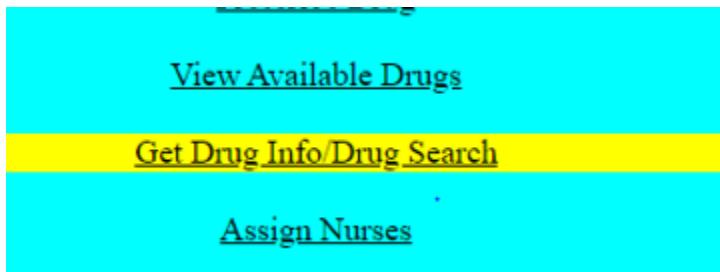


Figure U.27: Drug Search via Doctor Homepage

The purpose of the Drug Search is to be able to view the specific information of a drug by searching its name, and thus provides an alternative to finding the drug in the 'View Available Drugs' table mentioned before.

Searching an existing drug, eg. menthol (figure U.28), yields Figure U.29.

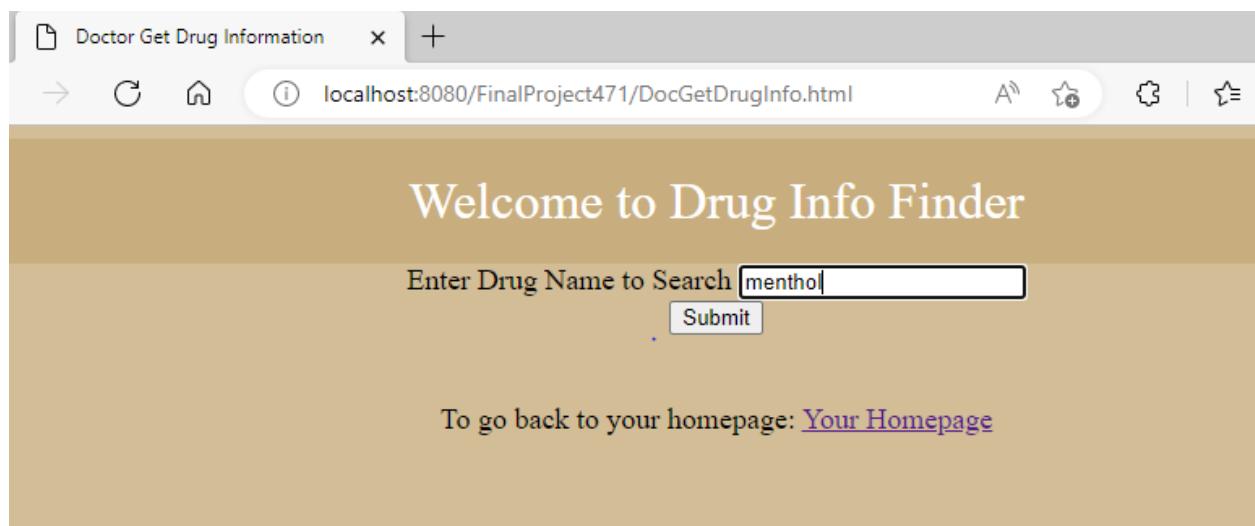
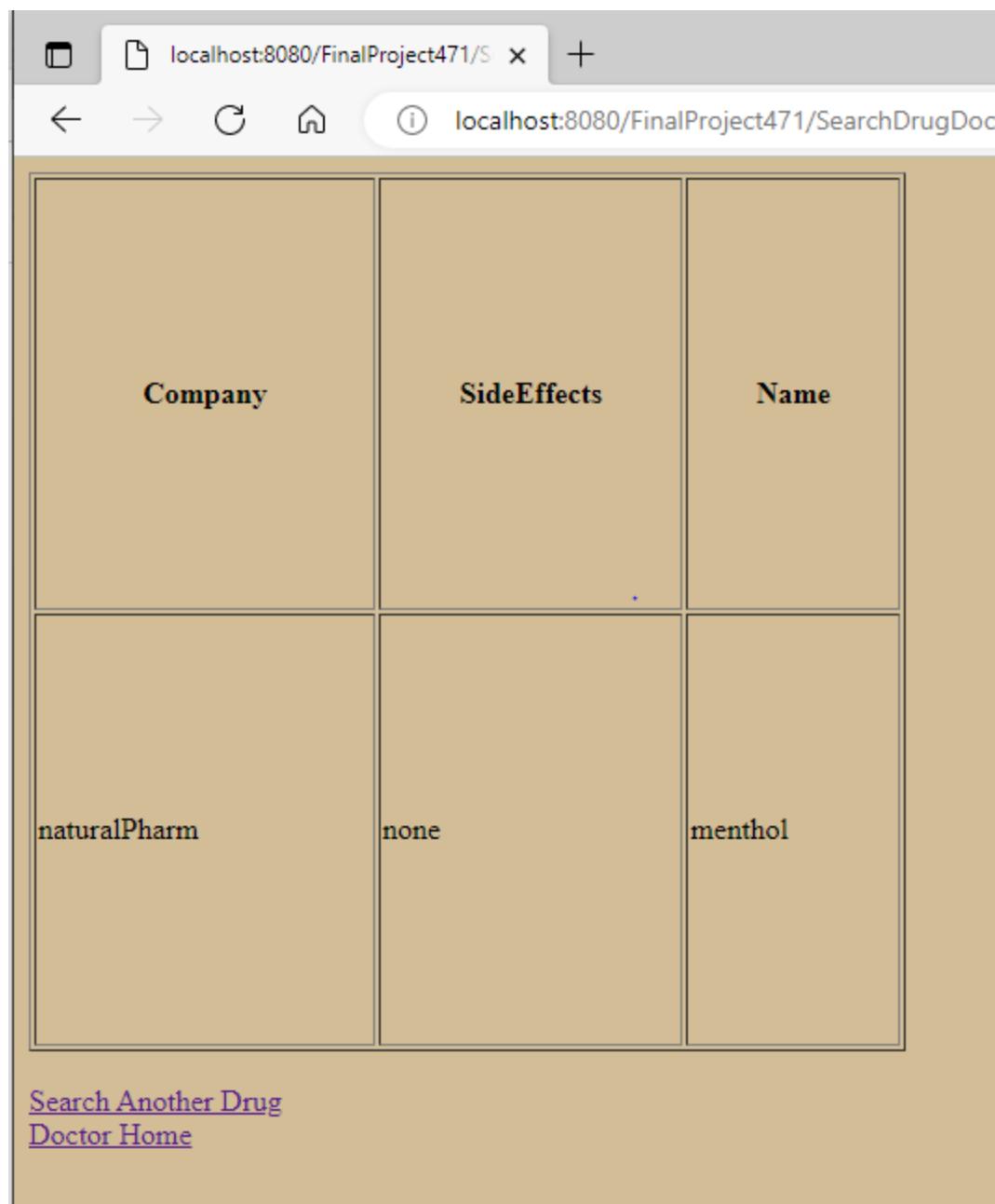


Figure U.28: Searching for existing drug 'menthol'



A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows the URL `localhost:8080/FinalProject471/SearchDrugDoc`. The main content area displays a table with three columns: **Company**, **SideEffects**, and **Name**. A single row is present in the table, containing the values: naturalPharm, none, and menthol respectively. Below the table, there are two links: Search Another Drug and Doctor Home.

Company	SideEffects	Name
naturalPharm	none	menthol

[Search Another Drug](#)
[Doctor Home](#)

Figure U.29: Search result for 'menthol'

Now lets press the Search Another Drug link to search for another drug, this time one that does not exist.

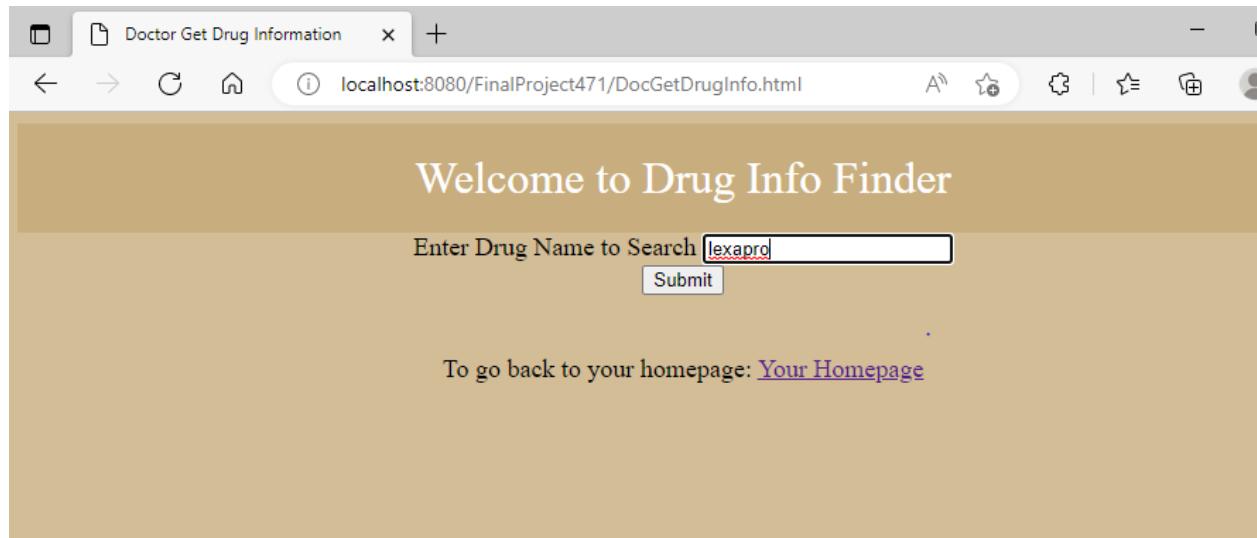
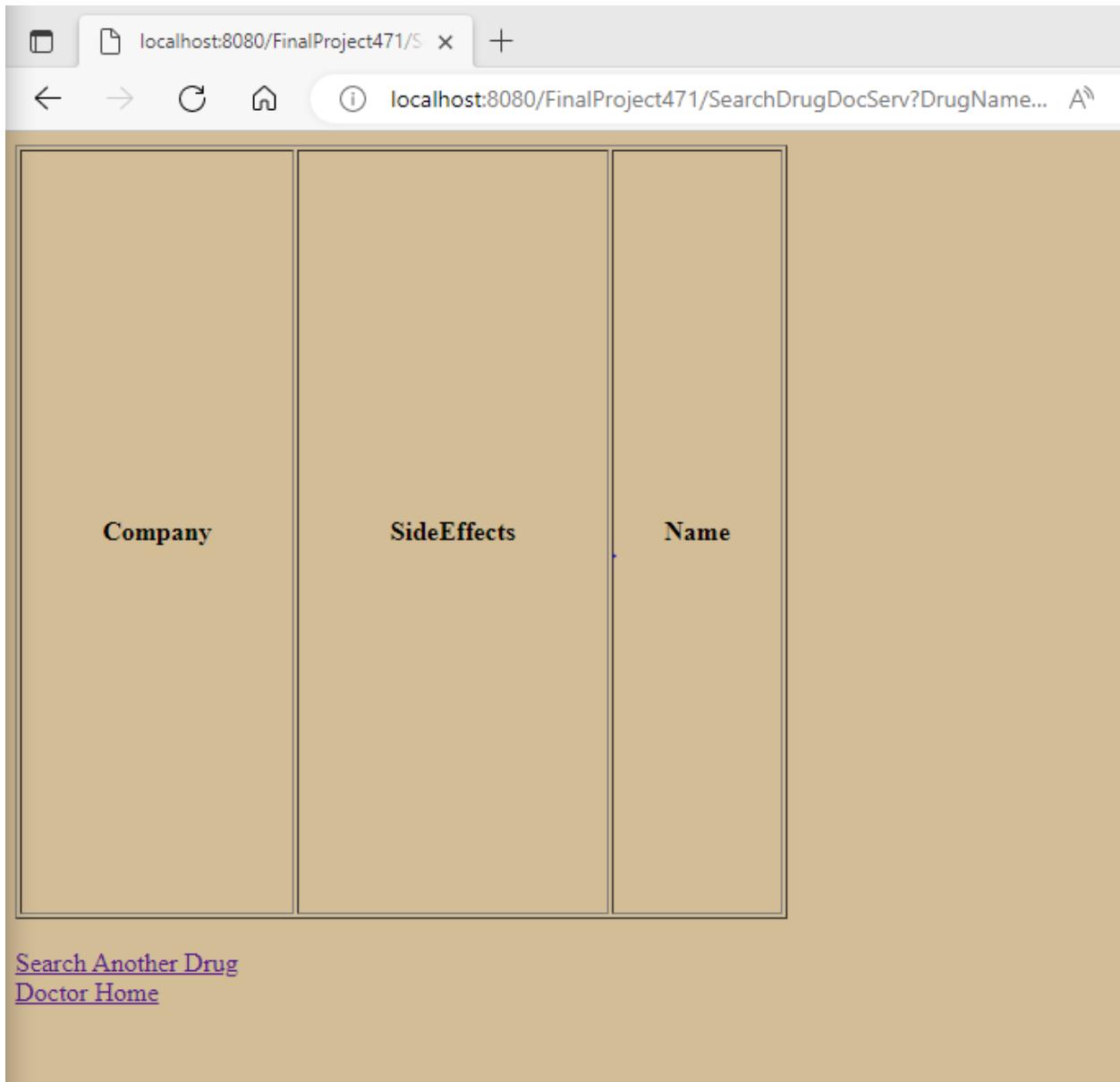


Figure U.30: Searching a drug that does not exist in our database: 'Lexapro'

Which results in an empty table:



A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows the URL `localhost:8080/FinalProject471/SearchDrugDocServ?DrugName...`. The main content area displays an empty table with three columns: 'Company', 'SideEffects', and 'Name'. Below the table, there are two links: 'Search Another Drug' and 'Doctor Home'.

Company	SideEffects	Name

[Search Another Drug](#)
[Doctor Home](#)

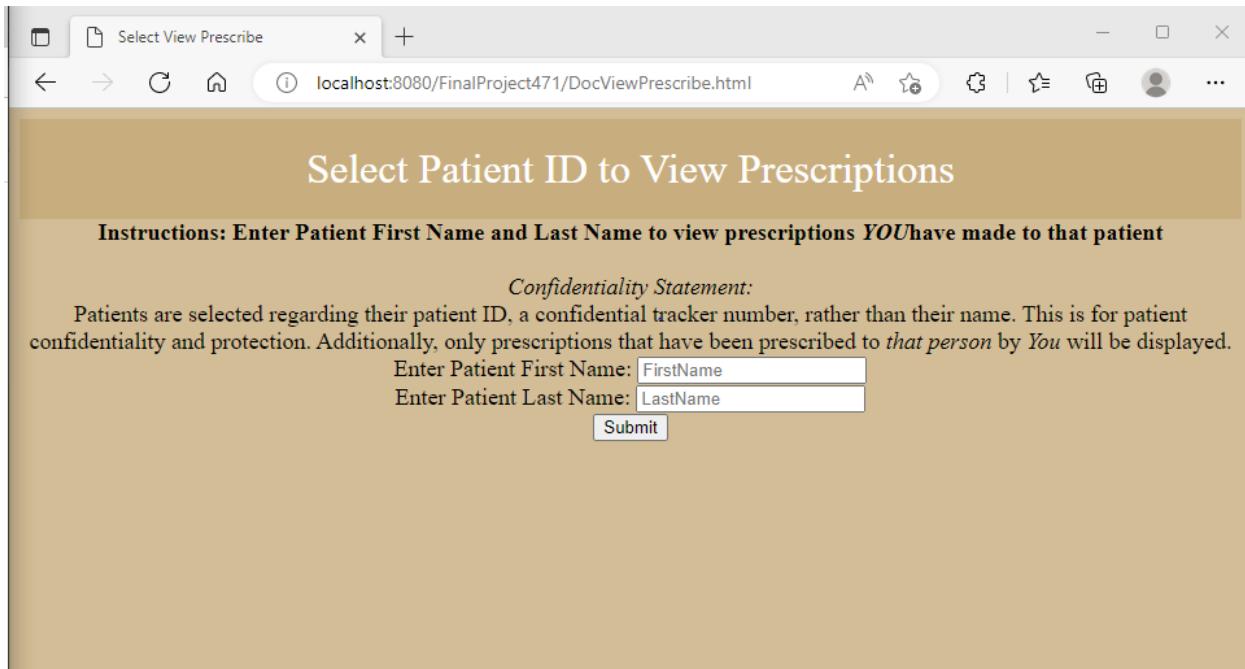
Figure U.31: Empty search for non-existent drug Lexapro (note the use of the term non-existent refers to drugs that are not registered by pharmacists in our database system at that time, and does not indicate whether that drug exists beyond the scope of our system or not)

Now we can discuss the view prescriptions, prescribe drugs and request new drug options. First, viewing prescriptions allows for doctors to view all prescriptions that they have made to specific patients. First, we must select the 'View Prescriptions' option from the homepage:

[View Prescriptions](#)

Figure U.32: View Prescriptions option

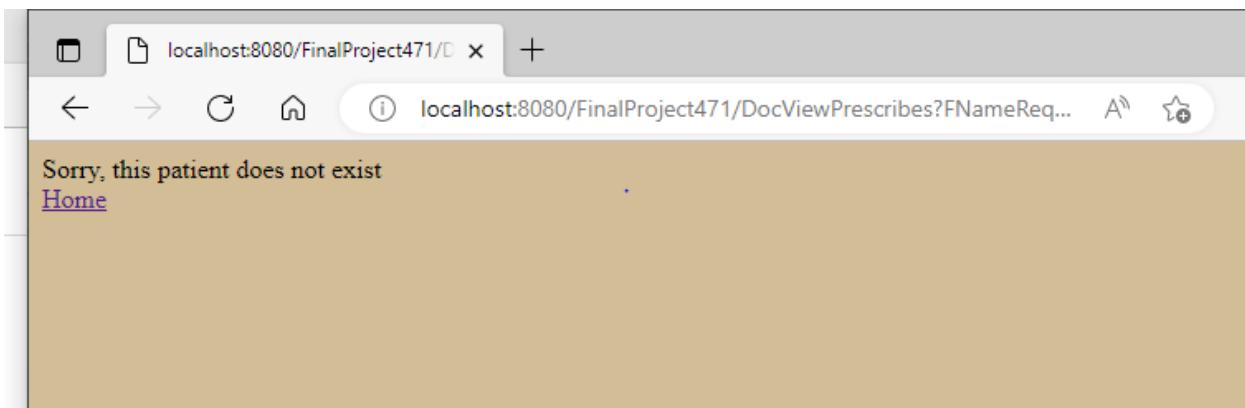
Which brings us to this page:



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title "Select View Prescribe". The URL in the address bar is "localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocViewPrescribe.html". The page content is titled "Select Patient ID to View Prescriptions". It contains instructions: "Instructions: Enter Patient First Name and Last Name to view prescriptions **YOU** have made to that patient". Below this is a "Confidentiality Statement": "Patients are selected regarding their patient ID, a confidential tracker number, rather than their name. This is for patient confidentiality and protection. Additionally, only prescriptions that have been prescribed to *that person* by *You* will be displayed." There are two input fields: "Enter Patient First Name: " and "Enter Patient Last Name: ". A "Submit" button is located below the input fields.

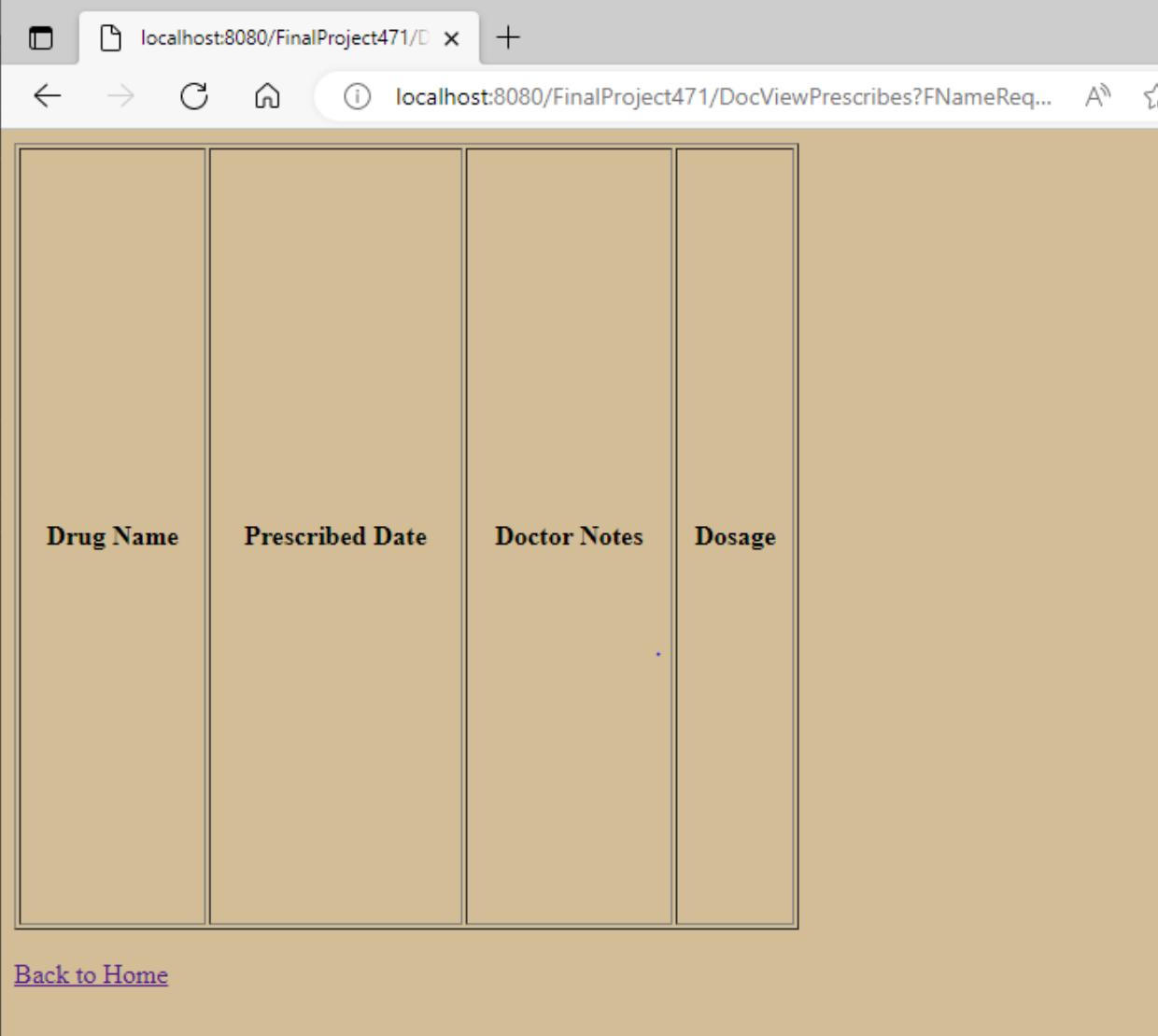
Figure U.33: First Step in viewing prescriptions

Here, the system requires the doctor to enter the first and last names of the patient they are requesting to view prescriptions they made to. For security reasons, the system will only show prescriptions that the currently logged-in doctor made to that specifically searched person. Since Dr. Appleseed has yet to make a prescription, we can show how the system responds to empty or invalid input here. Both an invalid request (entering someone who does not exist) or an empty request (entering a correct patient who has no prescriptions by the logged in doctor) yield similar results:



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title "localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocViewPrescribe.html". The URL in the address bar is "localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocViewPrescribe?FNameReq...". The page content displays the message "Sorry, this patient does not exist" and a link "[Home](#)".

Figure U.34: Entering 'Michael' 'Jordan' as First Name and last name. Since this patient does not exist (refer to appendix u.1.11), we get this message.



A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows the URL `localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocViewPrescribes?FNameReq...`. The main content area displays a table with four columns: 'Drug Name', 'Prescribed Date', 'Doctor Notes', and 'Dosage'. All four columns are empty. Below the table, a link Back to Home is visible.

Drug Name	Prescribed Date	Doctor Notes	Dosage

[Back to Home](#)

Figure U.35: Entering 'Frank' 'Ocean' as the patient name. This patient does exist, but does not have any prescriptions from this doctor (**Appendix U.1.14), and thus an empty set is shown.

In order to view prescriptions without showing an empty set, we must go and prescribe a drug to a patient to see it. To do this, lets press 'Back to Home' and select the 'Prescribe Drug' option:

Welcome Dr. Johnny , Appleseed

[Logout](#)

[View Schedule](#)

[Get Schedule](#)

[Update Schedule](#)

[Prescribe Drug](#)

[View Available Drugs](#)

[Get Drug Info/Drug Search](#)

[Assign Nurses](#)

[Nurse ID Lookup](#)

[View Prescriptions](#)

[Prescribe Drug](#)

[Request New Drug](#)

[Insert Patient History](#)

[Insert Patient Conditions](#)

[View Patient History or Conditions](#)

[View Your Appointments](#)

[Patient ID Lookup](#)

Figure U.36: Prescribe Drug from Doctor Homepage (NOTE: first prescribe drug option is a duplicate that will be removed at the time of final code submission)

Selecting prescribe drug yields the following page:

Prescribe Drug - Next Step

Hello, Johnny Appleseed

Select the Drug to prescribe from available drugs in the system:

Select Drug to Assign 123 Select Patient to Prescribe to 462380 Prescription Month 1 Prescription Day 1
Prescription Year 2000 Enter any Doctor Notes Notes Enter Dosage Dosage Submit

Reminder: Use the 'request drugs' link on your homepage to request a drug not in the system!

Note: Patient ID is used for patient confidentiality purposes, rather than name

[Home](#)

Figure U.37: Prescribe Drug

The resulting form includes a dropdown for the drug name to assign which includes every available drug as an option, a dropdown to select the patient ID to prescribe to (with every patient as an option), the month (1-12), day (1-31), the year (2000-2022), and doctor notes and dosage text fields. Lets fill the form with these example values:

Prescribe Drug - Next Step

Hello, Johnny Appleseed

Select the Drug to prescribe from available drugs in the system:

Select Drug to Assign Pepto Select Patient to Prescribe to 11111 Prescription Month 6 Prescription Day 17
Prescription Year 2022 Enter any Doctor Notes Take in morning Enter Dosage 400mg daily Submit

Reminder: Use the 'request drugs' link on your homepage to request a drug not in the system!

Note: Patient ID is used for patient confidentiality purposes, rather than name

[Home](#)

Figure U.38: Sample prescription form entry. Here, we are prescribing to the patient 'Pat Zero' with ID=11111 (refer to appendix U.1 to see this patient in database)

Submitting this form (and thus prescribing to this patient):



Figure U.39: A successful prescription!

The tangible database alterations may be viewed in Appendix U.6. Recall previously that the use of required fields to avoid NULLs applies to every form, including this one. Paired with the dropdown menus for certain fields, this prescription process is protected from unsuccessful prescription occurrences.

Now that we prescribed to patient id=11111, we can go back and view the prescriptions. But first, we can briefly show the patient ID lookup option, which allows doctors to match patient names with their IDs for forms that require IDs (like prescribing).

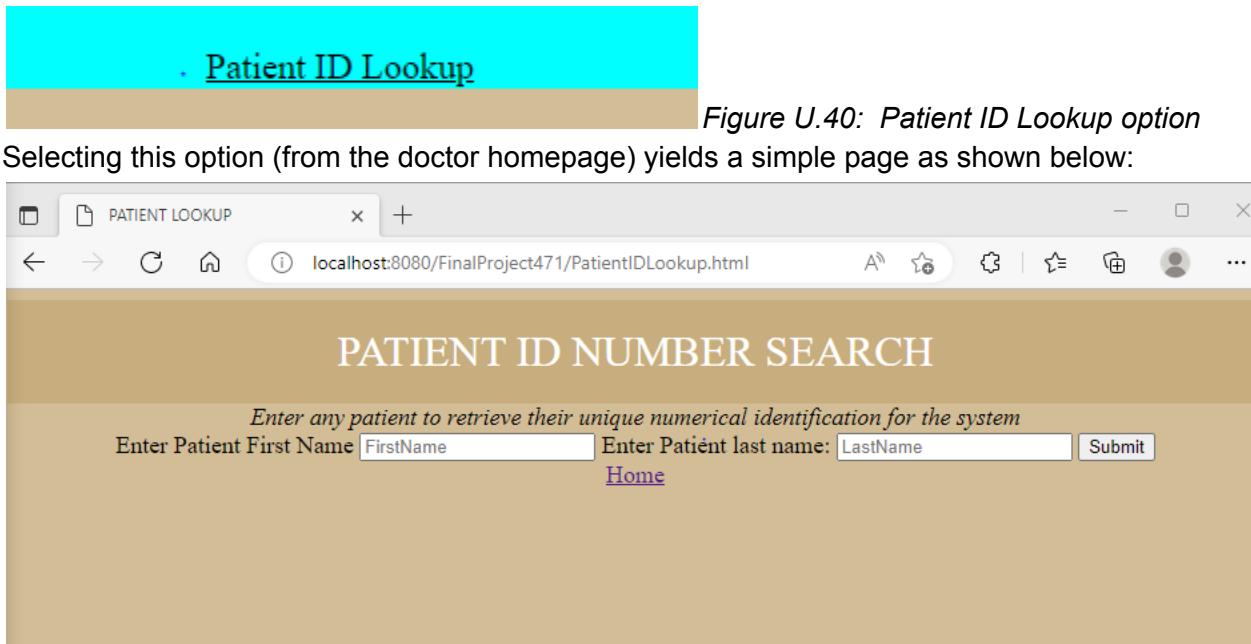


Figure U.41: Patient ID Lookup Search form

This allows us to search for patients' IDs, which is critical for many operations such as prescribing. Let's search up an existing user: Pat Zero, who we previously prescribed to.

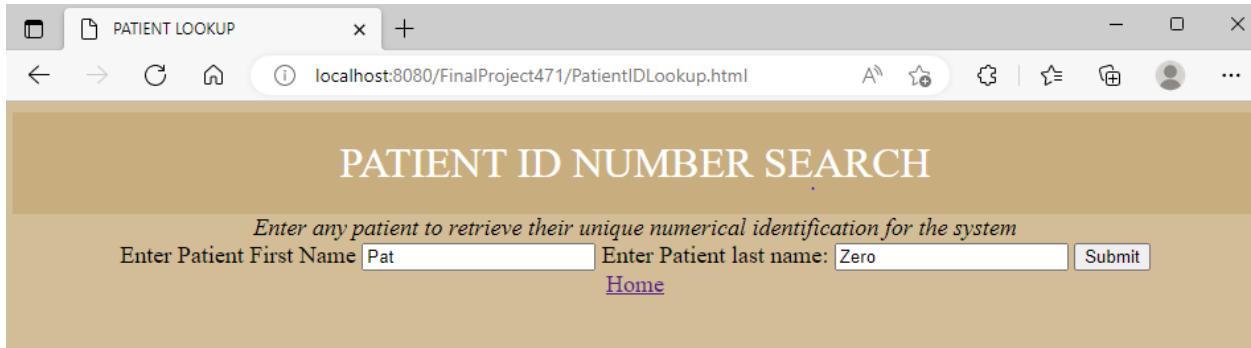


Figure U.42: Searching for Patient 'Pat Zero'

The result of submit is:



Figure U.43: A successful search!

As seen in the figure above, the search retrieves the ID for that patient that is searched. Going back and searching for a non-existent patient "QWER TYU", the search gives us this:



Figure U.44: An unsuccessful search

Now we can go back and prescribe again to ID 11111 corresponding to Pat Zero, and show the view prescriptions with multiple prescriptions to a patient.

Prescription-Next Step

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocPrescribeInit?param=Lakers...

Prescribe Drug - Next Step

Hello, Johnny Appleseed

Select the Drug to prescribe from available drugs in the system:

Select Drug to Assign: Ativan Select Patient to Prescribe to: 11111 Prescription Month: 12 Prescription Day: 4
 Prescription Year: 2022 Enter any Doctor Notes: Call 911 if signs of stroke Enter Dosage: 100mg biweekly

Reminder: Use the 'request drugs' link on your homepage to request a drug not in the system!

Note: Patient ID is used for patient confidentiality purposes, rather than name

[Home](#)

Figure U.45: Another prescription to the same patient

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/...

Successful Prescription

Patient: 11111
 Drug: Ativan
 Date: 12/4/2022
 Notes: Call 911 if signs of stroke
 Dosage: 100mg biweekly

[Go Home](#)

Figure U.46: After submitting figure U.45

Select View Prescribe

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocViewPrescribe.html

Select Patient ID to View Prescriptions

Instructions: Enter Patient First Name and Last Name to view prescriptions **YOU** have made to that patient

Confidentiality Statement:
 Patients are selected regarding their patient ID, a confidential tracker number, rather than their name. This is for patient confidentiality and protection. Additionally, only prescriptions that have been prescribed to *that person* by *You* will be displayed.

Enter Patient First Name:
 Enter Patient Last Name:

Figure U.47: Viewing our prescriptions to Pat Zero now after previous transactions

Drug Name	Prescribed Date	Doctor Notes	Dosage
Ativan	12/4/2022	Call 911 if signs of stroke	100mg biweekly
Pepto	6/17/2022	Take in morning	400mg daily

[Back to Home](#)

Figure U.48: Result of figure U.47 now

But what if the drug that the doctor wants to prescribe isn't available? In this case, the doctor can simply press the "Request New Drug" link on their homepage, which allows them to request the drug to the system.

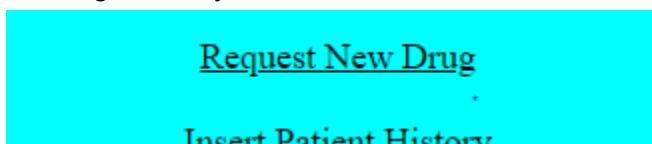


Figure U.49: Request New Drug

Selecting this option:

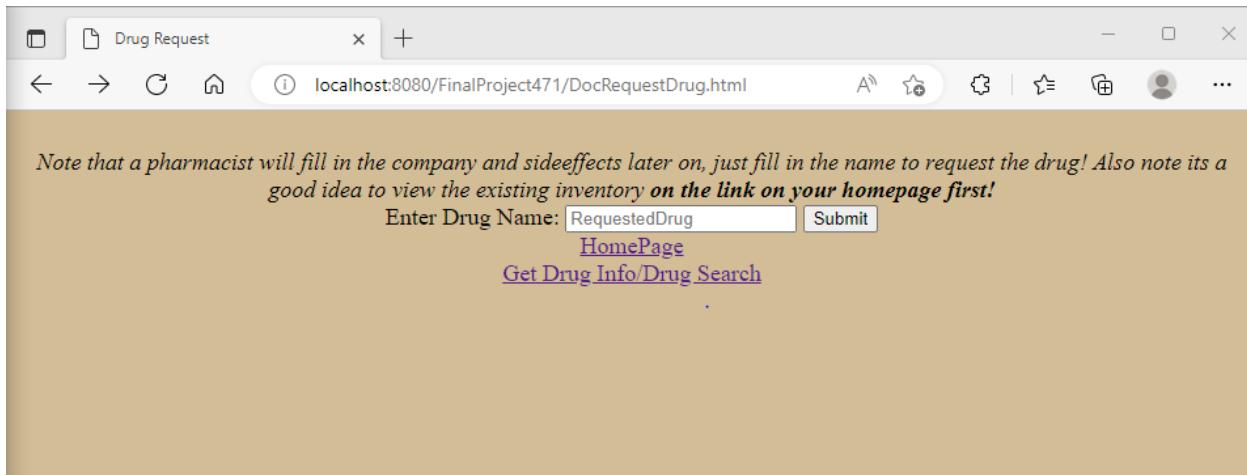


Figure U.50: Selecting Request New Drug. ‘Homepage’ link brings you back to doctor homepage, ‘Get Drug Info/Drug Search’ brings you to the drug search (previously discussed), which allows doctors to search if the drug is in the system before requesting it

The functionality of this option is that the doctor can request a drug by name. Doing so sends the drug to the database with NULL values for all non-name attributes. A pharmacist must login and monitor for newly created drugs, and has the capability of seeing newly requested drugs since their last login and it is that pharmacist’s job to then fill in the NULL attributes for that requested drug. The pharmacist-side drug request management will be discussed in the pharmacist functionality section of this user manual, and thus we will only focus on the doctor-side for now.

Let’s request the drug ‘Adderall’ to the system.

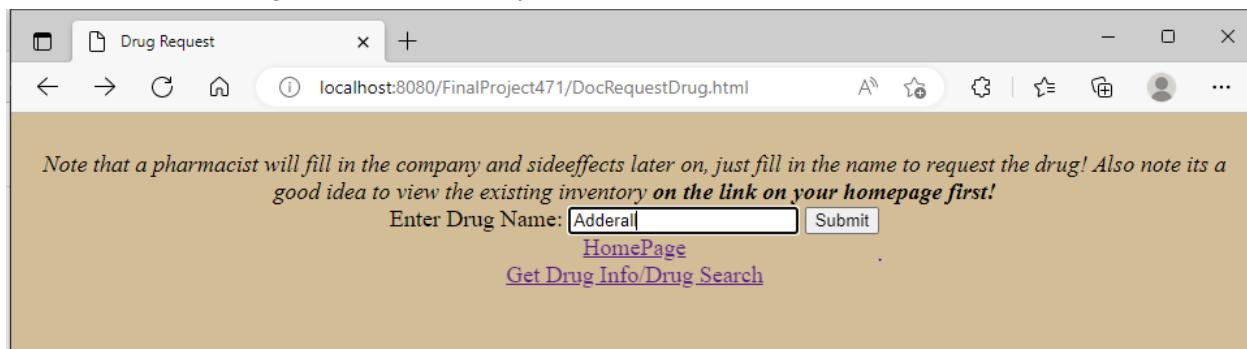


Figure U.51: Doctor requests drug Adderall

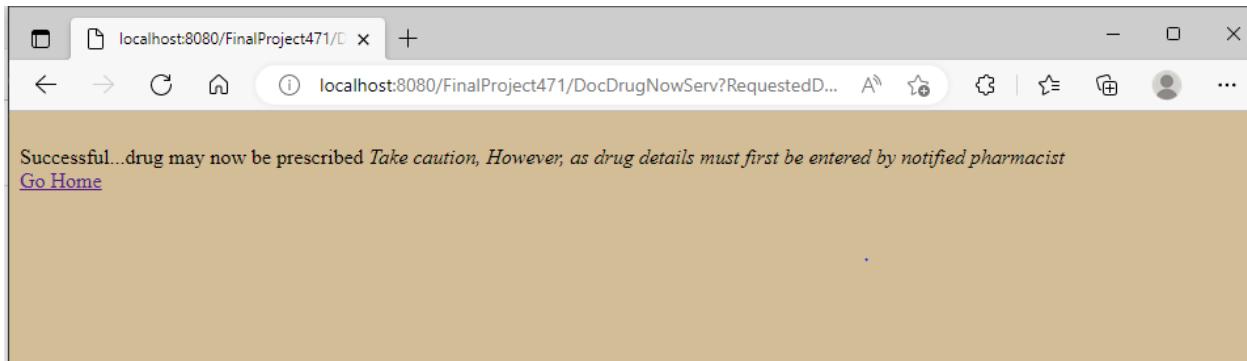


Figure U.52: Result of requesting Adderall

As seen above, the drug has been successfully requested, but requires a pharmacist to fully enter the drug info into the system. However, the drug may still be prescribed in the meantime by doctors. (Refer to Appendix U.7 for database change from this transaction)

Now lets go back and show what happens when we attempt to request an existing drug to the system:

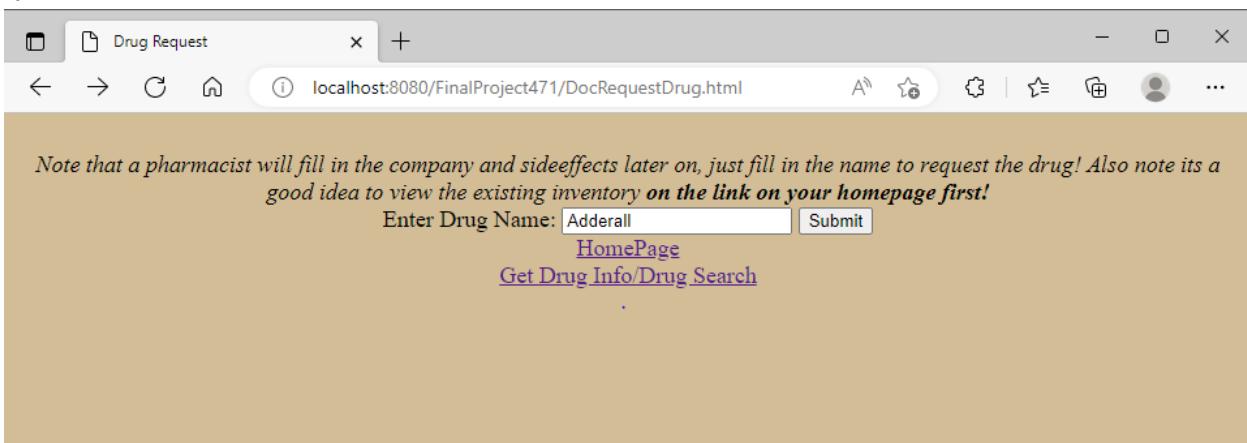


Figure U.53: Re-requesting an existing drug (Adderall again)

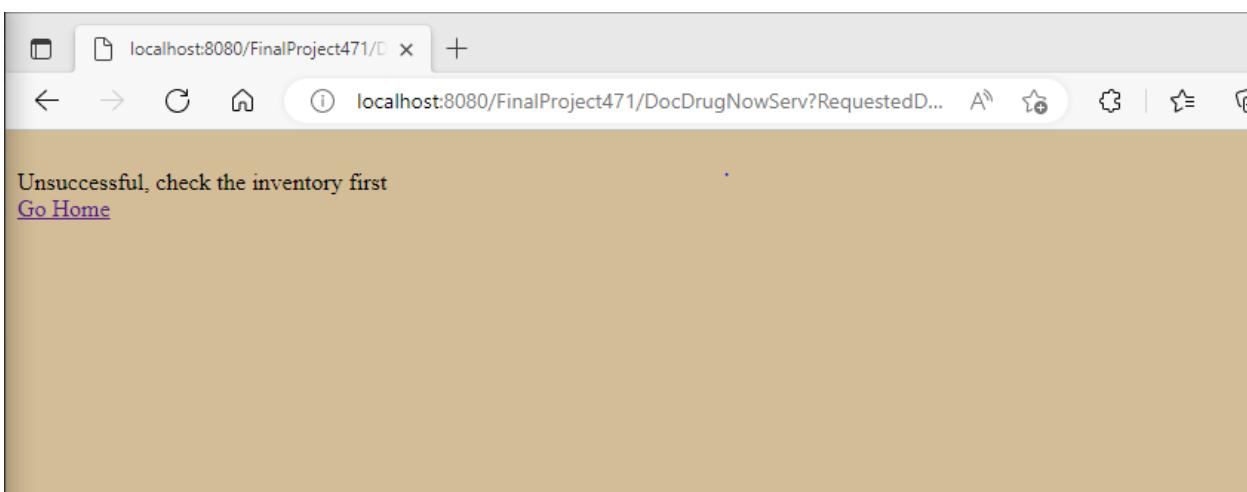


Figure U.54: Message when trying to request an existing drug

As seen above, the system does not allow for the primary key of drugs to be violated and therefore never allows for requesting a duplicate drug.

Now we have seen the drug functionalities of a doctor. We can now move on to the Assign Nurses and Nurse ID Lookup options for a doctor.

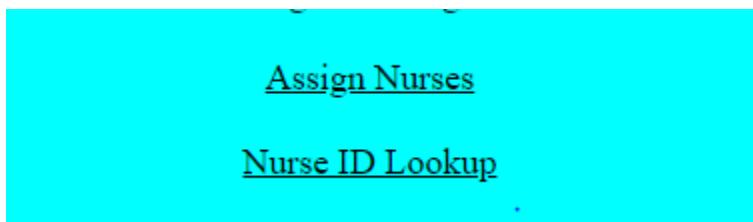


Figure U.55: Assign Nurses and Nurse ID Lookup options on Doctor Homepage

The Assign Nurses option gives doctors the opportunity to manage their staff, specifically the nurses working for them. Firstly, doctors have the capability to, much like with patient, retrieve the unique numeric ID value for a specific nurse, which will be needed for various functions. To do so, the doctor must press Nurse ID Lookup.

Once selected, the search form appears:

A screenshot of a web browser window showing the 'Nurse ID Search' page. The page has a brown header with the text 'Nurse ID Search'. Below the header, there is an instruction: 'Instructions: Enter first name and last name of nurse to retrieve their ID #'. There are two input fields: 'Enter Nurse First Name:' with an input box labeled 'FirstName' and 'Enter Nurse Last Name:' with an input box labeled 'LastName'. Below the input fields are two buttons: 'Submit' and 'Return Home'. The URL in the address bar is 'localhost:8080/FinalProject471/NurseIDLookup.html'.

Figure U.56: Nurse ID Search page for Doctors

Here, Doctors must search up a nurse by first name and last name to retrieve ID (refer to the appendix U.1 to see existing nurses in our sample database state). The two possible outcomes

are shown below:



Figure U.57: Searching a non-existent nurse gives a *Nurse Does not Exist* message, with links to the Doctor Homepage as well as the option to go back to do another search



Figure U.58: A successful ID search for Nurse ("Jaa Daniels") (refer to appendix u1 to see nurses in our sample)

Now a doctor can retrieve the ID for any nurse in the system. Going back to the homepage, we can select Assign Nurses to assign a nurse to a clinic under our supervision. To do so, we must

first press Assign Nurses option:

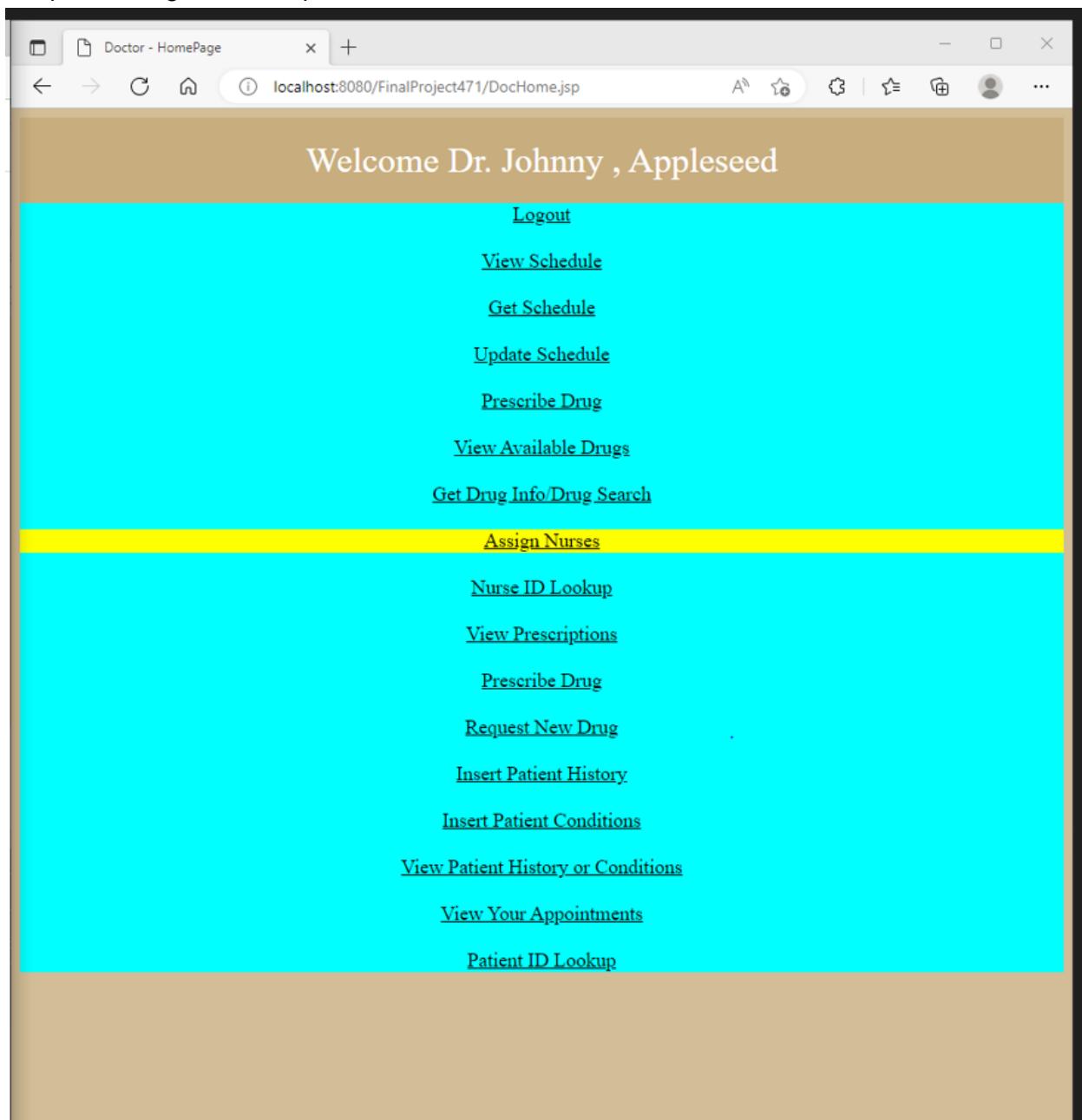


Figure U.59: Selecting Assign Nurses from Doctor Homepage

The first step in assigning a nurse is selecting the clinic:

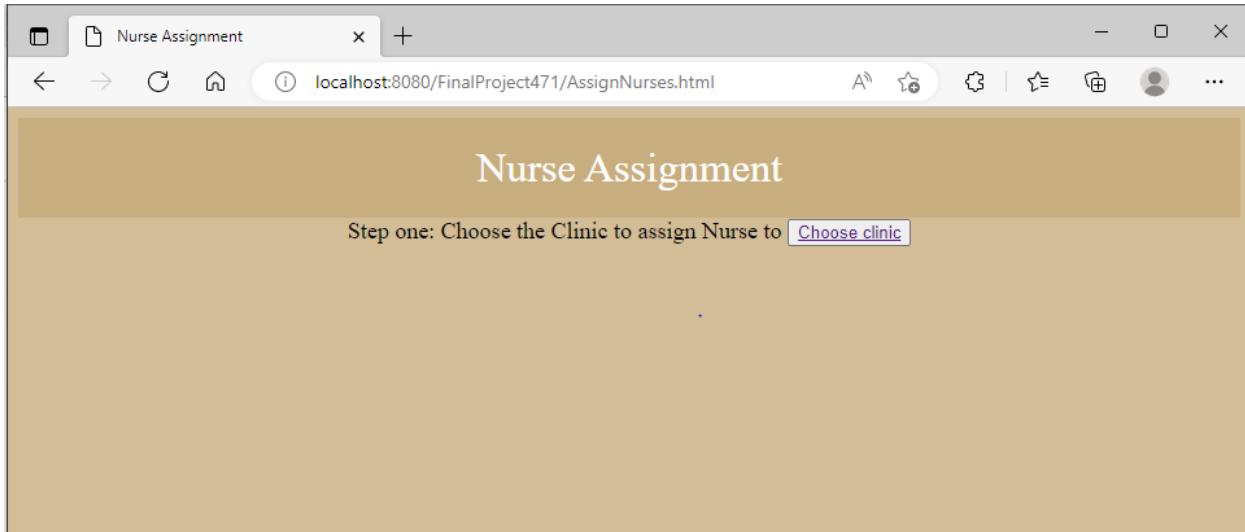


Figure U.60: Step One of Nurse Assignment

Here we see a button urging us to choose a clinic. Once pressed we obtain:

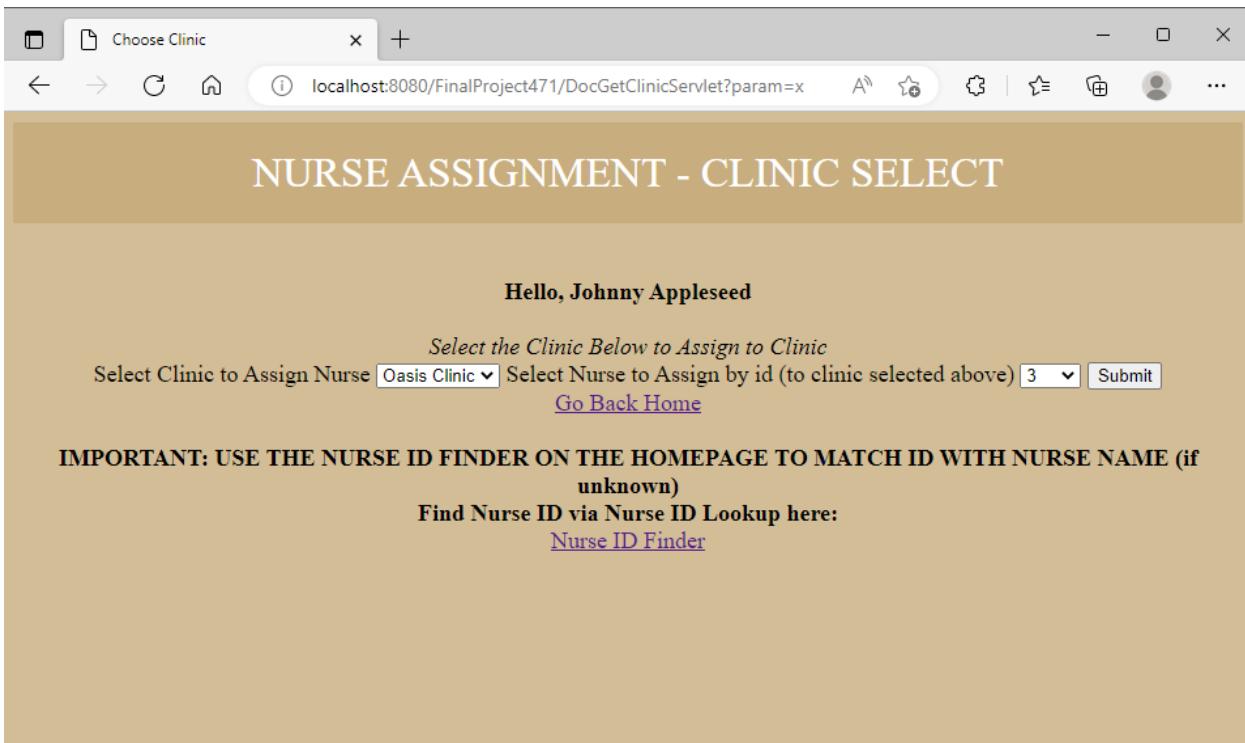


Figure U.61: Next step in nurse assignment (also note the homepage link and nurse id finder link underneath the form)

Now we see a detailed selection page, with a dropdown for clinic (containing every existing clinic as an option), as well as a dropdown menu for each existing Nurse ID (containing every existing nurse).

Select the Clinic Below to Assign to Clinic

Select Clinic to Assign Nurse Select Nurse to Assign by id (to clinic selected above)

IMPORTANT: USE THE NURSE ID FINDER ON THE HOMEPAGE TO MATCH ID WITH NURSE NAME (if unknown)

Figure U.61: Clinic option dropdown

Select the Clinic Below to Assign to Clinic

Select Nurse to Assign by id (to clinic selected above)

[Go Back Home](#)

IMPORTANT: USE THE NURSE ID FINDER ON THE HOMEPAGE TO MATCH ID WITH NURSE NAME (if unknown)

Figure U.62: All nurses dropdown (see appendix u.1 to see all nurses and their IDs)

Because of the quiddity of the dropdown menus, the user is unable to assign a non-existent nurse and/or a non-existent clinic, thus protecting the system.

For this example, lets assign the nurse 'Ri Lu', whose ID equals 3 to the clinic 'XClinic'. Note that this nurse is currently assigned to Oasis Clinic ([Appendix U.8 for full database transactions](#)).

Choose Clinic

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocGetClinicServlet?param=x

NURSE ASSIGNMENT - CLINIC SELECT

Hello, Johnny Appleseed

Select the Clinic Below to Assign to Clinic

Select Clinic to Assign Nurse Select Nurse to Assign by id (to clinic selected above)

[Go Back Home](#)

IMPORTANT: USE THE NURSE ID FINDER ON THE HOMEPAGE TO MATCH ID WITH NURSE NAME (if unknown)

Find Nurse ID via Nurse ID Lookup here:

[Nurse ID Finder](#)

Figure U.63: Assigning nurse Ri Lu

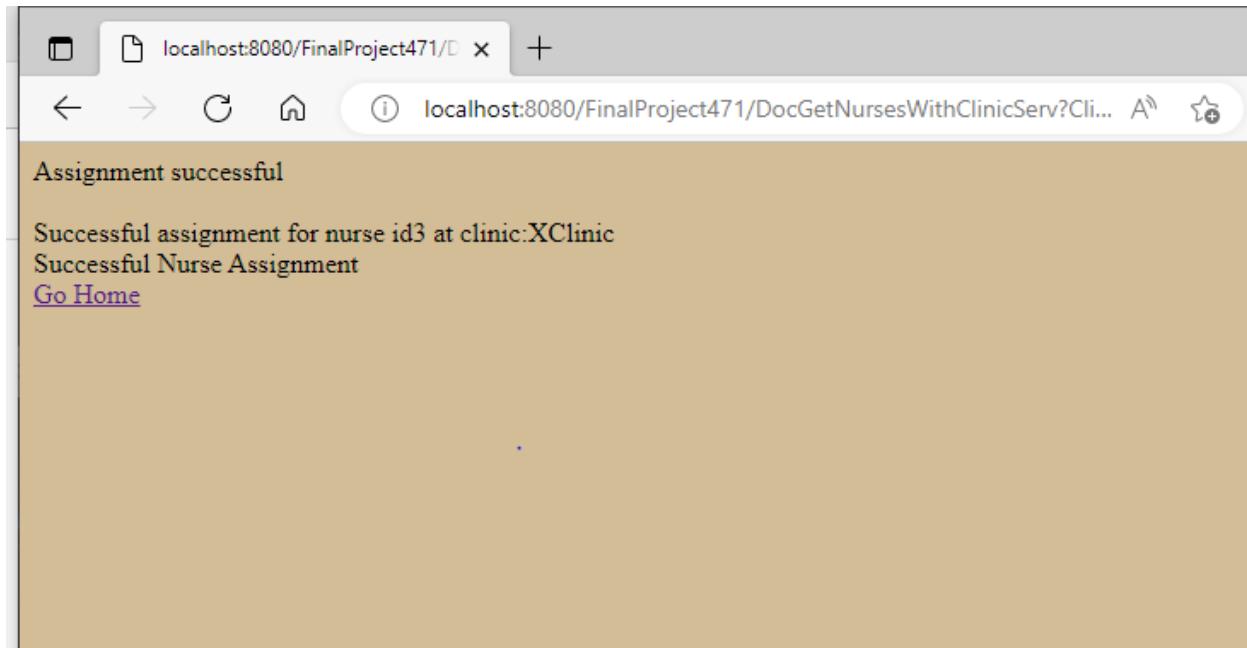


Figure U.64: Successful assignment of Ri Lu

As we can see, we get a successful assignment message, with a link to the doctor homepage. Refer to [appendix u.8](#) to view the database change.

Now, lets go back and see what happens when we change the same nurse by attempting to assign them to their existing clinic (ie. try to assign them to XClinic which they are now assigned to).

Repeating the previous steps, we select the 'assign nurse' option and fill in the form for ID=3 and Clinic='XClinic'. Submitting we see:

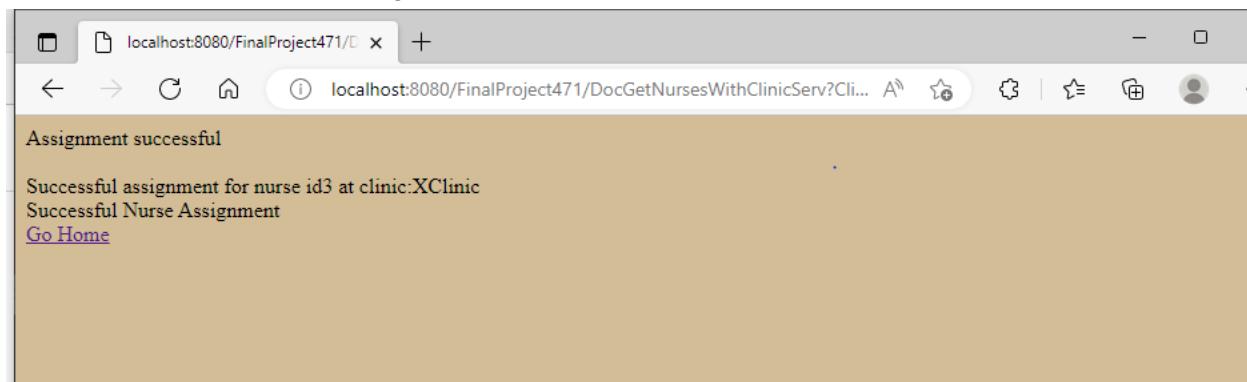


Figure U.65: Assigning RI Lu to their existing clinic

We see the successful assignment message again, as we have assigned them from XClinic to Xclinic. Although the nature of this change is meaningless, it is nonetheless a tangible and valid assignment.

Now we can discuss the few remaining doctor functions available on their homepage: Insert patient history, insert patient conditions, view patient history or conditions and view appointments.

First, lets show the view appointments option:

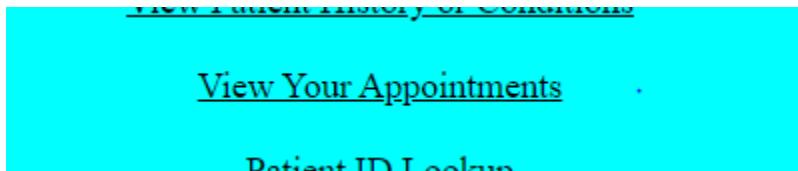


Figure U.66: View Your Appointments option

Here, a doctor can view any scheduled appointments that a patient has booked in the system. First, lets look at Dr. Appleseed's, which is empty (since we just created him):

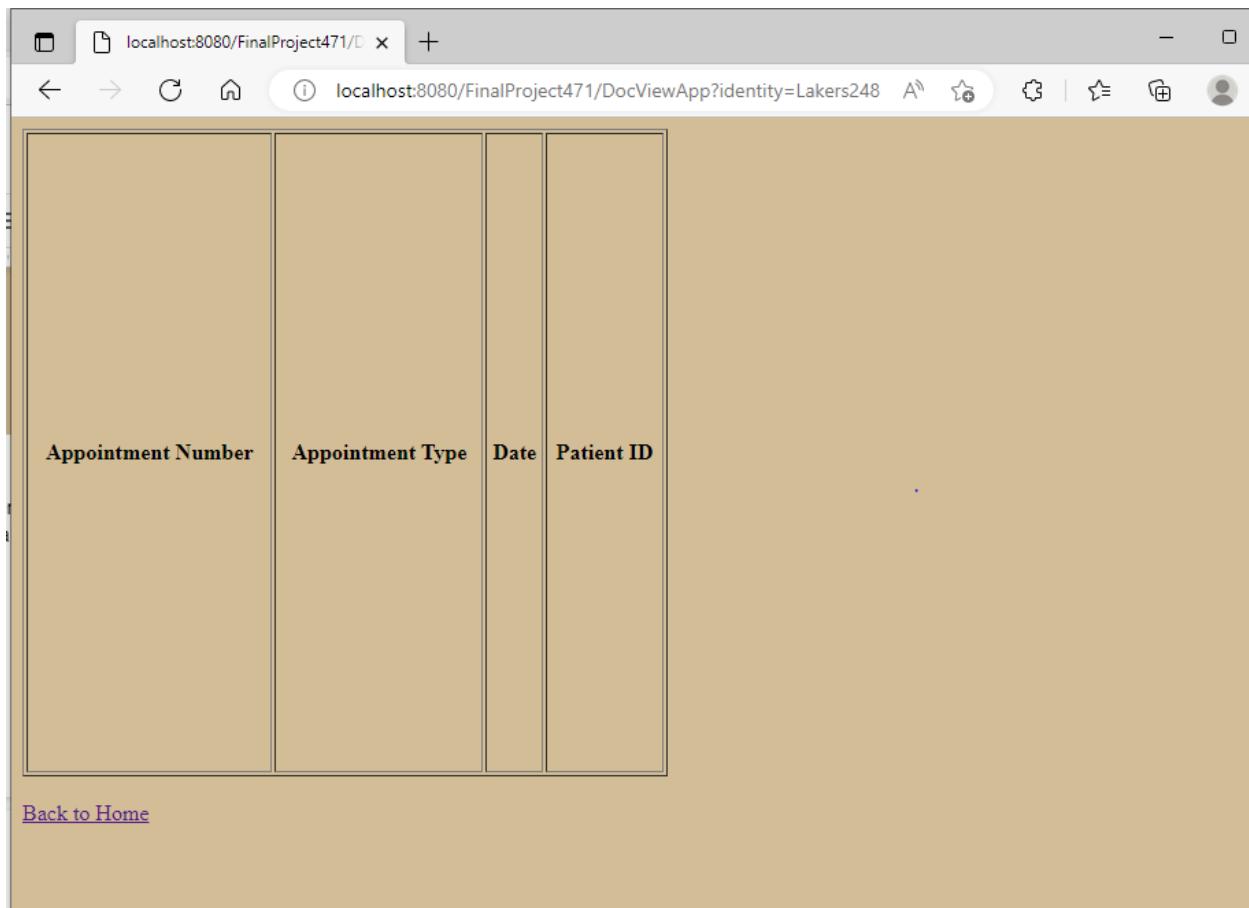


Figure U.67: An empty view appointment table for a doctor with no scheduled appointments

Now, lets briefly logout of Dr.Appleseed's account and login to Dr.Fir Nam to see what a doctor with appointments booked looks like for this option (refer to appendix u.1 to see that this doctor has an appointment).

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocViewApp?identity=fna@

Appointment Number	Appointment Type	Date	Patient ID
2	Checkup	3:45,3/10/2022	11111

[Back to Home](#)

Figure U.68: Dr.Fir Nam's view appointments - which is not empty

Now lets logout and log back in to Dr.Appleseed's account to continue along with our example.

Now we can discuss Insert Patient History.

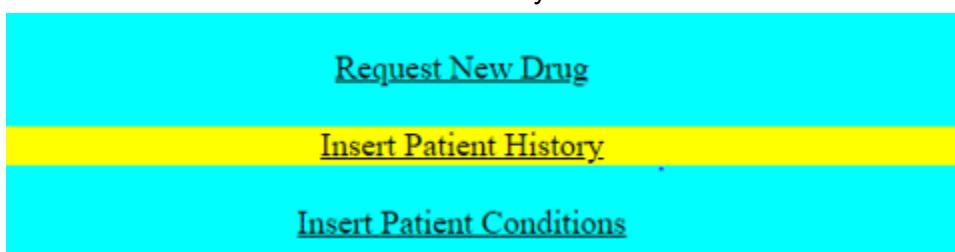
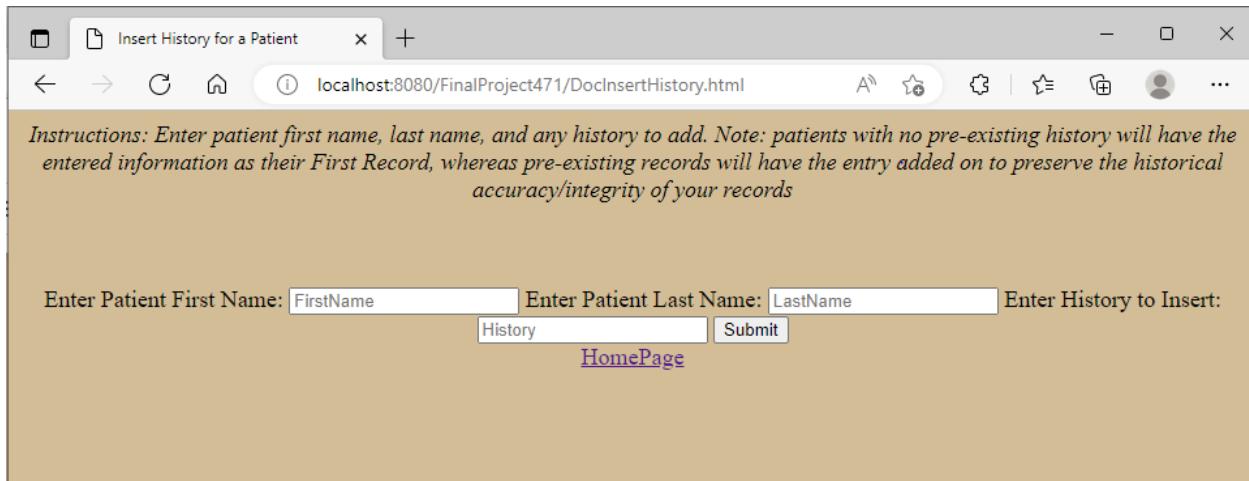


Figure U.69: Insert Patient History

Here, a doctor has the ability to insert history into a patient's records. The policy of our system is to (a) Insert a new record if no history exists for that patient, and (b) Concatenate the history to the existing history if records already exist. This is to maintain the historical accuracy and integrity of a patient's medical history.

Pressing this option yields this option:



Instructions: Enter patient first name, last name, and any history to add. Note: patients with no pre-existing history will have the entered information as their First Record, whereas pre-existing records will have the entry added on to preserve the historical accuracy/integrity of your records

Enter Patient First Name: Enter Patient Last Name: Enter History to Insert:

[HomePage](#)

Figure U.70: The Insert History page for Doctors

Here, a doctor must enter the first name and last name for a patient, as well as the history to add.

First, lets enter history for a nonsensical patient that does not exist:



Instructions: Enter patient first name, last name, and any history to add. Note: patients with no pre-existing history will have the entered information as their First Record, whereas pre-existing records will have the entry added on to preserve the historical accuracy/integrity of your records

Enter Patient First Name: Enter Patient Last Name: Enter History to Insert:

[HomePage](#)

Figure U.71: Trying to insert history to non-existent patient

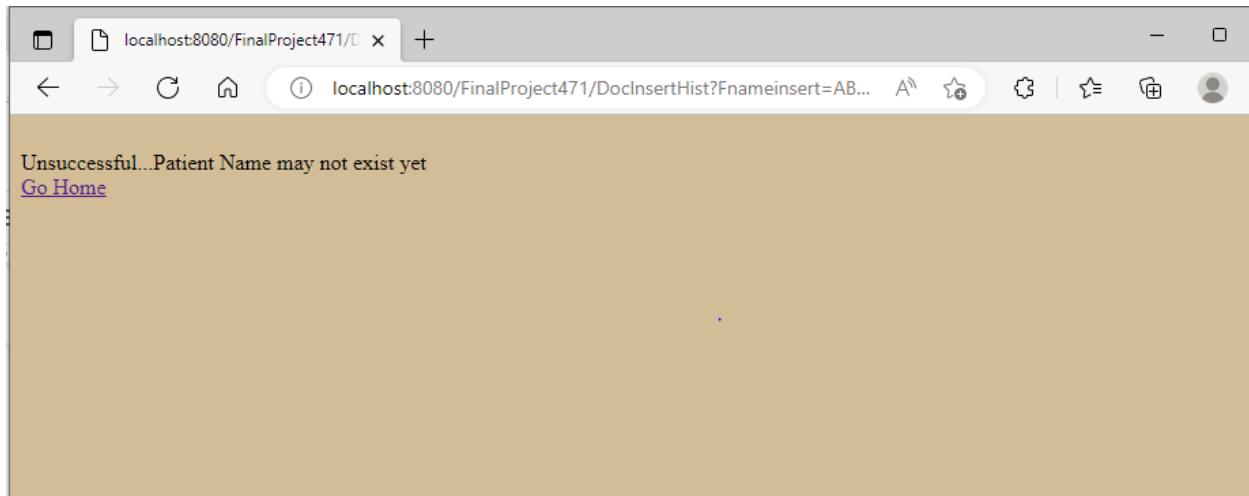


Figure U.72: The resulting message from figure u.71 above

Now lets try to add a historical record to a patient with none. (Refer to [appendix u.9](#) to see the database changes here and the following steps).

Going home and re-selecting insert patient history, lets add a history to a patient with no pre-existing history, eg. patient 462380, Frank Ocean.

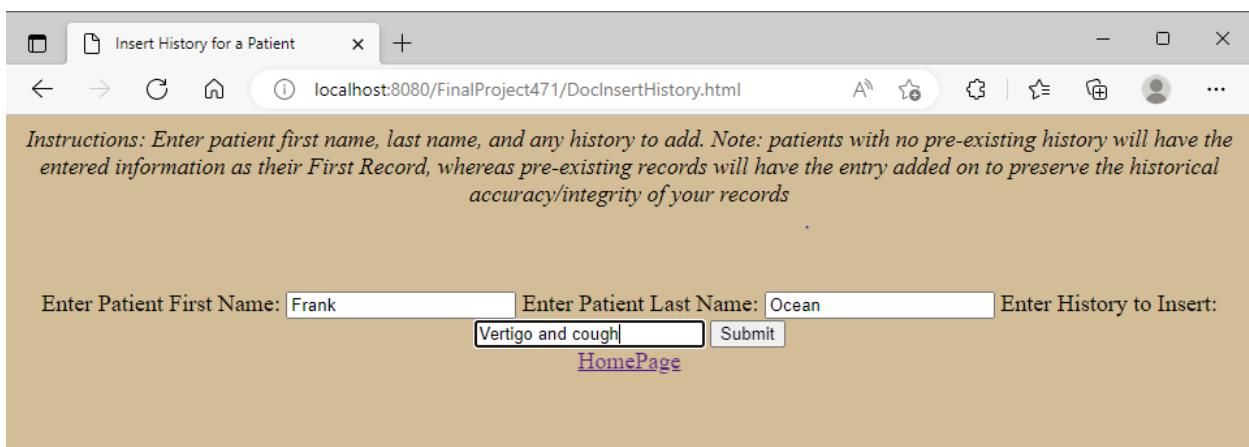


Figure U.73: Inserting medical history

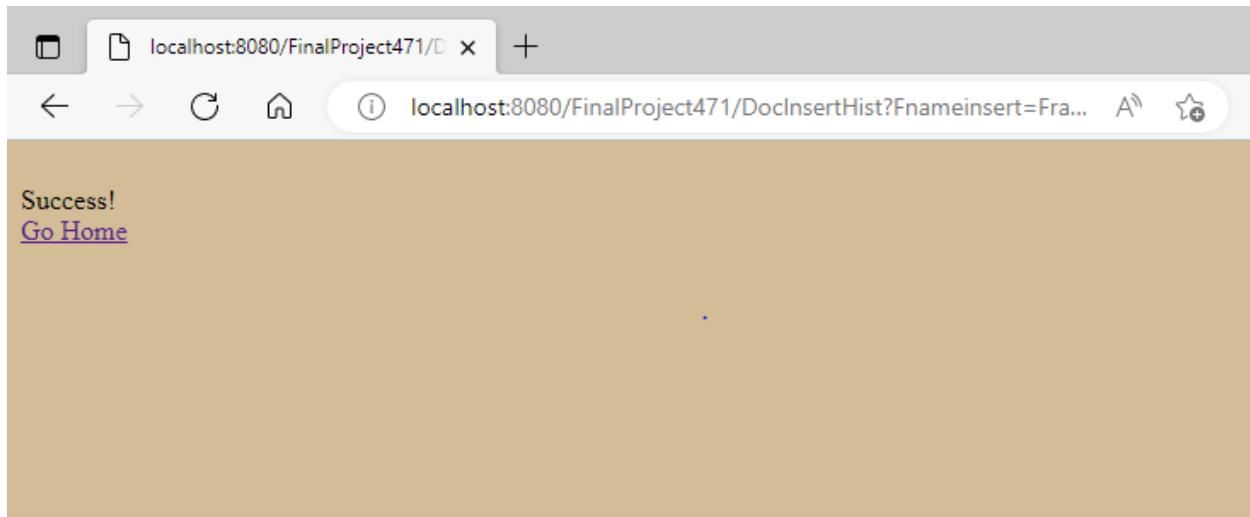


Figure U.74: Result from above

Now we see a success message, and we can see in appendix u.9.2 the change to the database.

Now lets add another history record to the same patient and see how the system concatenates the records rather than overwrites.

A screenshot of a web form titled "Insert History for a Patient". The URL in the address bar is "localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocInsertHistory.html". The form contains the following text:

Instructions: Enter patient first name, last name, and any history to add. Note: patients with no pre-existing history will have the entered information as their First Record, whereas pre-existing records will have the entry added on to preserve the historical accuracy/integrity of your records

Enter Patient First Name: Enter Patient Last Name: Enter History to Insert:
 [HomePage](#)

Figure U.75: Adding another record to the same patient

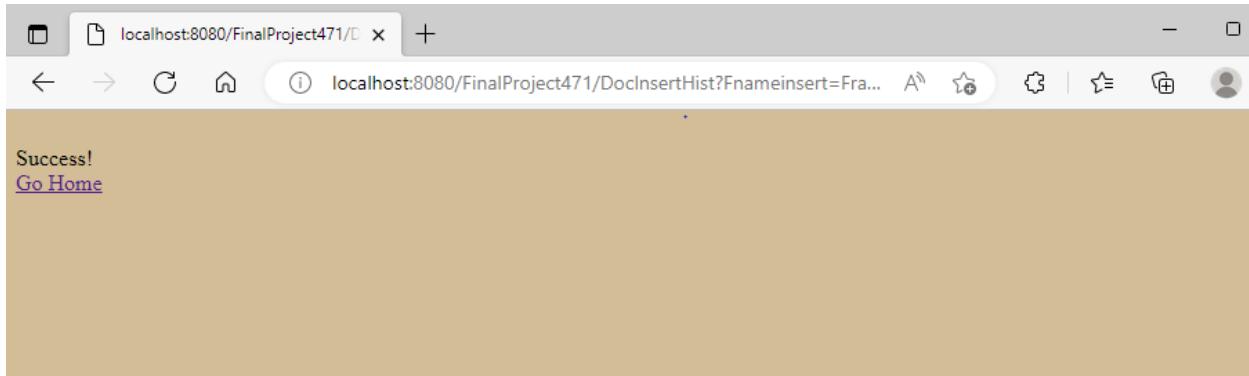


Figure U.76: The resulting message from above

In order to see these changes, we need to show the 'View Patient history or conditions' option.

Now we will go home and press the View Patient History or conditions option. Presing this gives us this page:

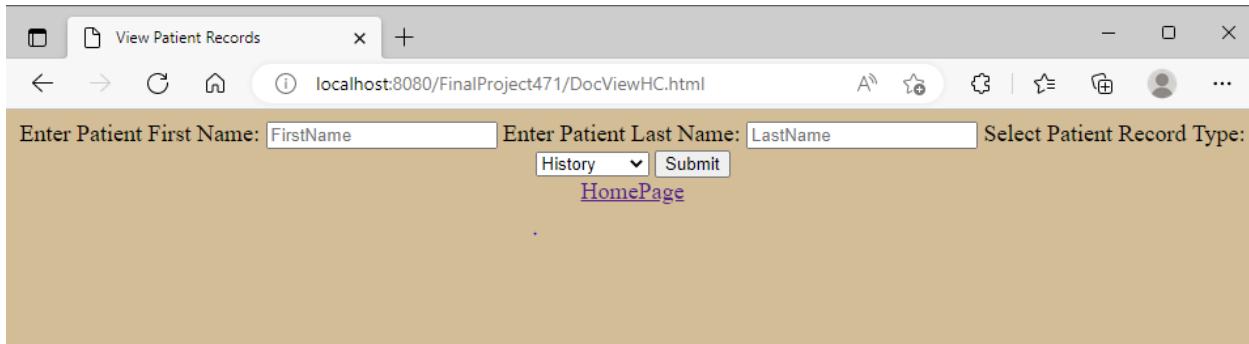


Figure U.77: View Patient History or Conditions option

Here, we can search a patient by name, and choose to see (i)history, or (ii)conditions for that patient.

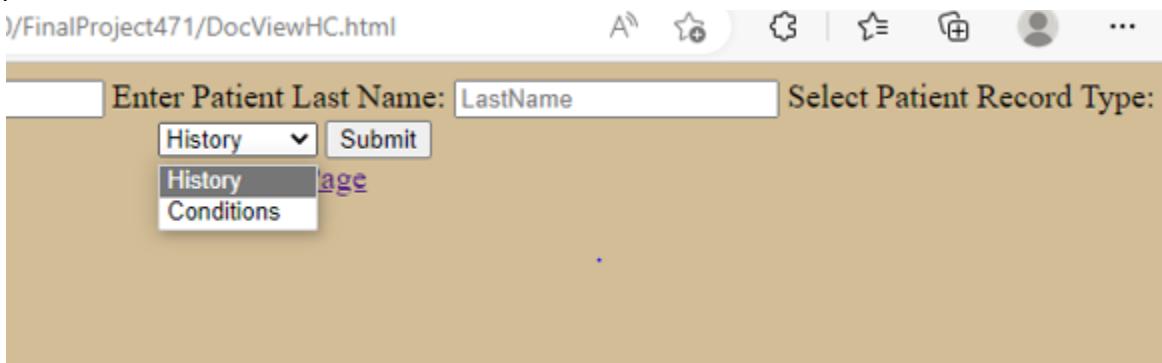


Figure U.78: View records options - History or Conditions

Lets first select history for patient Frank Ocean, who we have manipulated their records in the previous transactions.

Entering Frank, Ocean and selecting History yields this result:

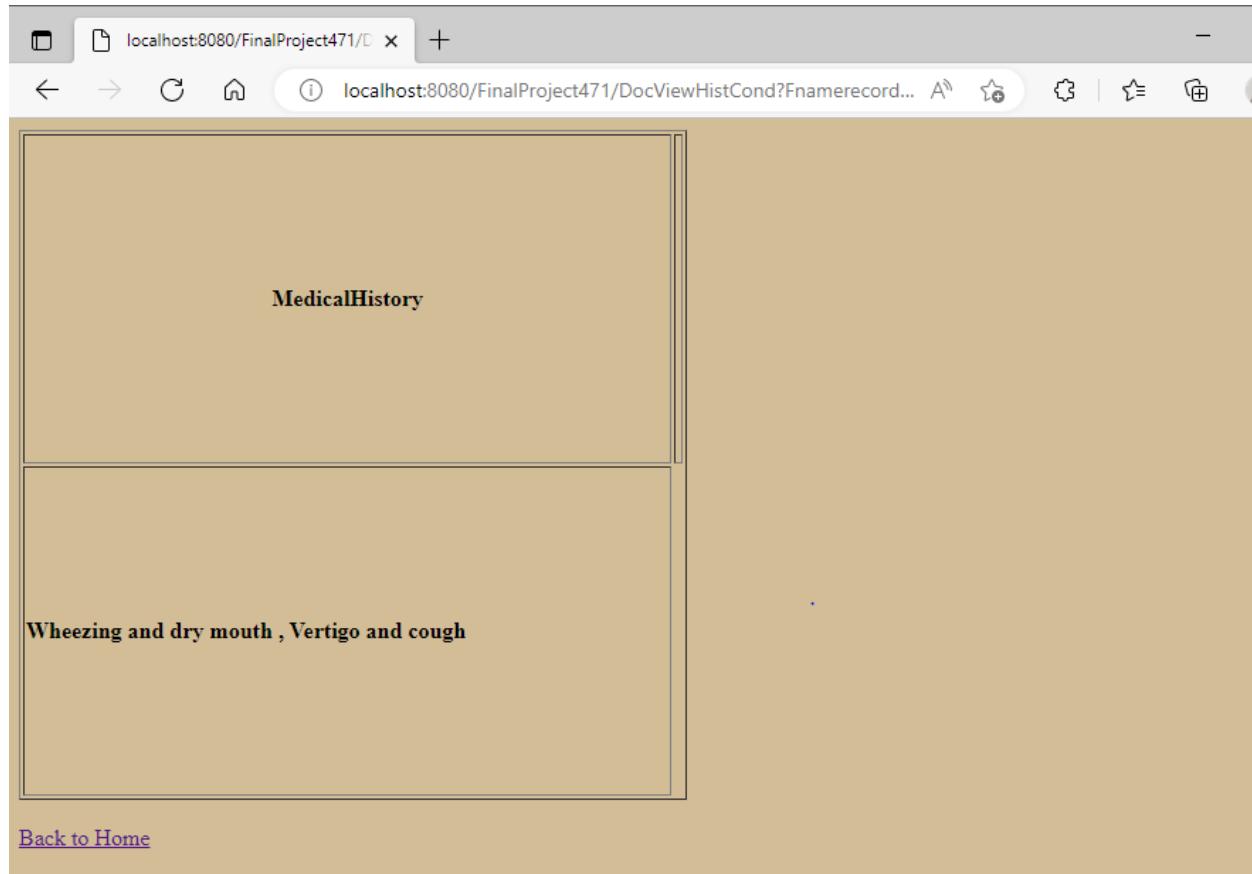


Figure U.79: Medical History retrieved for Frank Ocean. Note that records are concatenated with a comma rather than overwritten

Now lets do this again for a patient that does not exist:



Figure U.80: Empty medical history for non-existent patient

Finally, we will go back and select conditions instead, but for Patient Pat Zero, since they have conditions (whereas Frank Ocean would simply print out an empty table as in figure u.80).

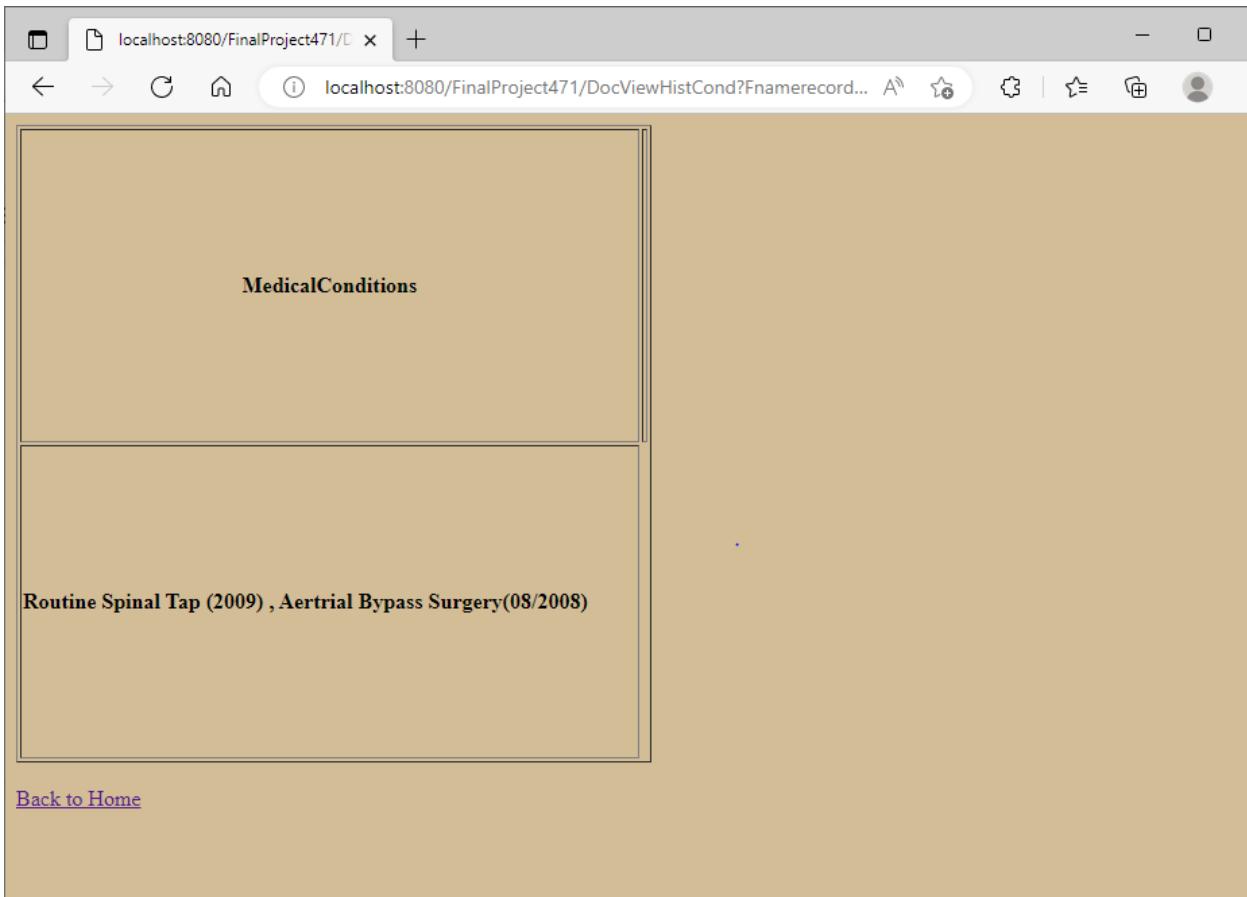


View Patient Records

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocViewHC.html

Enter Patient First Name: Pat Enter Patient Last Name: Zero Select Patient Record Type:
Conditions Submit
[HomePage](#)

Figure U.81: Selecting to view conditions for patient Pat Zero, who has records



localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocViewHistCond?Fnamerecord...

MedicalConditions

Routine Spinal Tap (2009) , Aertrial Bypass Surgery(08/2008)

[Back to Home](#)

Figure U.82: The result of figure U.81

As we can see, the conditions are printed out for that patient.

Finally, we can discuss the insert patient conditions, which is very similar to the insert patient medical history. In fact, we have just seen how to print out patient conditions above.

Firstly, the policy is the same for patient conditions, where existing records are concatenated rather than overwritten.

Now lets select insert patient conditions from the homepage

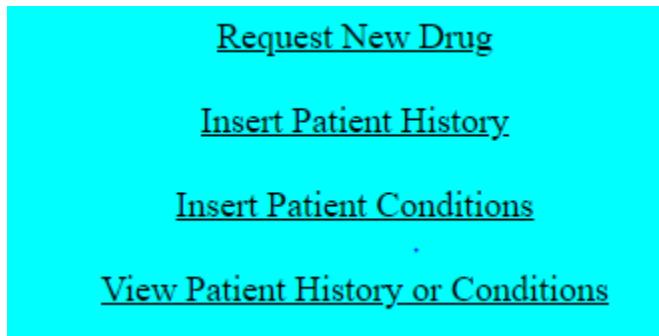


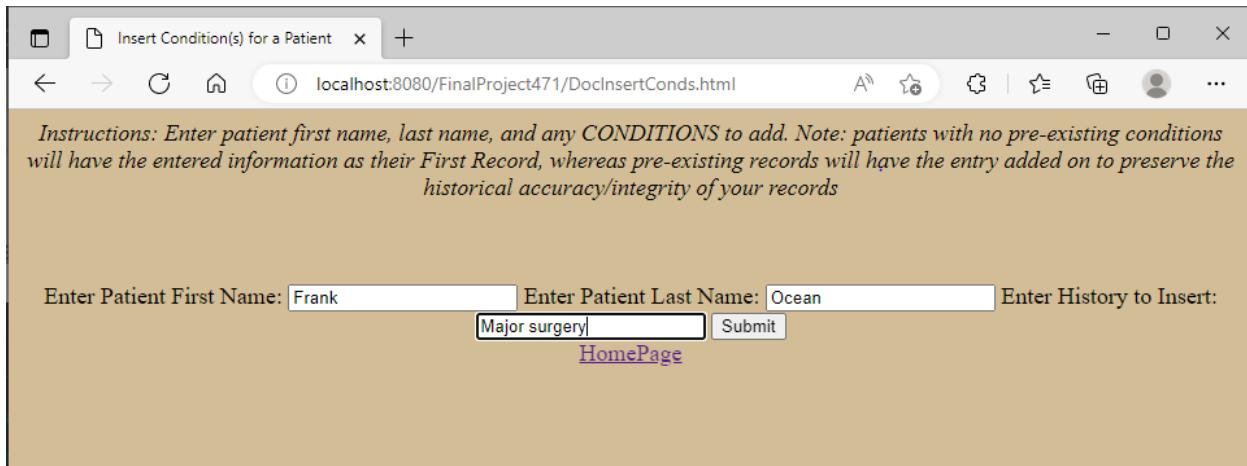
Figure U.83: insert conditions option

Now we have this page:

The image shows a screenshot of a web browser window with the title "Insert Condition(s) for a Patient". The URL in the address bar is "localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocInsertConds.html". The page content is a light beige background with black text. It contains instructions: "Instructions: Enter patient first name, last name, and any CONDITIONS to add. Note: patients with no pre-existing conditions will have the entered information as their First Record, whereas pre-existing records will have the entry added on to preserve the historical accuracy/integrity of your records". Below the instructions are three input fields: "Enter Patient First Name: ", "Enter Patient Last Name: ", and "Enter History to Insert: ". Under the "Enter History to Insert" field are two buttons: "History" and "Submit". Below the "Submit" button is a link "HomePage".

Figure U.84: Insert conditions page

Now lets again fill in the form for Frank Ocean, who is a patient without any conditions yet ([see appendix u.10 to track these transactions](#)).



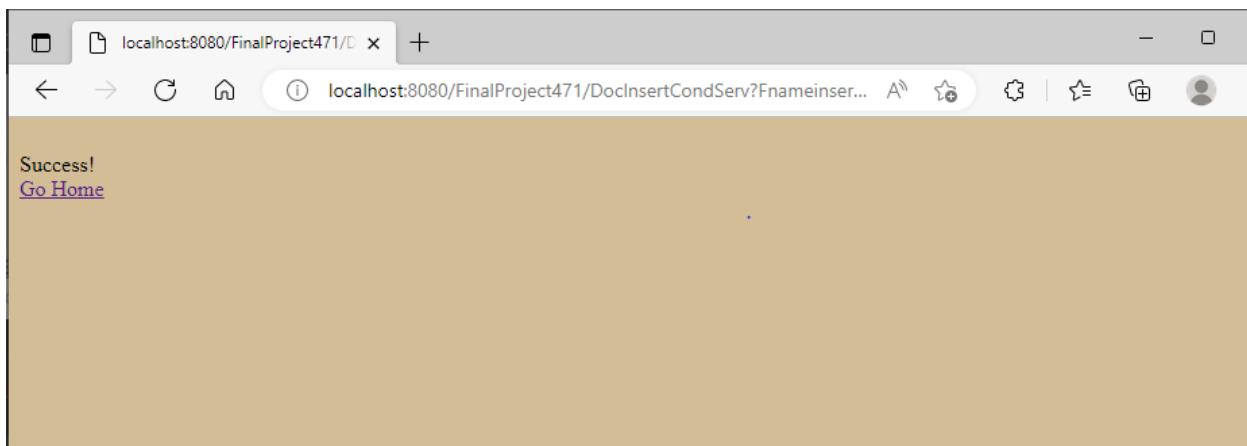
Insert Condition(s) for a Patient

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocInsertConds.html

Instructions: Enter patient first name, last name, and any CONDITIONS to add. Note: patients with no pre-existing conditions will have the entered information as their First Record, whereas pre-existing records will have the entry added on to preserve the historical accuracy/integrity of your records

Enter Patient First Name: Enter Patient Last Name: Enter History to Insert:
 [HomePage](#)

Figure U.85: Entering conditions to a patient who has no existing records



localhost:8080/FinalProject471/DocInsertCondServ?Fnameinser...

Success!
[Go Home](#)

Figure U.86: The resulting message

Now lets try adding another condition to the same patient:

Instructions: Enter patient first name, last name, and any CONDITIONS to add. Note: patients with no pre-existing conditions will have the entered information as their First Record, whereas pre-existing records will have the entry added on to preserve the historical accuracy/integrity of your records

Enter Patient First Name: Enter Patient Last Name: Enter History to Insert:

[HomePage](#)

Figure U.87: Inserting another condition to the same patient

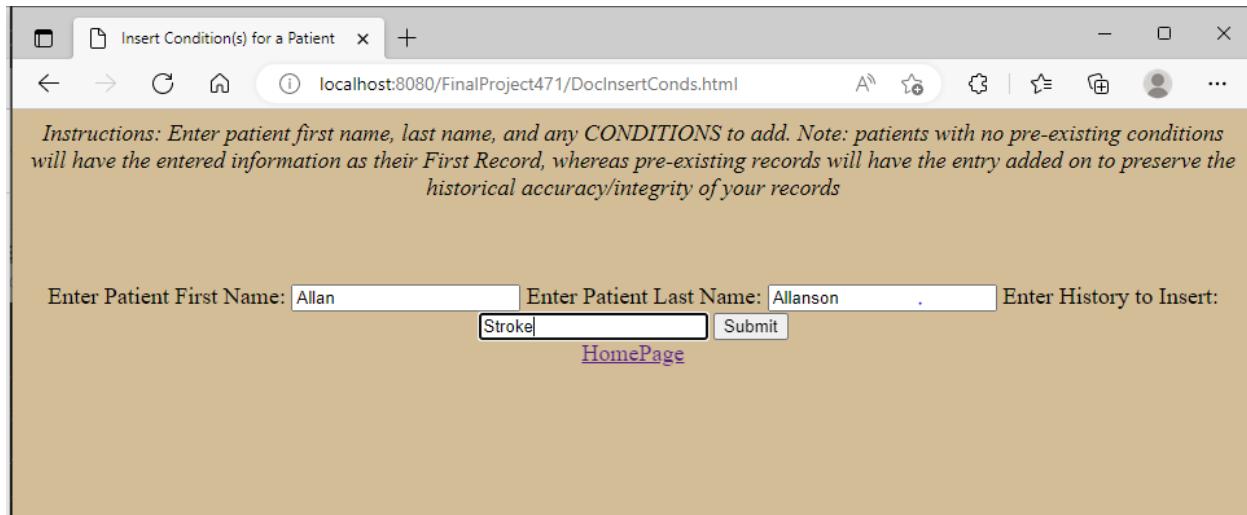
Success!

[Go Home](#)

Figure U.88: Successful transaction

The transaction record can be checked in appendix u.10. (Note that the condition is concatenated rather than overwritten).

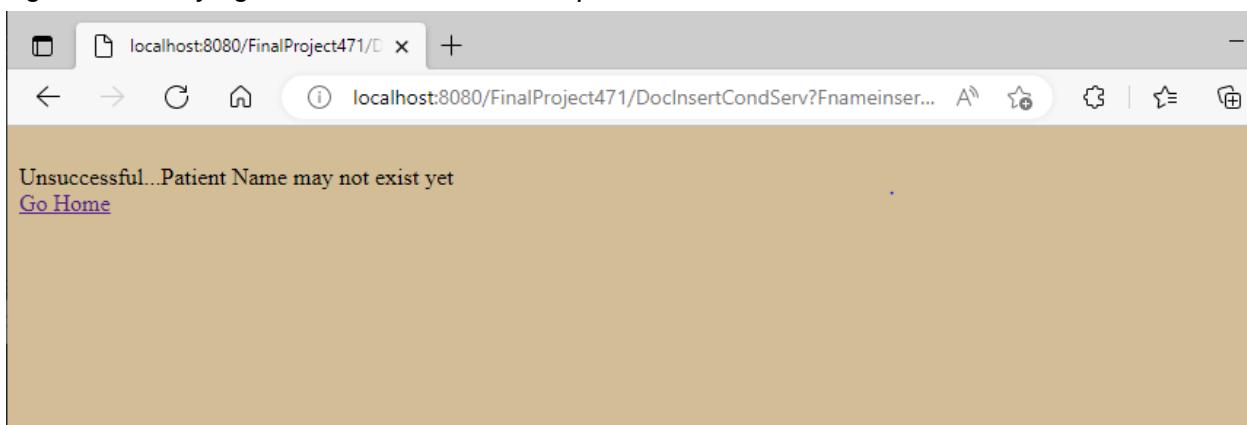
Finally, we can attempt to insert conditions to a patient that does not exist:



Instructions: Enter patient first name, last name, and any CONDITIONS to add. Note: patients with no pre-existing conditions will have the entered information as their First Record, whereas pre-existing records will have the entry added on to preserve the historical accuracy/integrity of your records

Enter Patient First Name: Enter Patient Last Name: Enter History to Insert:
 [HomePage](#)

Figure U.89: Trying to insert a condition to a patient who does not exist



Unsuccessful...Patient Name may not exist yet
[Go Home](#)

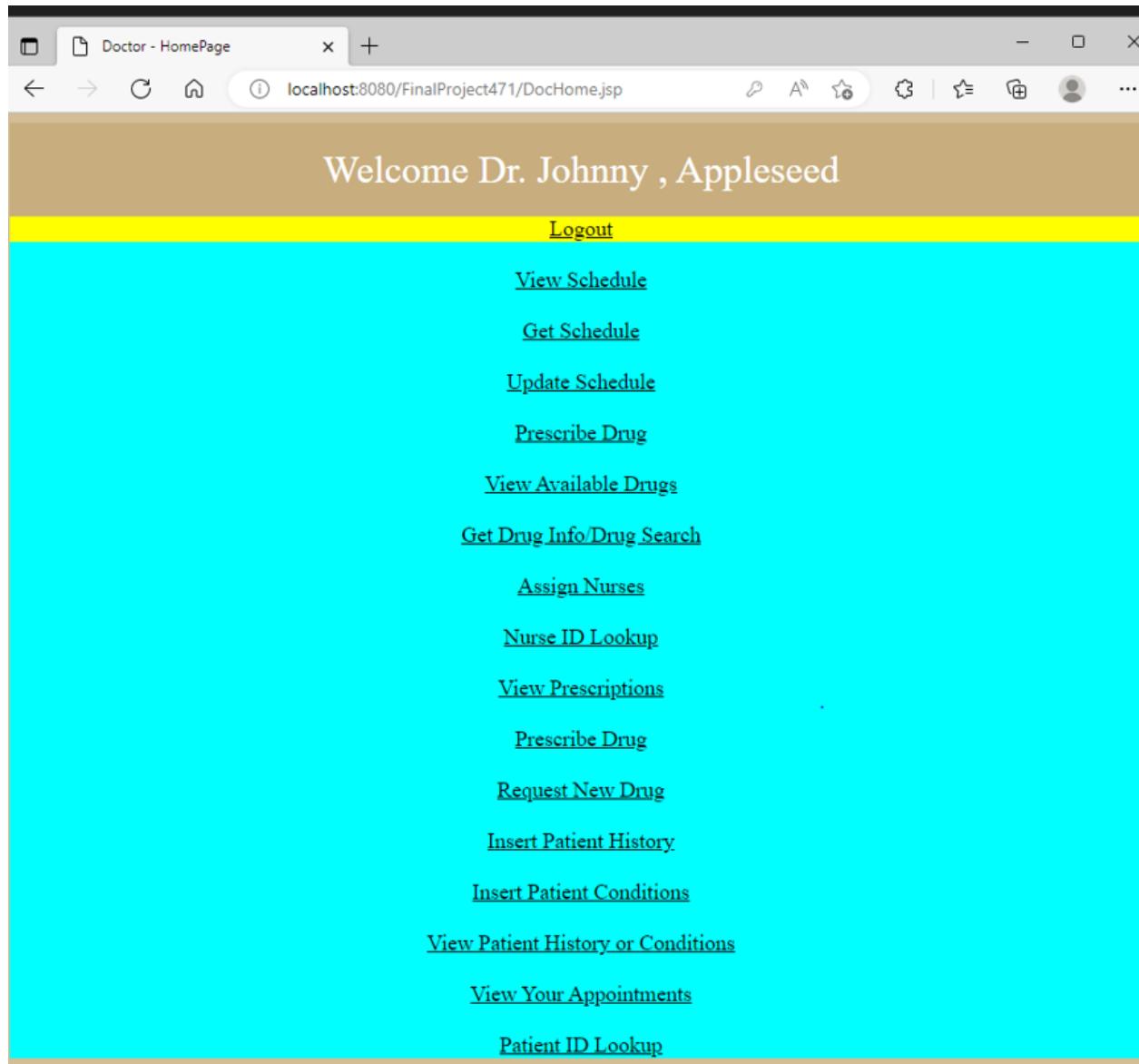
Figure U.90: The resulting message

As shown, the record is not inserted due to the patient not being existent.

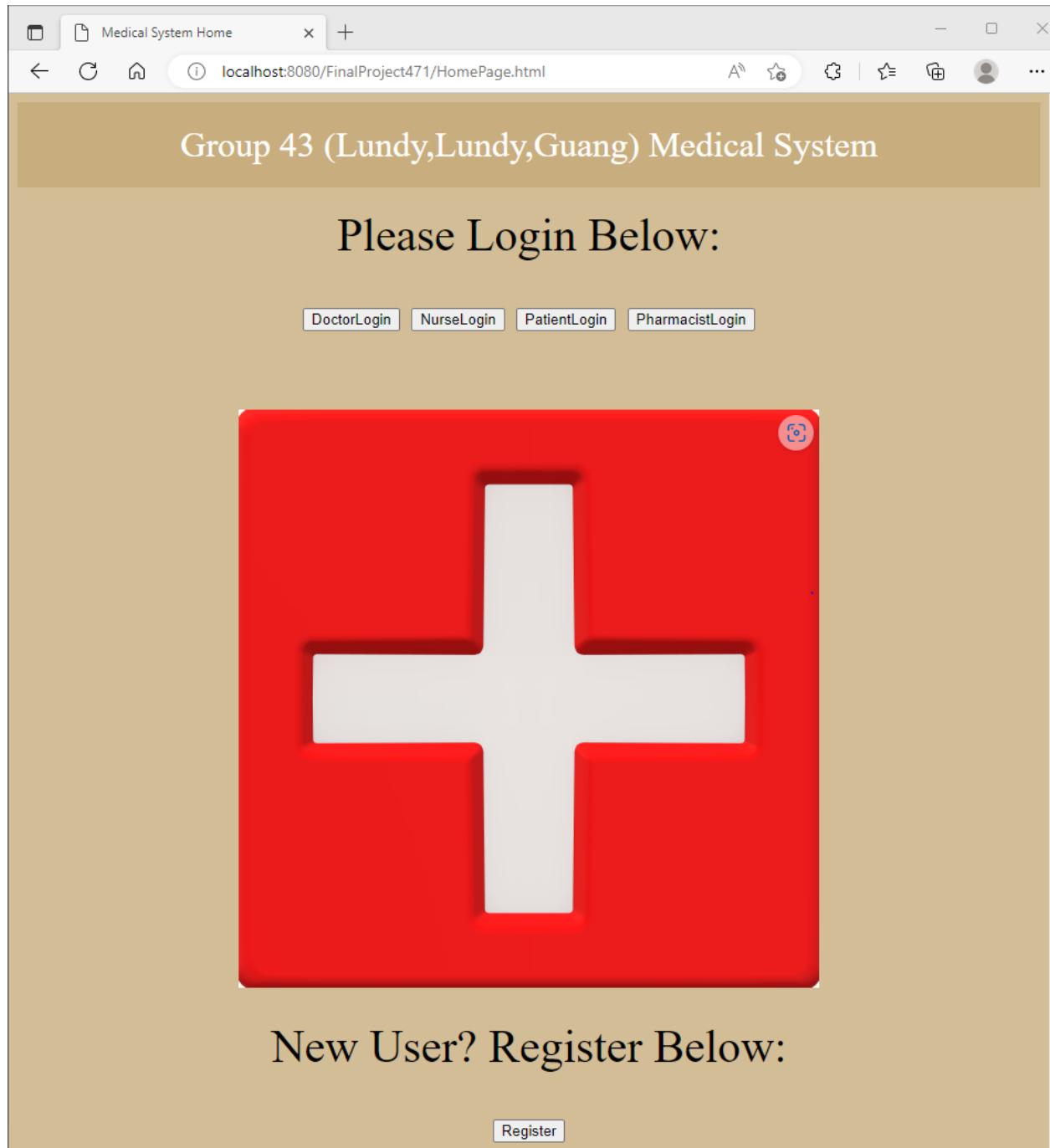
That concludes the discussion of the doctor functionality. Next, we will go over the pharmacist user functionality.

Pharmacist Functionalities

To begin with the pharmacist functionalities, let us first register as a new Pharmacist. First, lets make sure we press logout from the doctor homepage to ensure we are back at the medical system homepage.

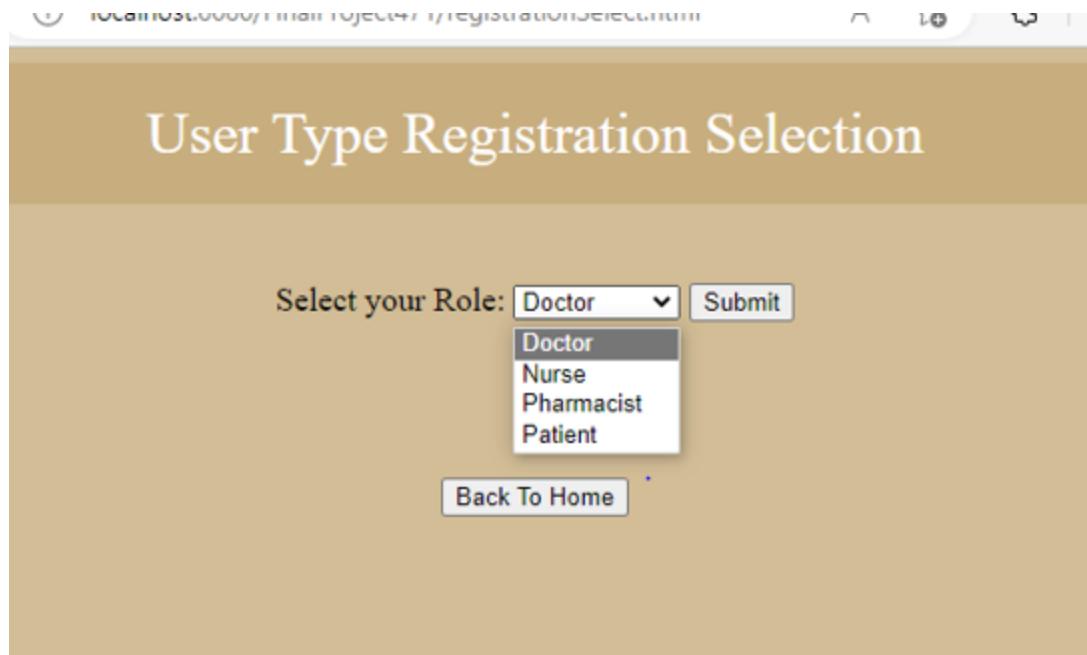


Logging out from doctor



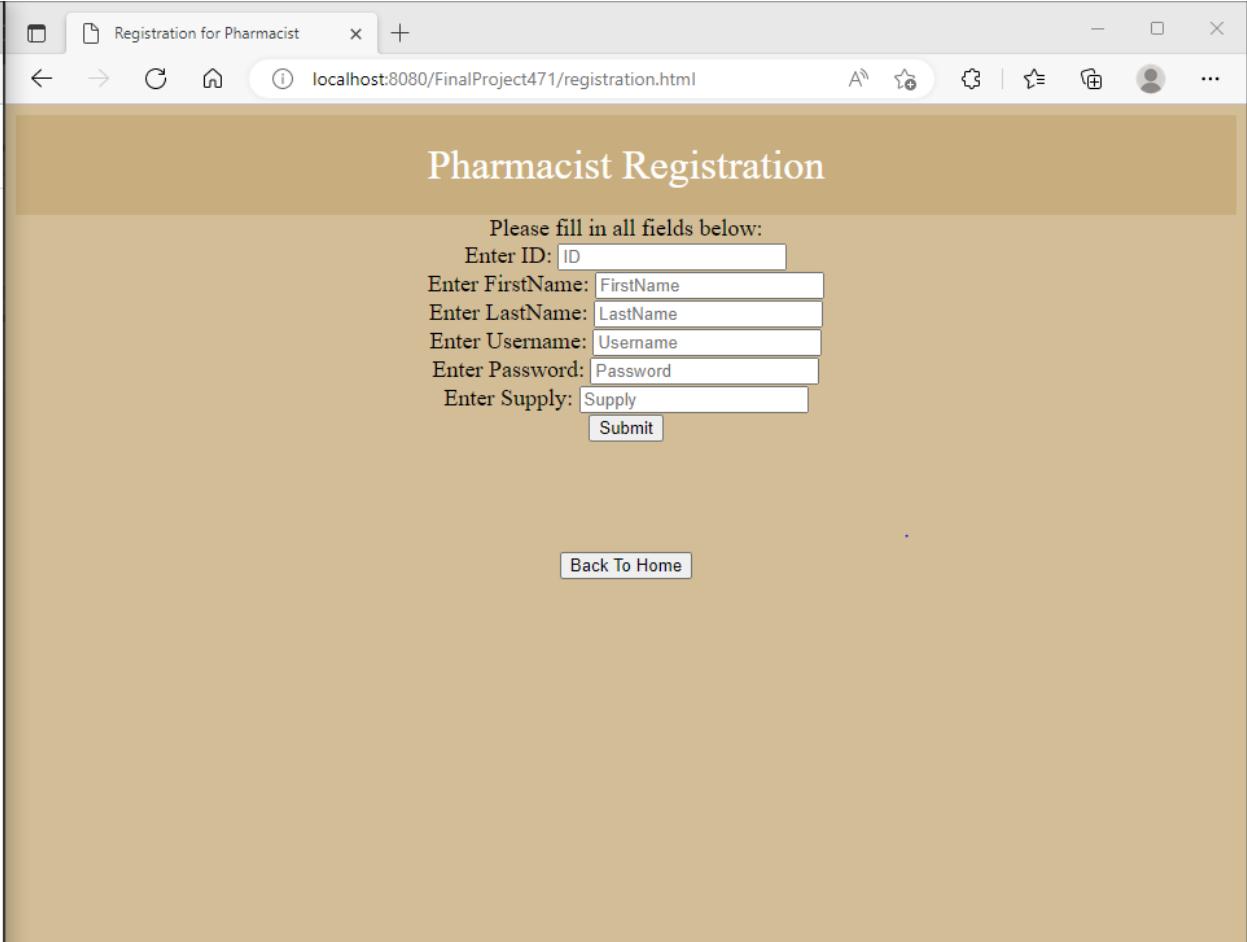
Back to the System homepage after logging out from doctor

Now we can register a new pharmacist to do our example with. To do so, we must first press the register button underneath the logo. As seen before in the doctor registration, we are met with the user type selection page, which allows us to select our role via a dropdown menu.



User registration with dropdown menu

Select pharmacist, and press submit. Now, we have the registration form for a pharmacist as seen below:



Registration for Pharmacist

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/registration.html

Pharmacist Registration

Please fill in all fields below:

Enter ID:

Enter FirstName:

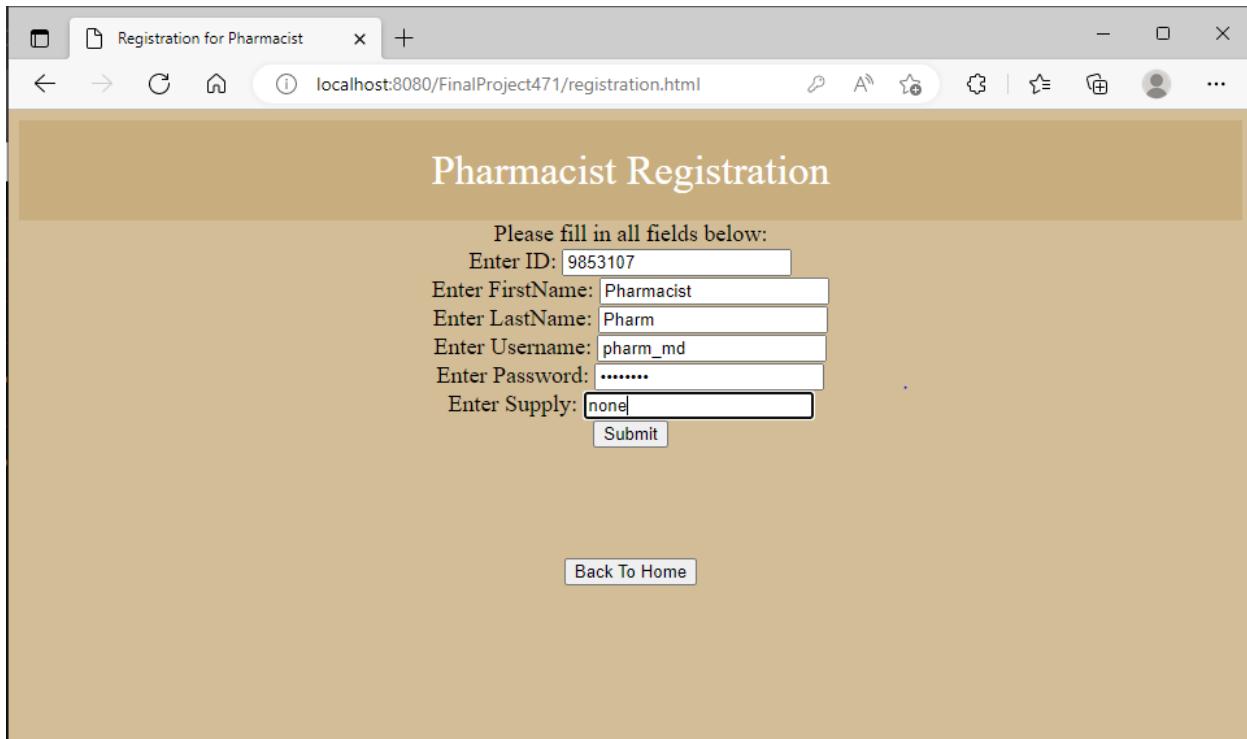
Enter LastName:

Enter Username:

Enter Password:

Enter Supply:

Pharmacist registration form



Pharmacist Registration

Please fill in all fields below:

Enter ID:

Enter FirstName:

Enter LastName:

Enter Username:

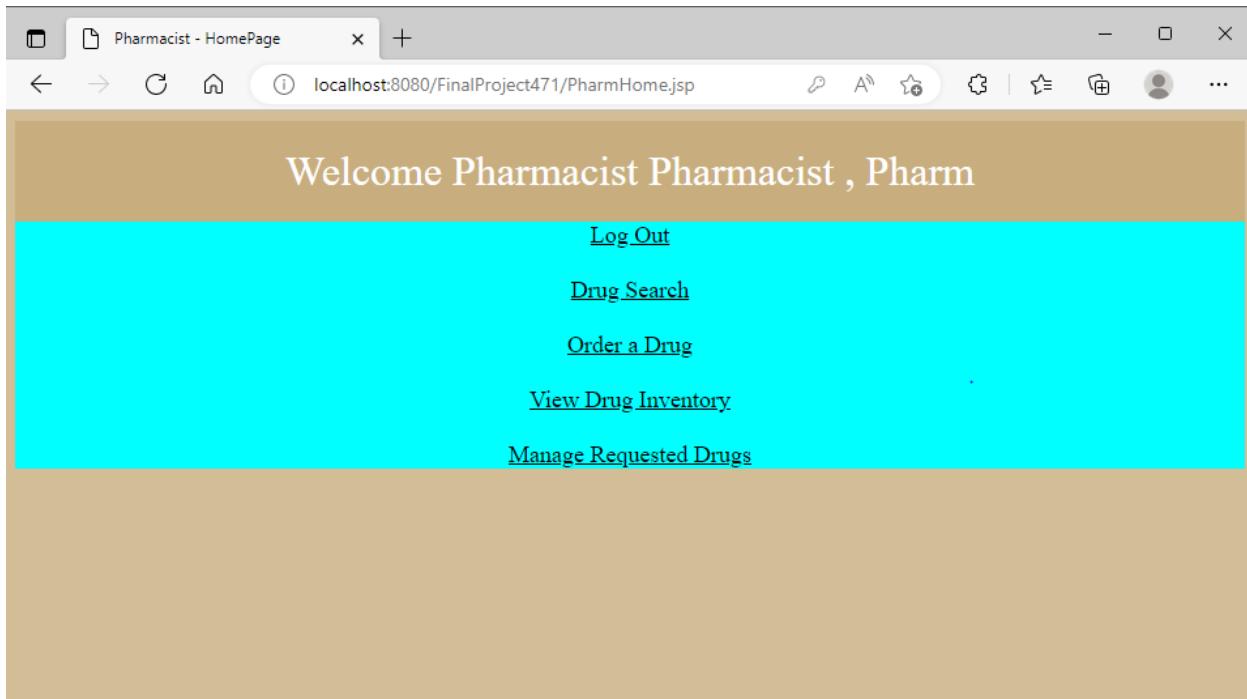
Enter Password:

Enter Supply:

Sample fill-in form for our example

Now we can fill in the form as shown above to create a new pharmacist names “Pharmacist Pharm”. Please note the record of pharmacists in the database before registration in appendix u.1, and after this registration in u.11.

Upon submission, we get to our pharmacist homepage!



Pharmacist homepage upon registration

Now, lets go over the login/logout functionality of pharmacist. First, lets press the logout option seen above as the first option in the pharmacist's homepage.

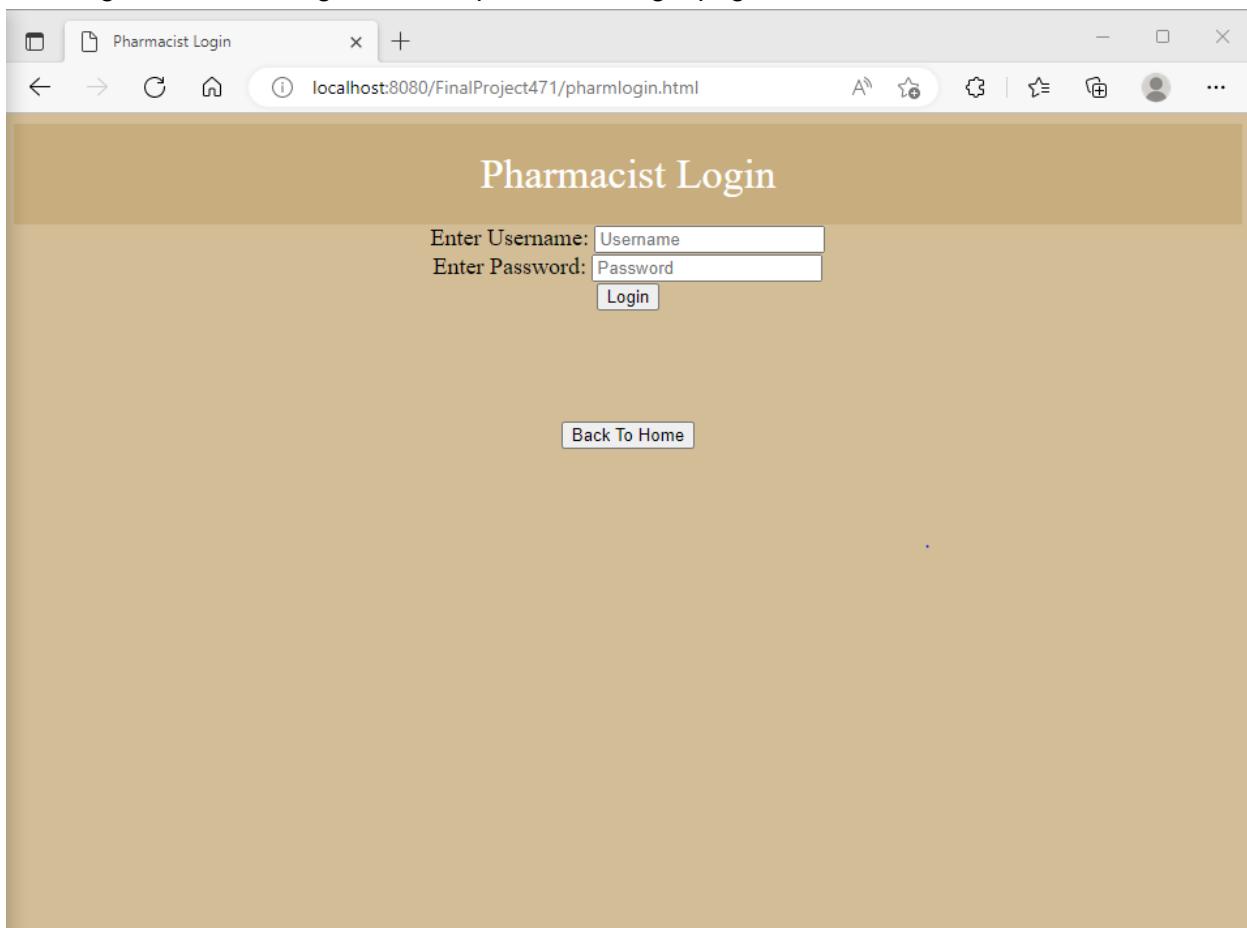
Doing so brings us back to the system homepage:

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled 'Medical System Home' with the URL 'localhost:8080/FinalProject471/HomePage.html'. The page has a tan background. At the top, it displays 'Group 43 (Lundy,Lundy,Guang) Medical System'. Below that, a large red button with a white 3D plus sign is centered. Above the button, the text 'Please Login Below:' is displayed. Below the button, the text 'New User? Register Below:' is displayed. At the top of the page, there are four buttons: 'DoctorLogin', 'NurseLogin', 'PatientLogin', and 'PharmacistLogin'. At the bottom, there is a 'Register' button.

After logging out from our pharmacist user created

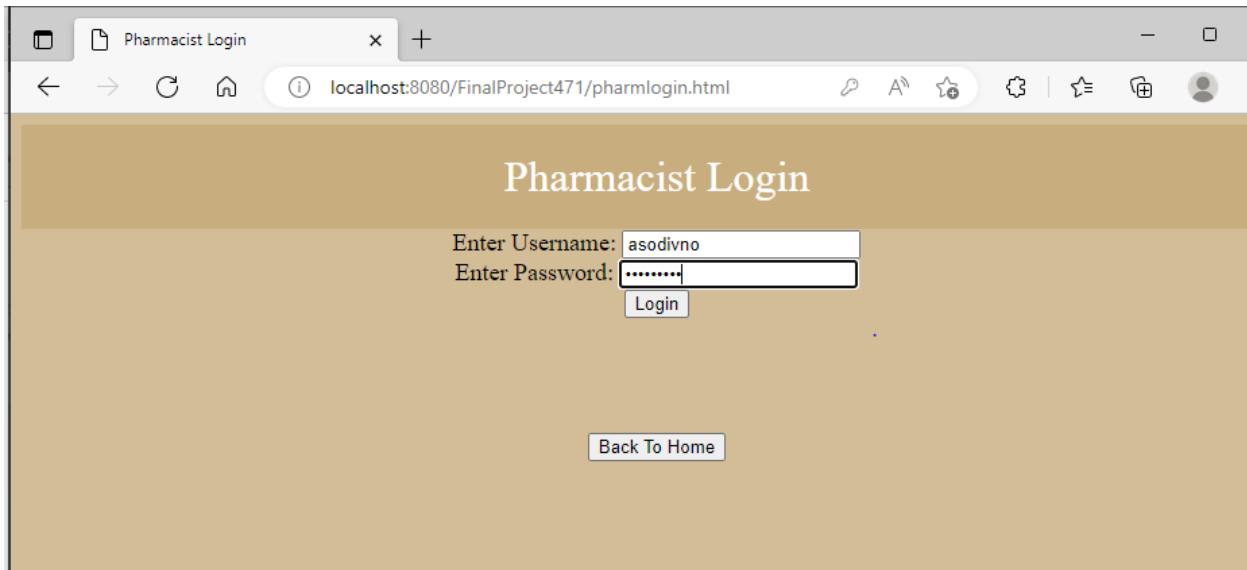
Now, we can attempt to login using the 'PharmacistLogin' button at the top left area of the homepage.

Pressing this button brings us to the pharmacist login page:



Pharmacist login

Now, lets try the (3) options available: try to login with a non-registered pharmacist, try to login with the wrong password only, and login correctly. The three options and their result from our system are shown in the following 6 pictures:

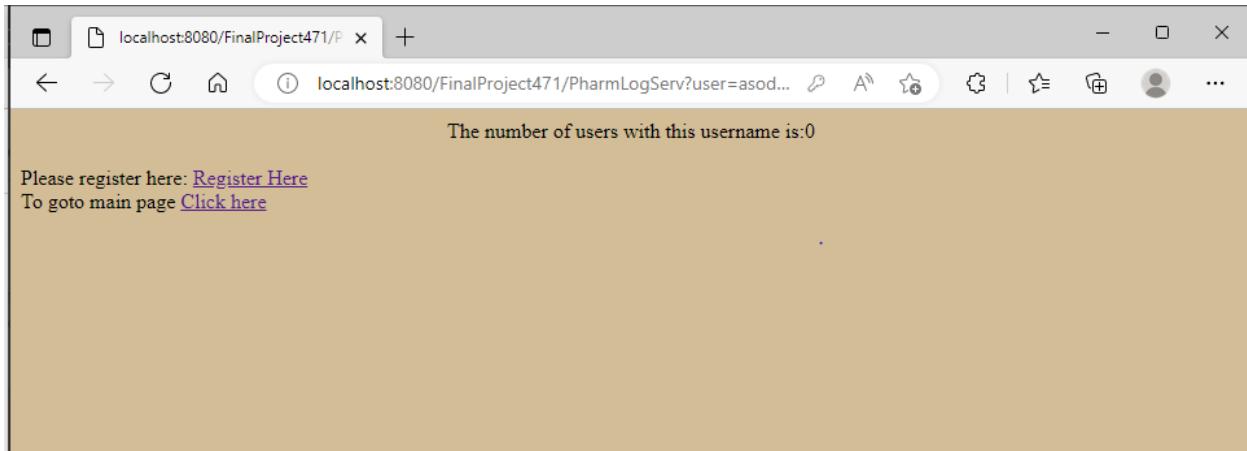


Pharmacist Login

Enter Username:

Enter Password:

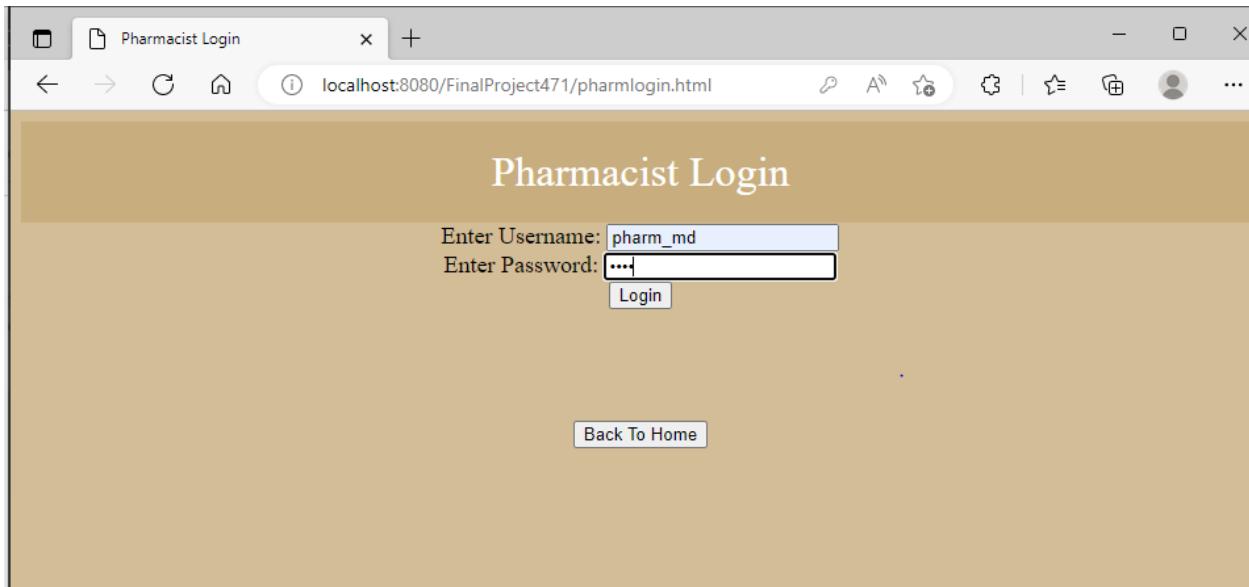
1a. Logging in with non-existing pharmacist



The number of users with this username is:0

Please register here: [Register Here](#)
To goto main page [Click here](#)

1b. Result of 1a. Note the link option to register or to go back to the system main page.

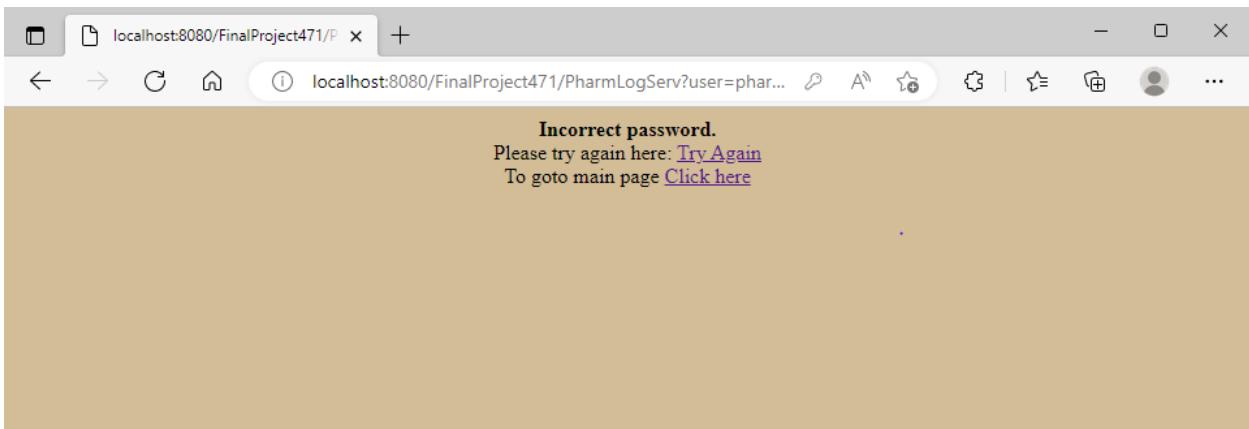


Pharmacist Login

Enter Username:

Enter Password:

2a. Login with existing pharmacist, but with incorrect password

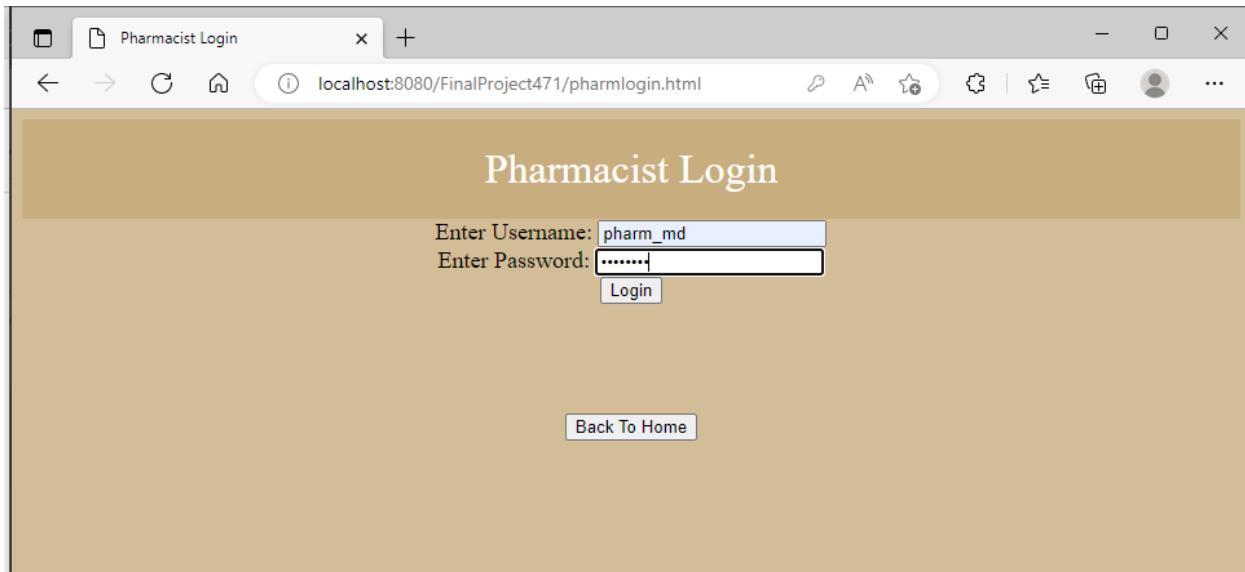


Incorrect password.

Please try again here: [Try Again](#)

To goto main page [Click here](#)

2b. Result of 2a. Note the option to try again (redirect back to login form), or back to the system homepage

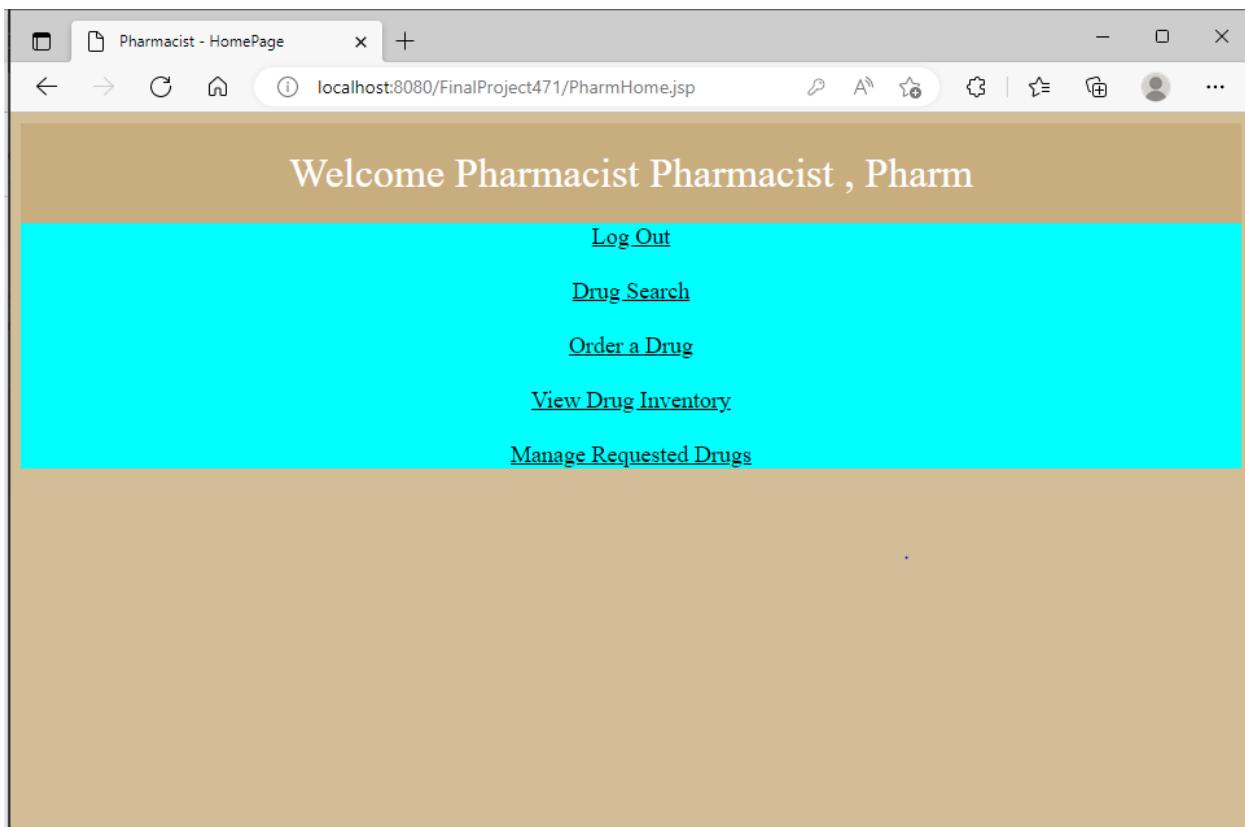


Pharmacist Login

Enter Username:

Enter Password:

3a. Logging in with the correct username and password



Welcome Pharmacist Pharm

[Log Out](#)

[Drug Search](#)

[Order a Drug](#)

[View Drug Inventory](#)

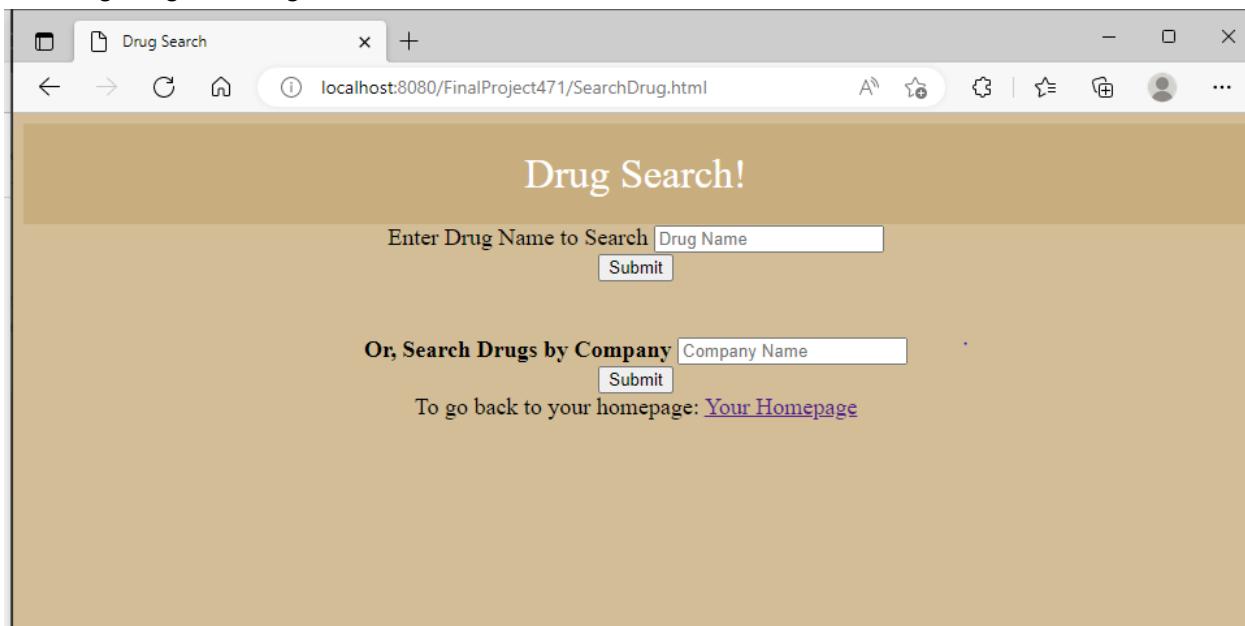
[Manage Requested Drugs](#)

3b. Result of 3a. This brings us to the homepage for this logged in pharmacist.

Now we are logged in as a pharmacist named Pharmacist Pharm. Let us now go through each and every pharmacist option seen on the pharmacist's homepage and in the picture above.

For ease, we will go through the options in order. Thus, we will begin our discussion with the Drug Search option.

Pressing drug search gives us



Drug Search!

Enter Drug Name to Search

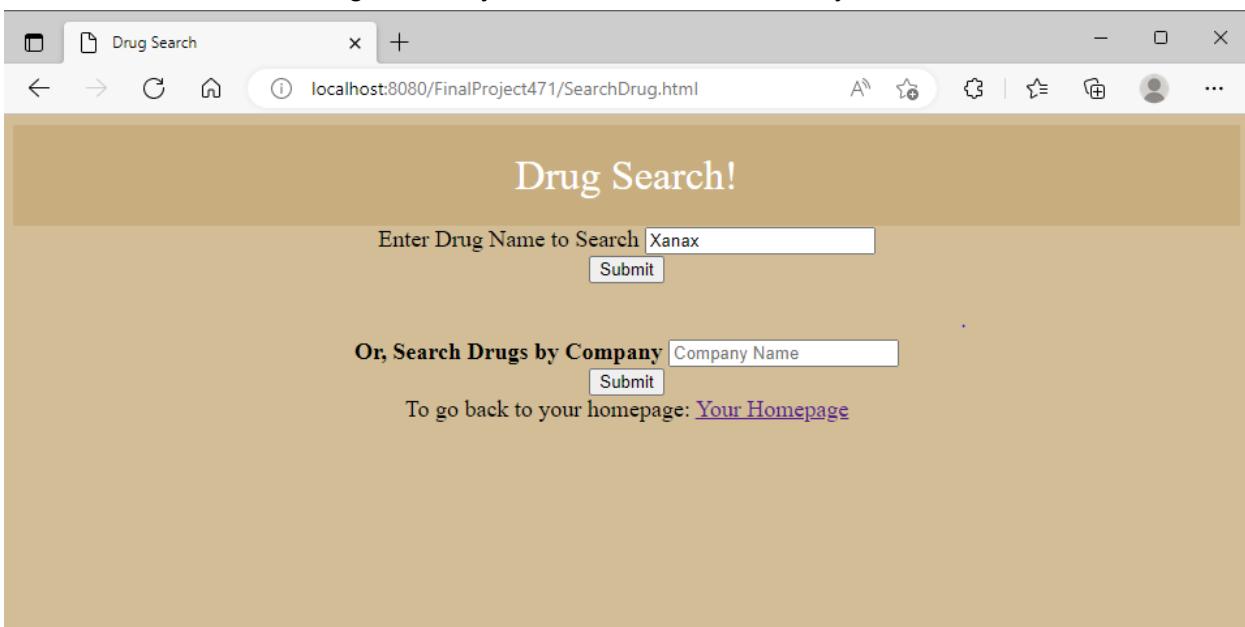
Or, Search Drugs by Company

To go back to your homepage: [Your Homepage](#)

Drug Search page

Here, we have two options: search for a drug by name, or search for a drug by its company name.

Lets first search for the drug Xanax by name to see the search by name function:



Drug Search!

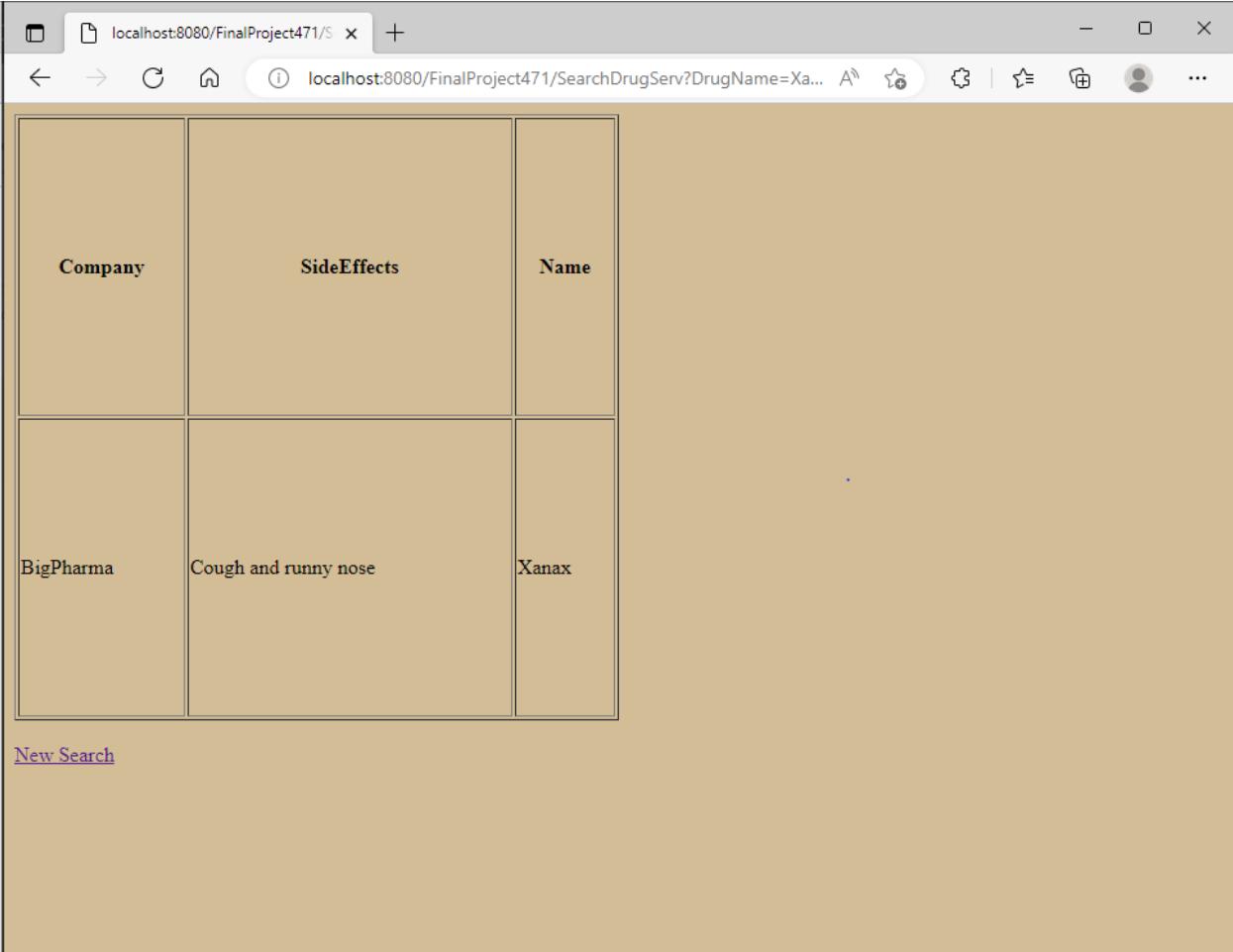
Enter Drug Name to Search

Or, Search Drugs by Company

To go back to your homepage: [Your Homepage](#)

Sample search by name for drug xanax

Upon hitting submit, we get the following result, which effectively matches the database for that search and provides all details regarding that drug that is stored in our system.



A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows the URL: `localhost:8080/FinalProject471/SearchDrugServ?DrugName=Xa...`. The main content area displays a table with three columns: 'Company', 'SideEffects', and 'Name'. There is one row of data: 'BigPharma' in the Company column, 'Cough and runny nose' in the SideEffects column, and 'Xanax' in the Name column. Below the table is a link labeled 'New Search'.

Company	SideEffects	Name
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Xanax

Result of search for name 'Xanax'

Now, lets try another search by hitting the link below the table 'New Search'. This brings us back to the drug search.

Now lets try searching for drugs by the company BigPharma to see information on all drugs provided by this company.

Drug Search!

Enter Drug Name to Search

Or, Search Drugs by Company

To go back to your homepage: [Your Homepage](#)

Searching drugs by company 'BigPharma'

The result is shown below. The system returns all information on all drugs that are provided by that searched company rather than a single drug.

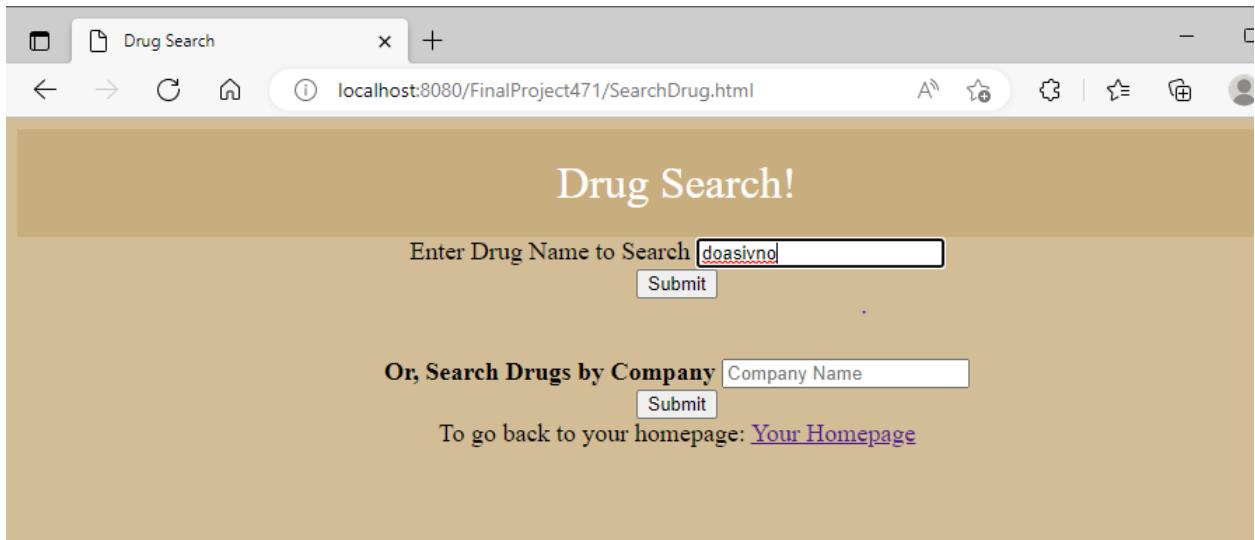
Company	Name	SideEffects
BigPharma	<i>Clenbuterol</i>	Cough and runny nose
BigPharma	<i>Hydroxyzine</i>	Cough and runny nose
BigPharma	<i>Ibuprofen</i>	Cough and runny nose
BigPharma	<i>Klonopin</i>	Cough and runny nose
BigPharma	<i>Pepto</i>	Cough and runny nose
BigPharma	<i>Tylenol</i>	Cough and runny nose
BigPharma	<i>Xanax</i>	Cough and runny nose

[New Search](#)

Search result for company BigPharma

Now we will go back and see briefly these two searches with non-existent drug names and non-existent companies. Both options print out empty tables, an expected result. The two

searches and the two corresponding results are shown in the snapshots below:



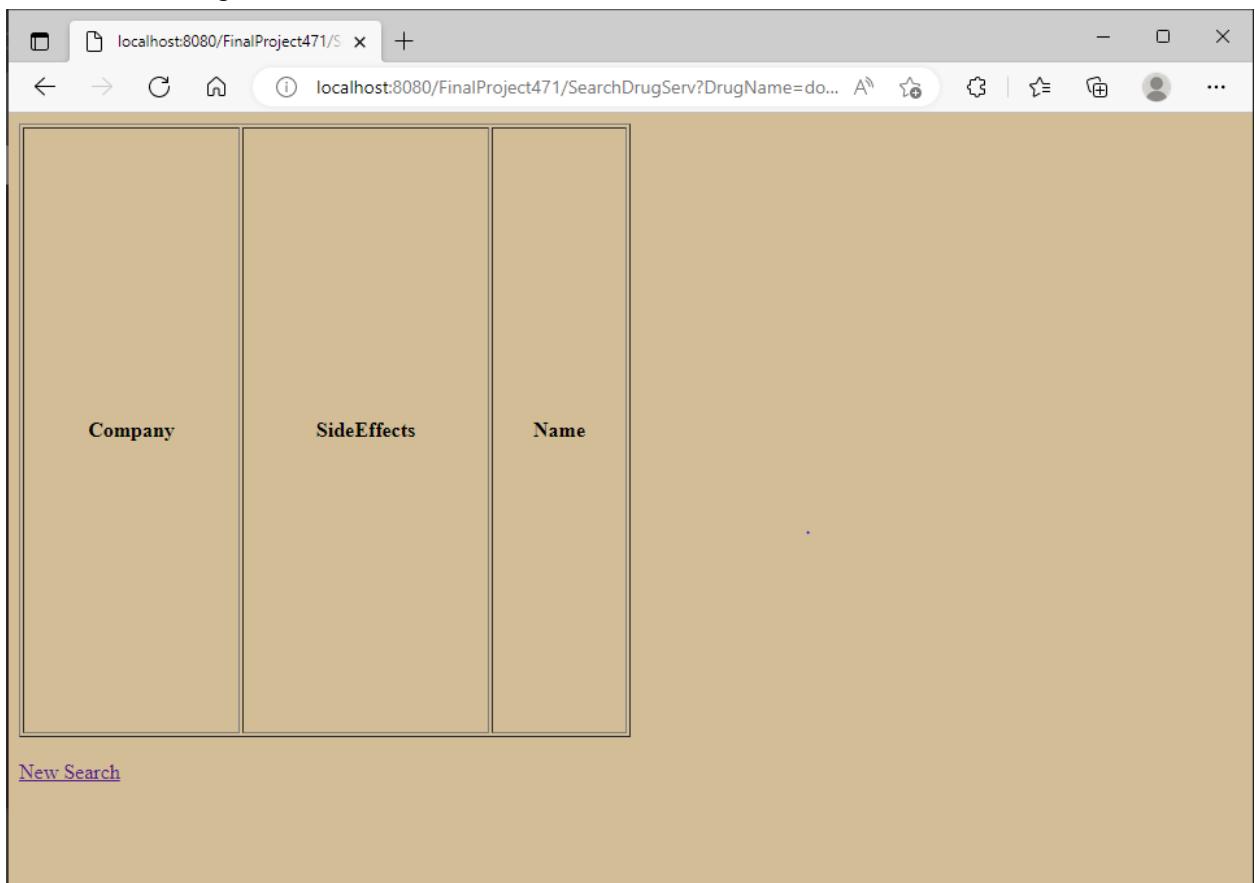
Drug Search!

Enter Drug Name to Search

Or, Search Drugs by Company

To go back to your homepage: [Your Homepage](#)

Non-existent drug name search



Company	SideEffects	Name

[New Search](#)

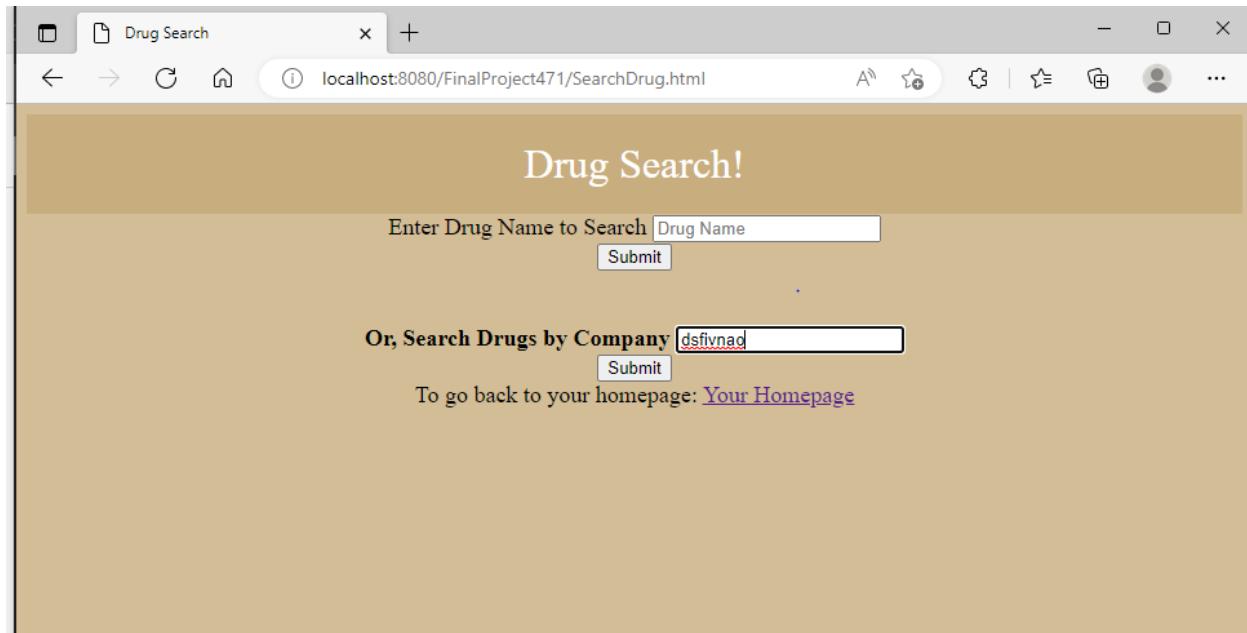
The result of above

Drug Search!

Enter Drug Name to Search

Or, Search Drugs by Company

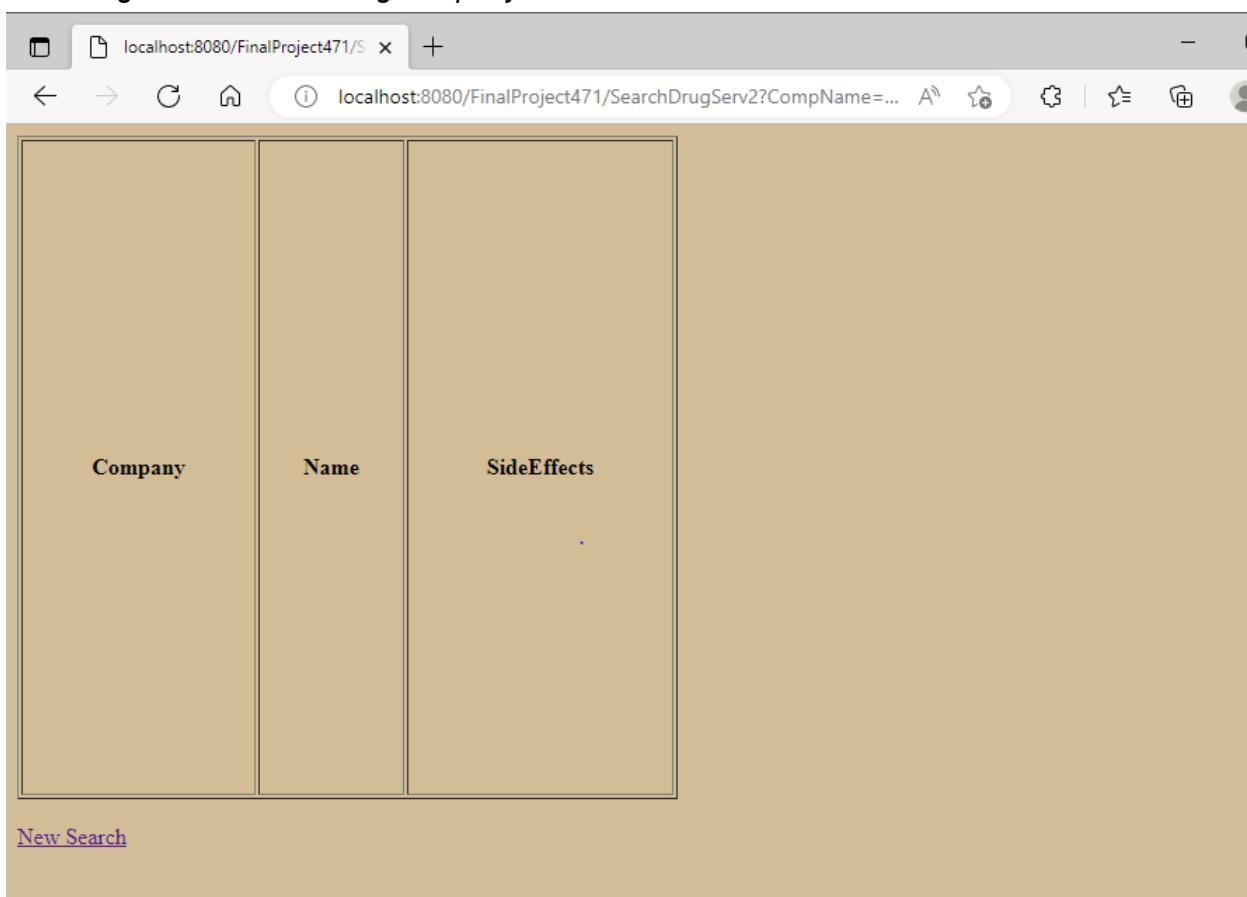
To go back to your homepage: [Your Homepage](#)



Searching a non-existent drug company

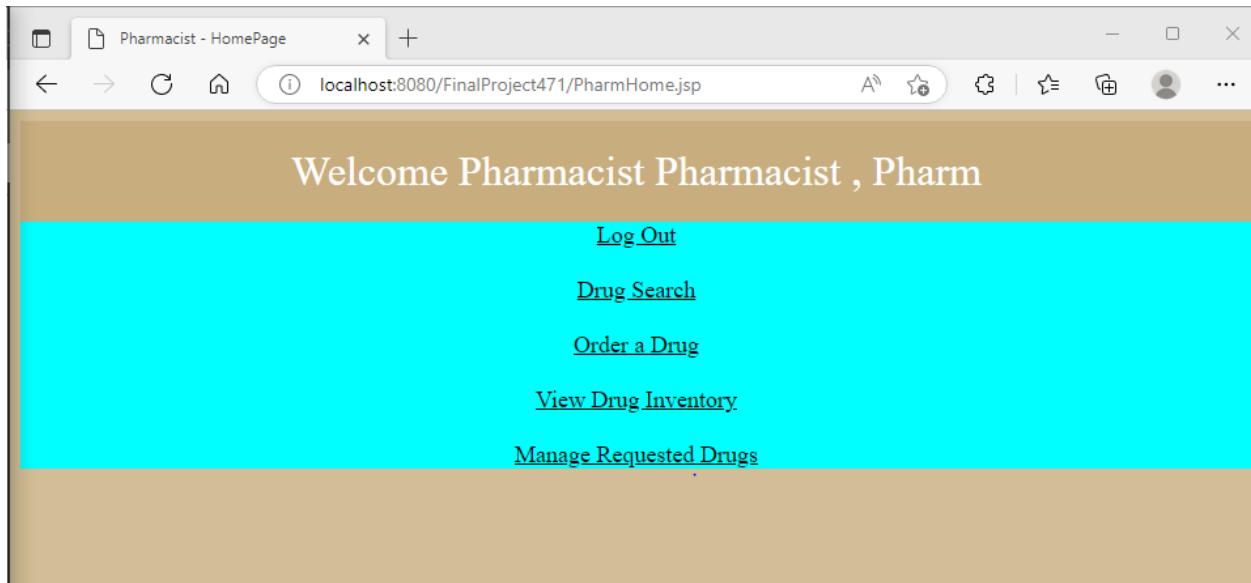
Company	Name	SideEffects

[New Search](#)



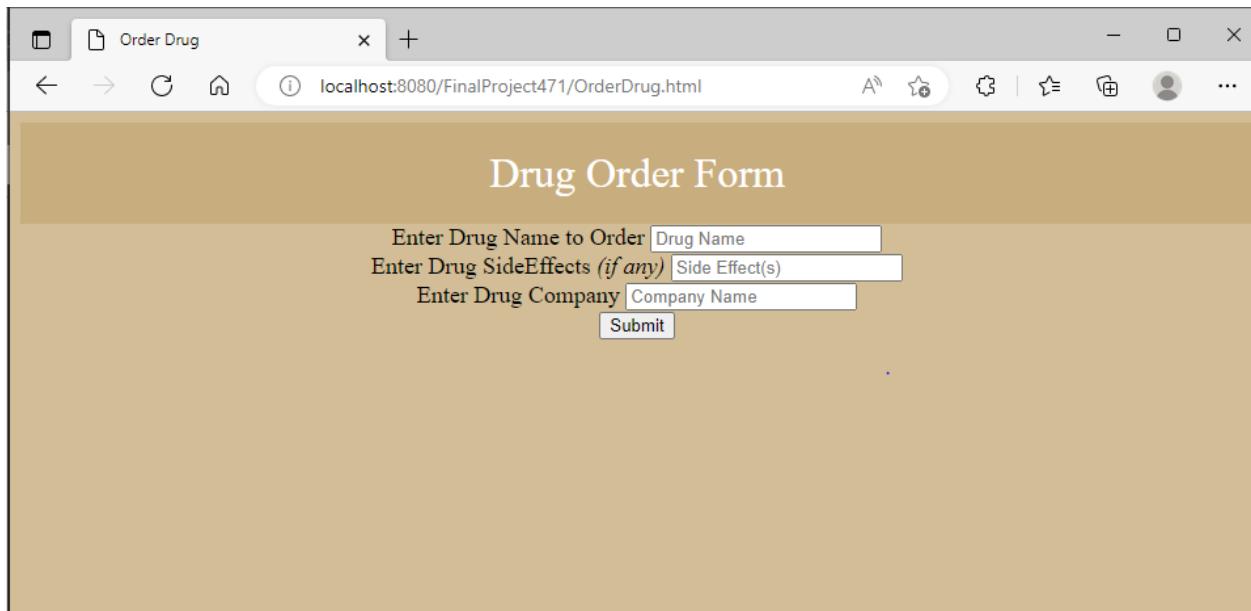
The result of the above search

Now we have seen the drug search functionality for a pharmacist. Lets go back to the pharmacist homepage (New Search -> Your Homepage). Now the next option to choose is the Order a Drug option.



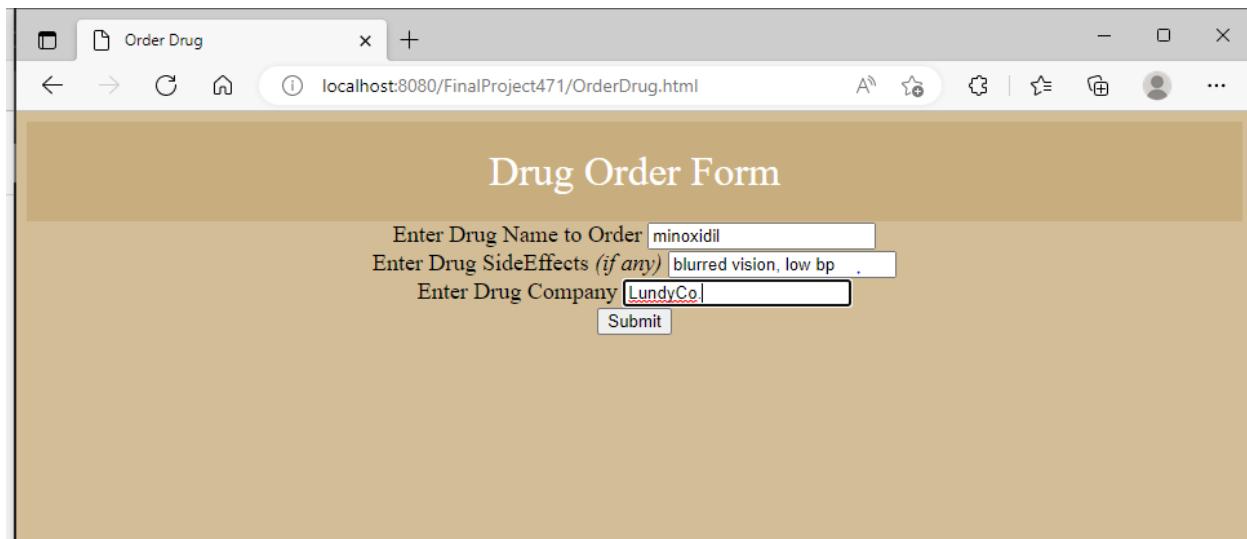
Again, the pharmacist options.

After selecting order a drug, we get the order a drug page/form:



Drug Order form

Let us first discuss the option of ordering a unique drug. To do this, we will enter the form as such:



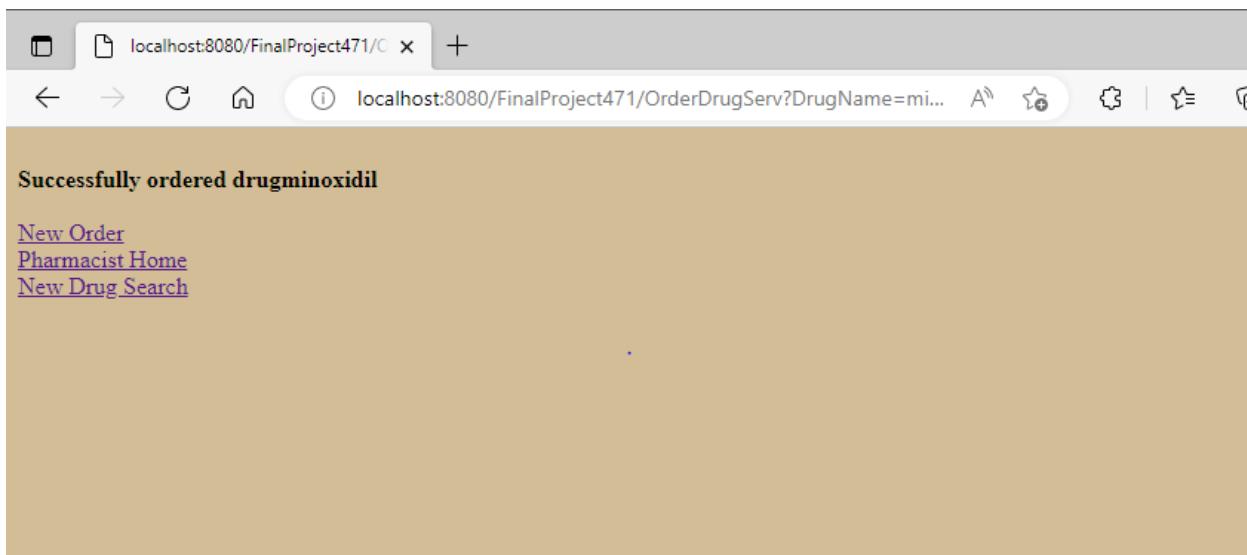
Drug Order Form

Enter Drug Name to Order

Enter Drug SideEffects (if any)

Enter Drug Company

Ordering a new drug.



Successfully ordered drugminoxidil

[New Order](#)
[Pharmacist Home](#)
[New Drug Search](#)

The result of the above order form submission.

We see that the drug was successfully ordered (refer to appendix u.12 to see the database change). Now we have the option to search a drug (as previously discussed), pharmacist home (back to the pharmacist homepage), or new order to bring us back to the drug order form to try another one.

Lets show the other option: trying to order a duplicate drug. Lets select 'New Order' and try to order minoxidil again to see how our system reacts to duplicate order requests.



Order Drug

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/OrderDrug.html

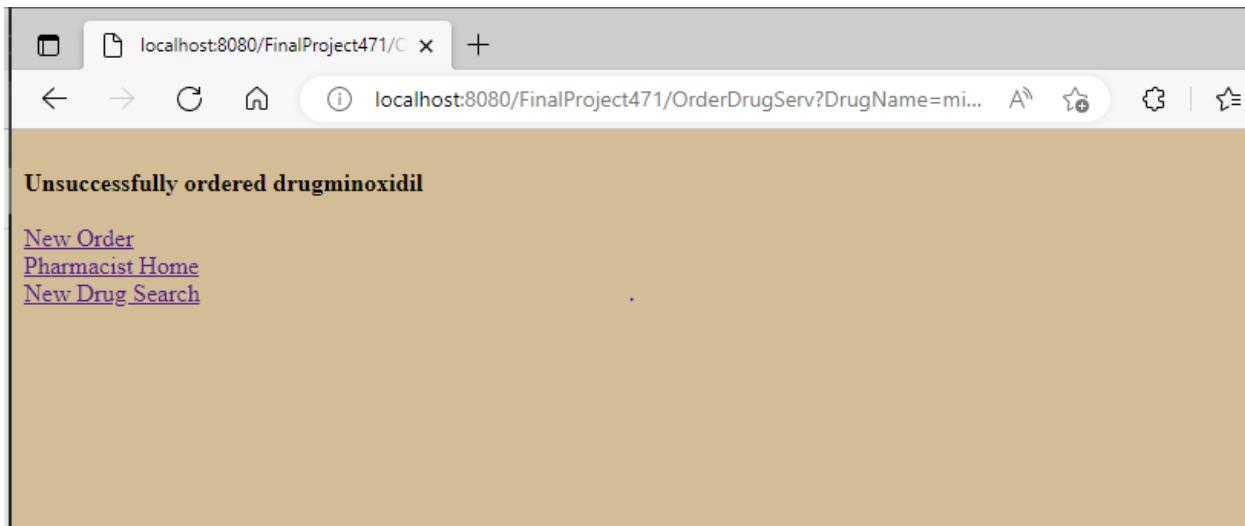
Drug Order Form

Enter Drug Name to Order

Enter Drug SideEffects (*if any*)

Enter Drug Company

Attempt at a duplicate drug order



localhost:8080/FinalProject471/...

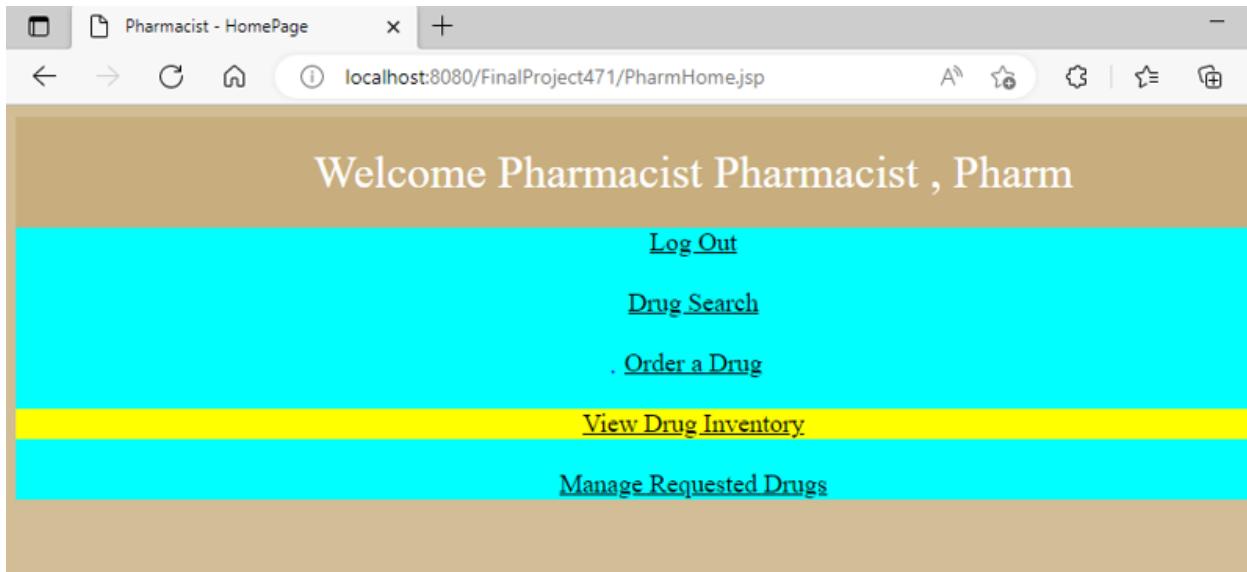
Unsuccessfully ordered drugminoxidil

[New Order](#)
[Pharmacist Home](#)
[New Drug Search](#)

The resulting page from the above order attempt

As seen above, the system does not allow a duplicate minoxidil drug to be ordered, and can be seen in appendix u.13.

Now we can select pharmacist home and move on to the next option on their homepage: view drug inventory.



Selecting view drug inventory from pharmacist homepage

Selecting this retrieves the entire system drug inventory for a pharmacist to view:

Company	Side Effects	Name
123	123	123
null	null	Adderall
Balmoral	None	Ativan
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Clenbuterol
null	null	Clorazepam
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Hydroxyzine
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Ibuprofen
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Klonopin
naturalPharm	none	menthol
PharmMD	Dizziness, diarrhea, confusion, etc.	Metranolol
LundyCo.	blurred vision, low bp	minoxidil
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Pepto
Drug Inc.	Drowsiness, Irritability	Propranolol
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Tylenol
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Xanax

[Back to Home](#)

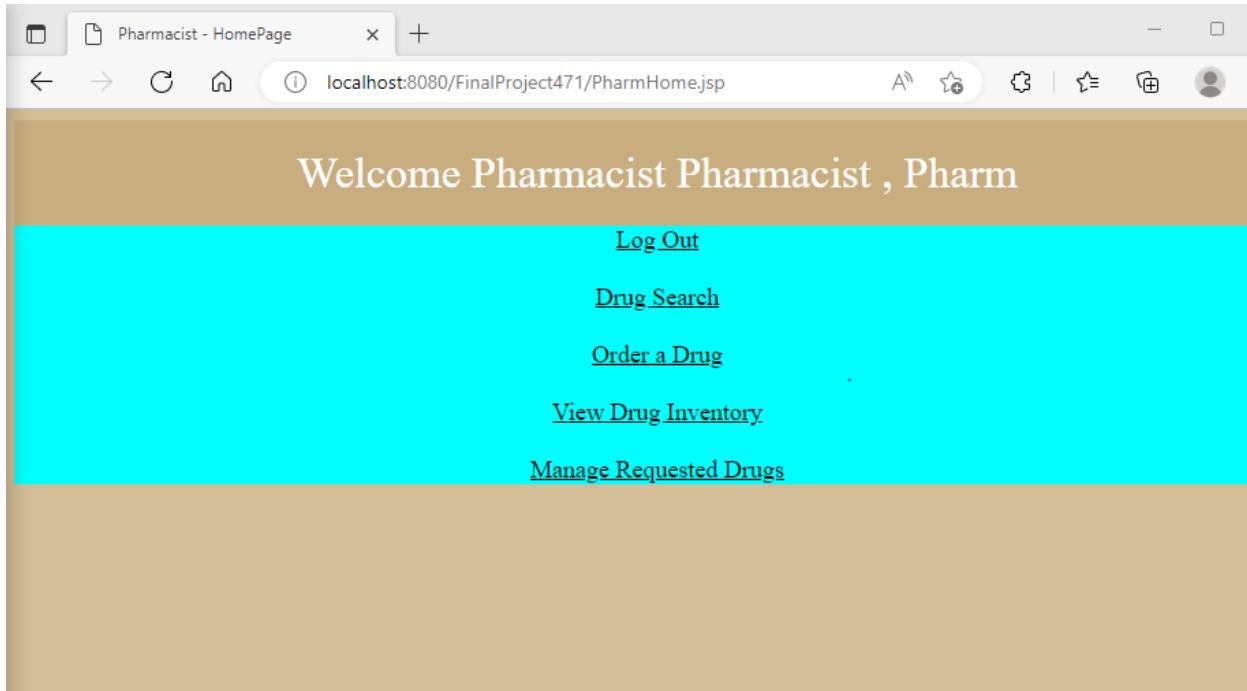
Retrieved pharmacist drug inventory once view inventory is selected.

Notice the NULLs in the drug inventory. As previously discussed, all text forms of our website are protected from NULLs and empty inputs. Therefore, all NULLs present here are from the

doctor request we mentioned before, where they request a drug and a pharmacist must later fill in that drug's information for completeness (but doctors may still prescribe the drug before pharmacist completion).

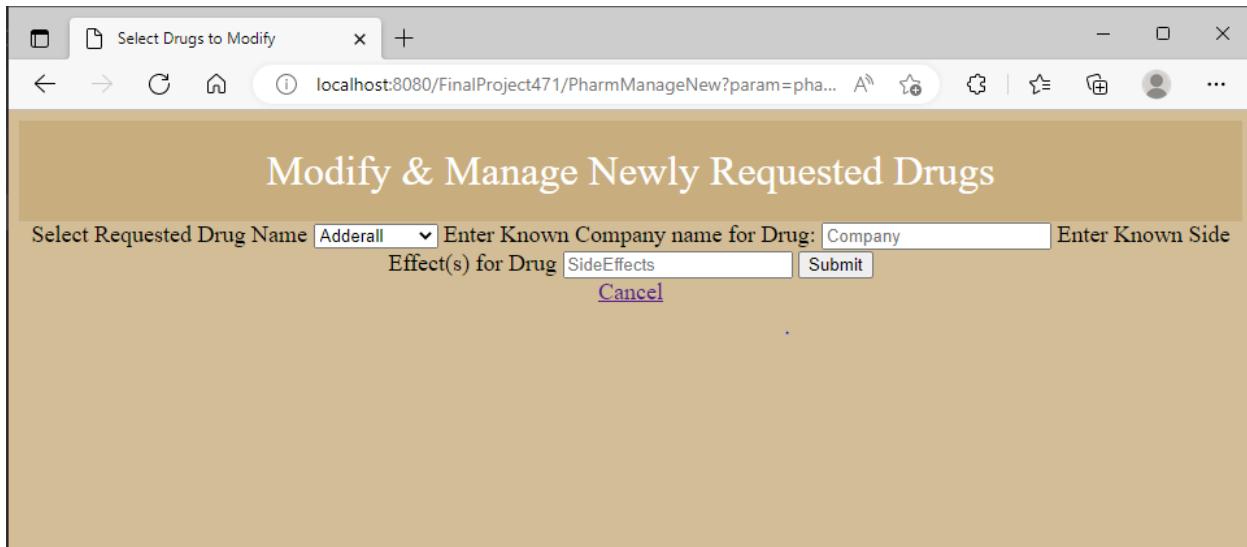
Speaking of that, we can now go back to the pharmacist homepage and examine the final pharmacist option: manage requested drugs. This directly ties into what we just discussed. This manage requested drugs gives the pharmacist the option to monitor the database for any newly requested drugs from doctors (that will have NULLs for information attributes), and can then fill in the information for that drug to complete its integration into our system. Thus, it completes the doctor drug request previously discussed to obtain a completely integrated drug into our system, rather than a requested drug with NULL values.

Now lets show this option by pressing manage requested drugs from the pharmacist homepage:



Pharmacist homepage which includes the final option: Manage Requested Drugs

Selecting this gives us this page:



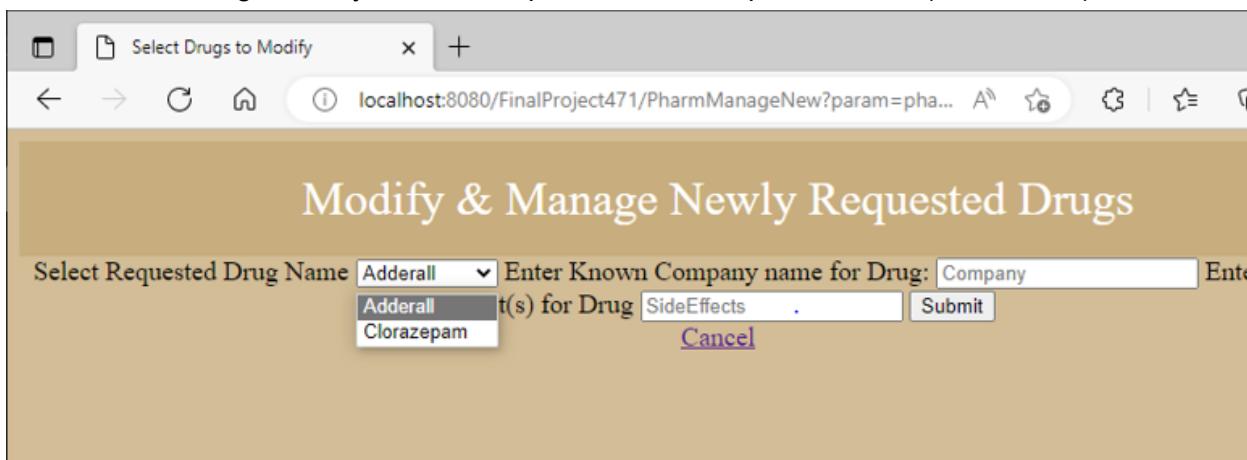
Select Requested Drug Name Enter Known Company name for Drug: Enter Known Side Effect(s) for Drug [Cancel](#)

Manage drugs page

Here, we are presented with the page to fully integrate and manage drugs that doctors have newly requested since the pharmacist's last login. As you can see, we have a dropdown menu (which has every newly requested drug which has NULL attributes as an option), as well as the text field to fill in the drug info for that drug.

Thus, we can select a newly requested drug and fill in the Company Name and the Side Effects for that drug to complete the request from doctor to pharmacist.

Taking a look at appendix u.14, we see all the drugs that have been newly requested, including the adderall request we made when discussing the doctor-side of requesting a new drug. We see that these drugs exactly match the options for the dropdown menu (seen below):



Select Requested Drug Name Enter Known Company name for Drug: Enter Known Side Effect(s) for Drug [Cancel](#)

Dropdown menu to show all options for newly requested drugs

Note that these only include drugs that have been recently requested and no pharmacist has filled yet. As soon as a pharmacist does this, it will no longer be null and thus no longer available in the dropdown menu, since the drug will now be integrated and no pharmacist needs to take any action for that drug.

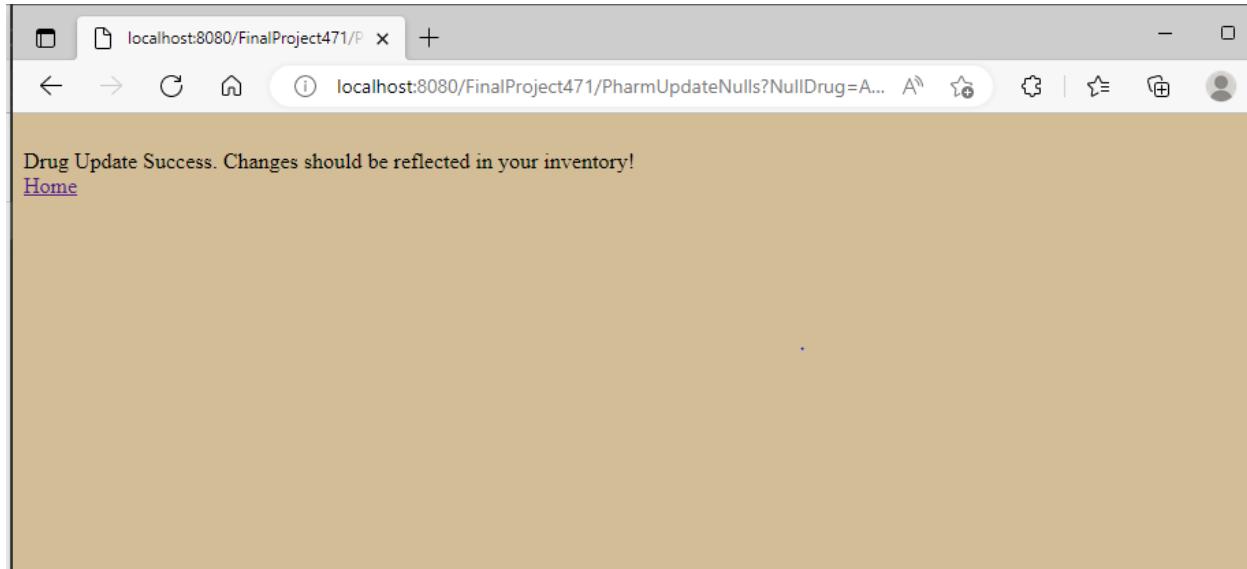
Now we can fulfill the adderall request we created as a doctor earlier. The form entry is shown below:



Select Requested Drug Name: Adderall Enter Known Company name for Drug: BigPharma Enter Known Side Effect(s) for Drug: Confusion, night sweats Submit Cancel

Form submission sample to fulfill the adderall drug request made previously from a doctor

Pressing submit will update that drug, while pressing cancel will bring us back to the pharmacist homepage, and therefore that drug will still need to be fulfilled by a pharmacist (but can still be prescribed by doctors).



Drug Update Success. Changes should be reflected in your inventory!
[Home](#)

Submitting the above form - request is successful

Please view appendix U.15 to see the database change for the previously NULL adderall. Now, patients for example can search the side effects or the pharmacist can see that drug in a company search since both those fields are no longer NULL. Now, lets go back home and see that adderall is no longer part of the dropdown menu, since no action is urgently required from the pharmacist for that drug.

Select Requested Drug Name: Enter Known Company name for Drug:
Clorazepam SideEffects [Cancel](#)

Going back to manage drugs, we see that Adderall is no longer an option to be managed since we successfully fulfilled that drug's request.

That concludes our discussion on pharmacists, now we can show how a nurse can use our system.

Nurse Functionalities

To begin our discussion on how a nurse can use our system, we first logout from pharmacist.

Welcome Pharmacist Pharmacist , Pharm

[Log Out](#)

[Drug Search](#)

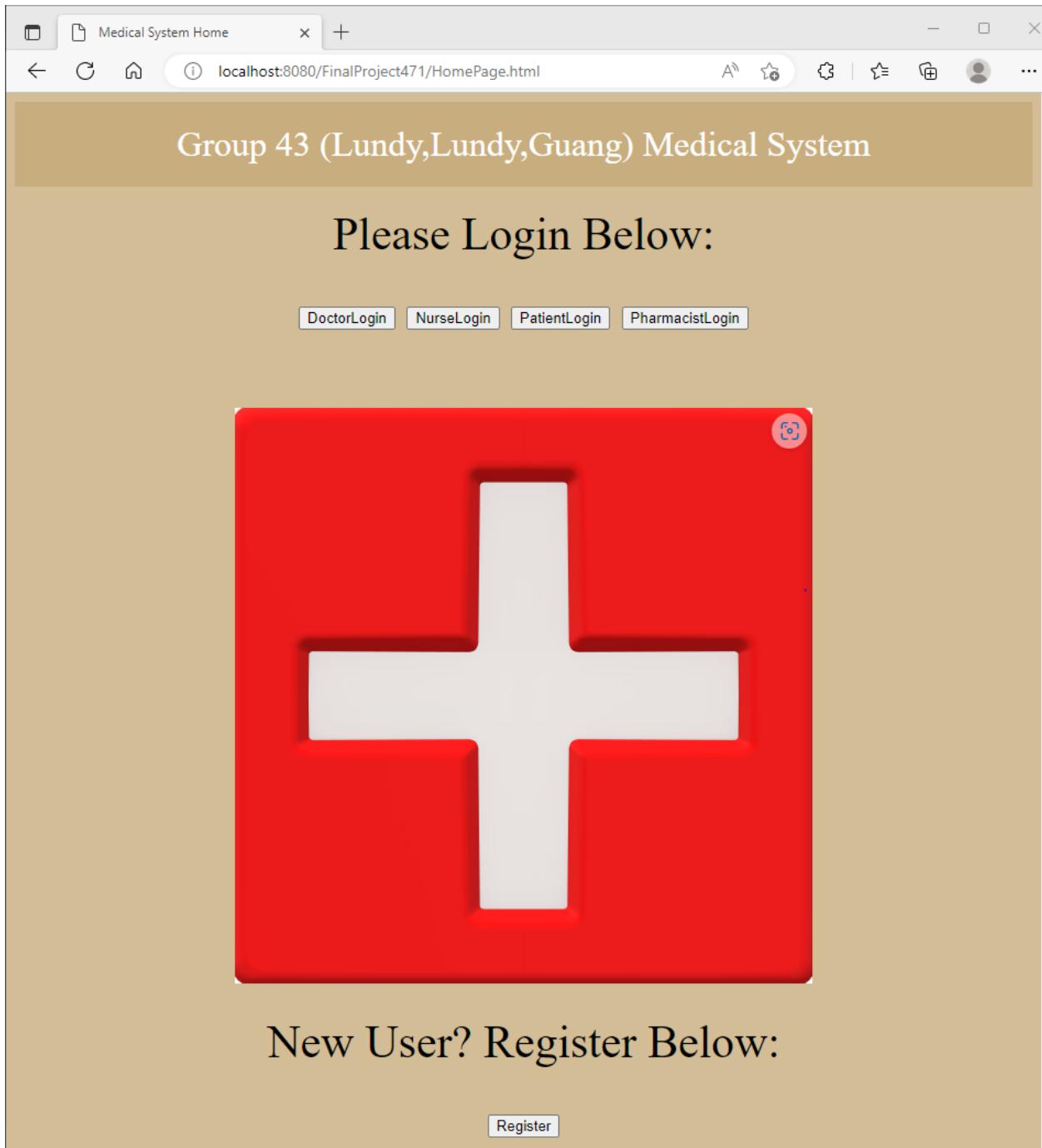
[Order a Drug](#)

[View Drug Inventory](#)

[Logout](#)

Pharmacist logout

Now we are brought back to the familiar system homepage:



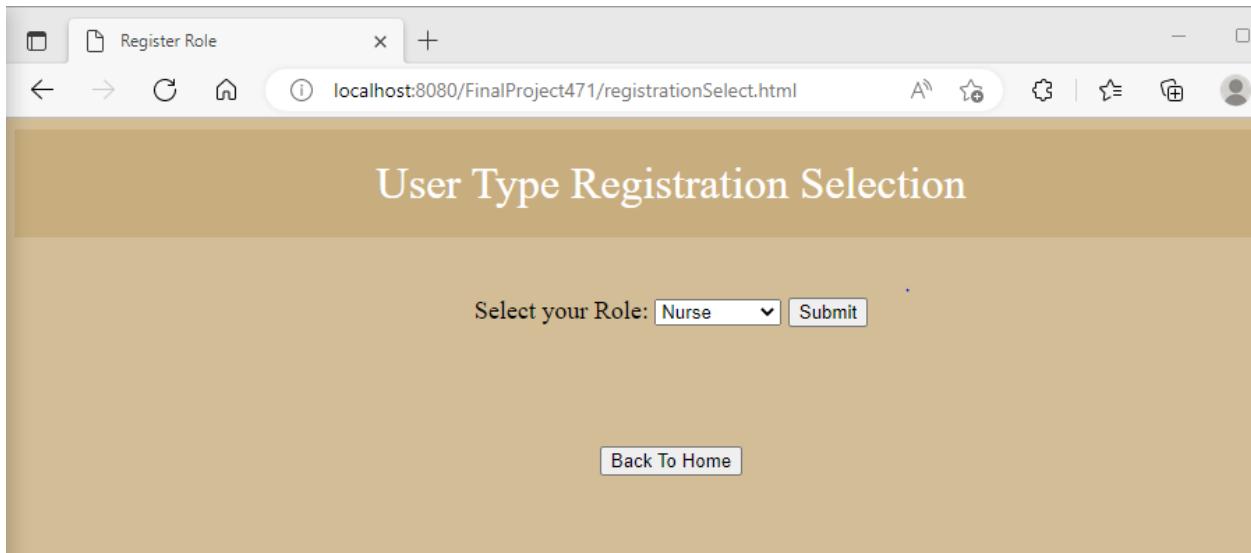
The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title 'Medical System Home'. The URL in the address bar is 'localhost:8080/FinalProject471/HomePage.html'. The page content is a light beige color. At the top, it displays 'Group 43 (Lundy,Lundy,Guang) Medical System'. Below that, a large text 'Please Login Below:' is centered. Underneath this text are four buttons: 'DoctorLogin', 'NurseLogin', 'PatientLogin', and 'PharmacistLogin'. Below these buttons is a large red 3D-style plus sign icon. At the bottom of the page, the text 'New User? Register Below:' is centered, and a 'Register' button is located at the bottom of the page.

System homepage

As we did with doctors and pharmacists, let us first attempt to register a new nurse to our system to use for our user manual.

To begin this, select 'Register' at the bottom of the page.

Now, using the dropdown option menu, select Nurse as your role:

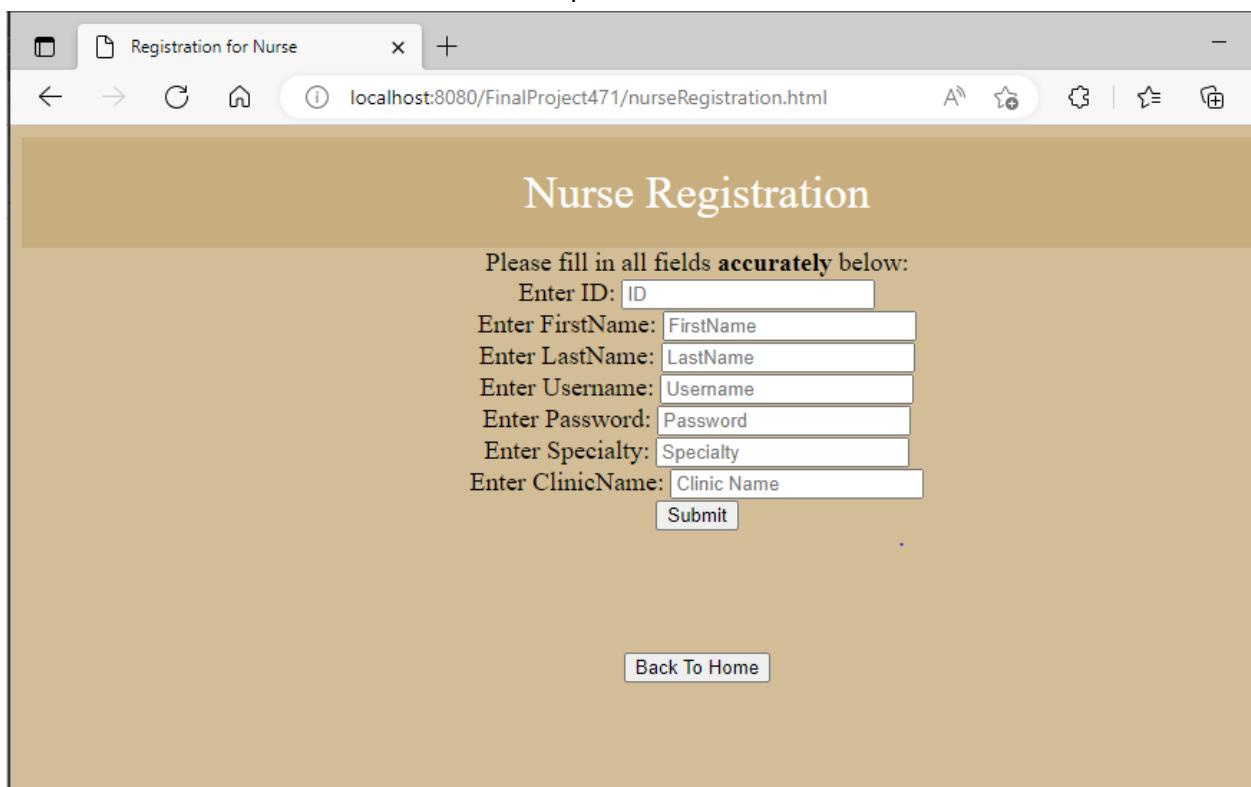


User Type Registration Selection

Select your Role:

Role selection for registration. Here, we are choosing Nurse

Choose submit, and we now have this form presented to us:



Nurse Registration

Please fill in all fields **accurately** below:

Enter ID:

Enter FirstName:

Enter LastName:

Enter Username:

Enter Password:

Enter Specialty:

Enter ClinicName:

Nurse registration form

Now we can fill out this form to create our Nurse:

Registration for Nurse

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/nurseRegistration.html

Nurse Registration

Please fill in all fields **accurately** below:

Enter ID:

Enter FirstName:

Enter LastName:

Enter Username:

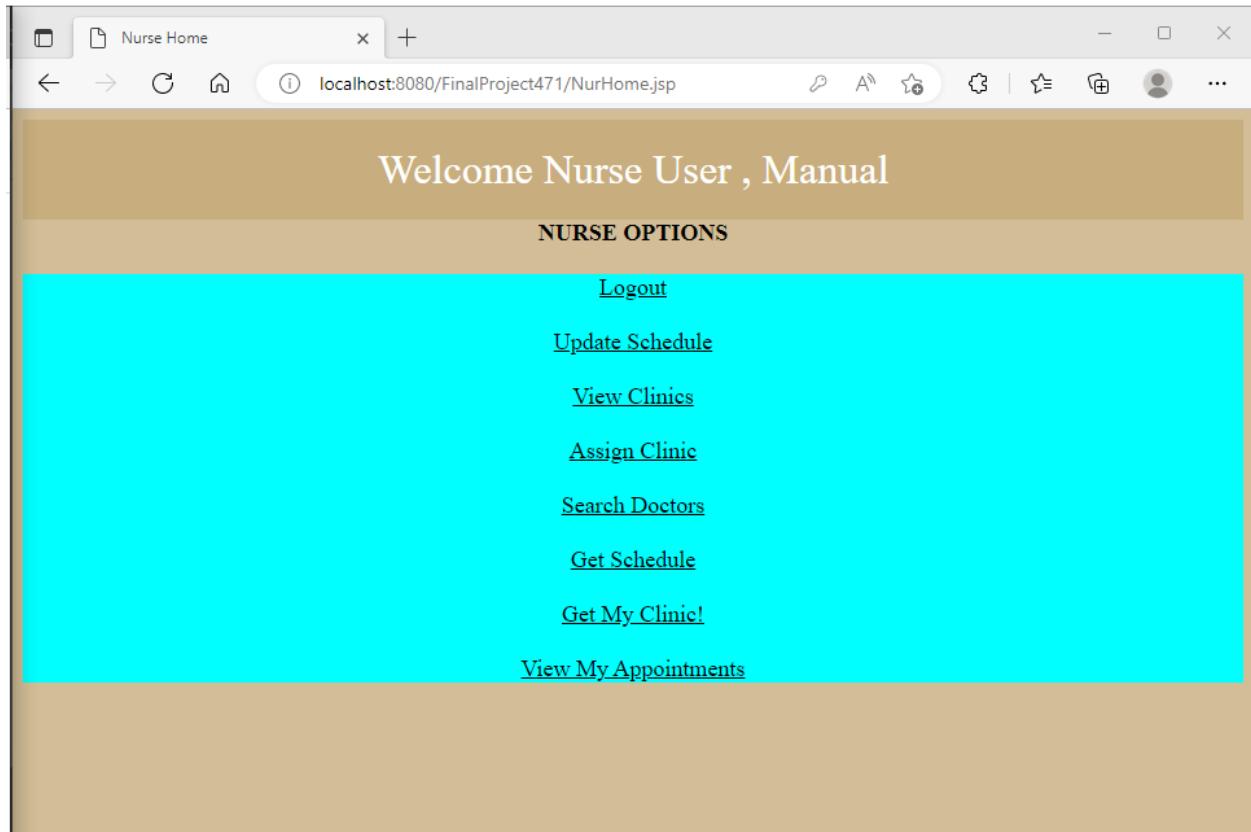
Enter Password:

Enter Specialty:

Enter ClinicName:

Filling in our sample Nurse registration form

Submitting this form yields the following:

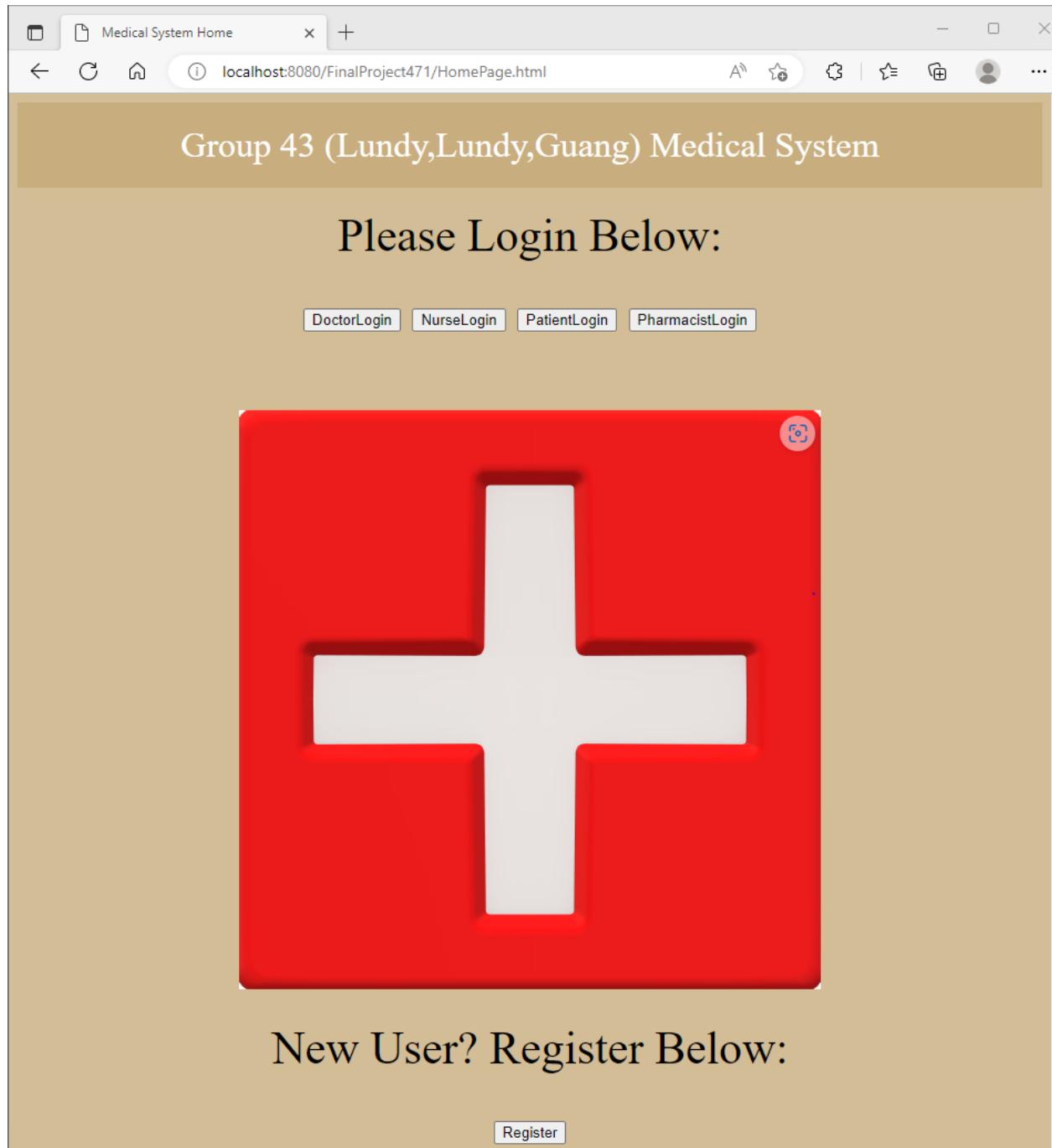


The Nurse Homepage for our user

This is the nurse homepage. Compare appendix u.1 for nurses with appendix u.16 to see the change in nurses in the database.

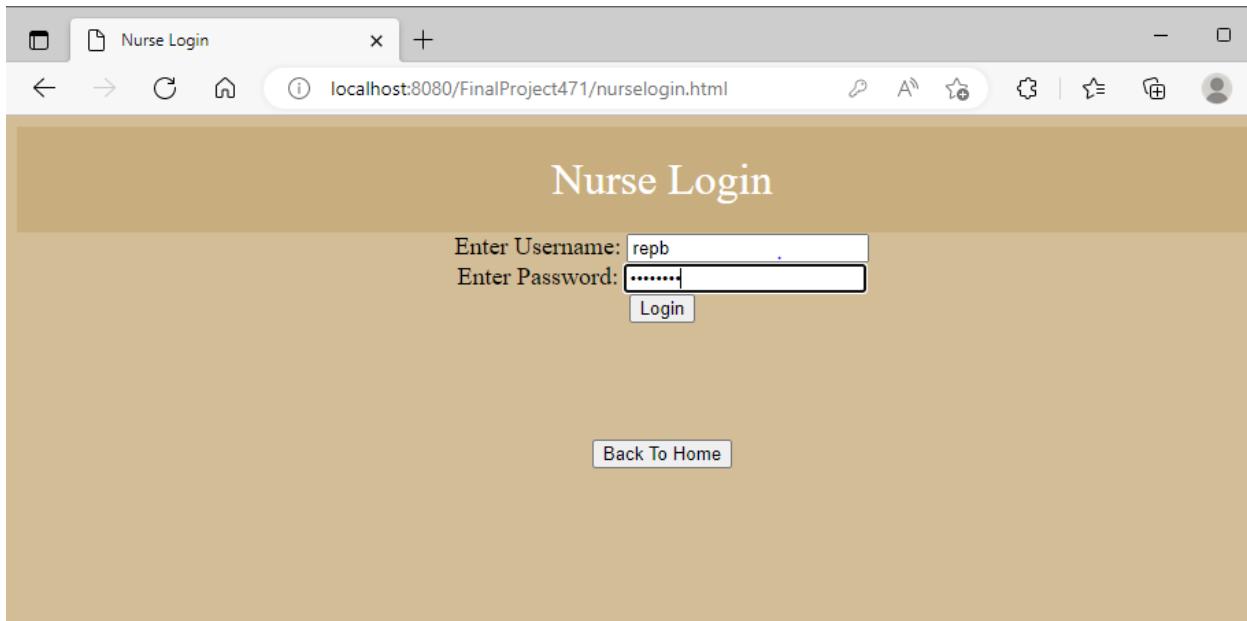
Now lets test the login/logout functionality of our system for nurses. We will show this process in the photos below. (1a, 1b) is a nonsense login (no nurse user match), (2a, 2b) is a wrong password login, (3a, 3b) is a successful login. (*a corresponds to input, b is the result*).

But first, we will press logout at the top, which brings us back to the nurse homepage. Then, we select 'NurseLogin' at the top of the webpage.



System homepage following nurse logout. Now we will attempt to login with 'NurseLogin'

The following pictures depict the login situations outlined:

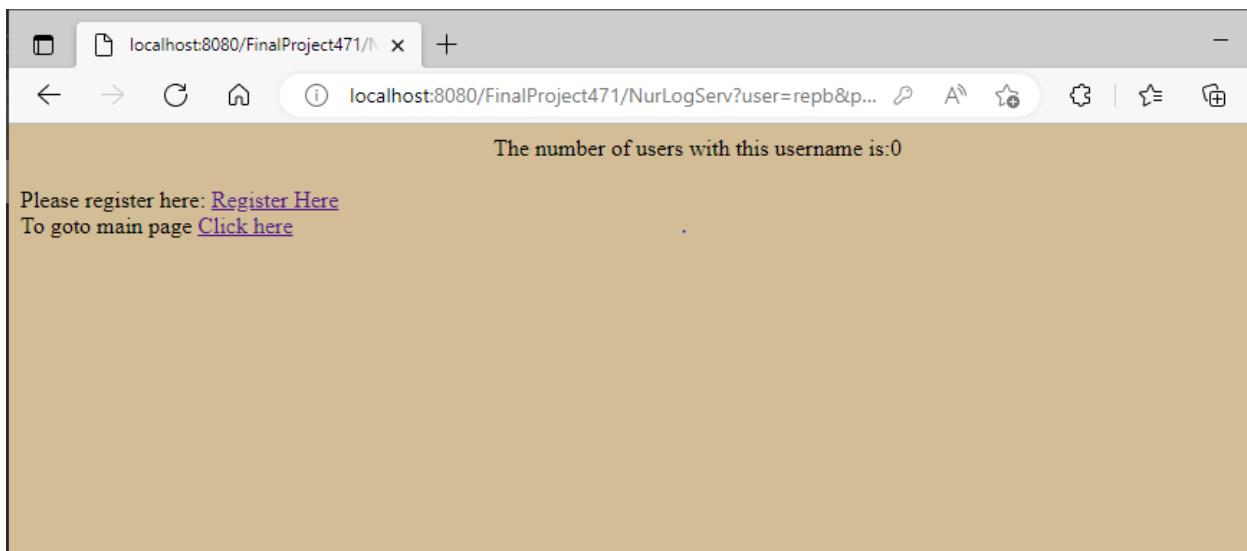


Nurse Login

Enter Username:

Enter Password:

1A. Nonsensical login with nonexistent nurse

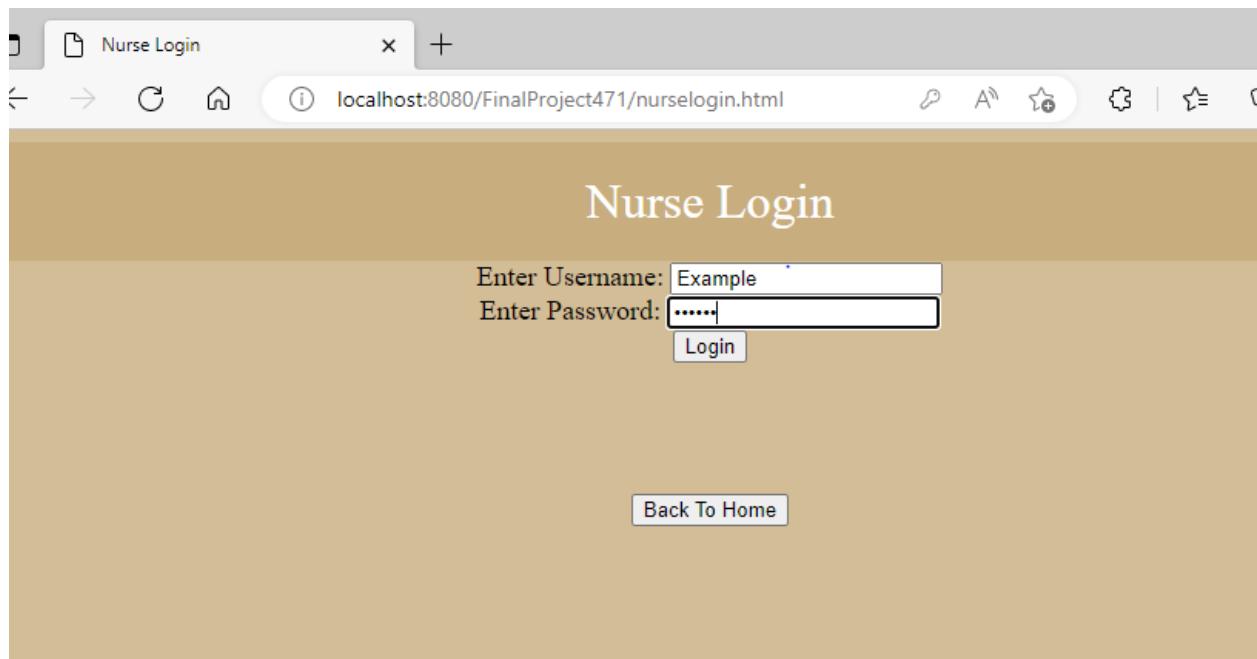


The number of users with this username is:0

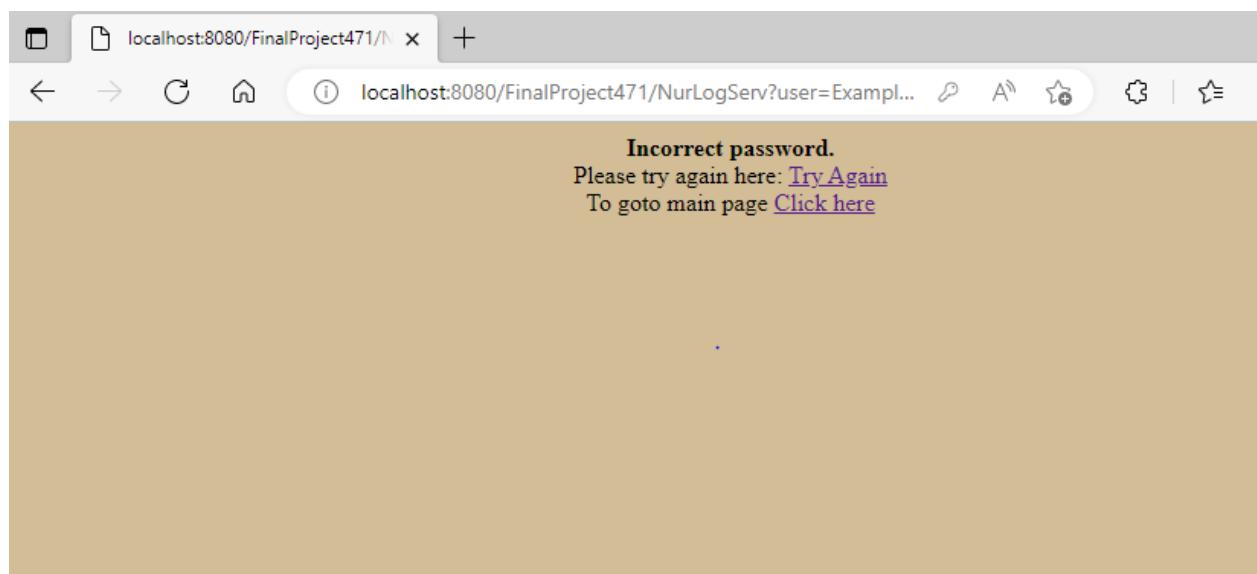
Please register here: [Register Here](#)

To goto main page [Click here](#)

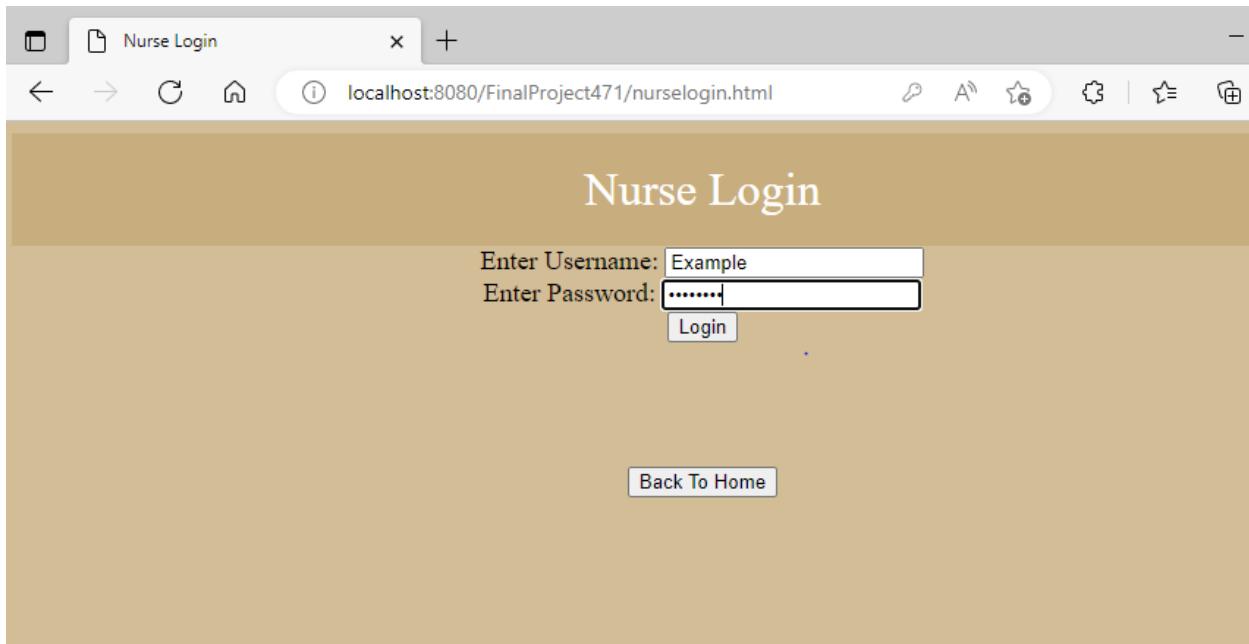
1B. The result (links to system homepage and to the registration page)



2a. Logging in with wrong password



2b. The result (link to retry login and link to system homepage)

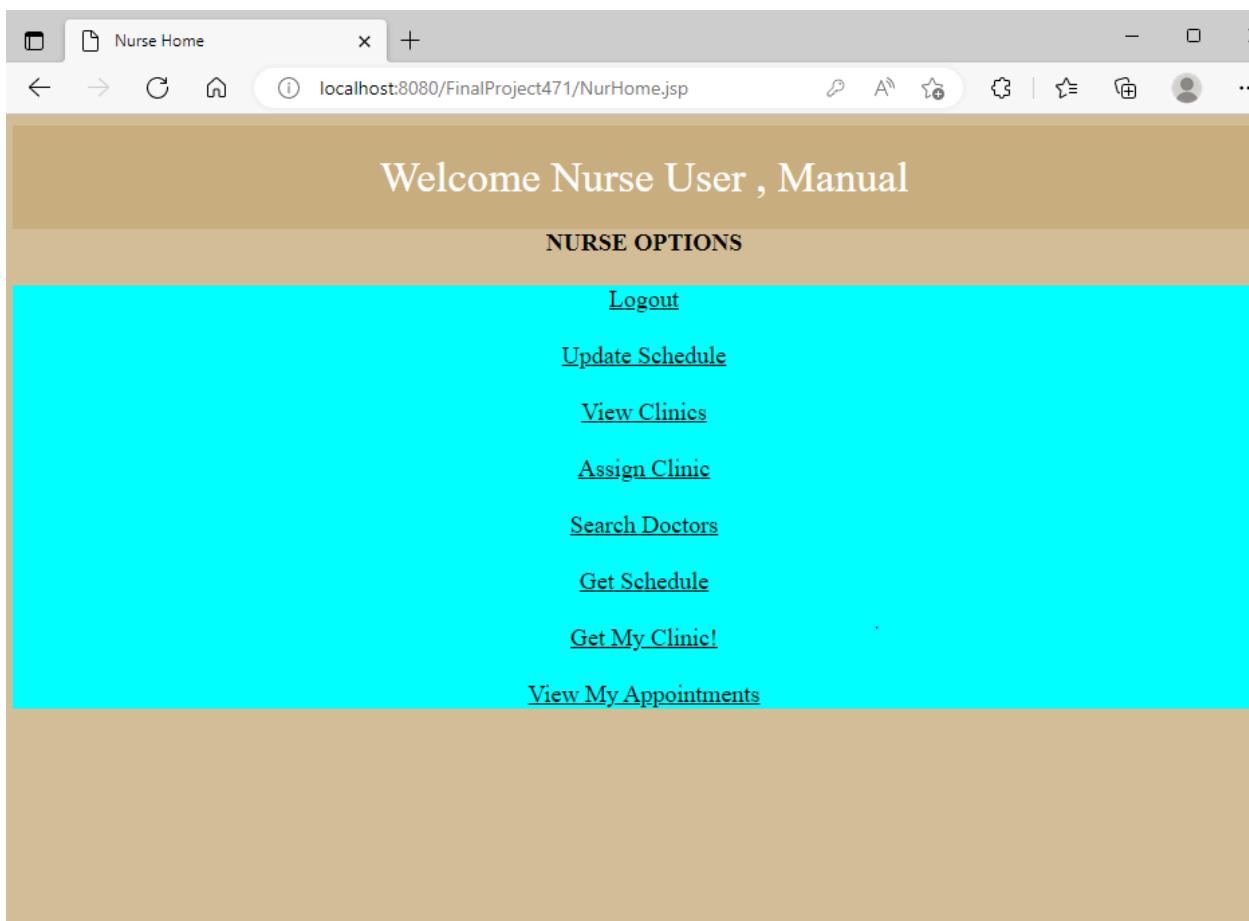


Nurse Login

Enter Username:

Enter Password:

3a. Good login attempt



Welcome Nurse User , Manual

NURSE OPTIONS

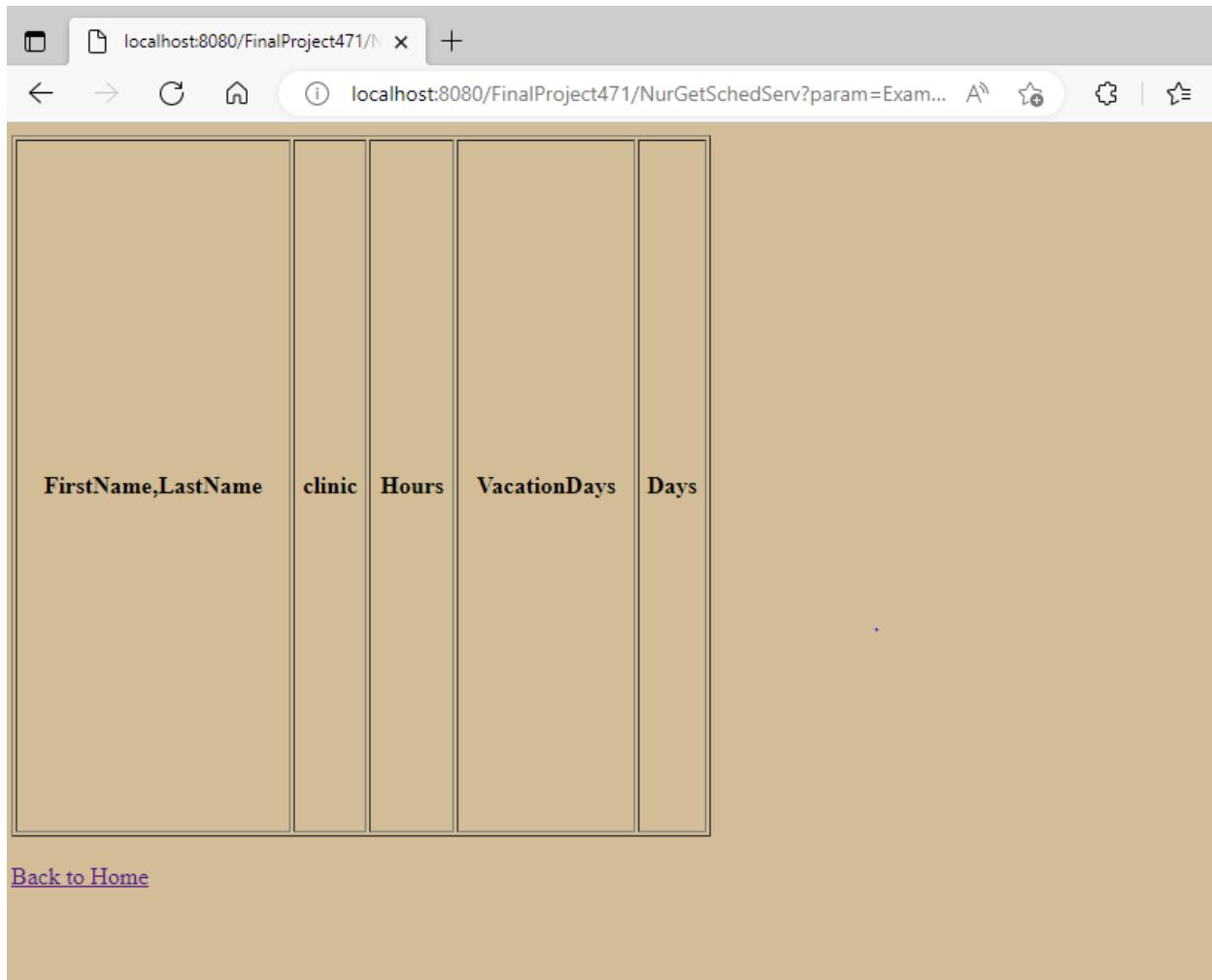
[Logout](#)
[Update Schedule](#)
[View Clinics](#)
[Assign Clinic](#)
[Search Doctors](#)
[Get Schedule](#)
[Get My Clinic!](#)
[View My Appointments](#)

3b. The result - brought to Nurse's homepage

Now we have discussed the login functionality. We will continue by going through each nurse option in the order of the homepage, starting with update schedule. But first, it logically makes sense to show get schedule for a nurse who does not yet have a schedule.

Therefore, we will first select 'Get Schedule' (3rd from bottom).

This gives us this (expected empty since no schedule yet for our nurse example here):



A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows 'localhost:8080/FinalProject471/NurGetSchedServ?param=Exam...'. The main content area displays a table with five columns. The columns are labeled 'FirstName,LastName', 'clinic', 'Hours', 'VacationDays', and 'Days'. Each column is empty, indicating no data is present. Below the table, there is a link 'Back to Home'.

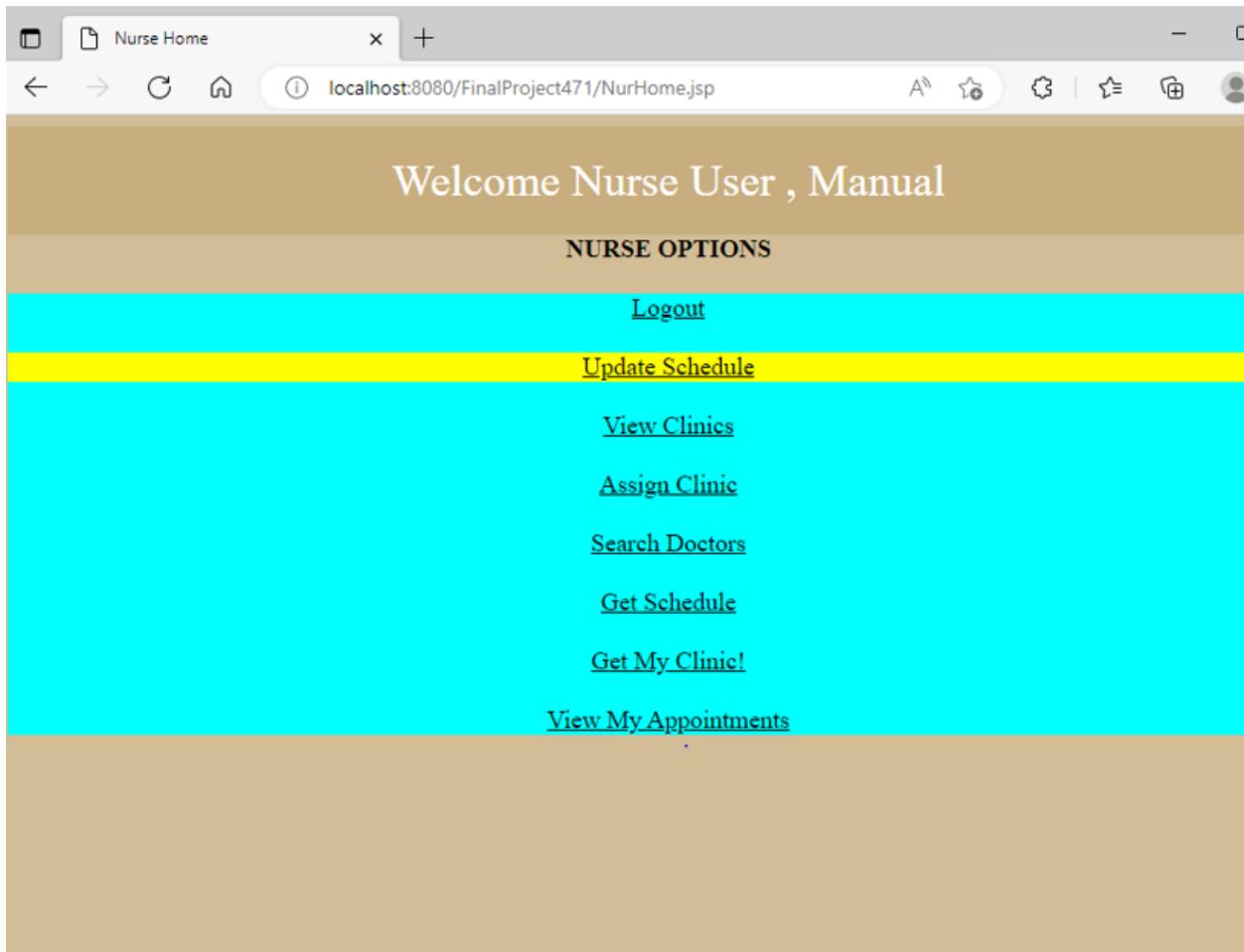
FirstName,LastName	clinic	Hours	VacationDays	Days

[Back to Home](#)

Empty schedule for nurse with no schedule yet (our example nurse)

Now, we can show update schedule and then view the schedule again.

So lets press Back to Home to get back to the Nurse homepage and then select the second option from the top: Update Schedule.



Nurse homepage. Highlighted: Update schedule option

Once this option is selected, we have this page:

Welcome Nurse User , Manual to the Update Schedule page!
Please fill in the form below to update parameters of your unique schedule

Select your Hours: Select your days: Enter Any Vacation Days: (Enter none if N/A)

[Back to your Homepage](#) [Get My Schedule Instead](#)

Update schedule page

Now we see a dropdown menu for selecting hours, days and vacation days. Much like in the doctor update schedule seen earlier in this manual, hours contains options 0-24, and days ranges from everyday to Monday to Sunday with every combination in between. Vacation Days, of course, is a required/empty protected text field.

Also note the two links underneath: Back to Homepage, which brings the user back to their nurse homepage, as well as Get my Schedule instead, which will go to the get my schedule we saw before for that user.

Lets fill in our example with sample values as such:

Welcome Nurse User , Manual to the Update Schedule page!
Please fill in the form below to update parameters of your unique schedule

Select your Hours: 12 Select your days: Monday-Friday Enter Any Vacation Days: (Enter none if N/A)
Easter and Christmas

Submit

[Back to your Homepage](#) [Get My Schedule Instead](#)

Sample values for update schedule for Nurse

Submitting this form gives us this:

Updated schedule!

[Home](#)

Updated schedule message

Now we can refer to appendix u.17 to see the change to nurseschedule for that user.

Now that we have a schedule for this user lets select Home, then select get schedule again to see our newly created schedule.

FirstName,LastName	clinic	Hours	VacationDays	Days
User,Manual	Oasis Clinic	12	Easter and Christmas	Monday-Friday

[Back to Home](#)

After going back to the homepage and then pressing get schedule, we see our new schedule

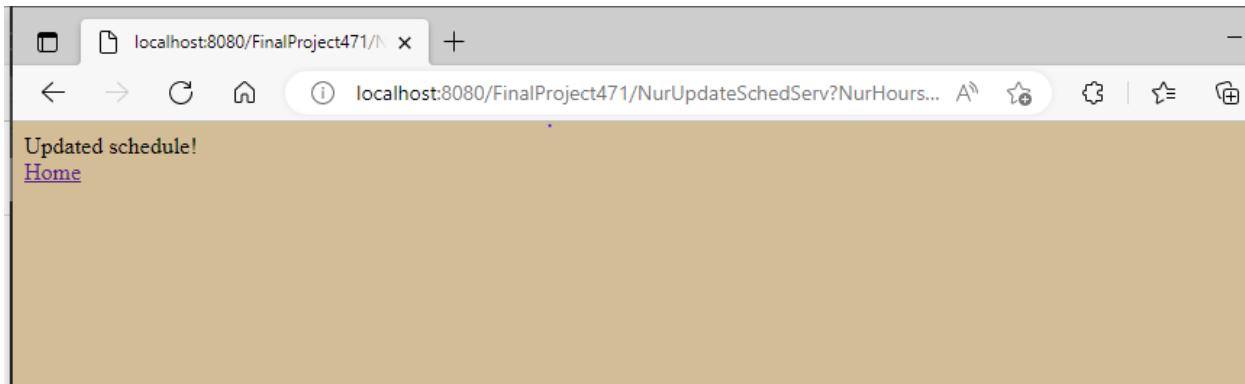
Now lets quickly overwrite this schedule to show how our system updates an existing schedule. To do this, go back home and select update schedule. Then we will fill it in with this example:

Welcome Nurse User , Manual to the Update Schedule page!
Please fill in the form below to update parameters of your unique schedule

Select your Hours: Select your days: Enter Any Vacation Days: (Enter none if N/A)

[Back to your Homepage](#) [Get My Schedule Instead](#)

New form for the same Nurse user to overwrite their schedule



Submitting that example form above result

Now, we can go back and press get schedule again to see the changes (which overwrites the existing schedule).

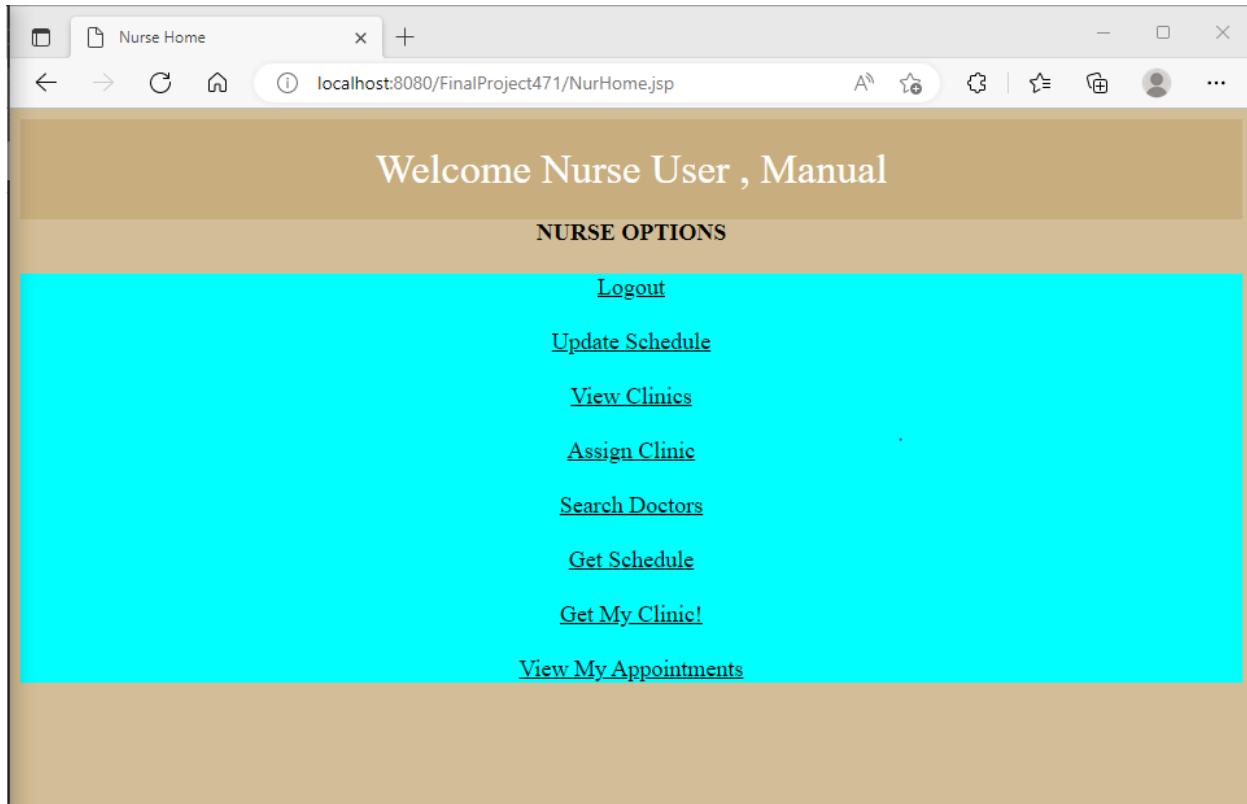
FirstName,LastName	clinic	Hours	VacationDays	Days
User,Manual	Oasis Clinic	4	none	Monday-Thursday

[Back to Home](#)

Get Schedule after update

See appendix u18 to view database change here.

Now we can go back to the Nurse homepage to look at the other Nurse functionality.

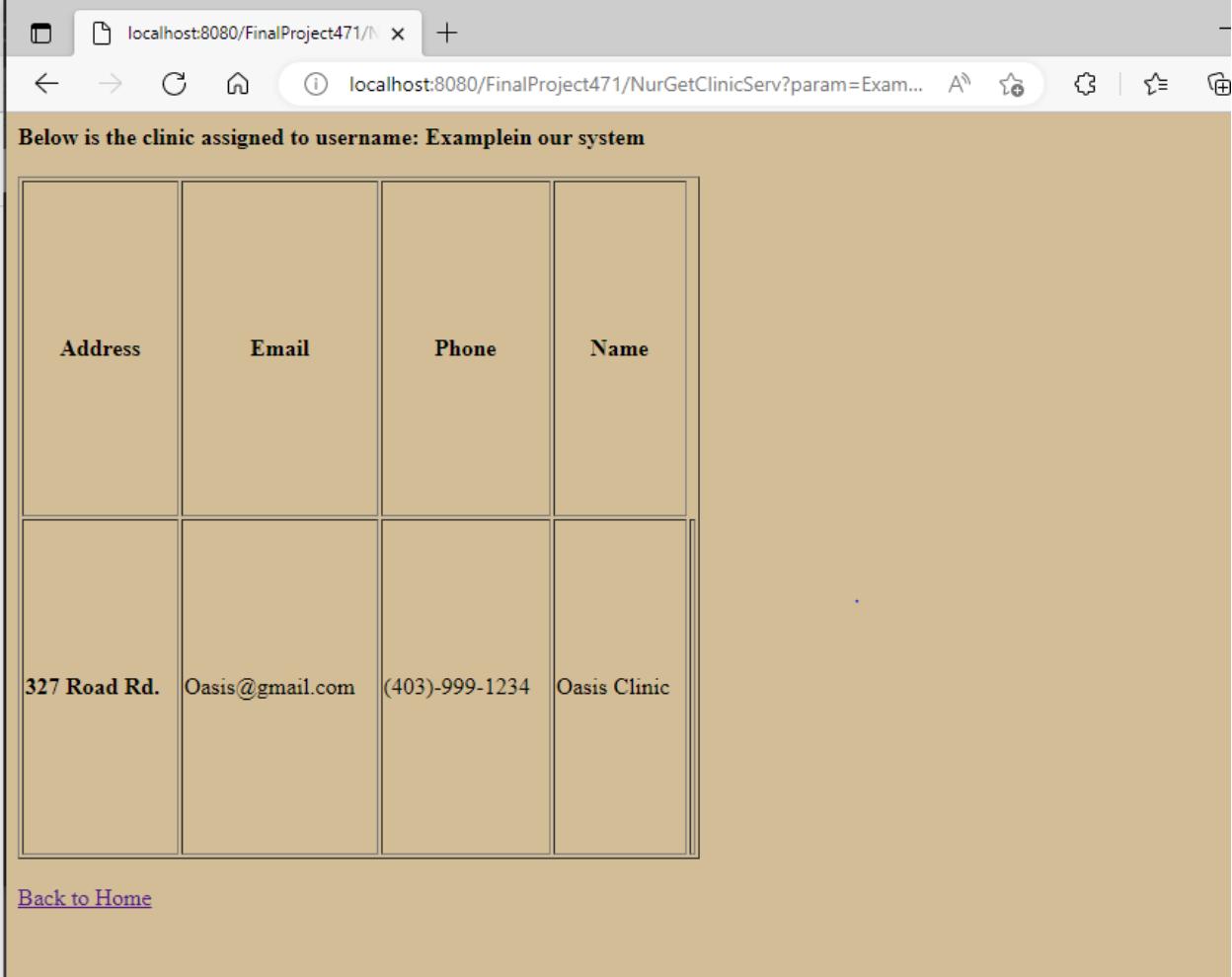


Nurse Homepage

Now we can discuss the third option: View Clinics. Logically, in order to begin this discussion we must first discuss the option: Get My Clinic (second from bottom) and partially discuss Assign clinic (we will discuss fully soon).

First, we will show the get my clinic option, which will retrieve the clinic that this nurse works in.

Selecting this option (second last option) gives us:



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `localhost:8080/FinalProject471/NurGetClinicServ?param=Exam...`. The page content is a table with the following data:

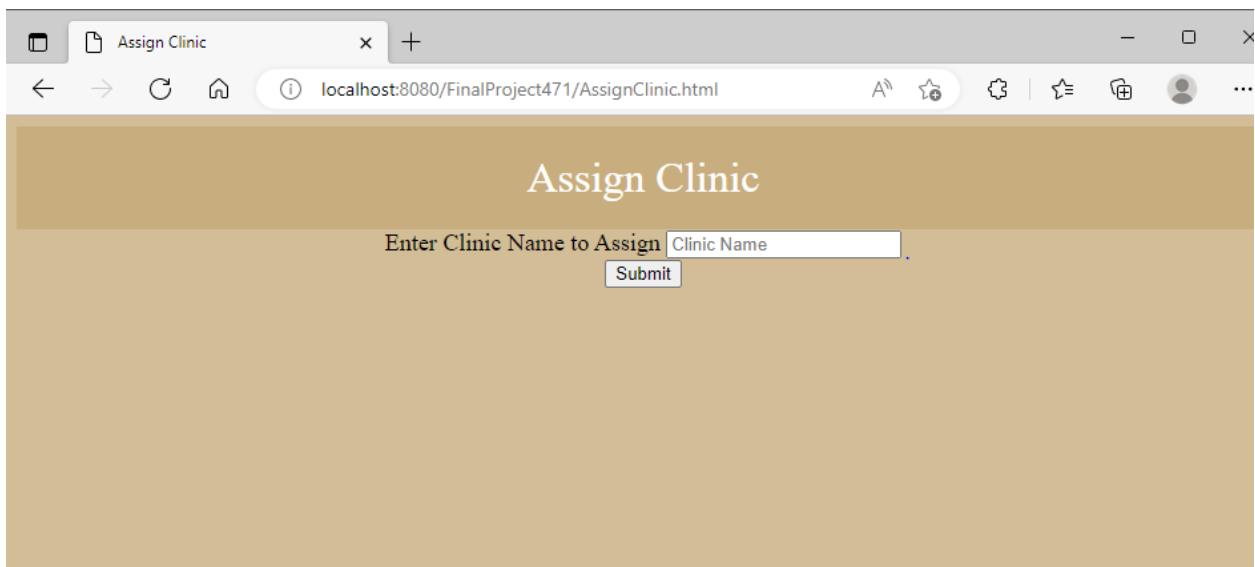
Address	Email	Phone	Name
327 Road Rd.	Oasis@gmail.com	(403)-999-1234	Oasis Clinic

Below the table, there is a link [Back to Home](#).

Get My Clinic for our example nurse

As we can see, this option retrieves the clinic information of the clinic that this nurse works in. Now we can go back to the Nurse homepage and discuss Assign Clinic and view clinics. First, select 'Assign Clinic' on the homepage.

Once selected, we see this:



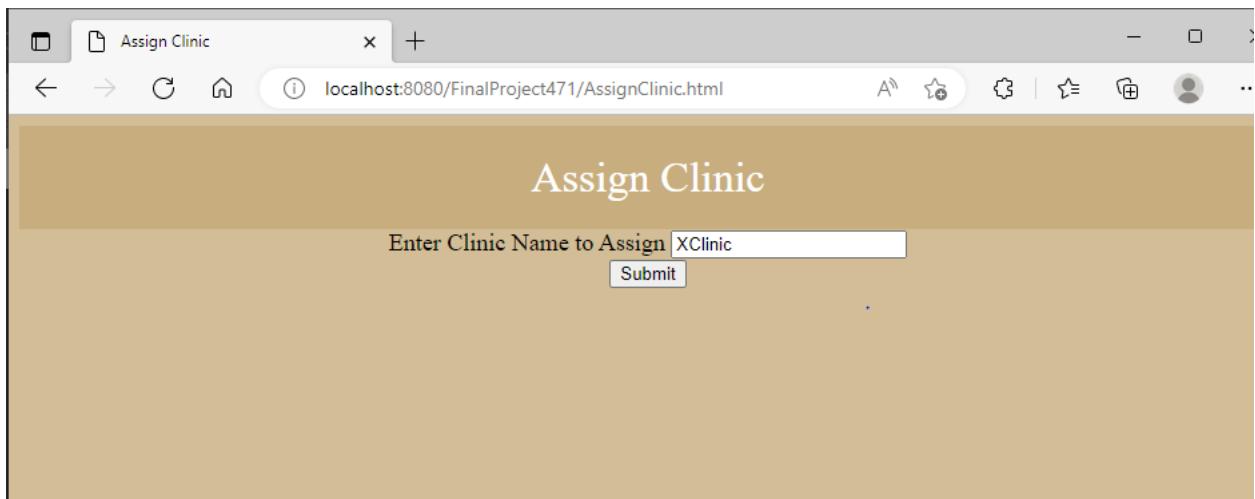
Assign Clinic

Enter Clinic Name to Assign

Submit

Assign Clinic Page

Now we simply enter the clinic name to assign to our nurse, and the change will be reflected (appendix u19).

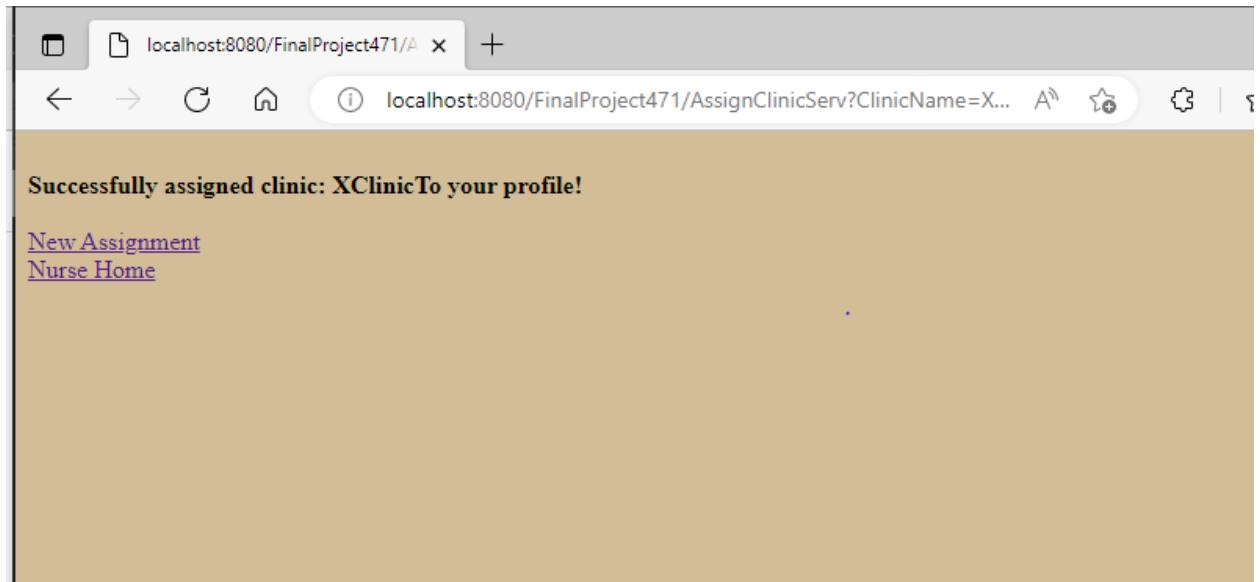


Assign Clinic

Enter Clinic Name to Assign

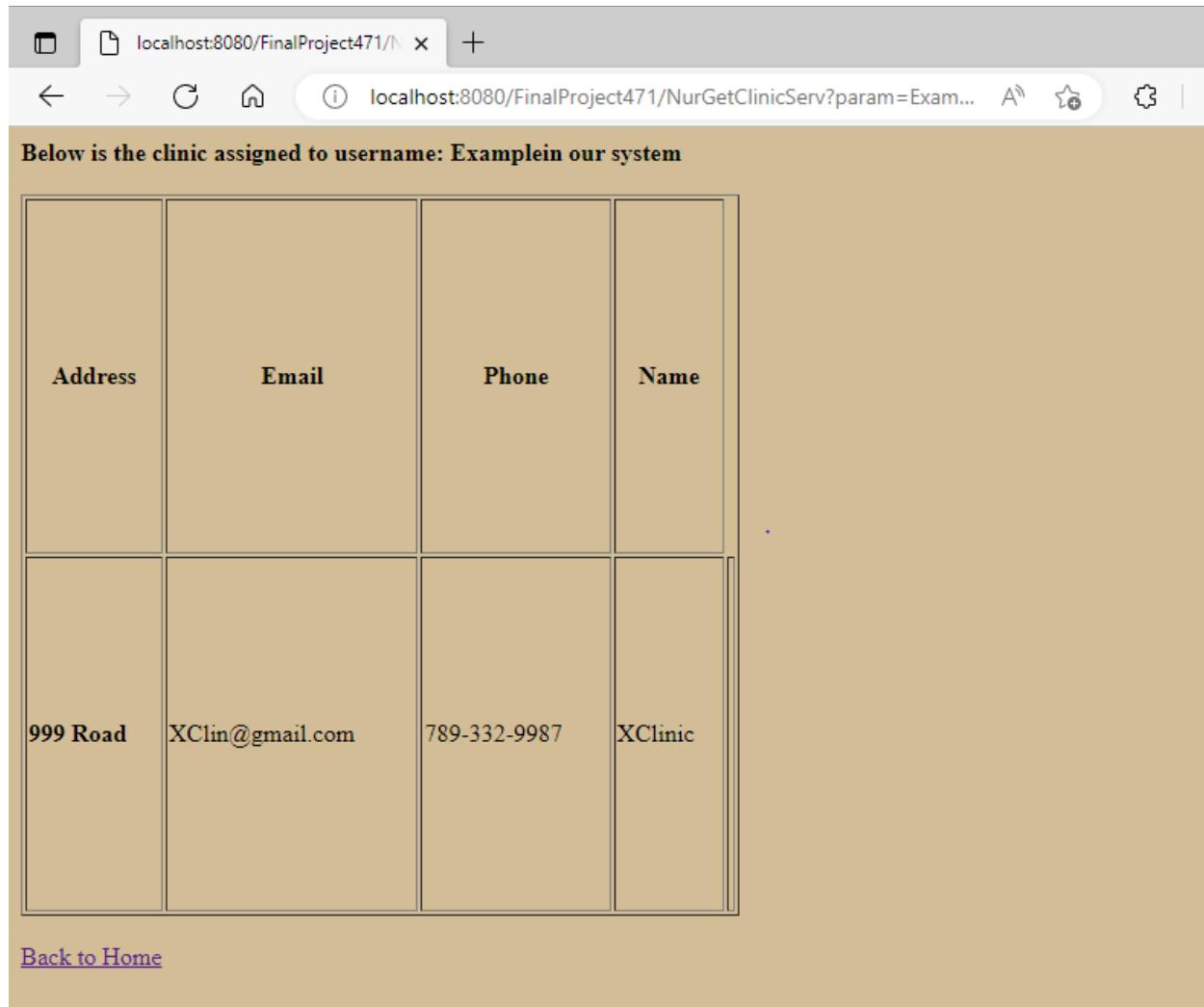
Submit

Assigning our nurse to XClinic



The result. Now, we can go back home or we can go back to the assignment page to assign our nurse to a different clinic again.

Now when we go back to the homepage and select get my clinic we see the change reflected:



localhost:8080/FinalProject471/...

Below is the clinic assigned to username: Examplein our system

Address	Email	Phone	Name
999 Road	XClin@gmail.com	789-332-9987	XClinic

[Back to Home](#)

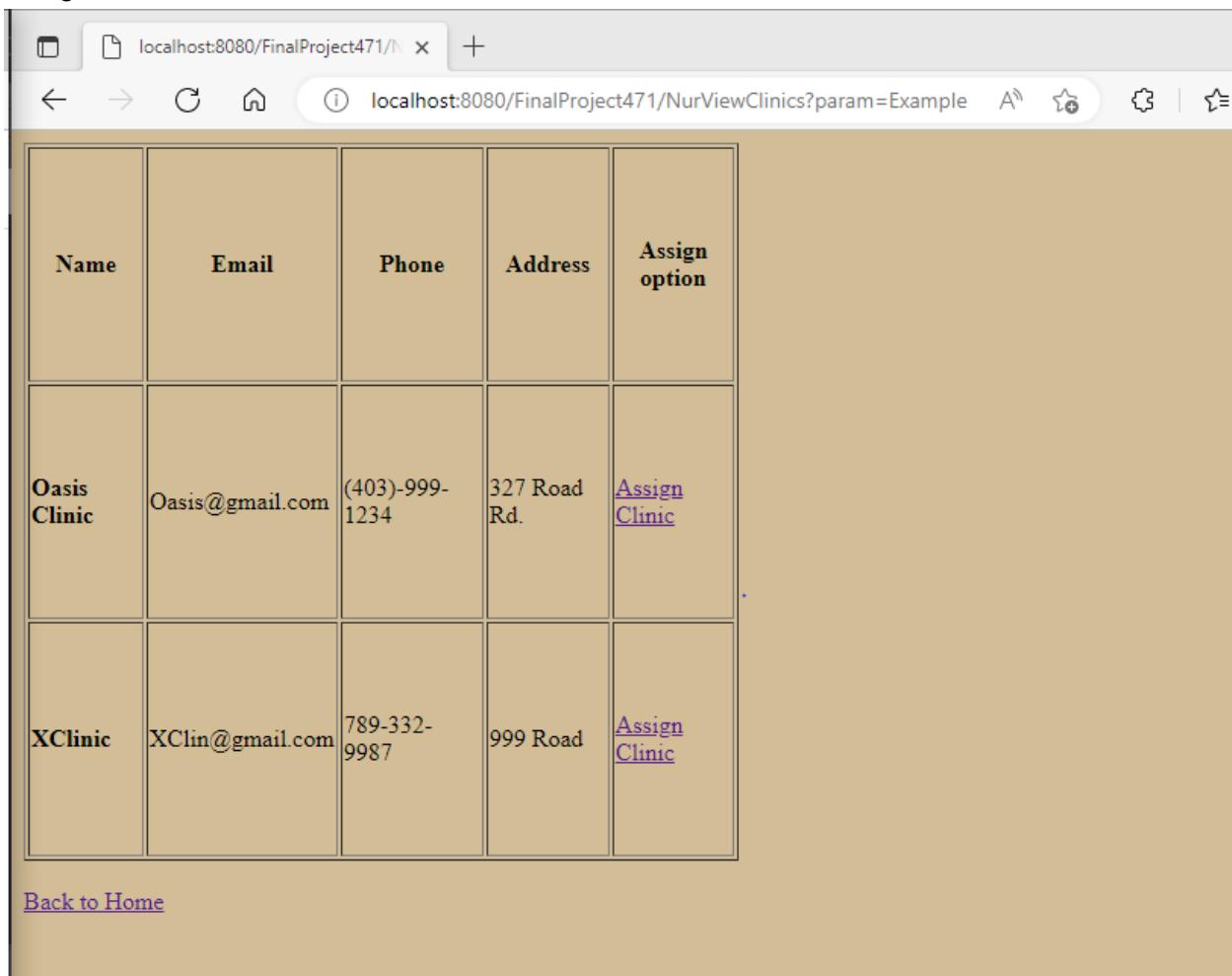
New Get My Clinic with assigned clinic shown

Assigning the nurse to the same clinic does nothing special - ie. it updates from XClinic to XClinic (for example), and thus no real change is made. Since it is an update, this is fine and suitable for our system, since there won't be numerous records rather just one for that nurse.

Now that we have seen get my clinic as well as assign clinic, we can finally discuss the third option on the nurse homepage: view clinics.

To start, we'll press View Clinics from the Nurse Homepage.

Doing so results in this:



A screenshot of a web browser window showing a table of clinics. The table has columns for Name, Email, Phone, Address, and Assign option. The Assign option column contains a link labeled "Assign Clinic".

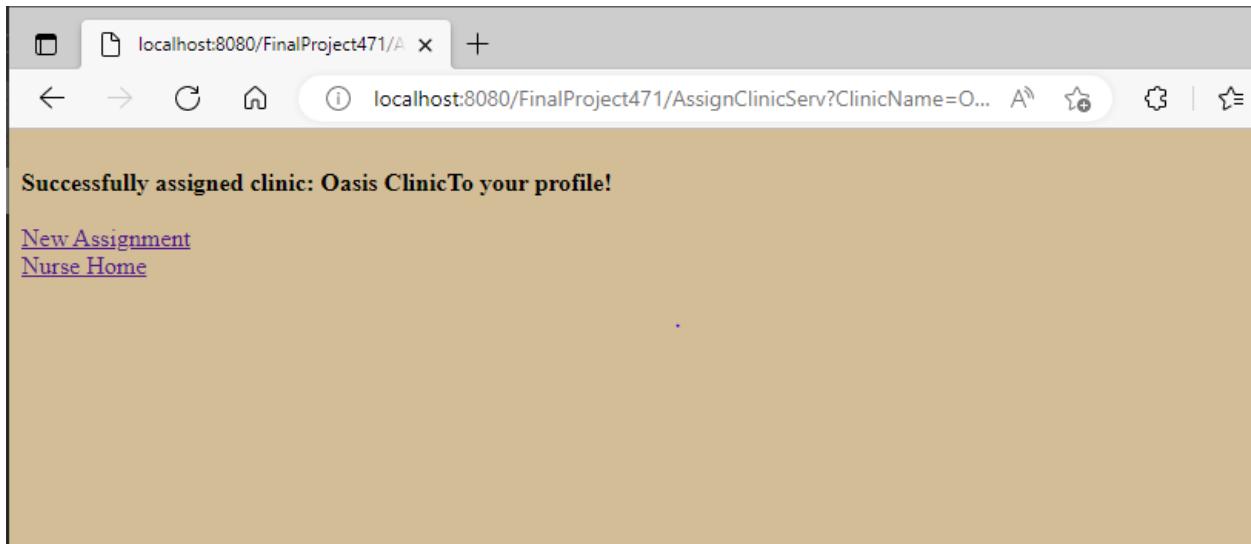
Name	Email	Phone	Address	Assign option
Oasis Clinic	Oasis@gmail.com	(403)-999-1234	327 Road Rd.	Assign Clinic
XClinic	XClin@gmail.com	789-332-9987	999 Road	Assign Clinic

[Back to Home](#)

Result of pressing View Clinics from Nurse Homepage

As you can see, this simply retrieves every clinic registered in our system with the information for each clinic. Note that the final cell in the table includes a link to Assign clinic. Pressing this link simply does the same functionality as the Assign Clinic option discussed before. However, this link takes out the need to have a text form, instead assigns that row's clinic immediately to the nurse.

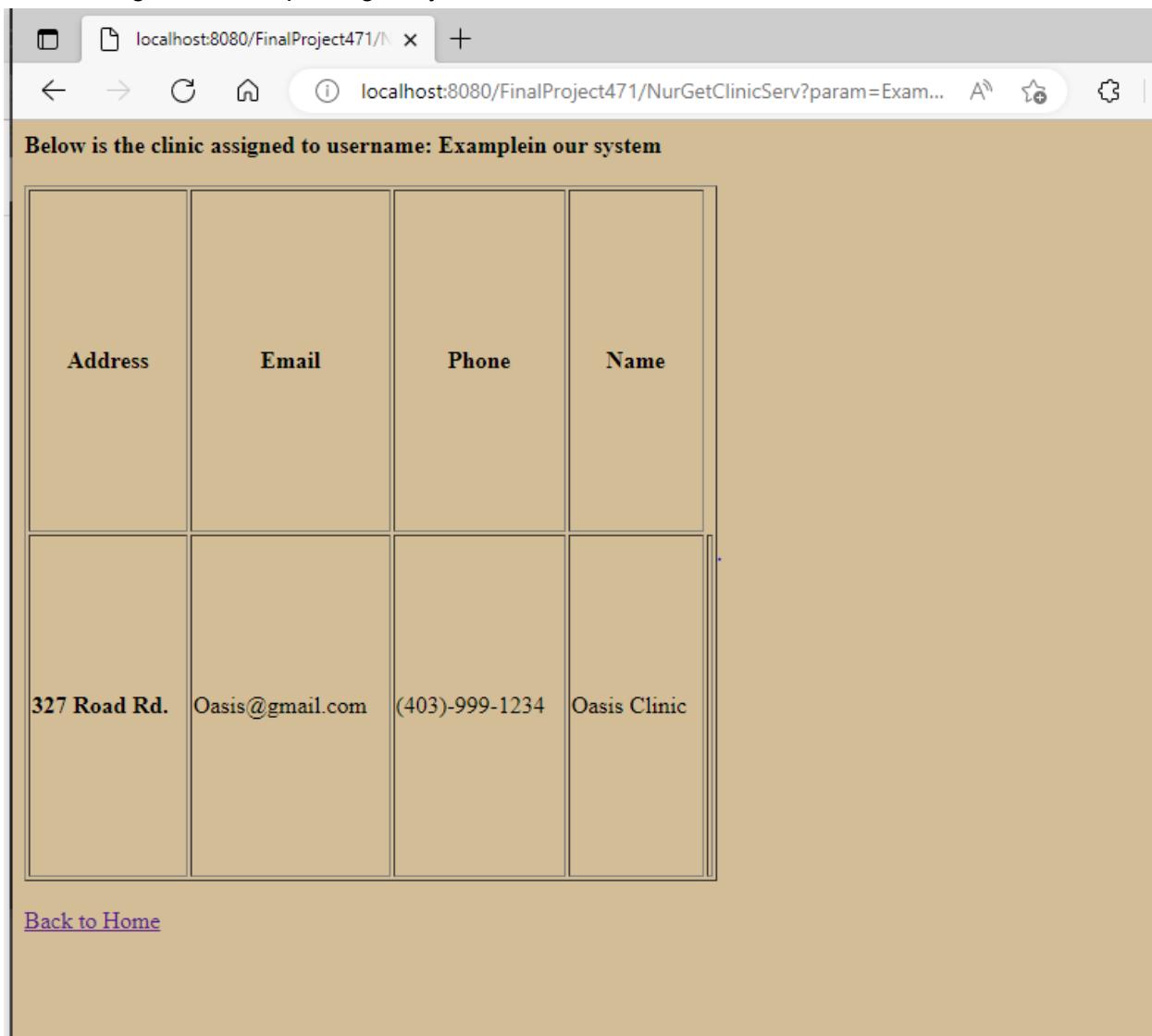
For example, lets press assign clinic for the first row to assign Oasis Clinic to this nurse who is currently at XClinic.



Result of pressing Assign Clinic link for Oasis Clinic row

Seek appendix u20 to see the database change.

Also, if we go back and press get my clinic we observe:



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `localhost:8080/FinalProject471/NurGetClinicServ?param=Exam...`. The page displays a table with the following data:

Address	Email	Phone	Name
327 Road Rd.	Oasis@gmail.com	(403)-999-1234	Oasis Clinic

Below the table, there is a link [Back to Home](#).

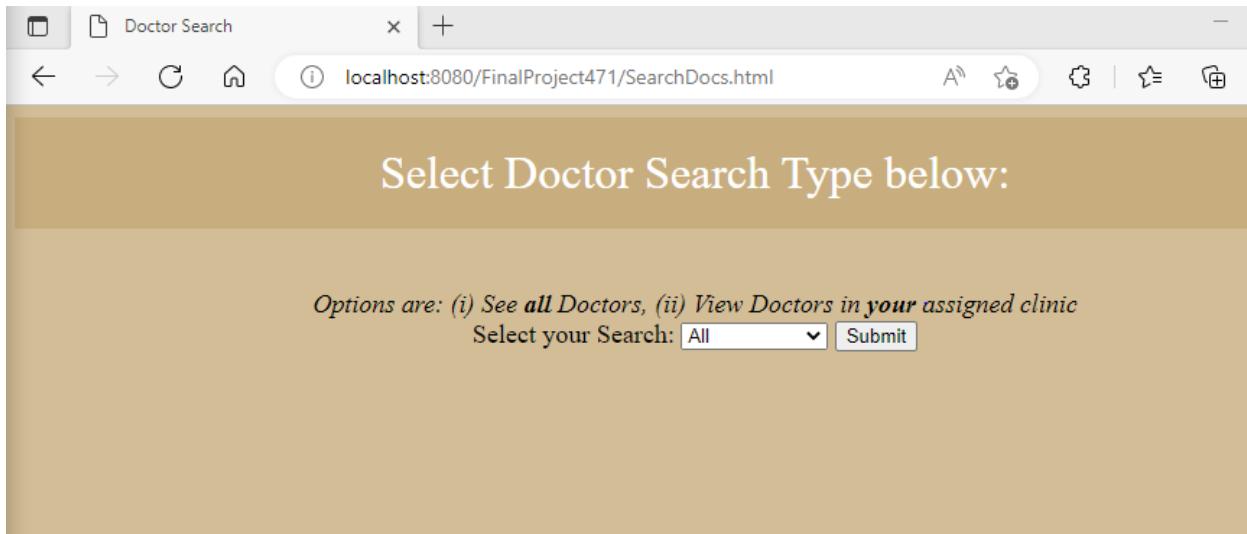
Get My Clinic result after assigning Oasis Clinic

The final two options left for Nurse are: Search Doctors and View My Appointments from the Nurse Homepage.

First, lets go through the Search Doctor option from the homepage.

To do this, go back to the nurse homepage then select Search Doctors.

Now we will see this:



The Doctor Search form

Here, we have a dropdown menu which has 2 options: (1) all doctors or (2) MyClinicOnly.

Option (1) allows you to see all doctors and their registered information.

Option (2) allows you to see only the doctors that work in the same clinic as the logged in nurse.

Below is the option(1) and option(2) in pictures:

Note that at this point all doctors are in Oasis Clinic and none are in XClinic which is reflected in the photos below. Check the appendix to verify this fact. (appendix u1 then look for clinics table).

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/S x +

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/SearchDocServ?SearchType>All

First Name, Last Name Email Specialty Clinic Name Phone

First Name, Last Name	Email	Specialty	Clinic Name	Phone
joe,joe	joe	joe	Oasis Clinic	no
Fir,Nam	jr4@yahoo.com	Specialist	Oasis Clinic	9086676
a,a	a	Family Doctor	Oasis Clinic	a
FName,LName	emailin	specialty	Oasis Clinic	phonein
Ros,Ln	tl@tip.com	Family Doctor	Oasis Clinic	908-667-3218
Michael,Rose	dr_mrose@gmail.com	Specialist	Oasis Clinic	403-999-9999
Johnny,Appleseed	JohnApple@gmail.com	None	Oasis Clinic	(403) 555-9898

[Back to Home](#)

Option (1): Choosing 'all' for doctor search.

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/S

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/SearchDocServ?SearchType=My...

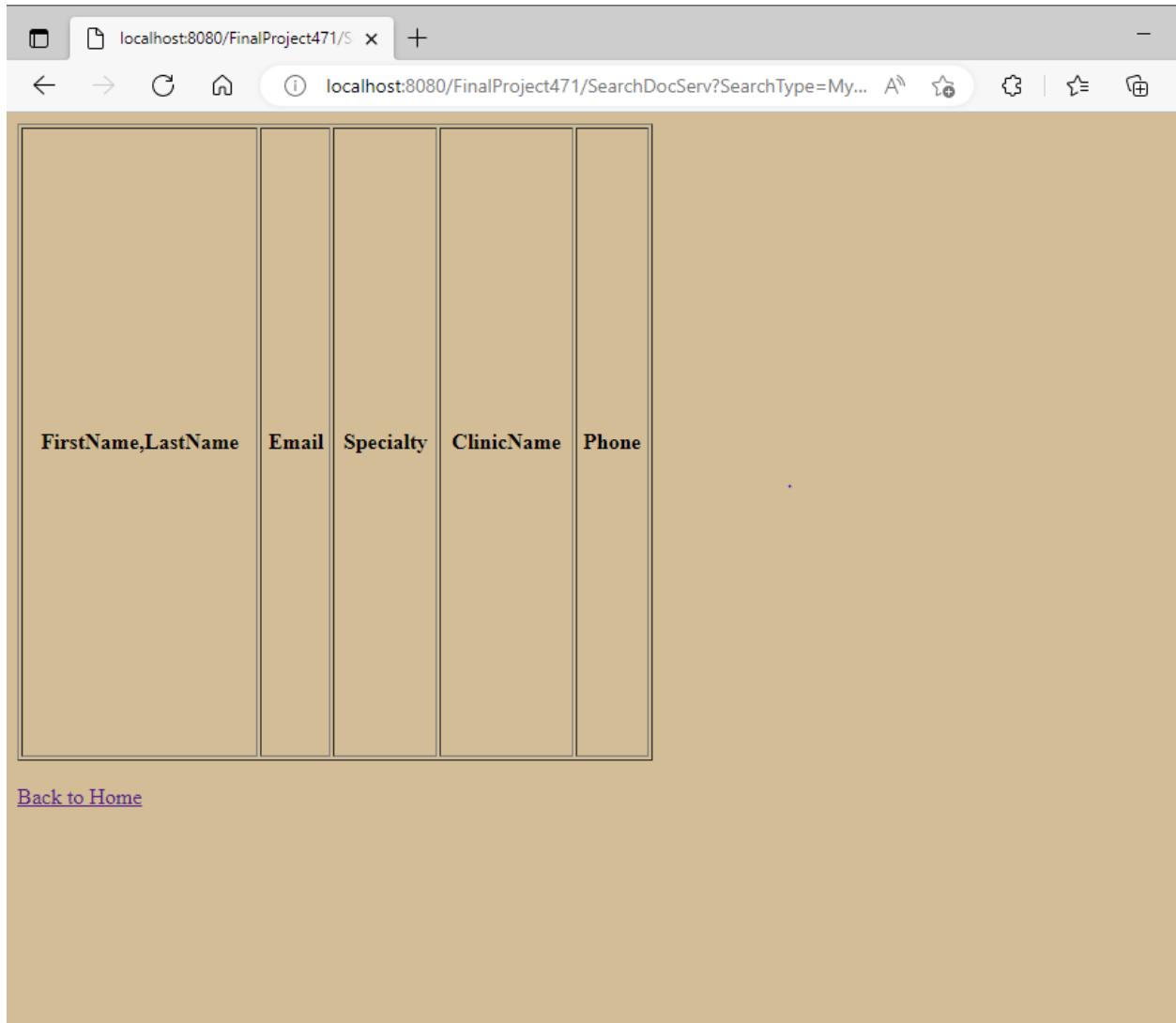
FirstName,LastName	Email	Specialty	ClinicName	Phone
joe,joe	joe	joe	Oasis Clinic	no
Fir,Nam	jr4@yahoo.com	Specialist	Oasis Clinic	9086676
a,a	a	Family Doctor	Oasis Clinic	a
FName,LName	emailin	specialty	Oasis Clinic	phonein
Ros,Ln	tl@tip.com	Family Doctor	Oasis Clinic	908-667-3218
Michael,Rose	dr_mrose@gmail.com	Specialist	Oasis Clinic	403-999-9999
Johnny,Appleseed	JohnApple@gmail.com	None	Oasis Clinic	(403) 555-9898

[Back to Home](#)

Option (2): Doctors search with 'MyClinicOnly' selected instead.

Note that at this point in our sample database every doctor is in Oasis Clinic (which our nurse works in), and thus these two pictures are equal.

Now, if we go home and re-assign this nurse to XClinic and then choose Doctor Search with MyClinicOnly, we will see:



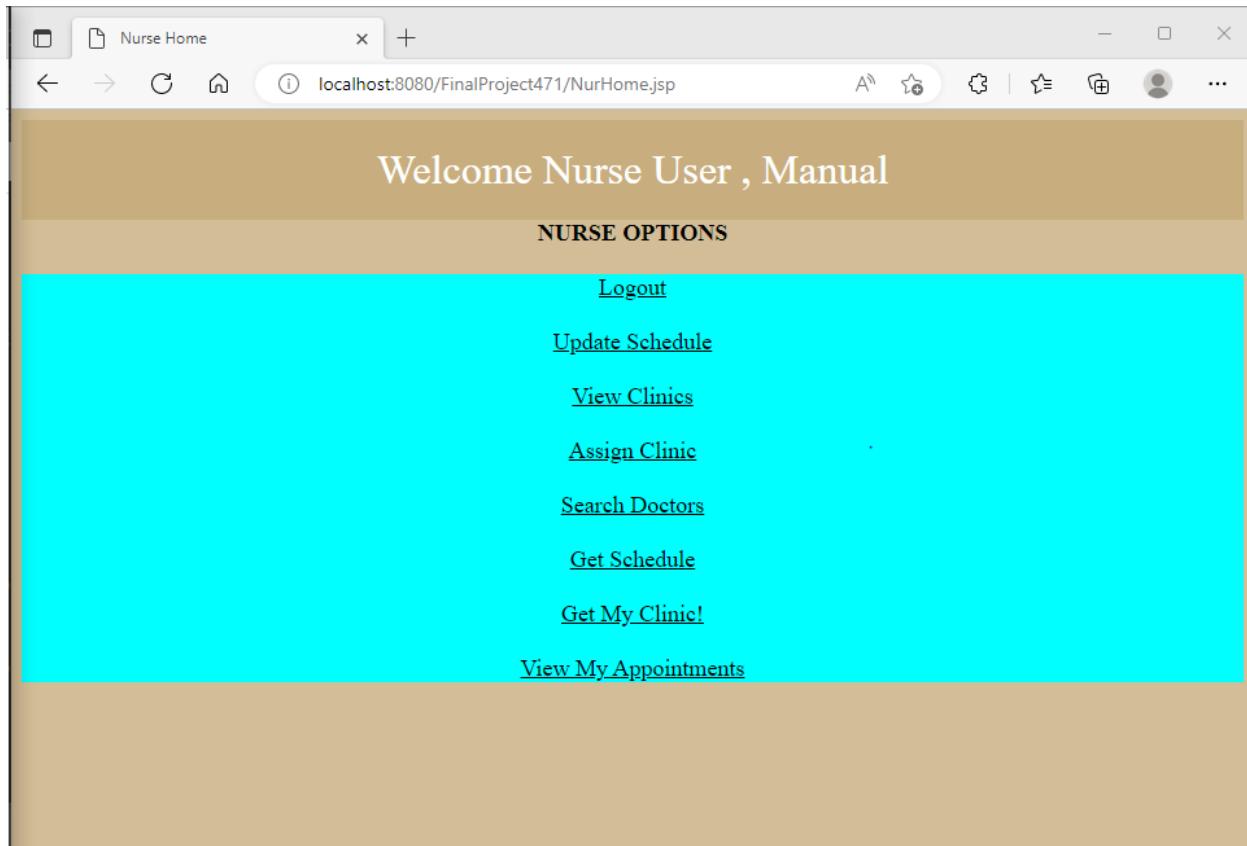
A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows the URL `localhost:8080/FinalProject471/SearchDocServ?SearchType=My...`. The main content area displays a table with five columns: FirstName, LastName, Email, Specialty, ClinicName, and Phone. The table is currently empty. Below the table, there is a link [Back to Home](#).

FirstName, LastName	Email	Specialty	ClinicName	Phone

Search Doctors in MyClinicOnly after re-assigning to XClinic, which currently has no doctors

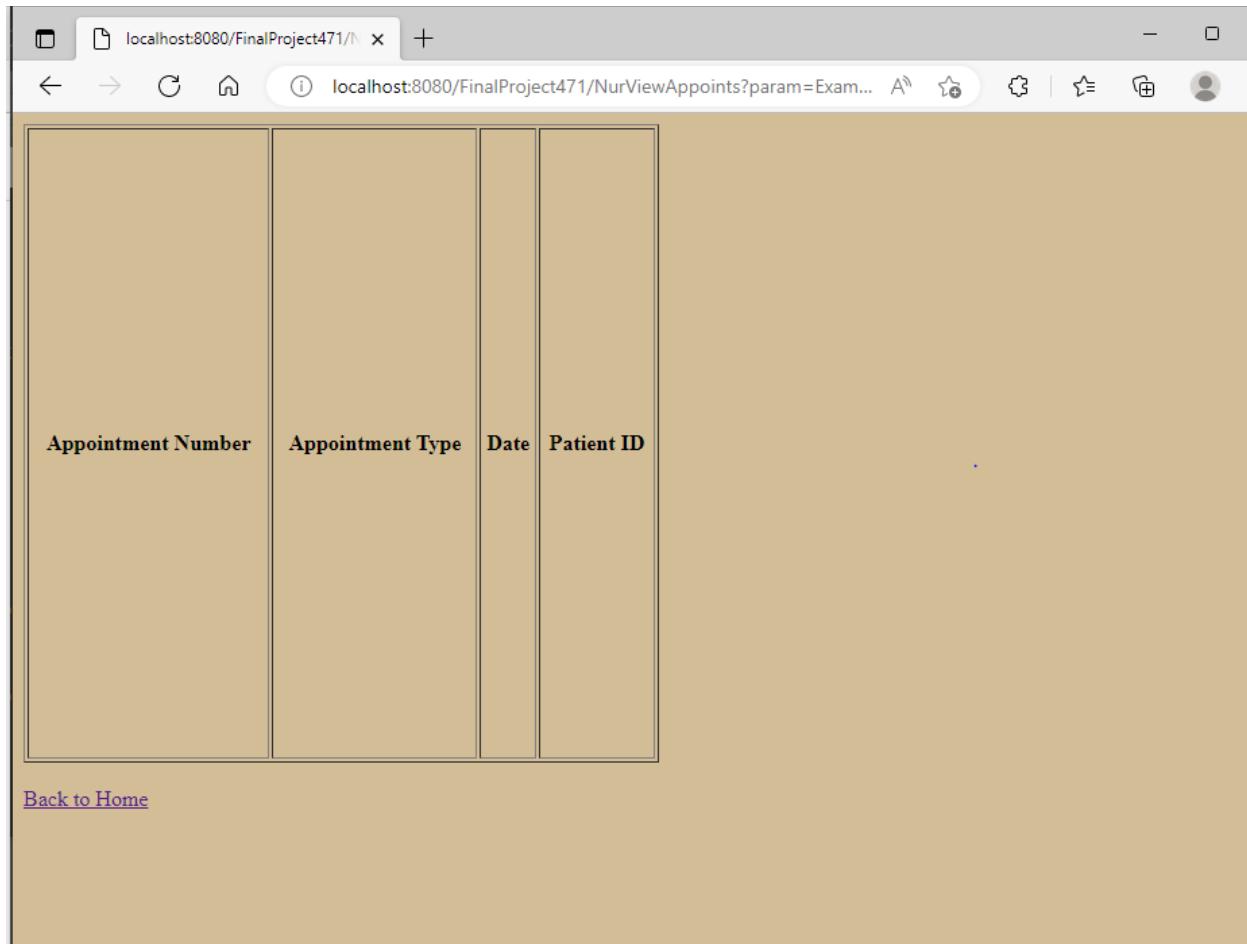
And, as expected, this is empty since XClinic has no doctors in our sample database (view appendix u1 for doctor table to verify this fact).

Now we can finally explore the final option for Nurse: View My Appointments.
To do this, let us go back to the Nurse Homepage and select the final link option:



Nurse Home - we will select the last option (view my appointments) now

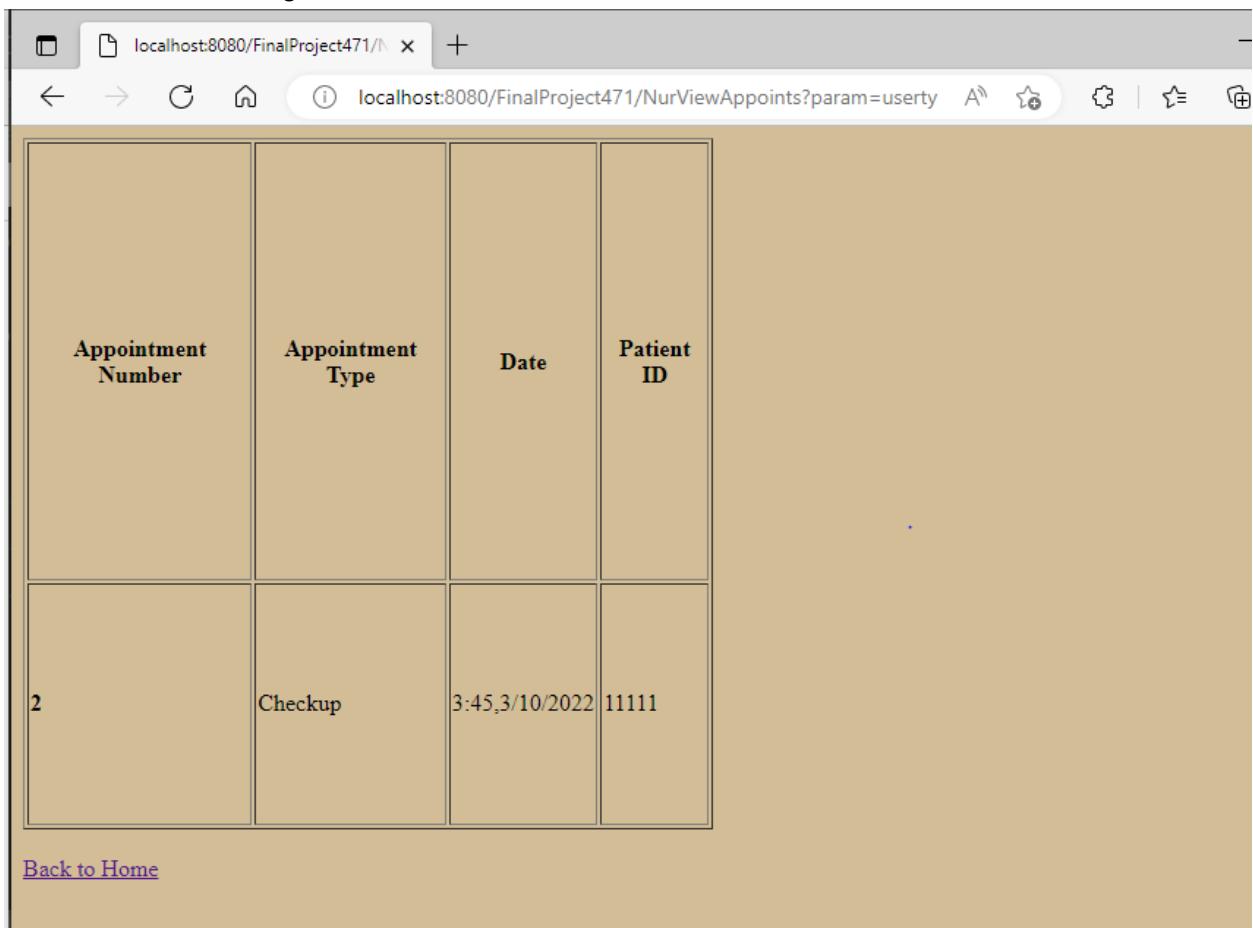
When a patient books an appointment, a nurse that works at the clinic the patient is booking at is randomly selected to be the nurse of the appointment. As such, since no patient has made an appointment yet since we registered and created this nurse there will be no appointments yet for this nurse:



View My Appointments for this nurse, who has no appointments yet.

To show this, lets quickly logout and login to a pre-existing nurse who has an appointment. If we look at Appendix U.21 we can see that Nurse ID=123 and Nurse Username=userty has a pre-existing appointment booked. As such, we will login with this user and select view your appointments simply to view this option's functionality when their appointment exists.

When we do that, we get this:



A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows the URL `localhost:8080/FinalProject471/NurViewAppoints?param=userty`. The main content is a table with the following data:

Appointment Number	Appointment Type	Date	Patient ID
2	Checkup	3:45,3/10/2022	11111

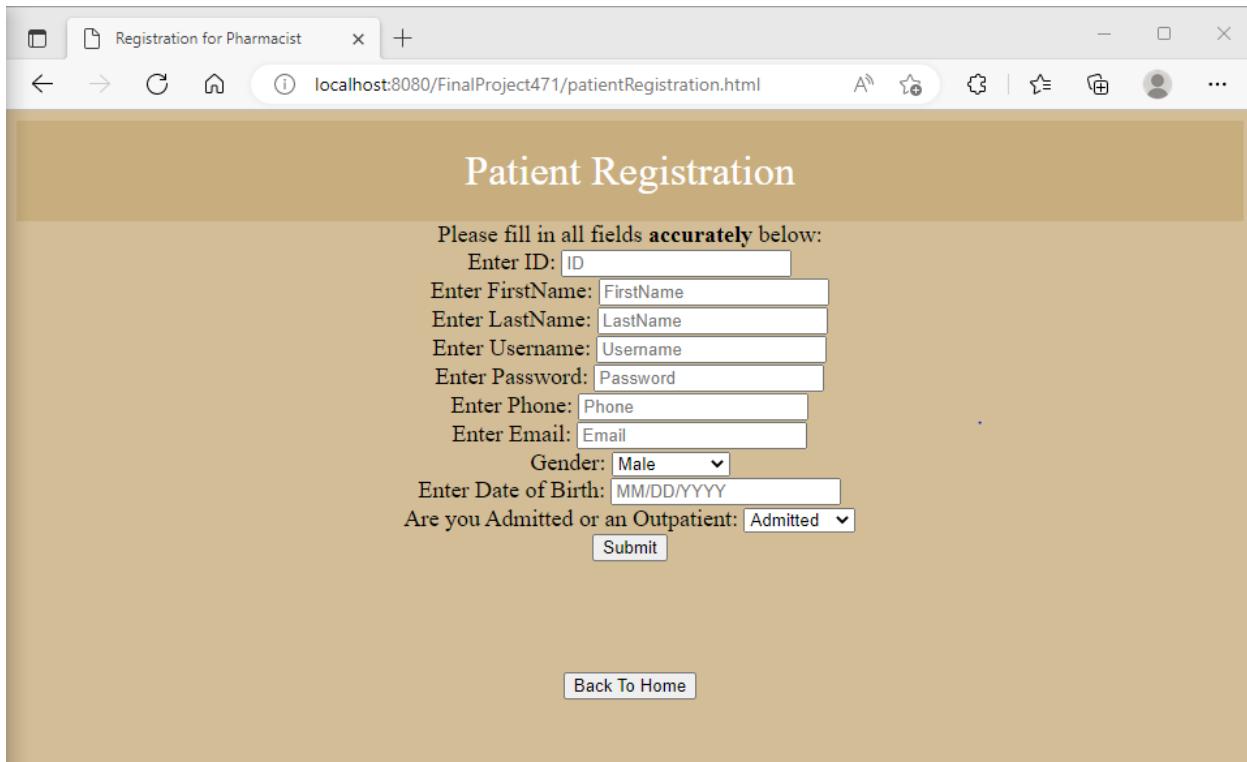
[Back to Home](#)

View Your Appointment for Nurse Jaa Daniels, which is the user seen in appendix u21 who has an appointment

Now we can logout from this user, and we are finished with everything a nurse can do in our system. Now we can logout and move on to talking about the patient user's capabilities.

Patient Functionalities

Now we'll discuss patient. First, lets look at the patient registration:



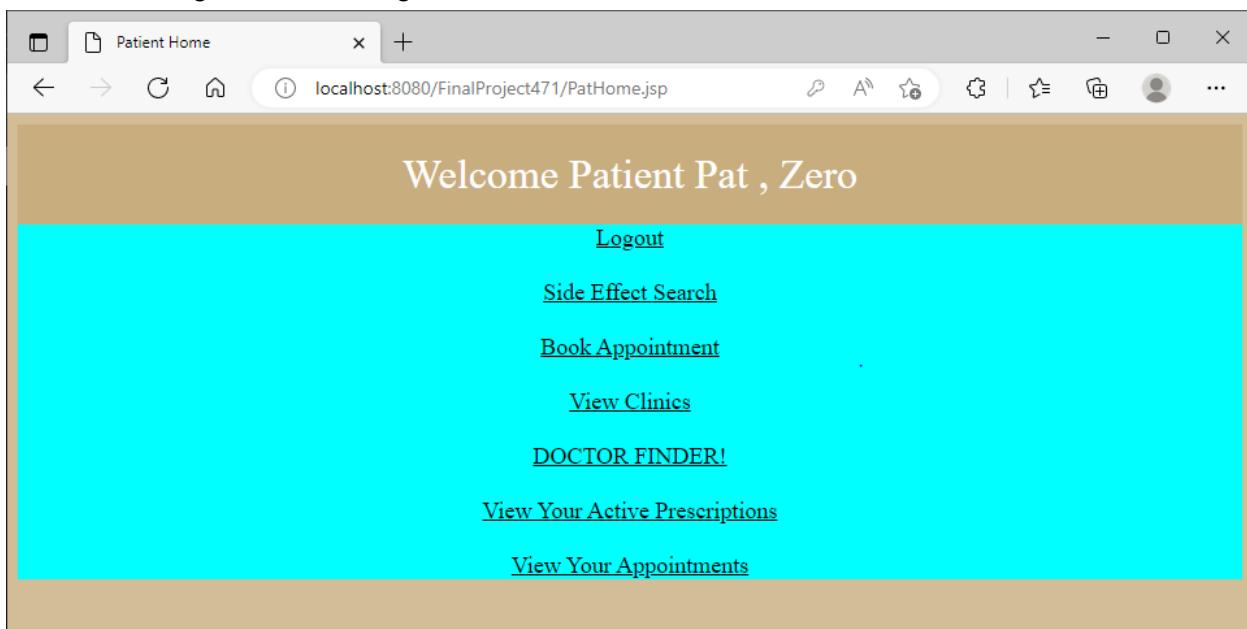
The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title "Registration for Pharmacist" and the URL "localhost:8080/FinalProject471/patientRegistration.html". The page has a brown header with the title "Patient Registration". Below the header, a message says "Please fill in all fields **accurately** below:". There are several input fields: "Enter ID: ", "Enter FirstName: ", "Enter LastName: ", "Enter Username: ", "Enter Password: ", "Enter Phone: ", "Enter Email: ", "Gender: ", "Enter Date of Birth: MM/DD/YYYY", and "Are you Admitted or an Outpatient: ". A "Submit" button is at the bottom. At the bottom of the page is a "Back To Home" button.

The patient registration page and form

Here, we can fill in the data to create a new patient user.

The login functionality for the patient is the exact same as the other users so we can skip that for brevity. Refer to any of the above users to see the login functionality of our system.

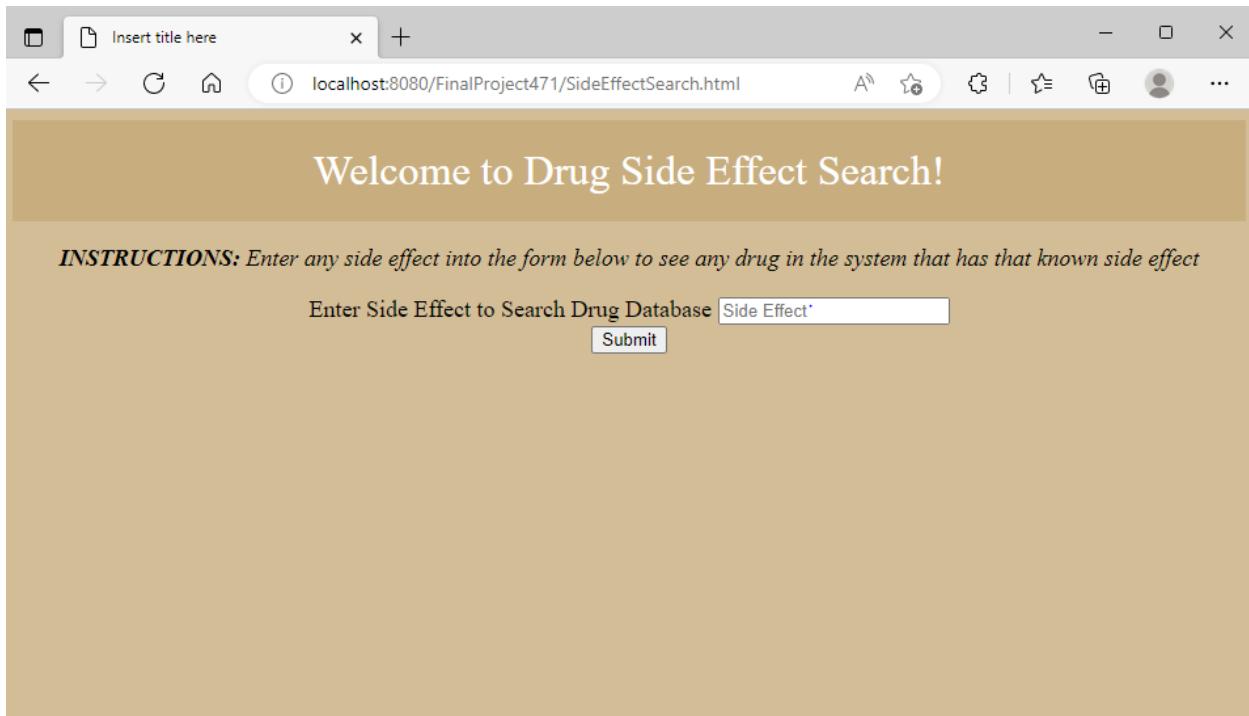
Now we can login to an existing user: Pat Zero.



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title "Patient Home" and the URL "localhost:8080/FinalProject471/PathHome.jsp". The page has a brown header with the title "Welcome Patient Pat , Zero". Below the header, there are several links: "Logout", "Side Effect Search", "Book Appointment", "View Clinics", "DOCTOR FINDER!", "View Your Active Prescriptions", and "View Your Appointments".

Patient Homepage after logging in as Pat Zero.

Now we are at the patient homepage. First, we will examine the first option: Side Effect Search.



Patient Side Effect Search

Now we're brought to the side effect search page, which gives us a text entry to search a side effect, and it will retrieve any drugs that have that may have that side effect in its list. See appendix u.1 for drugs to verify drug's side effects.

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/SideEffectServ?SideEffect=cough

Company	Side Effects	Name
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Clenbuterol
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Hydroxyzine
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Ibuprofen
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Klonopin
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Pepto
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Tylenol
BigPharma	Cough and runny nose	Xanax

[Back to Home](#)
[New Search](#)

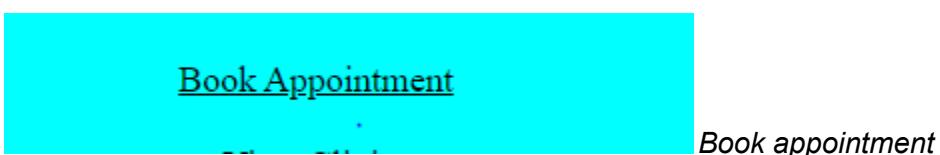
Side effect search for 'cough'

Company	Side Effects	Name

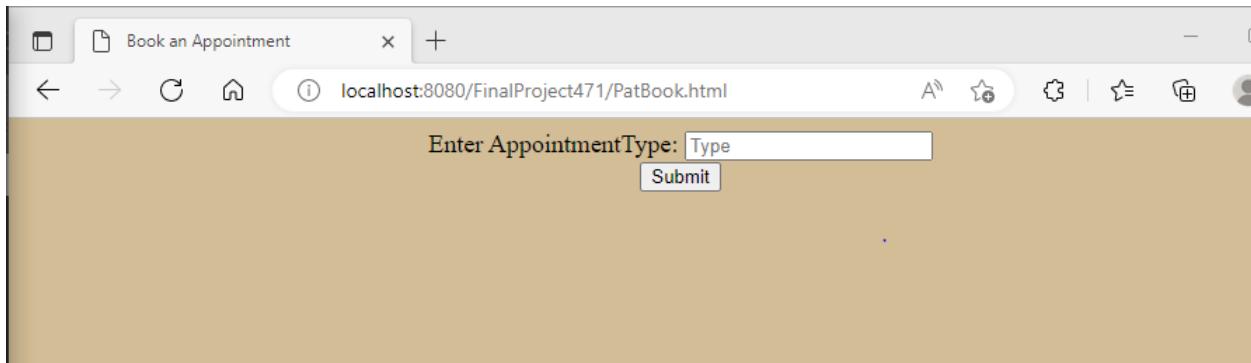
[Back to Home](#)
[New Search](#)

Side effect search for a side effect that never appears in database drugs

Now we can go back to the patient homepage and select the next patient option: book appointment.



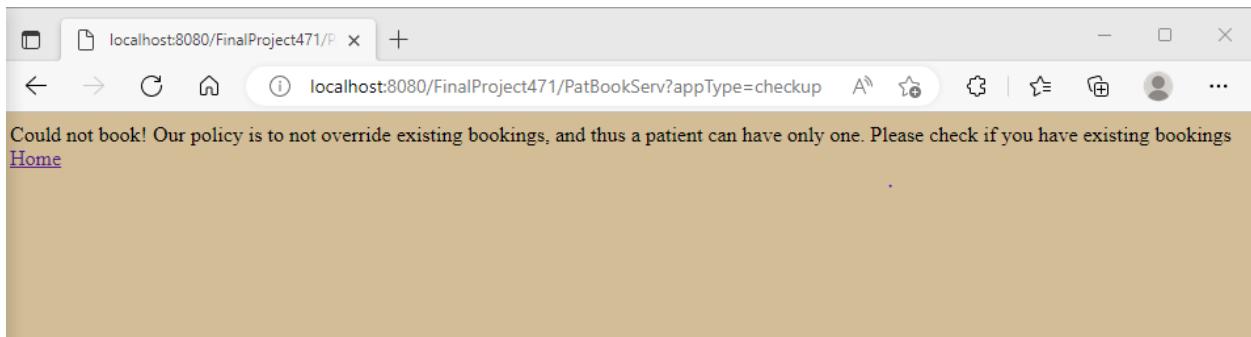
The first step in booking is entering the appointment type.



Enter AppointmentType:

Step one of booking appointment

If we enter 'checkup' into the text field and submit, we get:



Could not book! Our policy is to not override existing bookings, and thus a patient can have only one. Please check if you have existing bookings
[Home](#)

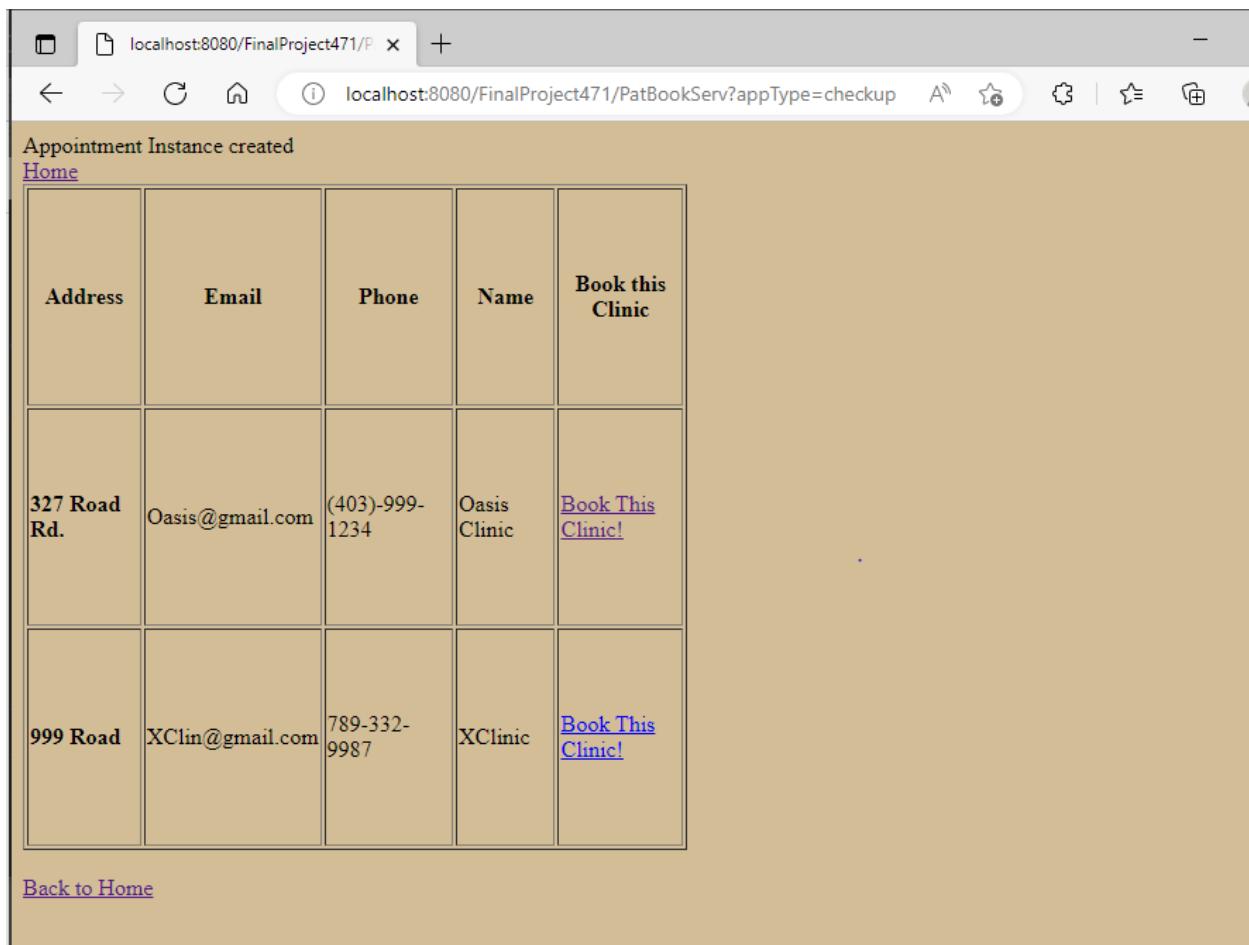
Message not booked message

The policy of our system is to have only one active booking. According to appendix U22, which shows that this logged in user indeed has an active booking, and this is why they cannot overwrite their booking.

In order to show booking an appointment fully, we will logout and login to Frank Ocean's patient account (who does not have a booking) to fully show a valid book.

Now we'll login to Frank Ocean's account, select book an appointment, enter checkup for appointment type.

Now we see this:



A screenshot of a web browser window showing a table of clinic information. The browser address bar displays "localhost:8080/FinalProject471/P" and the URL "localhost:8080/FinalProject471/PatBookServ?appType=checkup". The page title is "Appointment Instance created". The table has columns: Address, Email, Phone, Name, and Book this Clinic. It contains two rows of data. The first row is a header. The second row shows a clinic at "327 Road Rd." with email "Oasis@gmail.com" and phone "(403)-999-1234", named "Oasis Clinic", and a "Book This Clinic!" link. The third row shows a clinic at "999 Road" with email "XClin@gmail.com" and phone "789-332-9987", named "XClinic", and a "Book This Clinic!" link. At the bottom left is a "Back to Home" link.

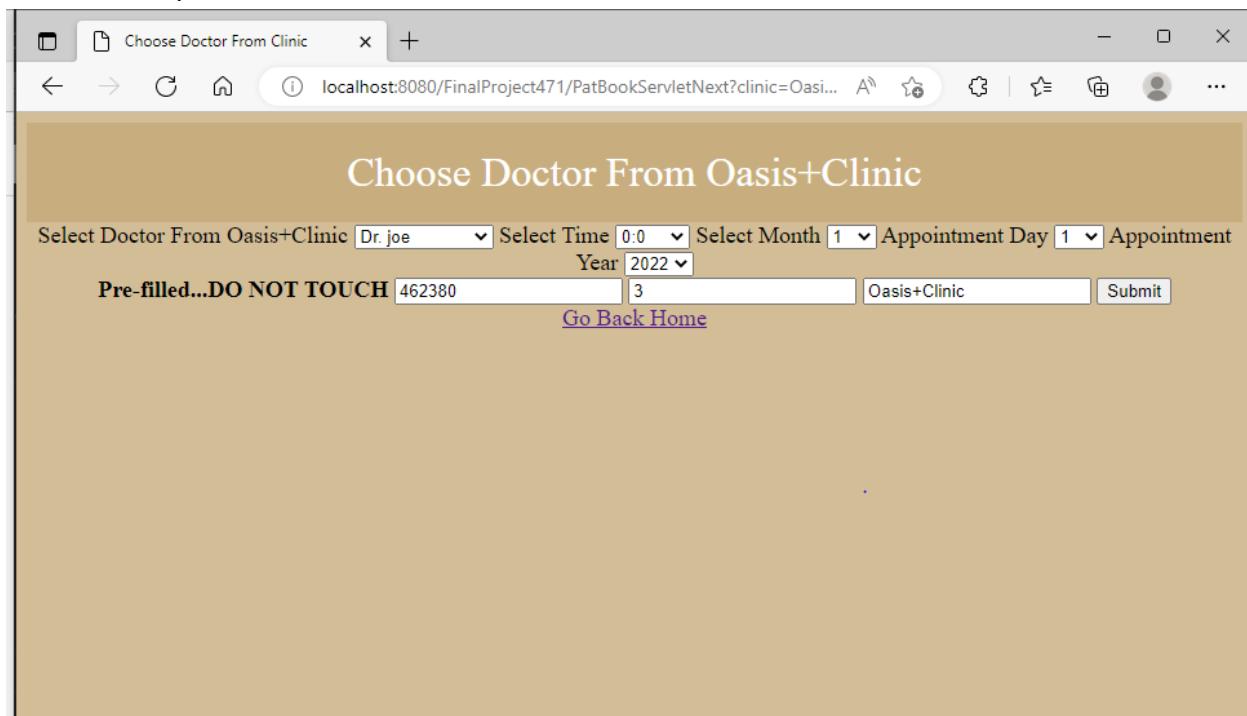
Address	Email	Phone	Name	Book this Clinic
327 Road Rd.	Oasis@gmail.com	(403)-999-1234	Oasis Clinic	Book This Clinic!
999 Road	XClin@gmail.com	789-332-9987	XClinic	Book This Clinic!

[Back to Home](#)

Step after entering appointment type: Booking clinic

Now we are prompted to book a clinic. Every existing clinic in the database and its info is printed, with a link to book this clinic. Pressing book this clinic! for a row will set the booking clinic to that row's clinic.

For our example, we will select Oasis Clinic and we will then see:



Choose Doctor From Oassis+Clinic

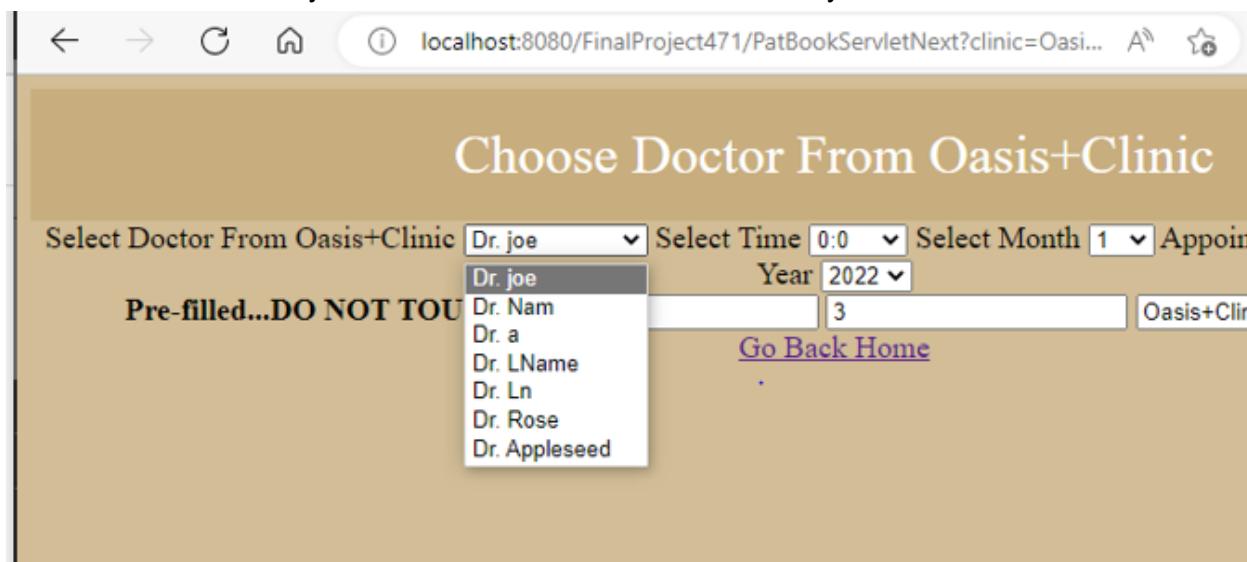
Select Doctor From Oassis+Clinic Dr. joe Select Time 0:0 Select Month 1 Appointment Day 1 Appointment Year 2022

Pre-filled...DO NOT TOUCH 462380 3 Oasis+Clinic Submit

[Go Back](#) [Home](#)

Next step in booking: selecting doctor

Now we have the option to select the doctor from the clinic we selected. The dropdown menu for doctor contains every doctor that is at that selected clinic only:



Choose Doctor From Oassis+Clinic

Select Doctor From Oassis+Clinic Dr. joe Select Time 0:0 Select Month 1 Appointment Year 2022

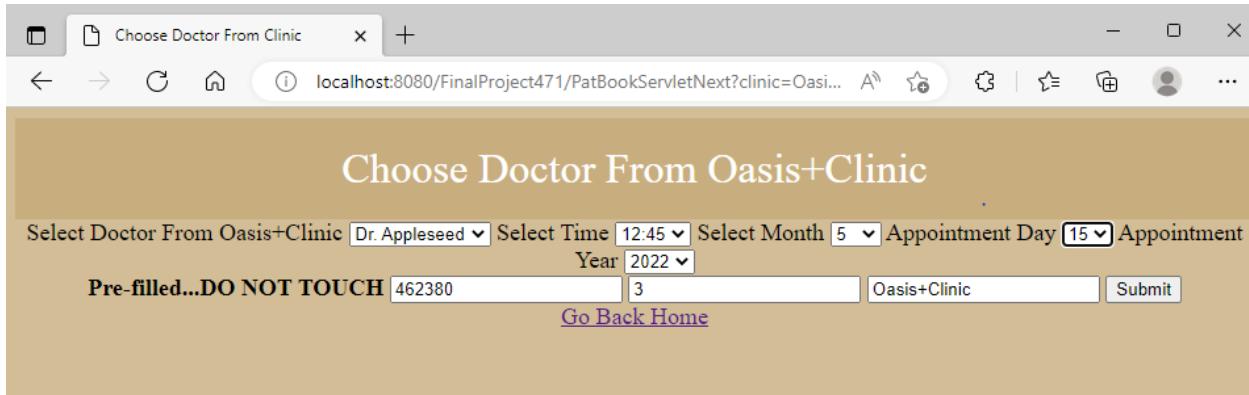
Pre-filled...DO NOT TOUCH 462380 3 Oasis+Clinic Submit

[Go Back](#) [Home](#)

All doctors who are in Oasis Clinic (selected clinic). View appendix u23 to see this further.

Similarly, the time has all times from 0:0 to 23:45 with 15 minute intervals, month has 1-12, day has 1-31. The last text fields are pre-determined from previous steps and should not be altered.

Lets fill out the booking as this:



Choose Doctor From Oasis+Clinic

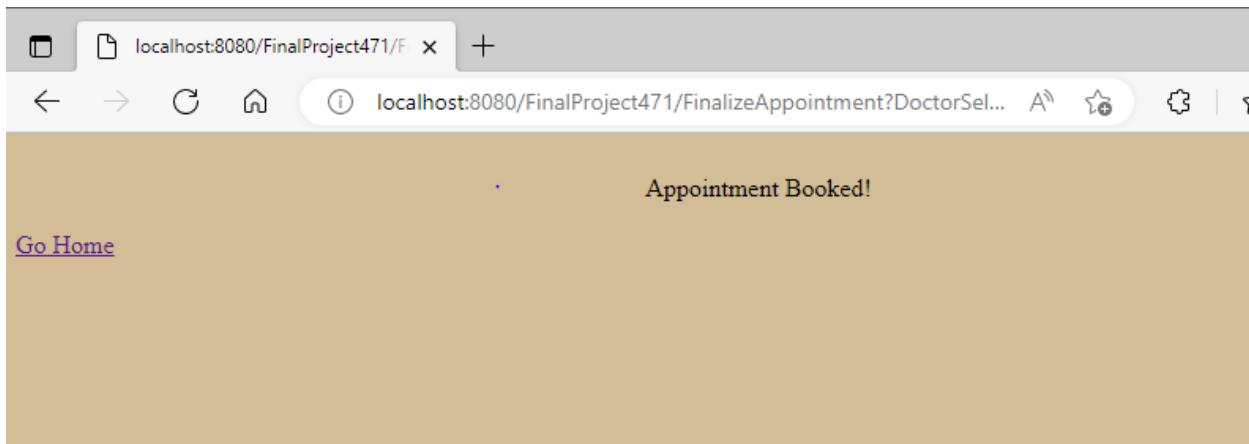
Select Doctor From Oasis+Clinic Dr. Appleseed Select Time 12:45 Select Month 5 Appointment Day 15 Appointment Year 2022

Pre-filled...DO NOT TOUCH 462380 3 Oasis+Clinic Submit

[Go Back](#) [Home](#)

Sample form fill in to book an appointment with Dr.Appleseed at Oasis Clinic

Now we get this message:



Appointment Booked!

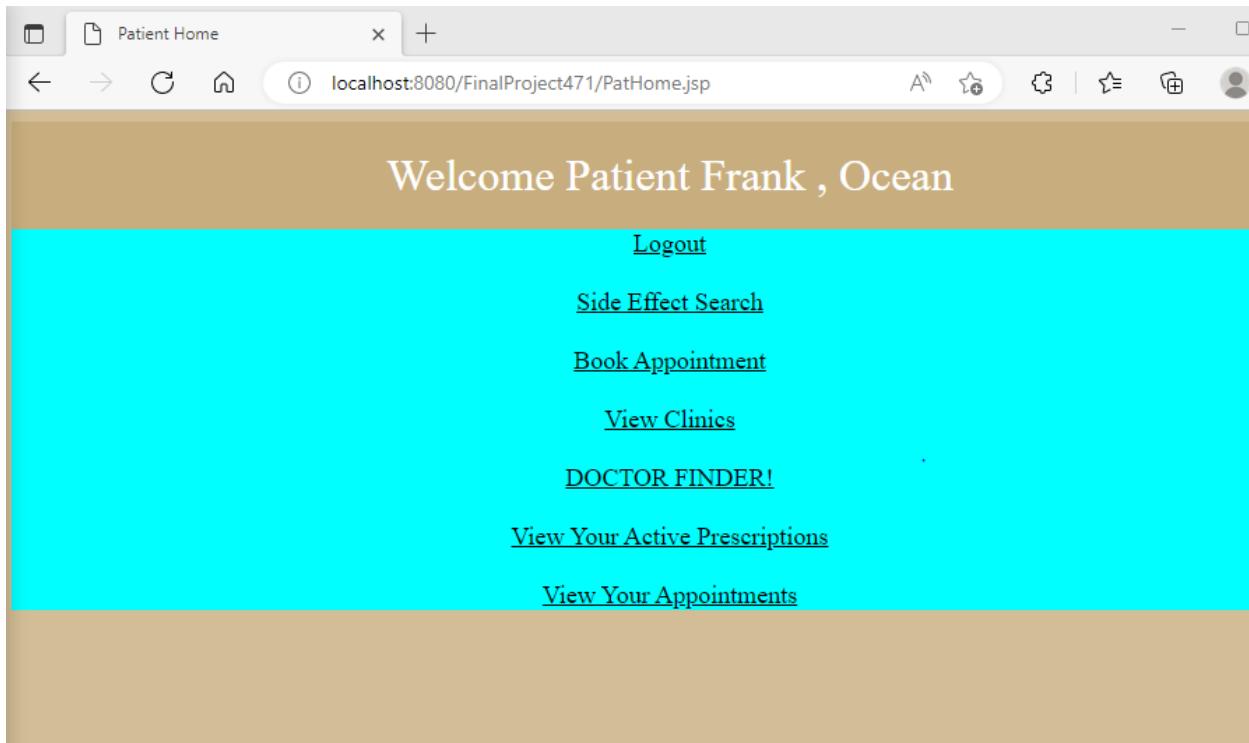
[Go Home](#)

Successful booking

See appendix u24 to see this addition to the database system.

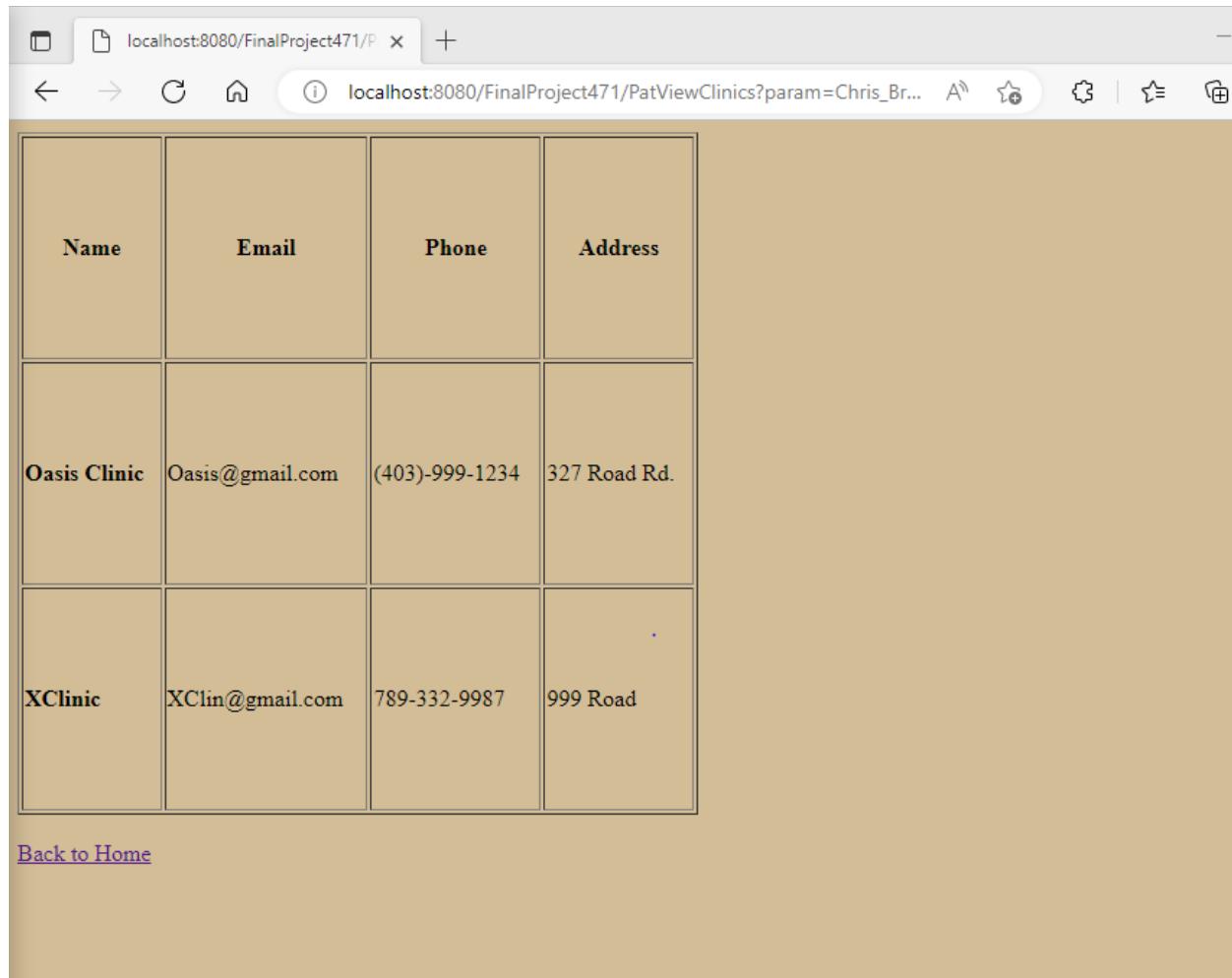
Notice that the system gives a calculated unique appointment number to the appointment instance, and the nurse is auto assigned by randomly assigning one nurse who works at that specific clinic to be the nurse. Comparing appendix u24 to u22 shows the before and after for our database.

Now we can move on to the next patient ability: View Clinics.



Patient Homepage. View Clinics is the fourth option

After selecting View Clinics, we see the system retrieve info for every clinic in the system:



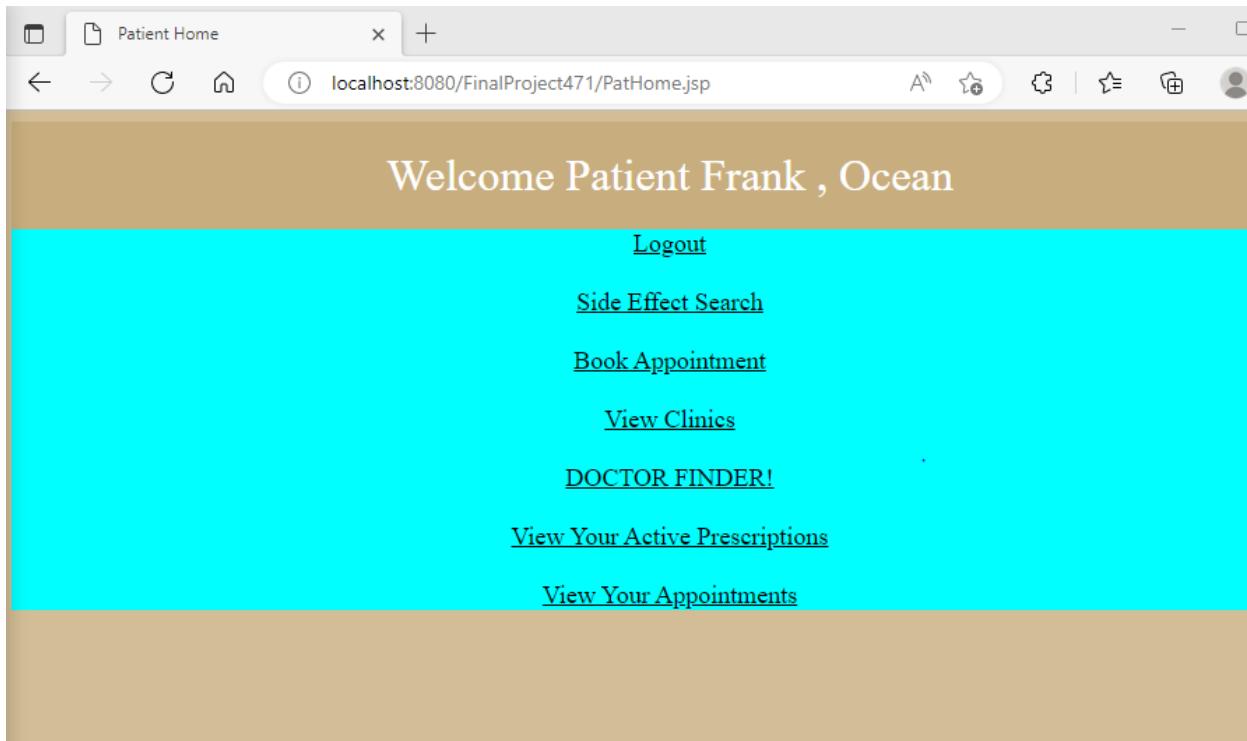
localhost:8080/FinalProject471/PatViewClinics?param=Chris_Brown

Name	Email	Phone	Address
Oasis Clinic	Oasis@gmail.com	(403)-999-1234	327 Road Rd.
XClinic	XClin@gmail.com	789-332-9987	999 Road

[Back to Home](#)

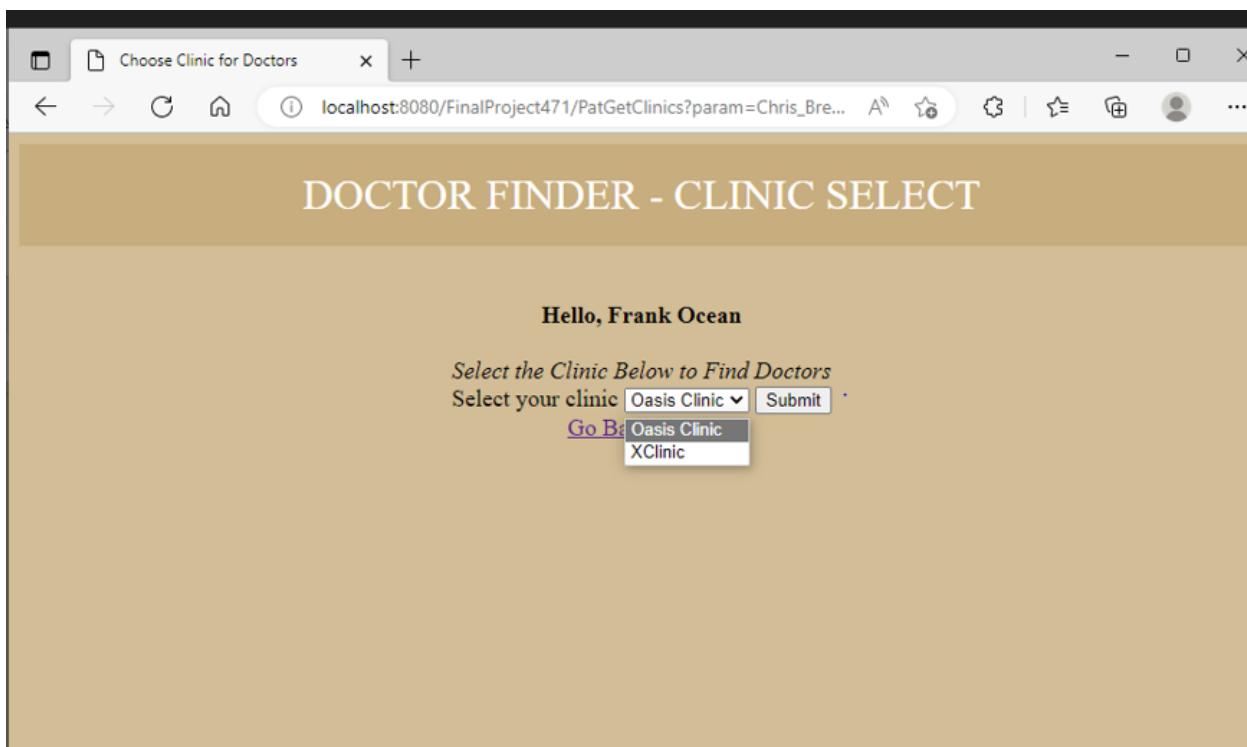
Patient View Clinics result

The next functionality to show is the Doctor Finder (5th option).



Patient homepage. Doctor Finder is 3rd from the bottom.

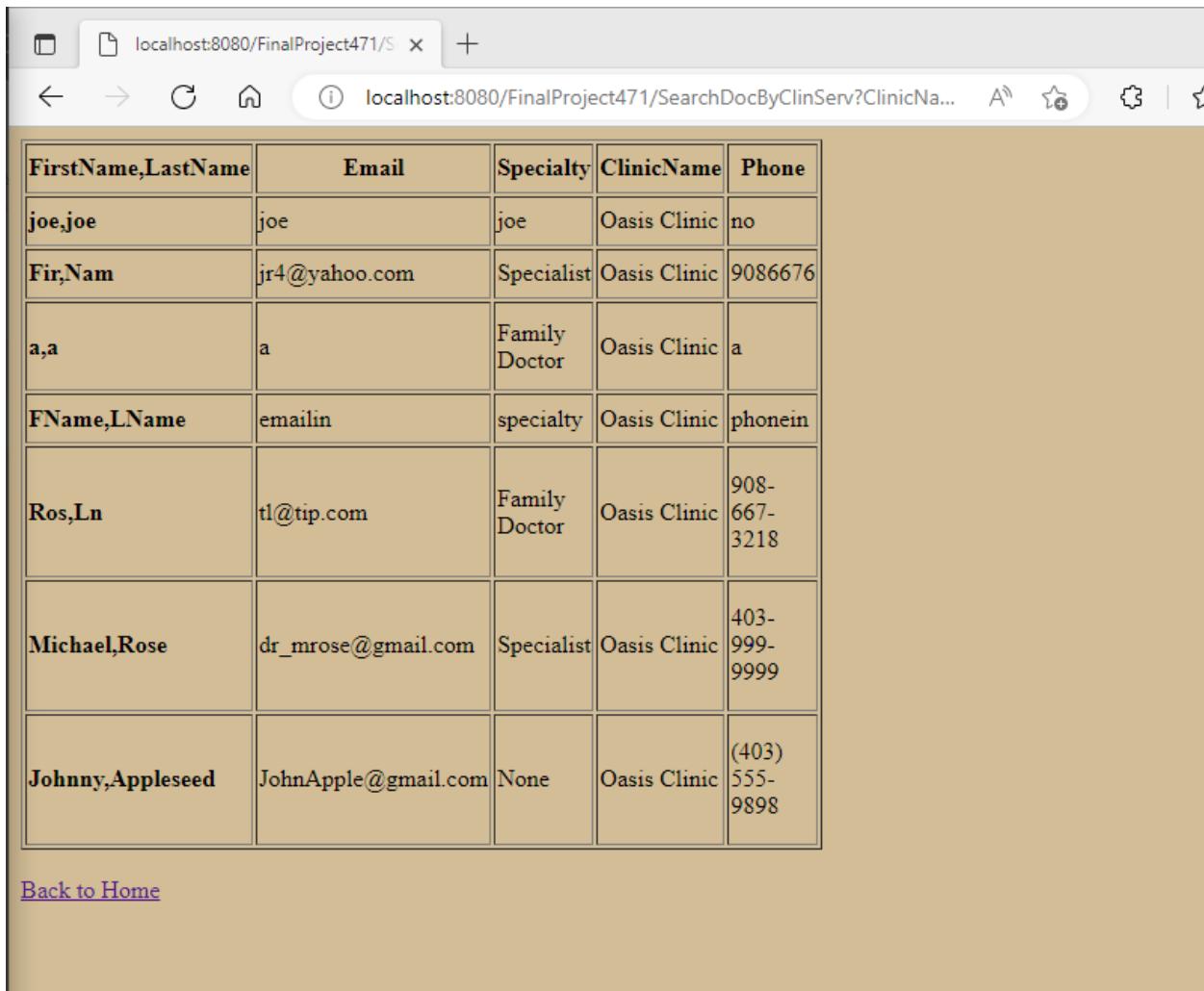
Selecting doctor finder gives us this page:



Doctor finder first step - selecting the clinic

As you can see, you have the option to select the clinic you wish to see doctors for based on the dropdown menu.

Now if we select Oasis Clinic we see all doctors who work at oasis clinic (matches appendix u23), and some selected information for that doctor.



A screenshot of a web browser window showing a table of doctors. The browser address bar displays 'localhost:8080/FinalProject471/SearchDocByClinServ?ClinicNa...'. The table has columns: FirstName, LastName, Email, Specialty, ClinicName, and Phone. The data is as follows:

FirstName, LastName	Email	Specialty	ClinicName	Phone
joe, joe	joe	joe	Oasis Clinic	no
Fir, Nam	jr4@yahoo.com	Specialist	Oasis Clinic	9086676
a, a	a	Family Doctor	Oasis Clinic	a
FName, LName	emailin	specialty	Oasis Clinic	phonein
Ros, Ln	tl@tip.com	Family Doctor	Oasis Clinic	908-667-3218
Michael, Rose	dr_mrose@gmail.com	Specialist	Oasis Clinic	403-999-9999
Johnny, Appleseed	JohnApple@gmail.com	None	Oasis Clinic	(403) 555-9898

[Back to Home](#)

Selecting Oasis Clinic for doctor search and submitting

Now we can go back to the patient's homepage and look at the final two patient options: view active prescriptions and view your appointments.



The bottom of patient's homepage with the final two options underneath doctor finder

First, we select View Active Prescriptions. Recall that this is connected to prescriptions prescribed by the doctor earlier.

Since this user has no active prescriptions (and thus an empty table), we will login to Pat Zero's account to demonstrate this function.

Once we select view active prescriptions in this account, we see the following:

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL "localhost:8080/FinalProject471/PatViewPrescripts?param=user". The main content is a table of active prescriptions:

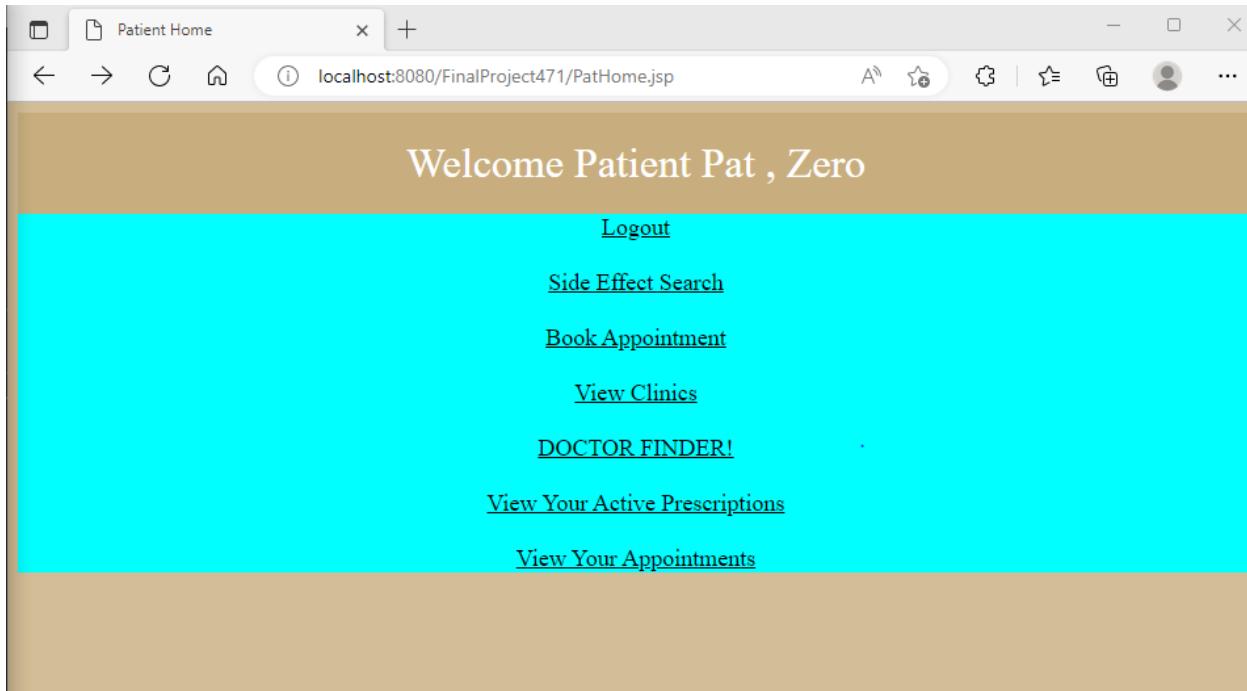
Drug Name	Prescribed Date	Doctor Notes	Dosage
Klonopin	09/06/2017	Take at night	890mg
menthol	1/1/2000	none	as needed
Propranolol	6/12/2018	Avoid Driving	100mg 2x daily
Xanax	11/07/2018	Take at night	400mg
Ativan	12/4/2022	Call 911 if signs of stroke	100mg biweekly
Pepto	6/17/2022	Take in morning	400mg daily

[Back to Home](#)

View Active Prescriptions for patient Pat Zero

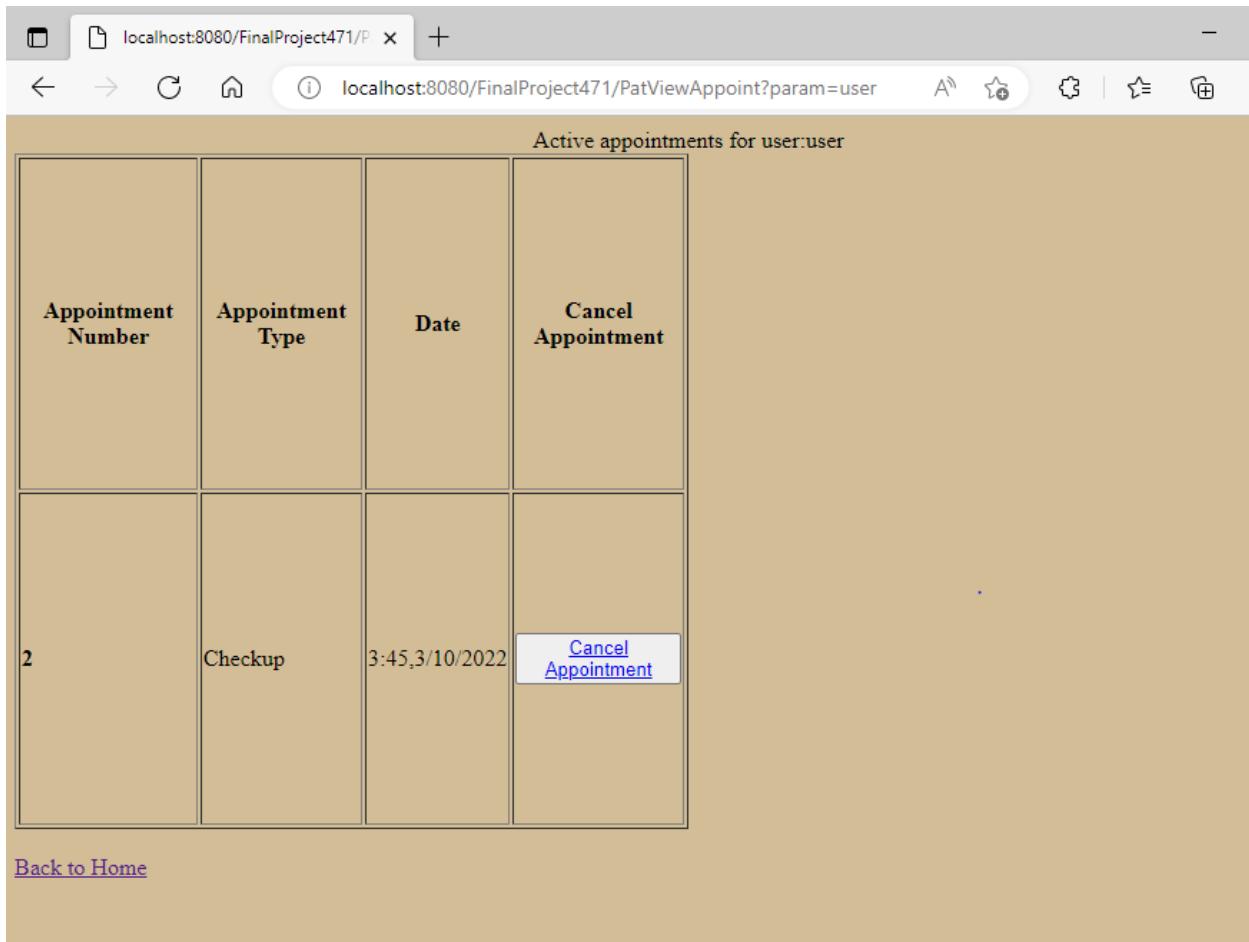
It is evident that here the patient can view all prescriptions prescribed to them from doctors, including all notes and information about those drugs. Note this correlates to the prescribed table in appendix u24.

Now, using Pat Zero's account still, we can show the last option on the patient homepage: View Your Appointments:



Patient homepage - view appointments is the final option

Selecting this option gives us this page:



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `localhost:8080/FinalProject471/PatViewAppoint?param=user`. The page title is "Active appointments for user:user". The content is a table with the following data:

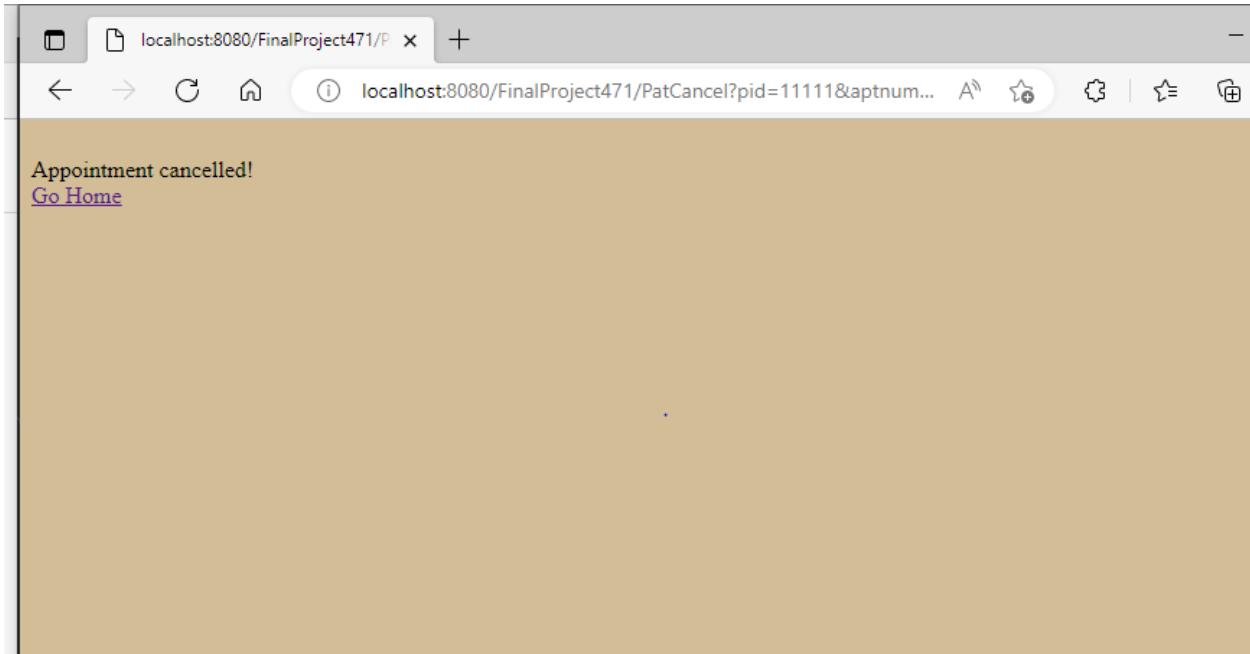
Appointment Number	Appointment Type	Date	Cancel Appointment
2	Checkup	3:45,3/10/2022	Cancel Appointment

[Back to Home](#)

Result of selecting view appointments for Patient Pat Zero

Here we see the information for our booked appointment for this patient, and have the option to cancel the appointment via the cancel appointment button seen above.

If we press this, we see:



Successfully cancelled appointment for Pat Zero

See appendix u26 to see the changes (compared to u25). Now if we go back and view appointments, we see:

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/P x +

localhost:8080/FinalProject471/PatViewAppoint?param=user

Active appointments for user:user

Appointment Number	Appointment Type	Date	Cancel Appointment
			Cancel Appointment

[Back to Home](#)

No appointments now for Pat Zero following cancellation

Now this patient can go and book a new appointment (by selecting book appointment on their homepage), since they do not have an active appointment that would need to be cancelled first.

That concludes our discussion for patient.

That concludes the user manual, which has provided a thorough description of every possibility of our created webpage for every single user, as well as tracking the transactional changes to the underlying database via the appendix (u1-u26). This user manual has thus fully described the entire functionality and the transactions for our created website.

Appendix

U.1: Database State Before User Manual(multiple images):

```

mysql> use medicalsystem;
Database changed
mysql> show tables;
+-----+
| Tables_in_medicalsystem |
+-----+
| appointment
| clinic
| contains
| doctor
| doctor_address
| doctorschedule
| drugs
| has
| nurse
| nurseschedule
| patient
| patient_address
| patient_conditions
| patient_medicalhis
| pharmacist
| prescribes
| receives
+-----+
17 rows in set (0.04 sec)

```

U.1.1: All tables in database

```

mysql> select * from doctor;
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| ID | Fname | Lname | Email | Specialty | ClinicName | Username | Spe_Flag | Fam_Flag | Phone | Password |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| 12 | joe   | joe   | joe   | joe       | Oasis Clinic | koe      | 1        | 0        | no     | nope    |
| 32 | Fir   | Nam   | jr4@yahoo.com | Specialist | Oasis Clinic | fna@    | 1        | 0        | 9086676 | 12345tyu |
| 123 | a     | a     | a     | Family Doctor | Oasis Clinic | a       | 1        | 0        | a      | a       |
| 123 | FName | LName | emailin | specialty  | Oasis Clinic | userin  | 1        | 0        | phonein | pswdin  |
| 453 | Ros   | Ln    | t1@tip.com | Family Doctor | Oasis Clinic | r_ln    | 0        | 1        | 908-667-3218 | pass    |
| 89765 | Michael | Rose | dr_mrose@gmail.com | Specialist | Oasis Clinic | mrose4567 | 1        | 0        | 403-999-9999 | iloveroses |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```

U.1.2: All doctors

```

mysql> select * from nurse;
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| ID | Fname | Lname | ClinicName | Specialty | Username | Password |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| 3  | Ri    | Lu    | Oasis Clinic | Many of them | pas      | word     |
| 123 | Jaa   | Daniels | Oasis Clinic | Special Nurse | userty   | passwordty |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```

U.1.3: All Nurses

```
mysql> select * from pharmacist;
+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| ID | Fname | Lname | Supply | Username | Password |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| 56 | Jordan | Swiss | none | cat_nyr | eric |
| 1234 | John | Doe | SupplyOne | JohnDoe123 | mypass |
| 12345 | jar | lan | Supply0 i | jr_l | 123ref |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+
3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

U.1.4: All pharmacists

```
mysql> select * from clinic;
+----+----+----+----+
| Address | Email | Phone | Name |
+----+----+----+----+
| 327 Road Rd. | Oasis@gmail.com | (403)-999-1234 | Oasis Clinic |
| 999 Road | XClin@gmail.com | 789-332-9987 | XClinic |
+----+----+----+----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

U.1.5: All clinics

```
mysql> select * from appointment;
+----+----+----+
| ID | AppointmentNumber | AppointmentType |
+----+----+----+
| 11111 | 2 | Checkup |
+----+----+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.1.6: All appointments

```
mysql> select * from doctorschedule;
+----+----+----+----+----+
| ID | Hours | VacatonDays | Days | Username |
+----+----+----+----+----+
| 12 | 8 | Mondays | T-F | koe |
| 123 | 18 | july 22 | Monday-Tuesday | userin |
+----+----+----+----+----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

U.1.7: All doctorschedule

```
mysql> select * from drugs;
+-----+-----+-----+
| Company | SideEffects | Name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 123     | 123          | 123  |
| Balmoral | None          | Ativan |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Clenbuterol |
| NULL     | NULL          | Clorazepam |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Hydroxyzine |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Ibuprofen |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Klonopin |
| naturalPharm | none          | menthol |
| PharmMD   | Dizziness, diarrhea, confusion, etc. | Metranolol |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Pepto |
| Drug Inc.  | Drowsiness, Irritability | Propranolol |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Tylenol |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Xanax |
+-----+-----+-----+
13 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

U.1.8: All Drugs

```
mysql> select * from has;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| DoctorID | NurseID | PatientID | AppointmentNumber | PatientUser | DocUser | NurseUser | TimeDate |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 32       | 123     | 11111    | 2               | user        | fna@    | userty    | 3:45,3/10/2022 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

U.1.9: All has (corresponds with appointment)

```
mysql> select * from nurseschedule;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID  | Hours | VacatonDays | Days          | Username |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3   | 10    | may 12       | Tuesday-Saturday | pas      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

U.1.10: All nurse schedule

```
mysql> select * from patient;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID   | Fname | Lname | Email  | DoB    | Gender | Adm_Flag | Out_Flag | Username | Password |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 11111 | Pat   | Zero  | Jar@33e  | 04/23/1999 | Non-Binary | 0 | 1 | user    | pass    |
| 462380 | Frank | Ocean | jjjjjjjjjj | 04/13/5555 | Male    | 0 | 1 | Chris_Breaux | ChannelOrange |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

U.1.11: All patient

```
mysql> select * from patient_conditions;
+----+-----+
| ID | Conditions |
+----+-----+
| 11111 | Routine Spinal Tap (2009) , Aertrrial Bypass Surgery(08/2008) |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.1.12: All patient_conditions

```
mysql> select * from patient_medicalhis;
+----+-----+
| ID | MedicalHistory |
+----+-----+
| 11111 | Heart AttackBad Cough |
+----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

U.1.13: All patient_medicalhis

```
mysql> select * from prescribes;
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID | Name      | Username | Prescribed | PatientID | DoctorNotes | Dosage |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 123 | Klonopin   | a         | 09/06/2017  | 11111    | Take at night | 890mg  |
| 123 | menthol    | a         | 1/1/2000    | 11111    | none          | as needed |
| 123 | Propranolol | a         | 6/12/2018   | 11111    | Avoid Driving | 100mg 2x daily |
| 123 | Xanax      | a         | 11/07/2018  | 11111    | Take at night | 400mg  |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

U.1.14: All prescribes (related to drugs, etc.)

U.2: Doctors after registering ‘Johnny Appleseed’

```
mysql> select * from doctor;
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID | Fname   | Lname  | Email   | Specialty | ClinicName | Username | Spe_Flag | Fam_Flag | Phone   | Password |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 12 | joe      | joe    | joe     | joe       | Oasis Clinic | koe      | 1        | 0        | no      | nope    |
| 32 | Fir      | Nam    | jr4@yahoo.com | Specialist | Oasis Clinic | fna@     | 1        | 0        | 9986676 | 12345tyu |
| 123 | a        | a      | a       | Family Doctor | Oasis Clinic | a        | 1        | 0        | a       | a       |
| 123 | FName    | LName  | emailin | specialty  | Oasis Clinic | userin  | 1        | 0        | phonein | pswdin  |
| 453 | Ros      | Ln     | tl@tip.com | Family Doctor | Oasis Clinic | r_ln    | 0        | 1        | 988-667-3218 | pass    |
| 89765 | Michael | Rose   | dr_mrose@gmail.com | Specialist | Oasis Clinic | mrose4567 | 1        | 0        | 403-999-9999 | iloveroses |
| 215403 | Johnny  | Appleseed | JohnApple@gmail.com | None      | Oasis Clinic | Lakers248 | 0        | 0        | (403) 555-9898 | Calgary403 |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Note the last tuple in doctor: the newly added Johnny Appleseed

U.3: NULL protection via required form fields

Enter Email:

Select your Specialty:

Enter ClinicName:

Please fill out this field.

Attempting to press submit with a field left blank

~(note that ALL text fields in all forms in our system have this protection built in to avoid null values)

U.4: Updated schedule

```
mysql> select * from doctorschedule;
+----+----+----+----+----+
| ID | Hours | VacatonDays | Days | Username |
+----+----+----+----+----+
| 12 | 8 | Mondays | T-F | koe |
| 123 | 18 | july 22 | Monday-Tuesday | userin |
| 215403 | 22 | December 25 | Thursday-Sunday | Lakers248 |
+----+----+----+----+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.5: Updated Schedule (overwritten existing)

```
mysql> select * from doctorschedule;
+----+----+----+----+----+
| ID | Hours | VacatonDays | Days | Username |
+----+----+----+----+----+
| 12 | 8 | Mondays | T-F | koe |
| 123 | 18 | july 22 | Monday-Tuesday | userin |
| 215403 | 7 | every last month's friday | Monday-Friday | Lakers248 |
+----+----+----+----+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Note the change for username Lakers248 (Johnny Appleseed)

U.6: Addition of a prescription to prescribes

```
mysql> select * from prescribes;
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| ID | Name | Username | Prescribed | PatientID | DoctorNotes | Dosage |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| 123 | Klonopin | a | 09/06/2017 | 11111 | Take at night | 890mg |
| 123 | menthol | a | 1/1/2000 | 11111 | none | as needed |
| 123 | Propranolol | a | 6/12/2018 | 11111 | Avoid Driving | 100mg 2x daily |
| 123 | Xanax | a | 11/07/2018 | 11111 | Take at night | 400mg |
| 215403 | Pepto | Lakers248 | 6/17/2022 | 11111 | Take in morning | 400mg daily |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Note the addition of the pepto prescription we created as an example

U.7: Requested Drug

```
mysql> select * from drugs;
+----+----+----+
| Company | SideEffects | Name |
+----+----+----+
| 123 | 123 | 123 |
| NULL | NULL | Adderall |
| Balmoral | None | Ativan |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Clenbuterol |
| NULL | NULL | Clorazepam |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Hydroxyzine |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Ibuprofen |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Klonopin |
| naturalPharm | none | menthol |
| PharmMD | Dizziness, diarrhea, confusion, etc. | Metranolol |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Pepto |
| Drug Inc. | Drowsiness, Irritability | Propranolol |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Tylenol |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Xanax |
+----+----+----+
14 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Note that this is before the pharmacist has updated the values for this requested drug

U.8: Nurse Ri Lu before and after assignment(s)

U.8.1: Nurse Ri Lu before any assignment

```
mysql> select * from nurse;
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| ID | Fname | Lname | ClinicName | Specialty | Username | Password |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| 3 | Ri | Lu | Oasis Clinic | Many of them | pas | word |
| 123 | Jaa | Daniels | Oasis Clinic | Special Nurse | userty | passwordtly |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.8.2: After assigning to XClinic

```
mysql> select * from nurse;
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID | Fname | Lname | ClinicName | Specialty | Username | Password |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3 | Ri | Lu | XClinic | Many of them | pas | word |
| 123 | Jaa | Daniels | Oasis Clinic | Special Nurse | userty | passwordty |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.8.3: Assigning to XClinic again:

```
mysql> select * from nurse;
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID | Fname | Lname | ClinicName | Specialty | Username | Password |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3 | Ri | Lu | XClinic | Many of them | pas | word |
| 123 | Jaa | Daniels | Oasis Clinic | Special Nurse | userty | passwordty |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.9: Inserting patient history

U.9.1: all pre-existing patient_medicalhis tuples (ie. before)

```
mysql> select * from patient_medicalhis;
+----+-----+
| ID | MedicalHistory |
+----+-----+
| 11111 | Heart AttackBad Cough |
+----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.9.2: Added medical history

```
mysql> select * from patient_medicalhis;
+----+-----+
| ID | MedicalHistory |
+----+-----+
| 11111 | Heart AttackBad Cough |
| 462380 | Vertigo and cough |
+----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.9.3: Concatenated updated medical history

```
mysql> select * from patient_medicalhis;
+-----+-----+
| ID   | MedicalHistory |
+-----+-----+
| 11111 | Heart AttackBad Cough |
| 462380 | Wheezing and dry mouth , Vertigo and cough |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.10: Inserting patient conditions

U.10.1: Patient conditions before insert

```
mysql> select * from patient_conditions;
+-----+-----+
| ID   | Conditions |
+-----+-----+
| 11111 | Routine Spinal Tap (2009) , Aertrial Bypass Surgery(08/2008) |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.10.2: Conditions after insert

```
mysql> select * from patient_conditions;
+-----+-----+
| ID   | Conditions |
+-----+-----+
| 11111 | Routine Spinal Tap (2009) , Aertrial Bypass Surgery(08/2008) |
| 462380 | Major surgery |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.10.3: Conditions after another insert (note the concatenation)

```
mysql> select * from patient_conditions;
+-----+-----+
| ID   | Conditions |
+-----+-----+
| 11111 | Routine Spinal Tap (2009) , Aertrial Bypass Surgery(08/2008) |
| 462380 | Clubfoot , Major surgery |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.11: Pharmacist after registration

```
mysql> select * from pharmacist;
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID | Fname | Lname | Supply | Username | Password |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 56 | Jordan | Swiss | none | cat_nyr | eric
| 1234 | John | Doe | SupplyOne | JohnDoe123 | mypass
| 12345 | jar | lan | Supply0 i | jr_1 | 123ref
| 9853107 | Pharmacist | Pharm | none | pharm_md | pharmacy
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.12: Drugs after adding highlighted drug:

```
mysql> select * from drugs;
+-----+-----+-----+
| Company | SideEffects | Name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 123 | 123 | 123
| NULL | NULL | Adderall
| Balmoral | None | Ativan
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Clenbuterol
| NULL | NULL | Clorazepam
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Hydroxyzine
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Ibuprofen
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Klonopin
| naturalPharm | none | menthol
| PharmMD | Dizziness, diarrhea, confusion, etc. | Metranolol
| LundyCo. | blurred vision, low bp | minoxidil
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Pepto
| Drug Inc. | Drowsiness, Irritability | Propranolol
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Tylenol
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Xanax
+-----+-----+-----+
15 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.13: No duplicate minoxidil after attempt

```
mysql> select * from drugs;
+-----+-----+-----+
| Company | SideEffects | Name   |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 123    | 123        | 123   |
| NULL   | NULL        | Adderall |
| Balmoral | None        | Ativan  |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Clenbuterol |
| NULL   | NULL        | Clorazepam |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Hydroxyzine |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Ibuprofen |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Klonopin  |
| naturalPharm | none        | menthol  |
| PharmMD  | Dizziness, diarrhea, confusion, etc. | Metranolol |
| LundyCo. | blurred vision, low bp | minoxidil |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Pepto    |
| Drug Inc. | Drowsiness, Irritability | Propranolol |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Tylenol  |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Xanax    |
+-----+-----+-----+
15 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.14: All drugs, note the drugs with NULL attributes are drugs that doctors have requested recently that no pharmacist has filled yet

```
mysql> select * from drugs;
+-----+-----+-----+
| Company | SideEffects | Name   |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 123    | 123        | 123   |
| NULL   | NULL        | Adderall |
| Balmoral | None        | Ativan  |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Clenbuterol |
| NULL   | NULL        | Clorazepam |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Hydroxyzine |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Ibuprofen |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Klonopin  |
| naturalPharm | none        | menthol  |
| PharmMD  | Dizziness, diarrhea, confusion, etc. | Metranolol |
| LundyCo. | blurred vision, low bp | minoxidil |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Pepto    |
| Drug Inc. | Drowsiness, Irritability | Propranolol |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Tylenol  |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Xanax    |
+-----+-----+-----+
15 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.15: Change after fulfilling adderall request

```
mysql> select * from drugs;
+-----+-----+-----+
| Company | SideEffects | Name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 123     | 123        | 123  |
| BigPharma | Confusion, night sweats | Adderall |
| Balmoral | None        | Ativan |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Clenbuterol |
| NULL     | NULL        | Clorazepam |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Hydroxyzine |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Ibuprofen |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Klonopin |
| naturalPharm | none        | menthol |
| PharmMD   | Dizziness, diarrhea, confusion, etc. | Metranolol |
| LundyCo.  | blurred vision, low bp | minoxidil |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Pepto |
| Drug Inc. | Drowsiness, Irritability | Propranolol |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Tylenol |
| BigPharma | Cough and runny nose | Xanax |
+-----+-----+-----+
15 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.16: Submitting a new nurse to the system

```
mysql> select * from nurse;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID   | Fname | Lname | ClinicName | Specialty | Username | Password |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3    | Ri    | Lu    | XClinic   | Many of them | pas      | word     |
| 123  | Jaa   | Daniels | Oasis Clinic | Special Nurse | userty   | passwordty |
| 875587857 | User | Manual | Oasis Clinic | Emergency medicine | Example | password |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

U.17: Changing nurse schedule

```
mysql> select * from nurseschedule;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID   | Hours | VacatonDays        | Days        | Username |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3    | 10    | may 12            | Tuesday-Saturday | pas      |
| 875587857 | 12    | Easter and Christmas | Monday-Friday | Example |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Compare to appendix u.1 for nurse schedule

U.18: Updated nurse schedule

```
mysql> select * from nurseschedule;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID   | Hours | VacatonDays | Days           | Username |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3    | 10   | may 12      | Tuesday-Saturday | pas      |
| 875587857 | 4   | none        | Monday-Thursday | Example  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U.19: assigning nurse to XClinic

```
mysql> select * from nurse;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID   | Fname | Lname | ClinicName | Specialty      | Username | Password |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3    | Ri    | Lu    | XClinic    | Many of them   | pas      | word      |
| 123  | Jaa   | Daniels | Oasis Clinic | Special Nurse | userty   | passwordty |
| 875587857 | User | Manual | XClinic    | Emergency medicine | Example | password |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U20: Assigning back to Oasis via link on view clinics

```
mysql> select * from nurse;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID   | Fname | Lname | ClinicName | Specialty      | Username | Password |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3    | Ri    | Lu    | XClinic    | Many of them   | pas      | word      |
| 123  | Jaa   | Daniels | Oasis Clinic | Special Nurse | userty   | passwordty |
| 875587857 | User | Manual | Oasis Clinic | Emergency medicine | Example | password |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

U21: HAS table indicating appointments with pre-existing values

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| DoctorID | NurseID | PatientID | AppointmentNumber | PatientUser | DocUser | NurseUser | TimeDate   |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 32 | 123 | 11111 | 2 | user | fna@ | userty | 3:45,3/10/2022 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

U22: Has & Appointment table indicating that patient Pat Zero(id 11111) has an active appointment

```

mysql> select * from appointment;
+----+-----+-----+
| ID | AppointmentNumber | AppointmentType |
+----+-----+-----+
| 11111 | 2 | Checkup |
+----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from has;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| DoctorID | NurseID | PatientID | AppointmentNumber | PatientUser | DocUser | NurseUser | TimeDate |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 32 | 123 | 11111 | 2 | user | fna@ | userty | 3:45,3/10/2022 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```

Note that this has instance is connected via the foreign key appointment number to appointment, and they both are connected to Pat Zero patient via the ID (11111).

U23: All doctors from Oasis Clinic

```

mysql> select * from doctor where clinicname='Oasis Clinic';
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID | Fname | Lname | Email | Specialty | ClinicName | Username | Spe_Flag | Fam_Flag | Phone | Password |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 12 | joe | joe | joe | joe | Oasis Clinic | koe | 1 | 0 | no | nope |
| 32 | Fir | Nam | jr4@yahoo.com | Specialist | Oasis Clinic | fna@ | 1 | 0 | 9086676 | 12345tyu |
| 123 | a | a | a | Family Doctor | Oasis Clinic | a | 1 | 0 | a | a |
| 123 | FName | LName | emailin | specialty | Oasis Clinic | userin | 1 | 0 | phonein | pswdin |
| 453 | Ros | Ln | tl@tip.com | Family Doctor | Oasis Clinic | r_ln | 0 | 1 | 908-667-3218 | pass |
| 89765 | Michael | Rose | dr_mrose@gmail.com | Specialist | Oasis Clinic | mrose4567 | 1 | 0 | 403-999-9999 | iloveroses |
| 215403 | Johnny | Appleseed | JohnApple@gmail.com | None | Oasis Clinic | Lakers248 | 0 | 0 | (403) 555-9898 | Calgary403 |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```

Note that this matches the dropdown menu option in our example

U24: HAS and Appointment tables following our example insertion (our example booking)

```

mysql> select * from appointment;
+----+-----+-----+
| ID | AppointmentNumber | AppointmentType |
+----+-----+-----+
| 11111 | 2 | Checkup |
| 462380 | 3 | checkup |
+----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from has;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| DoctorID | NurseID | PatientID | AppointmentNumber | PatientUser | DocUser | NurseUser | TimeDate |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 32 | 123 | 11111 | 2 | user | fna@ | userty | 3:45,3/10/2022 |
| 215403 | 123 | 462380 | 3 | Chris_Breaux | Lakers248 | userty | 12:45,5/15/2022 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```

U24: Prescribes table for all prescriptions following our user manual samples

```
mysql> select * from prescribes;
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| ID | Name | Username | Prescribed | PatientID | DoctorNotes | Dosage |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| 123 | Klonopin | a | 09/06/2017 | 11111 | Take at night | 890mg |
| 123 | menthol | a | 1/1/2000 | 11111 | none | as needed |
| 123 | Propranolol | a | 6/12/2018 | 11111 | Avoid Driving | 100mg 2x daily |
| 123 | Xanax | a | 11/07/2018 | 11111 | Take at night | 400mg |
| 215403 | Ativan | Lakers248 | 12/4/2022 | 11111 | Call 911 if signs of stroke | 100mg biweekly |
| 215403 | Pepto | Lakers248 | 6/17/2022 | 11111 | Take in morning | 400mg daily |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
6 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

Note this is all prescriptions, and patients can only view the prescriptions mapped to their ID only

U25: Appointment and Has Tables before cancelling appointment

```
mysql> select * from appointment;
+----+----+----+
| ID | AppointmentNumber | AppointmentType |
+----+----+----+
| 11111 | 2 | Checkup |
| 462380 | 3 | checkup |
+----+----+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from has;
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| DoctorID | NurseID | PatientID | AppointmentNumber | PatientUser | DocUser | NurseUser | TimeDate |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| 32 | 123 | 11111 | 2 | user | fna@ | userty | 3:45,3/10/2022 |
| 215403 | 123 | 462380 | 3 | Chris_Breaux | Lakers248 | userty | 12:45,5/15/2022 |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Note that Pat Zero has ID=11111

U26: U25 after patient 11111(Pat Zero) cancels his appointment

```
mysql> select * from appointment;
+----+----+----+
| ID | AppointmentNumber | AppointmentType |
+----+----+----+
| 462380 | 3 | checkup |
+----+----+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from has;
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| DoctorID | NurseID | PatientID | AppointmentNumber | PatientUser | DocUser | NurseUser | TimeDate |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| 215403 | 123 | 462380 | 3 | Chris_Breaux | Lakers248 | userty | 12:45,5/15/2022 |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Compared to U25 (before), this is the aftermath of cancelling an appointment

Appendix U27: Environment

This project was coded entirely using HTML, CSS, Java, JSP, Java Servlets and mySQL. The code was created in Eclipse with Dynamic Web Project plugins for Java installed. The project was run on a localhost (port 8080) server from Eclipse to Microsoft Edge. The runtime server used was Apache Tomcat v9.0. All SQL functionality was implemented using mySQL and the JDBC Connection JAR.

Credit & References

This report was entirely written by group 43 members Jared Lundy, Jordan Lundy and Yuhao Guang. The group members communicated personally as a group via the team Discord channel.

The class textbook, *Fundamentals of Database Systems, Seventh Edition (Authors: Ramez Elmasri & Shamkant B. Navathe, 2016)* was referred to in the design process (ERD Diagram, UML Diagram, Relational Model, Mapping ERD to Relational model), and the theory of databases presented in this text was used throughout.

Dr. Jalal Kawah's CPSC 471 class notes and the CPSC 471 Tutorial Notes (both accessed via D2L) were also referred to.