

1 Analyzing All Data

Here we analyze all of the data.

First we load the data and view a portion of it. Some more details.

These are the necessary packages.

```
require(useful)
require(plyr)
require(ggplot2)
```

```
load("../data/pakistan/pak.rdata")
source("../R/distFuncs.r")
corner(pak, c = 15)
```

	New_ID	Age	Sex	Date	Province	District	Tehsil
1	1288	26	Male	29082010	KPK	Shangla	Besham
2	1290	30	Male	29082010	KPK	Shangla	Besham
3	1370	54	Male	28082010	KPK	Shangla	Besham
4	1372	53	Male	28082010	KPK	Shangla	Besham
5	1371	64	Male	28082010	KPK	Shangla	Besham

	Village	Latitude	Longitude	Total	Urban	Rural
1	abaseen colony	34.94	72.88	90.6	-	90.6
2	abaseen colony	34.94	72.88	90.6	-	90.6
3	abaseen colony	34.94	72.88	90.6	-	90.6
4	abaseen colony	34.94	72.88	90.6	-	90.6
5	abaseen colony	34.94	72.88	90.6	-	90.6

	Accommodation
1	Collective centers (school/Public building)
2	Host family
3	On the site of the house (Damaged)
4	On the site of the house (Damaged)
5	On the site of the house (Damaged)

	StagnantWater
1	Few
2	Few
3	Few
4	None
5	None

Now we build a distribution for all the data and visualize it in Figure 1 with the code here:.

```
ricePerc <- build.dist(data = pak, lhs = "New_ID", group = "Province",
  question = "RiceLost")
ricePerc$Size <- "All"
```

```
ggplot(ricePerc, aes(x = RiceLost, y = Percent)) + geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
  facet_wrap(~Province) + opts(axis.text.x = theme_text(angle = 90))
```

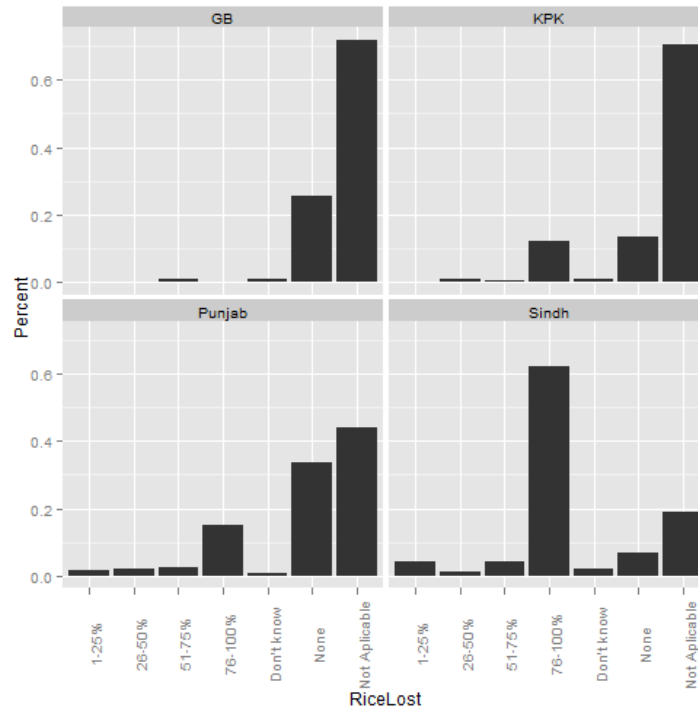


Figure 1: Graphical view of the distribution of responses for all the data.

In Section ?? we analyze the distribution of responses for samples of fewer Tehsils.