CSI 2132 Project Report Jared Lueck 8763876 Winter 2020 Rental Booking System

Programming Languages and DBMS

The programming language that was used for this language is python and some python libraries.. I used the postgres adapter psycopg2 to connect the application to postgres and execute all the queries.

DDLs

```
CREATE TABLE Branch (
         country varchar(20),
         primary key (country)
);
CREATE TABLE Rental User (
         user id int,
         email address varchar(50) not null,
         unit number int,
         street number int,
         street varchar(20),
         city varchar(20) not null,
         province varchar(20) not null,
         country varchar(20) not null,
         firstname varchar(20) not null,
         middlename varchar(20),
         lastname varchar(20) not null,
         primary key (user id),
         foreign key (country) references Branch(country)
);
CREATE TABLE Host (
         host id int,
         email address varchar(50) not null,
         unit number int,
         street number int,
         street varchar(20),
         city varchar(20) not null,
         province varchar(20) not null,
         country varchar(20) not null,
         firstname varchar(20) not null,
         middlename varchar(20),
         lastname varchar(20) not null,
         primary key (host id),
         foreign key (host id) references Rental User(user id)
                   on delete cascade
);
CREATE TABLE Guest (
         guest id int,
         email address varchar(50) not null,
         unit number int,
```

```
street number int,
          street varchar(20),
          city varchar(20) not null,
          province varchar(20) not null,
          country varchar(20) not null,
          firstname varchar(20) not null,
          middlename varchar(20),
          lastname varchar(20) not null,
          primary key (guest id),
          foreign key (guest id) references Rental User(user id)
                   on delete cascade
);
CREATE TABLE Phonenumber (
          user_id int,
          phone number varchar(20) not null,
          primary key (user id, phone number),
          foreign key (user id) references Rental User(user id)
);
CREATE TABLE Property (
          property id int,
          unit number int,
          street number int not null,
          street varchar(20) not null,
          city varchar(20) not null,
          province varchar(20),
          country varchar(20) not null,
          beds number int not null,
          host id int not null,
          foreign key (host id) references Host(host id)
                   on delete cascade,
          primary key (property id),
          foreign key (country) references Branch(country)
);
CREATE TABLE Payment (
          transaction id int,
          transaction type varchar(20),
          amount float not null,
          status varchar(20),
          host id int not null,
          guest_id int not null,
          property id int,
          primary key (transaction id),
          foreign key (host id) references Host(host id),
          foreign key (guest id) references Guest(guest id),
          foreign key (property id) references Property(property id) on delete set null
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Pricing (
          property_id int,
          rate float not null,
          guest number int not null,
          property type varchar(20),
          primary key (property id),
          foreign key (property id) references Property(property id)
                   on delete cascade
);
CREATE TABLE Rental Agreement (
          agreement id int,
          sign date date not null,
          start date date not null,
          end date date not null constraint after start check(end date > start date),
          host id int not null,
          guest id int not null,
          property id int,
          foreign key (host id) references Host(host id)
                   on delete cascade,
          foreign key (guest id) references Guest(guest id)
                   on delete cascade,
          foreign key (property id) references Property(property id)
                   on delete set null,
          primary key(agreement id)
);
CREATE TABLE Review (
          review id int,
          comment varchar(20) not null,
          review date date not null,
          communication float.
          checkin float,
          cleanliness float,
          location float,
          property id int,
          guest_id int,
          primary key (review id),
          foreign key (property id) references Property(property id)
                   on delete set null,
          foreign key (guest id) references Guest(guest id)
                   on delete set null
);
CREATE TABLE Employee (
          employee id int,
          firstname varchar(20) not null,
          lastname varchar(20) not null,
          email address varchar(50) not null,
```

```
position varchar(30),
        salary float,
        branch varchar(20) not null,
        foreign key (branch) references Branch(country),
        primary key (employee id)
);
CREATE TABLE Manager (
        manager id int,
        primary key (manager id),
        foreign key (manager id) references Employee(employee id)
);
CREATE SEQUENCE property sequence
        start 20
        increment 1;
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION is ValidUser(email varchar(50))
 RETURNS BOOLEAN AS $$
                BEGIN
                         PERFORM * FROM Rental User U WHERE U.email address = email;
                        IF FOUND THEN RETURN TRUE;
                        ELSE
                        RETURN FALSE;
                        END IF;
                END
        $$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION is ValidEmployee(id int)
 RETURNS BOOLEAN AS $$
                BEGIN
                        PERFORM * FROM Employee E WHERE E.employee id = id;
                        IF FOUND THEN RETURN TRUE;
                        ELSE
                        RETURN FALSE;
                        END IF;
                END
        $$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION is Host(id INT)
 RETURNS BOOLEAN AS $$
                BEGIN
                        PERFORM * FROM Host H WHERE H.host id = id;
                        IF FOUND THEN RETURN TRUE;
                        ELSE
                        RETURN FALSE;
                        END IF;
                END
        $$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION new property(user id int, unit number int, street number int,
street varchar(20), city varchar(20), province varchar(20), country varchar(20), beds number int)
RETURNS int AS $$
        DECLARE property id int;
        BEGIN
                 property id := nextval('property sequence');
                IF NOT isHost(user id) THEN
                         INSERT INTO Host SELECT * FROM User U Where U.user id = user id;
                 END IF:
                 INSERT INTO Property VALUES(property id, unit number, street number, street, city,
                                                                            province, country, beds number,
user id);
                 RETURN property id;
        END $$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION new pricing(property id int, rate float, guest number int, property type varchar(20))
        RETURNS void AS $$
                 BEGIN
                         INSERT INTO Pricing VALUES(property id, rate, guest number, property type);
                 END
        $$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION is occupied(id int)
        RETURNS VARCHAR as $$
        BEGIN
                 PERFORM * FROM Property P INNER JOIN Rental Agreement RA ON RA.property id = P.property id
                 WHERE P.Property id = id AND RA.start date <= now() AND RA.end date >= now();
                 IF FOUND THEN RETURN 'OCCUPIED';
                 ELSE RETURN 'UNOCCUPIED';
                 END IF:
        END
        $$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION construct address(unit num int, street num int, street name varchar)
        RETURNS VARCHAR as $$
        DECLARE address text;
        BEGIN
                 IF NOT (unit num is NULL) THEN SELECT concat(street num, '', street name, 'Unit', unit num) INTO
address;
                 ELSE SELECT CONCAT(street num, '', street name) INTO address;
                 END IF:
                 RETURN address;
        END $$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION get availability(prop id int)
        RETURNS DATE AS $$
        DECLARE res date:
```

BEGIN

IF is occupied(prop id) = 'OCCUPIED' THEN SELECT MAX(end date) FROM Property P

INNER JOIN Rental_Agreement RA ON RA.property_id = P.property_id WHERE P.property_id = prop_id INTO res; ELSE SELECT now() into res;

END IF;

RETURN res;

END \$\$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION update host guest table()

RETURNS TRIGGER AS \$update info\$

BEGIN

IF NOT OLD.email address = NEW.email address THEN

UPDATE Host SET email address = NEW.email address WHERE Host.host id= NEW.user id;

UPDATE Guest SET email_address = NEW.email_address WHERE Guest.guest_id= NEW.user_id;

END IF;

IF NOT OLD.unit number = NEW.unit number THEN

UPDATE Host SET unit number = NEW.unit number WHERE Host.host id= NEW.user id;

UPDATE Guest SET unit number = NEW.unit number WHERE Guest.guest id= NEW.user id;

END IF:

IF NOT OLD.street number = NEW.street number THEN

UPDATE Host SET street number = NEW.street number WHERE Host.host id= NEW.user id;

UPDATE Guest SET street_number = NEW.street_number WHERE Guest.guest_id= NEW.user_id;

END IF;

IF NOT OLD.street = NEW.street THEN

UPDATE Host SET street = NEW.street WHERE Host.host_id= NEW.user_id;

UPDATE Guest SET street = NEW.street WHERE Guest.guest_id= NEW.user_id;

END IF;

IF NOT OLD.city = NEW.city THEN

UPDATE Host SET city = NEW.city WHERE Host.host id= NEW.user id;

UPDATE Guest SET city = NEW.city WHERE Guest.guest_id= NEW.user_id;

END IF;

IF NOT OLD.province = NEW.province THEN

UPDATE Host SET province = NEW.province WHERE Host.host id= NEW.user id;

UPDATE Guest SET province = NEW.province WHERE Guest.guest_id= NEW.user_id;

END IF;

IF NOT OLD.firstname = NEW.firstname THEN

UPDATE Host SET firstname = NEW.firstname WHERE Host.host id= NEW.user id;

UPDATE Guest SET firstname = NEW.firstname WHERE Guest.guest_id= NEW.user_id;

END IF;

IF NOT OLD.middlename = NEW.middlename THEN

UPDATE Host SET middlename = NEW.middlename WHERE Host.host id= NEW.user id;

UPDATE Guest SET middlename = NEW.middlename WHERE Guest.guest id= NEW.user id;

```
END IF;

IF NOT OLD.lastname = NEW.lastname THEN

UPDATE Host SET lastname = NEW.lastname WHERE Host.host_id= NEW.user_id;

UPDATE Guest SET lastname = NEW.lastname WHERE Guest.guest_id= NEW.user_id;

END IF;

RETURN NEW;

END $update_info$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
```

CREATE TRIGGER update_info BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON Rental_User FOR EACH ROW EXECUTE PROCEDURE update host guest table();

Installation

Python 3.8.2 was what I used for the development of this application. It is possible that older versions may work. Two packages are required. Tabular is for nicely printing results as tables. Psycopg2 is an adapter for Postgresql. You can use PIP to install them:

```
pip install psycopg2
pip install tabulate
```

Documentation for these 2 libraries:

https://pypi.org/project/tabulate/

https://pypi.org/project/psycopg2/

All the sql required for the application is inside of the SQL directory. This includes all the insert statements to populate the tables. The App directory contains python scripts, as well as a configuration file for the Database. Fill out the config.ini. This file is read by the python configparser.

```
[POSTGRESQL]
database = postgres
user = postgres
password = password
host = localhost
port = 5432
```

Figure 1: example of filled out config.ini. Replace with your corresponding connection values. Alternatively, you can also put them in the connectDB.py file.

After filling out the database credentials, execute App/createDB.py. This will create all the tables, functions and triggers and then execute them.

You can now run the app. There are two interfaces: employeeCLI (for the employees) and UserCLI (For hosts and Guests).

Application Usage Guide

Host/Guest Interface

This is the file UserCLI.py. When it starts, it will ask you to enter your email address. An email address that you can enter is user@uottawa.ca. You can also enter any other email from the Rental_User table.

Then it will ask what operation you would like to perform. There are 5 operations you can enter

- search search for a property from the currently listed properties
- list list a property to be rented
- view view your listed properties
- info see your personal info (email, address, names etc.)
- update-info update your info
- Remove remove a property for this user

```
C:\Users\angel\Project_8763876\App>python UserCLI.py
Welcome to Host/Guest Interface. Please Enter your email address to continue: user@uottawa.ca
List of commands:
list (List Your Property )
search (Search properties)
view (View your Properties)
remove (Remove a property)
info (View your personal info)
update-info (Update your personal info)
Enter the operation you wish to perform: search
```

Figure 1: Start up of application and list of commands.

Command - search

You can search for a property by availability and rate (\$/Night). You can leave them blank (simply hit enter) to show all availability and/or rates. for any The results are displayed in a tabular format in the terminal.

Enter the operation you wish to perform: search Enter the date you are wanting to start your rental (YYYY-MM-DD): Enter the max rate you are looking for (\$/Night): OK										
Address	City	Province	Country	beds	Rate (\$/Night)	Number of Guests	Property Type	Availibility		
46 Petersburg drive	Lefflerchester	Alberta	Netherlands Antilles	0	411.22	5	Lost	2020-04-08		
68 Rodeo drive Unit 47	first street	Saskatchwan	Netherlands	3	41.4	7	Cabin	2020-04-08		
41 Locheland drive Unit 9	Lake Billstad	Michigan	Singapore	3	263.33	3	Bungalow	2020-04-08		
18 Laurier avenue Unit 84	West Sincere	California	Hong Kong	6	992.47	9	House	2020-04-08		
97 West Hunt club Unit 65	Jakubowskiside	Ontario	British Indian Ocean	2	7.85	1	House	2020-04-08		
76 Maybrooke avenue Unit 91	Sigmundberg	Georgia	Bulgaria	9	45.07	2	Condo	2020-04-08		
33 Somerset avenue	Lake Leone	Ontario	Pitcairn Islands	0	719.03	2	Entire Place	2020-04-08		
58 Longfields drive	bay drive	Saskatchwan	Netherlands		71.03	1	Cabin	2020-08-01		
Malvern drive	Laurier evenue	Saskatchwan	Netherlands	2	92.47	3	Cabin	2020-08-01		
7 Woodroffe ave	Jakubowskiside	Ontario	British Indian Ocean	2	756.85	8	Entire Place	2020-08-01		
Soho drive	Lefflerchester	Alberta	Netherlands Antilles	0	413.22	2	Lost	2020-08-01		
Halley drive	Lake Leone	Ontario	Pitcairn Islands	0	16.14	7	Cabin	2020-08-01		
13 Longfields drive Unit 16	West Lois	Quebec	Palestinian Territor	9	10.14	4	Apartment	2020-04-08		
99 Second street Unit 45	Collinsberg	Missouri	Madagascar	3	548.33	2	Cabin	2020-04-08		
Deighton cresent Unit 65	Ottawa	Ontario	Canada	2	10.14	4	House	2020-04-08		
51 Main street	Lake Tiaraside	Yukon	Chad	1	114.77	6	Shared Space	2020-04-08		

Figure 2: Example of using search command. Here rate and date are left blank, so it shows all properties.

Availability field is a single date. This is the date that the property is available. If the date is today, this means that the property is currently unoccupied. Otherwise, it will display the end date of its current rental.

Command - list

After entering the 'list' command, you will be prompted for the information about your property (street number, street, city, rate etc.).

```
Enter the operation you wish to perform: list
Please fill out the details of your property
Enter the unit number for your property: 12
Enter the street number for your property: 12
Enter the street name of your property: Redpath drive
Enter the city of your property: Ottawa
Enter the province of your property: Ontario
Enter the country of your property: Canada
Enter the number of beds your property has: 2
Enter the rate ($/Night) of your property: 12.34
Enter the number of guests for your property: 1
Enter the type of your property [House, Loft, Apartment or Chalet]: Loft
Your property has been listed!
```

Figure 3: Example of using list command to add a property.

Command - view

Entering 'view' displays a table of all the properties you have listed.

Enter the operation you wish to perform: view									
Address	City	Province	country	beds					
3 df Unit 3	f	f	Canada	2					
12 Redpath drive Unit 12	Ottawa	Ontario	Canada	2					

Figure 4: Example of using view command.

Command - remove

Entering 'remove' displays a table of all the properties you have listed, including their IDs. Then enter the ID of the property to remove.

Enter the operation you w	vish to p	perform	: remov	ve					
ID Address	(City	Provir	nce			beds		
20 3 df Unit 3 21 12 Redpath drive Ur		f Ottawa			Canada Canada	a	2		
Enter the ID of the property to remove: 20 Enter the operation you wish to perform: view									
Address	City	Provi	nce	countr	·у	beds			
12 Redpath drive Unit 12	Ottawa	Ontar	io	Canada	· · ·	2			

Figure 5: Example of using remove command, and then view to show the result of deletion.

Command - info

Entering 'info' will display all the information for the current user.



Figure 6: Example of using info command.

Command - update-info

Entering 'update-info' will ask you for what field you wish to update. Valid fields are: Email Address, Unit Number, Street Number, Street, City, Province, Country, First Name, Middle Name and Last Name. It will loop asking for a field and a new value until you enter 'exit'.

```
Enter the operation you wish to perform: update-info

Here are the fields you may update:

Email Address
Unit Number
Street Number
Street
City
Province
Country
First Name
Middle Name
Last Name

Enter the field you wish to update (Must be one of the fields above) or 'exit' to go back: City
Enter the field you wish to update (Must be one of the fields above) or 'exit' to go back: exit
```

Figure 7: Example of using update command

Employee Interface

This is the file employeeCLI.py. Upon starting, you will be asked to enter an ID. You can enter any ID from the Employee table. For example, you can enter "1". You can then enter the branch you wish to filter properties, or leave blank for all properties. It displays the properties in a tabular format in the terminal, and whether each property is unoccupied or occupied. A property is occupied if there is a rental agreement for this property whose start date is before (or equal) to today and end date after or (equal) to today.

Welcome to the employee inter	Welcome to the employee interface of the application. Please enter your employee ID to continue: 1										
Enter the branch which you wi	sh to view prope	rty liting (O	r leave empty for all	branches):						
Address	City	Province	Country	Beds	Occupancy						
55 Deighton cresent Unit 65	Ottawa	Ontario	Canada	2	UNOCCUPIED						
441 Locheland drive Unit 9	Lake Billstad	Michigan	Singapore	3	UNOCCUPIED						
113 Longfields drive Unit 16	West Lois	Quebec	Palestinian Territor	9	UNOCCUPIED						
761 Main street	Lake Tiaraside	Yukon	Chad	1	UNOCCUPIED						
109 Second street Unit 45	Collinsberg	Missouri	Madagascar	3	UNOCCUPIED						
776 Maybrooke avenue Unit 91	Sigmundberg	Georgia	Bulgaria	9	UNOCCUPIED						
983 Somerset avenue	Lake Leone	Ontario	Pitcairn Islands	0	UNOCCUPIED						
948 Laurier avenue Unit 84	West Sincere	California	Hong Kong	6	UNOCCUPIED						
797 West Hunt club Unit 65	Jakubowskiside	Ontario	British Indian Ocean	2	UNOCCUPIED						
546 Petersburg drive	Lefflerchester	Alberta	Netherlands Antilles	0	UNOCCUPIED						
768 Rodeo drive Unit 47	first street	Saskatchwan	Netherlands	3	UNOCCUPIED						
768 Longfields drive	bay drive	Saskatchwan	Netherlands	7	OCCUPIED						
78 Malvern drive	Laurier evenue	Saskatchwan	Netherlands	2	OCCUPIED						
707 Woodroffe ave	Jakubowskiside	Ontario	British Indian Ocean	2	OCCUPIED						
5 Soho drive	Lefflerchester	Alberta	Netherlands Antilles	0	OCCUPIED						
6 Halley drive	Lake Leone	Ontario	Pitcairn Islands	0	OCCUPIED						
12 Redpath drive Unit 12	Ottawa	Ontario	Canada	2	UNOCCUPIED						

Figure 8: Example of using employee interface to search for properties by branch.

Test Queries

Test Query 1

```
SELECT firstname, PR.property_type, PR.rate, sign_date, G.country, transaction_type, status FROM Rental_Agreement RA inner join Guest G on G.guest_id = RA.guest_id inner join Pricing PR on PR.property_id = RA.property_id inner join Payment PA on PA.host_id = RA.host_id and PA.guest_id = RA.guest_id and PA.property_id = RA.property_id order by transaction_type asc, sign_date desc
```

Results for Test Query 1

firstname character varying (20)	<u></u>	property_type character varying (20)	rate double precision	sign_date date	country character varying (20)	transaction_type character varying (20)	status character varying (20)
Zena		Condo	45.07	2019-11-13	Netherlands	Cash	approved
Zena		Entire Place	719.03	2015-10-20	Netherlands	Cash	completed
Elliot		Apartment	4.14	2011-02-28	Singapore	Cash	approved
Hailey		Apartment	411.22	2007-04-29	Pitcairn Islands	Cash	pending
Elliot		Bungalow	263.33	2012-05-09	Singapore	Check	completed
Elliot		Apartment	4.14	2011-02-28	Singapore	Credit Card	approved
Elliott		Private Room	992.47	2011-10-15	Netherlands Antilles	Direct Debit	completed
Hailey		Apartment	411.22	2007-04-29	Pitcairn Islands	Direct Debit	approved

Test Query 2

CREATE VIEW GuestListView AS SELECT * FROM Guest ORDER country, guest_id

Results for Test Query 2

guest_id integer	email_address character varying (50)	country character varying (20)	country character varying (20)
31	lindgren.sienna@example.c	British Indian Ocean	British Indian Ocean
110	landen95@example.net	Bulgaria	Bulgaria
3	ben.baker@gmail.com	Canada	Canada
4	theo.holland@gmail.com	Canada	Canada
5	david.chapmen@gmail.com	Canada	Canada
6	caden.koch@gmail.com	Canada	Canada
7	bruce.bright@hotmail.com	Canada	Canada
135	fay62@example.net	Chad	Chad
241	fritsch.leslie@example.net	Hong Kong	Hong Kong
252	shane82@example.net	Madagascar	Madagascar
300	hdenesik@example.org	Netherlands	Netherlands
393	veda36@example.org	Netherlands Antilles	Netherlands Antilles
400	weissnat.andy@example.net	Palestinian Territor	Palestinian Territor
422	kklein@example.net	Pitcairn Islands	Pitcairn Islands

Test Query 3

WITH pricing_info AS (SELECT RA.sign_date, RA.start_date, RA.end_date, PRI.rate, PRI.property_type, PRO.property_id, RA.guest_id, RA.host_id FROM Rental_Agreement RA

inner join Property PRO

on PRO.property_id = RA.property_id

inner join Pricing PRI

on PRI.property_id = RA.property_id)

SELECT * FROM pricing info PI

WHERE PI.rate = (SELECT MIN(rate) FROM pricing info) AND

PI.end date < DATE("now")

Results for Test Query 3

sign_date date	start_date date	end_date date	rate double precision	property_type character varying (20)	property_id integer	guest_id integer	host_id integer
2011-02-28	2011-03-10	2011-03-27	4.14	Apartment	10	450	252

Test Query 4

SELECT property id, sign date, start date, end date, country, rating FROM Rental Agreement RA

INNER JOIN Property PRO

USING(property_id)

INNER JOIN (SELECT property id,

ROUND(CAST((AVG(communication + checkin + cleanliness + location)/4) AS NUMERIC), 2) AS rating

FROM Review

GROUP BY property id) RAT

USING(property id)

ORDER BY country, rating DESC

Results for Test Query 4

property_id integer □	sign_date date	start_date date □	end_date date	country character varying (20) □	rating numeric
8	2019-11-10	2019-11-12	2019-11-14	British Indian Ocean	3.43
5	2019-11-13	2019-03-23	2019-12-29	Bulgaria	3.04
7	2011-10-15	2011-10-20	2011-10-25	Hong Kong	3.06
10	2011-02-28	2011-03-10	2011-03-27	Netherlands	3.24
9	2007-04-29	2007-04-30	2007-05-01	Netherlands Antilles	3.64
6	2015-10-20	2015-11-28	2015-04-29	Pitcairn Islands	3.50
0	2012-05-09	2012-05-10	2012-06-02	Singapore	2.96

Test Query 5

SELECT DISTINCT property_id, host_id, city, province, country FROM Property PRO
WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT * FROM Rental_Agreement RA
WHERE RA.property id = PRO.property id)

Results for Test Query 5

4	property_id [PK] integer	host_id integer	city character varying (20)	province character varying (20)	country character varying (20)
1	4	252	Collinsberg	Missouri	Madagascar
2	3	135	Lake Tiaraside	Yukon	Chad
3	1	2	Ottawa	Ontario	Canada
4	2	135	West Lois	Quebec	Palestinian Territor

Test Query 6

SELECT property_id, start_date as rental_start, end_date as rental_end, city, country, street FROM Rental_Agreement RA INNER JOIN Property PRO

USING(property id)

WHERE extract(day from RA.start date) = 10;

Results for Test Query 6

4	property_id integer	rental_start date	rental_end date	city character varying (20)	country character varying (20)	street character varying (20)
1	0	2012-05-10	2012-06-02	Lake Billstad	Singapore	Locheland drive
2	10	2011-03-10	2011-03-27	Abagailberg	Netherlands	Rodeo drive

Test Query 7

WITH

managers AS (

SELECT * FROM Employee e INNER JOIN Manager m ON m.manager_id = e.employee_id),

employees AS (

SELECT * FROM Employee e1 left outer join Manager m1 on e1.employee_id = m1.manager_id where manager_id is NULL)

(Select * From employees where salary > 1500 order by employee_id)

UNION ALL

(Select * From managers where salary > 1500 order by employee id);

Results for Test Query 7

employee_id integer	•	firstname character varying (20)	lastname character varying (20)	email_address character varying (50)	position character varying (30)	salary double precision	branch character varying (20)	manager_id integer
5	75	Tanner	Nicolas	mdach@gmail.com	Lawyer	22853.87	Netherlands Antilles	[null]
6	28	Rosamond	Koss	amueller@hotmail.com	Lawyer	20853.87	Netherlands	[null]
6	44	Leonora	Pollich	lily.stehr@gmail.com	Lawyer	26853.54	Netherlands	[null]
6	60	Elbert	Balistreri	adriana.rath@marks.com	HR Rep	26853.54	Pitcairn Islands	[null]
6	75	Orval	Hahn	carroll92@pollich.info	CR Representative	28853.54	Madagascar	[null]
8	67	Verla	Moen	eddie07@grady.com	Support Rep	22853.54	Palestinian Territor	[null]
9	07	Camron	Stanton	trey15@bogisich.com	Lawyer	66853.54	Netherlands Antilles	[null]
9	45	Elody	Rice	noe.maggio@yahoo.com	Lawyer	28853.54	Palestinian Territor	[null]
	1	Jake	Evans	JakeEvans@rentals.com	Development Manager	50000	USA	1
	2	Harrison	Cooke	HarrisonCooke@rentals.com	Product Manager	50000	Canada	2
	3	Steve	Jobs	steverobs@rentals.com	Development Manager	100000	France	3
	4	Miranda	Low	Miranda@rentals.com	Project Manager	23472	British Indian Ocean	4
	5	Blake	Brown	Blake@rentals.com	HR Manager	88965.12	Chad	5
	6	Jeff	Smith	Jeff@rentals.com	Finance Manager	77891.23	Hong Kong	6
	7	Debra	Power	Debra@rentals.com	Project Manager	44567.53	Madagascar	7

Test Query 8

SELECT property_type, H.firstname as host_name, H.unit_number as street_number, H.street, amount, transaction_type FROM Property PRO

INNER JOIN Payment PA
on(PRO.property_id = PA.property_id and PRO.host_id = PA.host_id)
INNER JOIN Host H
ON (PRO.host_id = H.host_id)
INNER JOIN Pricing PR
ON(PRO.property_id = PR.property_id)

Results for Test Query 8

	4	property_type character varying (20)	host_name character varying (20)	street_number integer	street character varying (20)	amount double precision	transaction_type character varying (20)
1		Shared Space	Glenna	417	ut	123.45	Cash

Test Query 9

UPDATE Phonenumber SET phone_number = '111-111-1111' WHERE phone_number = '555-5555'

Results for Test Query 9

user_id [PK] integer	phone_number [PK] character varying (20)	user_id [PK] integer	phone_number [PK] character varying (20)	•
1	613-823-4352	1	555-555-5555	
3	613-823-7791	3	613-823-7791	
31	134-559-0671x28720	31	134-559-0671x28720	
110	916-694-5092x524	110	916-694-5092x524	

Test Query 10

CREATE FUNCTION FirstNameFirst(firstname varchar(20), lastname varchar(20))

RETURNS varchar(50) AS \$\$

SELECT CONCAT(firstname, '', lastname) as result

\$\$ LANGUAGE SQL;

Results for Test Query 10

guest_id [PK] integer	firstnamefirst character varying	
3	Ben Baker Theo Holland	
4		
5	David Chapmen	
6	Caden Koch	
7	Bruce Bright	
31	Shaniya Schmidt	
110	Garfield Ferry	
135	Javonte Cruickshank	
241	Theresa Effertz	
252	Aliza Nitzsche	

Examples of DBA Queries

A database administrator can create and assign roles using pgAdmin4. The following are some examples of such queries:

CREATE VIEW property_pricing AS SELECT * FROM Property INNER JOIN Pricing USING (property_id)

CREATE ROLE manager;

GRANT UPDATE ON Employee TO manager;

CREATE ROLE host_role;

GRANT UPDATE ON Property TO host role;

REVOKE ALL ON manager FROM PUBLIC;