

Rails from the Ground Up!

with Jared Richardson
RoleModel Software

Rails

Part Two

A Blog

Our First App

Create a blog application

Model

database migrations

Unit tests

Sample data

Controllers

Routes

Create/Read/Update/Delete HTML pages

Helpers

Blog

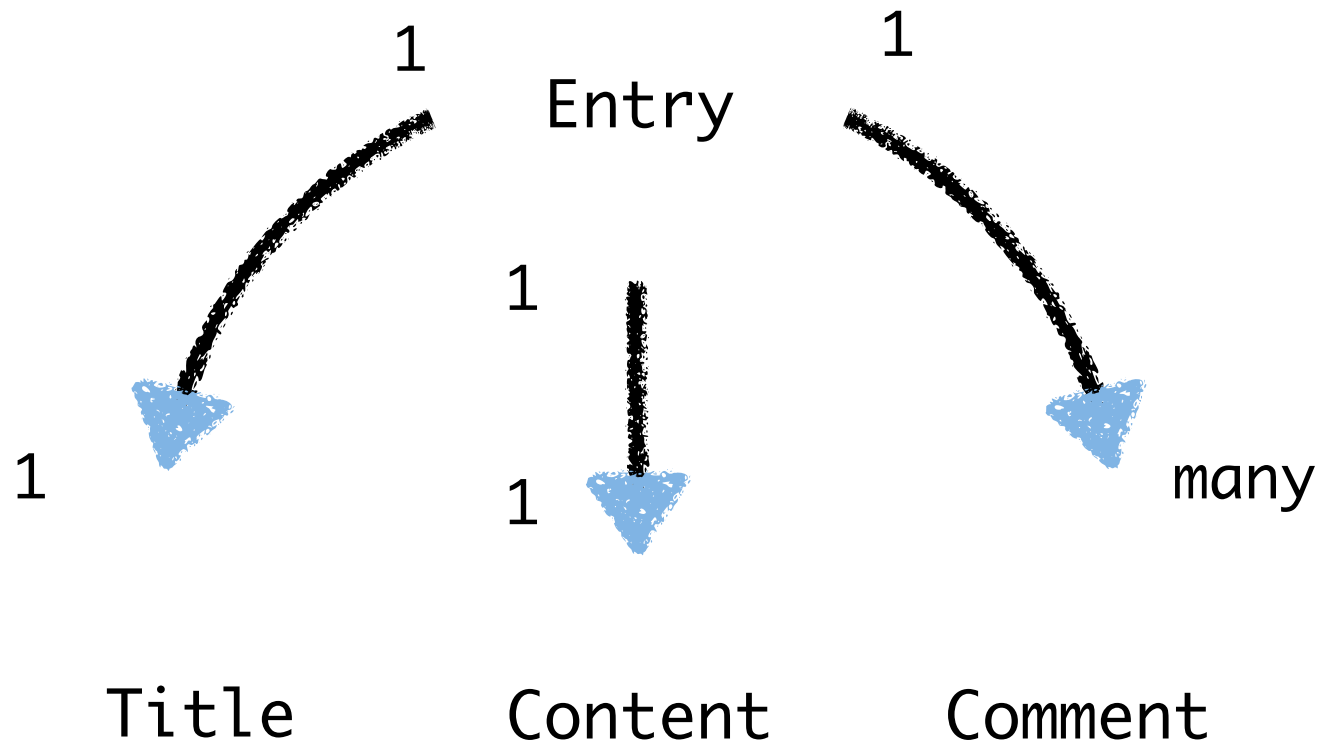
Entry

- has one title
- has one body (content)
- has many comments

Comments

- belong to an article

Blog



Ready?

```
rails new blog
```

```
cd blog
```

```
rails scaffold Blog_Entry name:string title:string body:text
```

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Examine the Model

`app/model/entry.rb`

```
class Entry < ActiveRecord::Base  
end
```


rails console

```
e = Entry.new
```

What do you see?

```
ActiveRecord::StatementInvalid: Could not find table 'entries'
```

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Database Migrations

`rake db:migrate`

```
jareds-desktop:blog jared$ rake db:migrate
== CreateEntries: migrating =====
-- create_table(:entries)
   -> 0.0059s
== CreateEntries: migrated (0.0060s) =====
```

Back to the Console

```
rails c
```

```
e = Entry.new
```

```
1.9.3-p0 :001 > e = Entry.new  
=> #<Entry id: nil, name: nil, title: nil, body: nil, created_at: nil, updated_at: nil>
```

Save It

`e.save!`

What do you see?

```
1.9.3-p0 :008 > e.save
  (0.1ms) begin transaction
  SQL (0.8ms) INSERT INTO "entries" ("body", "created_at", "name", "title"
, "updated_at") VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?, ?) [["body", nil], ["created_at", Sun,
19 Feb 2012 01:45:37 UTC +00:00], ["name", nil], ["title", nil], ["updated
_at", Sun, 19 Feb 2012 01:45:37 UTC +00:00]]
  (1.3ms) commit transaction
=> true
```

```
INSERT INTO "entries"  
("body", "created_at", "name", "title", "updated_at")  
VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?, ?)  
[["body", nil],  
["created_at", Sun, 19 Feb 2012 01:45:37 UTC +00:00],  
["name", nil],  
["title", nil],  
["updated_at", Sun, 19 Feb 2012 01:45:37 UTC +00:00]]
```

Are nils Valid?

Let's fix it

Active Record validations

<http://api.rubyonrails.org/classes/ActiveRecord/Associations/ClassMethods.html>

validates

```
class Entry < ActiveRecord::Base
  validates :name, :presence => true
  validates :title, :presence => true,
              :length => { :minimum => 5 }
end
```

reload!

rails console command

Reloads code on disk

Does NOT re-load existing instances

Recreate & save

```
e = Entry.new
```

```
e.save
```

What 's Wrong?

```
1.9.3-p0 :032 > e.save  
  (0.3ms)  begin transaction  
  (0.1ms)  rollback transaction  
=> false  
1.9.3-p0 :033 > 
```

1) Returned False

```
1.9.3-p0 :032 > e.save  
  (0.3ms)  begin transaction  
  (0.1ms)  rollback transaction  
=>  
1.9.3-p0 :033 > ☐
```

2) It's Not This!

```
1.9.3-p0 :032 > e.save  
  (0.3ms) begin transaction  
  (0.1ms) rollback transaction  
=> false
```

```
1.9.3-p0 :023 > e.save  
  (0.1ms) begin transaction  
  (0.4ms) UPDATE "entries" SET "name" = 'My First Blog Entry!  
, "updated_at" = '2012-02-19 03:01:10.240021' WHERE "entries".  
"id" = 4  
  (1.1ms) commit transaction  
=> true
```

Saving

runs with no feedback on errors

e.save

runs and throws exceptions on errors

e.save!

errors

```
e = Entry.new
```

```
e.valid? # or e.save or e.save!
```

```
errors = e.errors
```

```
e.errors[:name]
```

```
errors.full_messages
```


error listing as a hash

```
errors.full_messages.each{ | msg |  
  puts msg  
}
```

Fix It!

```
e.errors[:name] # shows name's errors  
e.name="My first blog entry!"  
e.valid?  
e.errors[:name]  
:)
```

What Else?

```
e.errors
```

```
e.errors[:title]
```

```
["can't be blank",
```

```
"is too short (minimum is 5 characters)"]
```

```
e.title = "A Freshly Minted Entry!"
```

```
e.valid?
```

```
TRUE!
```

Save It

`e.save`

What's `e`'s ID?

`Entry.all`

`Ops...`

`Invalid data`

Clean Up

wipe out and reset your database

```
rake db:reset
```

```
rails console
```

now recreate a blog entry

```
e = Entry.new
```

Does It Run?

rails server

<http://localhost:3000/Blog>



Try Again

<http://localhost:3000/entries>

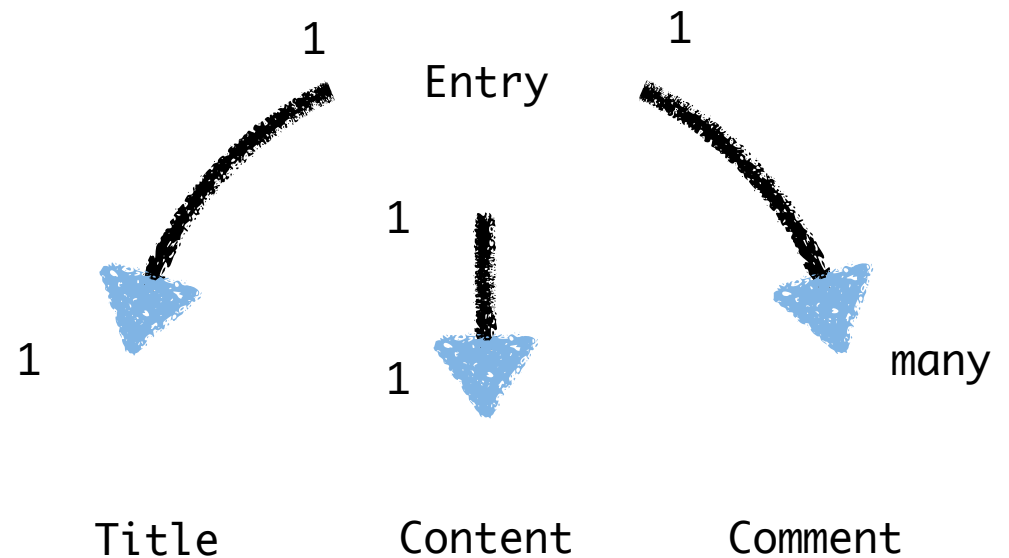
Add a body

(In console) `e = Entry.first`

`e.body`

Remember Comments?

Association
has many



Comments

```
rails generate model Comment
```

```
  author:string title:string body:text
```

```
rake routes
```

```
Load the comments page
```

What Did We Miss?

ActiveRecord::StatementInvalid in CommentsController#index

Rails.root: /Users/jared/Dropbox/Rails from the Ground Up/code/blog

[Application Trace](#) | [Framework Trace](#) | [Full Trace](#)

```
app/controllers/comments_controller.rb:5:in `index'
```

Request

Parameters:

None

Create a Link

```
open app/models/*.rb
```

```
1 class Comment < ActiveRecord::Base
2   belongs_to :entry
3 end
4
```

```
1 class Entry < ActiveRecord::Base
2   validates :name, :presence => true
3   validates :title, :presence => true,
4     :length => { :minimum => 5 }
5   has_many :comments
6 end
```

Associations

`has_one`

`has_many`

`belongs_to`

`has_and_belongs_to_many`

`# belongs_to in the model w/ the foreign key`

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CRUD HTML

Now, you have to tell Rails where your actual home page is located. Open the file `config/routes.rb` in your editor. This is your application's *routing file* which holds entries in a special DSL (domain-specific language) that tells Rails how to connect incoming requests to controllers and actions. This file contains many sample routes on commented lines, and one of them actually shows you how to connect the root of your site to a specific controller and action. Find the line beginning with `root :to` and uncomment it. It should look something like the following:



```
Blog::Application.routes.draw do
```

```
  #...
  # You can have the root of your site routed with "root"
  # just remember to delete public/index.html.
  root :to => "home#index"
```

The `root :to => "home#index"` tells Rails to map the root action to the home controller's index action.

Now if you navigate to <http://localhost:3000> in your browser, you'll see Hello, Rails!.

6.2 Adding a Link

To hook the posts up to the home page you've already created, you can add a link to the home page. Open `app/views/home/index.html.erb` and modify it as follows:



```
<h1>Hello, Rails!</h1>
<%= link_to "My Blog", posts_path %>
```

The `link_to` method is one of Rails' built-in view helpers. It creates a hyperlink based on text to display and where to go – in this case, to the path for posts.

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Next...

Database migrations...