

PAKISTAN FLOODS 2010 – KHAIRPUR DISTRICT PROFILE

MAR, 2011



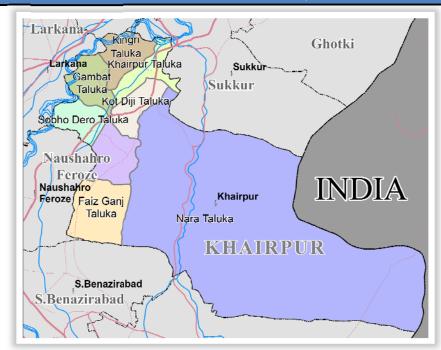
	Total	Affected	
TOTAL POPULATION (ESTIMATED 2010)	1,546,587	345,900	
TOTAL AREA (Sq km)	15,892	1,200	
NUMER OF TALUKAS	8	4	
UNION COUNCILS	76	13	
DEHS	414	41	
HOUSE HOLD SIZE			

Situation update:

- According to PDMA 345,900 people (49,414 families) were affected by August 2010 floods, mostly in the Katcha areas.
- Agriculture was heavily hit as 46,055 acres of arable land was destroyed. This happened while most
 farmers were ready to harvest rice and had made investments in farming. However, due to high
 moisture content of the soil, some of the farmers have reportedly managed to cultivate for the
 next harvest season, though with an increase in debt to achieve this.
- Population from the Katcha areas were displaced. The district hosted a significant number of IDPs from other districts. PDMA reports indicate 100699 people were initially housed in 484 relief camps. Most have returned to places of origin. PDMA reported 100% of the hosted IDPs have left Khairpur, but February 2010.
- Of the total of 50,160 houses which were damaged or destroyed, 46,160 were in the Katcha area.
- The UC ranking exercise conducted in late Feb, indicated 3 UCs which are more affected than others. High impact on live stock and housing in particular were of concern.

Key Humanitarian Challenges:

• As this district was moderately affected (compared to neighboring districts), the Government have lead the core relief response. Partners supported with food, shelter, NFIs and other essential provisions. However, it is not a priority district for the humanitarian community.



Taluka	Affected Population	Affected Area (sq km)	# of Affected UCs	# of Camps	Population in Camps	# of Returnees	# of Damaged Houses	# of Damaged BHUs	# of Damaged Schools
Sobho Dero	27,868		2			11,500	4,380		11
Gambat	45,630		4			13,000	4,740	1	35
Khairpur	15,730		3			35,000	2,521		7
Kingri	39,340		4			3,379	6,442		14
Kot Diji						9,509			
Mirwah						6,862			
Nara						5,690			
Faiz Ganj						3,349			

WHO IS DOING WHAT WHERE

Taluka/T ehsil	Shelter	WASH	Food	Health	Nutrition	CCCM	Protection	Education	Education
Sobho Dero		Oxfam/Ind us Resource Center	WFP, World Vision	WHO			IRC(Int)	NCH D/Go vt.	IRC
Gambat	MES	Oxfam/Ind us Resource Center,Pla n Int	WFP, World Vision	WHO,W orld vision, MES			IRC(Int), BSWA	NCH D/Go vt.	IRC
Khairpur	Oxfa m, MES, KCS	Oxfam/Ind us Resource Center,Pla n Int	SRSP	WHO,W orld vision,M ES			IRC(Int), BSWA	NCH D/Go vt.	IR C
Kingri	Oxfa m, MES, KCS	Oxfam/Ind us Resource Center,Pla n Int	WFP, SRSP	WHO,W orld vision,M ES			IRC(Int), BSWA	NCH D/Go vt.	IRC
Kot Diji	Oxfa m	Oxfam	WFP, SRSP						IRC
Mirwah	Oxfa m	Oxfam							
Nara									
Faiz Ganj									

NEEDS	COVERAGE	GAPS

AGR	49,414 families need help in agriculture.	3,515 hhs have received assistance in agriculture. 3351 of them were assisted with crop inputs. No livestock input reported.	Higher need for seeds and fertilizers reported. Some technical people advocate to sensitize on seeds with higher yield. Khairpur is not among priority districts; needs of some affected UCs may be neglected. Need to use UC ranking instead of district		
CCCM	All camps closed Tent villages at places of origin in place	Indost Resource, SRSO, and UMUL work with the support of UNICEF, WFP, WVI and IRC are working. WFP is reportedly planning to scale down relief food distribution and scale up early recovery food for work.	prioritizations.		
CR	CR needs are higher in flood affected areas and particularly UC ranking is expected to highlight which UC need more support in terms of general humanitarian situation	The cluster has started mapping partners and devising strategies for N-Sindh.	CR specific needs for this district are not available. District-specific information is expected to be provided by CR cluster.		
EDU	Some schools were occupied by IDPs. Need for opening of closed Govt. Schools. Some of the schools need repairs/rehabilitation Support of existing Govt. Schools	Education cluster has started providing TLC in the flood affected UCs	District specific education support figures not available.		
SHE	50160 shelters destroyed (District sources). PDMA/shelter cluster reported similar figures.	55% of the need covered; 27,402 shelters were (will be) provided (shelter cluster). This figure includes the pipeline. Shelter activities include distribution of emergency shelter and NFIs (including kitchen sets, tool kits, etc).	45% of needs remain uncovered; 22,758 shelter needs unmet (shelter cluster gap analysis).		
FOOD	Food distributions moving to targeted and specialized projects. Support to return	WFP main implementing partner is SRSO and main activities include	No gap figures are available.		
HEA	Need to rehabilitate/revive primary health care services including Antenatal and post natal services for mothers. Mother and Child immunization. Preventive care through health education. Reproductive Health	WHO, UNICEF, IRC and WVI are supporting basic health infrastructure in the flood affected areas. Health activities include OTP/SFP	Hepatitis, water borne diseases, and skin infection is being reported in flood affected UCs.		
NUT	Sindh-wide malnutrition figures indicate 23% for GAM and 6% for SAM. Need to upscale nutrition interventions.	Though this district is not priority area, several organizations including UNICEF are working on tackling malnutrition and supporting local health facilities.	District specific-figures for malnutrition not available.		
WASH	Water Quality being complained. Need for safe drinking water Need for toileting system in the Katcha areas where floods have destroyed.	Low priority areas for WASH cluster and fewer activities are reported.	Specific details for WASH gaps not available.		
PRO	Total need for WATAN cards 25,156 families	25,149 W. cards issued. 24,437 W. cards activated. Two complaint centers to solve W. card complaints	540 W. cards need verification. More complaints regarding who is accessing to these W. cards have been filed.		
		established.	•		