# Attack 2: Crash the Program

### Incorrect usage of printf

- The stack does not realize an argument is missing, and will retrieve other stack values as addresses, and access data there.
- This address can be invalidated, and then the program will crash
  - No physical address is assigned to this address
  - Protected memory, e.g., kernel.
- Can include more %s to increase the crash probability

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
                                                              addr of "..."
                                             arg0 of printf
int main(int argc, char **argv){
                                                                Old EIP
    printf("%s\n");
                                                                Old EBP
    return 0;
                                                                                    \0
                                                              printf frame
                                                                                   "n"
                                                                                   "()"
                                                                                   "ç"
                                                                                   "%"
    10
```

# Attack 3: Modify the Memory

### Correct usage of printf

For format specifier **%n**, a pointer of a signed integer is pushed into the stack as the corresponding function parameter.

\0

Store the number of characters written so far into that integer

```
"()"
#include <stdio.h>
                                                                                         "n"
#include <string.h>
                                                                   pointer of x
                                                  argl of printf
                                                                                         "%"
                                                   arg0 of printf
                                                                   addr of "..."
int main(int argc, char **argv){
                                                                     Old EIP
    int *x = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int));
                                                                                          "f"
    printf("abcdefg%n\n",x);
                                                                     Old EBP
                                                                                         "e"
    return 0;
                                                                   printf frame
                                                                                         "d"
                                                                                          "b"
```

# Attack 3: Modify the Memory

## Incorrect usage of printf

- The stack does not realize an argument is missing, and will retrieve the data from the stack and write 7 into this address.
- Attacker can achieve the following goal:
  - Overwrite important program flags that control access privileges
  - Overwrite return addresses on the stack, function pointers, etc.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv){
    int *x = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int));
    printf("abcdefg%n\n");
    return 0;
}
```

\0 "\" "n" pointer of x argl of printf "%" arg0 of printf addr of "..." Old EIP "f" Old EBP "e" printf frame "d" "с" "b"

## More Similar Vulnerable Functions

Functions	Descriptions		
printf	prints to the 'stdout' stream		
fprintf	prints to a FILE stream		
sprintf	prints into a string		
snprintf	prints into a string with length checking		
vprintf	prints to 'stdout' from a va_arg structure		
vfprintf	print to a FILE stream from a va_arg structure		
vsprintf	prints to a string from a va_arg structure		
vsnprintf	prints to a string with length checking from a va_arg structure		
syslog	output to the syslog facility		
err	output error information		
warn	output warning information		
verr	output error information with a va_arg structure		
vwarn	output warning information with a va_arg structure		

# History of Format String Vulnerability

#### Originally noted as a software bug (1989)

By the fuzz testing work at the University of Wisconsin

#### Such bugs can be exploited as an attack vector (September 1999)

snprintf can accept user-generated data without a format string, making privilege escalation was possible

Security community became aware of its danger (June 2000)

Since then, a lot of format string vulnerabilities have been discovered in different applications.

Application	Found by	Impact	years
wu-ftpd 2.*	security.is	remote root	> 6
Linux rpc.statd	security.is	remote root	> 4
IRIX telnetd	LSD	remote root	> 8
Qualcomm Popper 2.53	security.is	remote user	> 3
Apache + PHP3	security.is	remote user	> 2
NLS / locale	CORE SDI	local root	?
screen	Jouko Pynnōnen	local root	> 5
BSD chpass	TESO	local root	?
OpenBSD fstat	ktwo	local root	?