

CAB202 Assignment 2 Documentation

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1 Assignment implementation summary

Table 1: Assignment implementation summary

Item number	Item description	Implementation level
1	Intro	Fully implemented
2	Pause game	Fully implemented
3	Player size	Fully implemented
4	Block size	Fully implemented
5	Random blocks	Fully implemented
6	Player movement	Fully implemented
7	Treasure	Fully implemented
8	Basic game mechanics	Partially implemented
9	Block movement	Fully implemented
10	Player velocity	Partially implemented
11	Player jumping	Fully implemented
12	Player inventory	Not implemented
13	Zombies	Not implemented
14	Pause screen advanced	Not implemented
15	ADC for block speed	Fully implemented
16	Switch debouncing	Fully implemented
17	LED warning	Not implemented
18	Direct control of LCD	Not implemented
19	Multiple timers	Partially implemented
20	Program (flash) memory	Partially implemented
21	PWM controlled visual effects	Fully implemented
22	Pixel level collision	Not implemented
23	Serial communication events	Partially implemented
24	Serial communication game control	Partially implemented

2 Basic functionality test plan

2.1 Intro

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
Program displays student name and number initially.	Load the program and check that name and student number are displaying as expected.	Student name and student number are displayed.	As expected.
Pressing SW2 starts the game.	After loading game, press SW2.	Intro screen clears and game screen is drawn.	As expected.

2.2 Pause game

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
When joystick centre is pressed once, the game pauses.	Press the joystick centre while the game is running.	All sprites stop moving and are unable to move by using the normal controls, the game screen is cleared, and information is displayed.	As expected.
Game information is displayed on the pause screen.	Press the joystick centre to view the pause screen.	Lives remaining, current score, and game time in mm:ss format are displayed.	As expected.
The game is resumed when joystick centre is pressed again.	Press the joystick centre while on the pause screen.	Pause screen disappears and game reappears on screen.	As expected.

2.3 Player size

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
The player initially appears on a 'starting block' in the top row.	Start the game.	The player begins on a stationary safe starting block in the top row.	As expected.
The player's sprite is at least 3 pixels high and 3 pixels wide.	Run the game and observe the player sprite.	The player's sprite is 8 pixels high and 9 pixels wide.	As expected.

2.4 Block size

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
All blocks are at least 2 pixels high.	Start the game and observe the block sprites.	All blocks are 2 pixels high.	As expected.

All blocks are at least 10 pixels wide.	Start the game and observe the block sprites.	All blocks are 10 pixels wide.	As expected.
Blocks are clearly distinguished from each other.	Start the game and observe the block sprites.	All blocks have visible horizontal spacing between each other.	As expected.
All blocks are always at least <code>player sprite height + 2</code> pixels vertically separated from other blocks.	Start the game and observe the block sprites.	All blocks are 10 pixels vertically separated from other blocks.	As expected.
There are at least 7 safe blocks on the screen at one time.	Start the game and observe the block sprites.	There are at least 7 safe blocks on the screen	As expected.
There are at least 2 forbidden blocks on the screen at one time.	Start the game and observe the block sprites.	There are at least 2 safe blocks on the screen.	As expected.

2.5 Random blocks

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
Blocks have no consistent observable pattern.	Start the game and observe the blocks.	Each block appears in a randomly selected row and column.	As expected.
Blocks do not overlap other blocks.	Start the game and observe the blocks.	All blocks stay within their respective rows and columns.	As expected.

2.6 Player movement

Advanced functionality implemented, see “*Player velocity*”.

2.7 Treasure

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
The treasure sprite is no larger than the player’s sprite.	Start the game and observe the treasure sprite.	The treasure sprite is 8 pixels high and 8 pixels wide.	As expected.
The treasure sprite does not overlap any of the blocks.	Start the game and observe the treasure sprite movement.	The treasure sprite never overlaps a block.	As expected.
The treasure sprite spawns in the bottom half of the screen.	Start the game and observe the treasure sprite.	The treasure sprite spawns above the bottom row of blocks.	As expected.
The treasure sprite moves back and forward, changing horizontal direction when it reaches the edges of the screen.	Start the game and observe the treasure sprite movement.	The treasure sprite moves back and forward horizontally and ‘bounces’ off the edges of the screen.	As expected.

The treasure sprite stops moving when SW3 is pressed and starts moving again if SW3 is pressed again.	Press SW3 while the treasure sprite is visible, then press it again.	The treasure sprite will stop moving, then start moving again.	As expected.
The treasure sprite disappears when the player collides with it and gives the player 2 more lives and returns the player to the 'starting block'.	Guide the player to the treasure sprite and collide with it. Press joystick centre to check lives.	The treasure sprite disappears, the player gains 2 more lives, and is returned to the 'starting block'.	As expected.

2.8 Basic game mechanics

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
The player starts with 10 lives.	Start the game and press joystick centre to view the player's lives on the pause screen.	The player has 10 lives.	As expected.
A point is scored every time the player lands on a safe block.	Move the player around onto multiple safe blocks, then press joystick centre to check the score.	The player's score goes up when landing on a safe block.	As expected.
The player dies if any part of the player sprite moves off the screen in any direction or manner.	Guide the player off the sides or bottom of the screen.	The player dies when it hits the edges of the screen.	As expected.
On death, the player respawns on the 'starting block'	Kill the player using any method imaginable while having 2 lives or more.	The player dies and respawns on the stationary 'starting block'.	As expected.
When the player loses all their lives, the game over screen is displayed which displays a game over message, total score, and game play time.	Kill the player repeatedly by any means until all lives are gone.	The game over screen is displayed showing a message, total score, and game play time in mm:ss format.	As expected.
The game over screen allows the player to restart by pressing SW3 and score, lives, time, and player position all reset.	Press SW3 on the game over screen.	The game screen disappears and score, lives, time, and player position all reset, and the game restarts.	Partially implemented.
The game over screen allows the player to end the game by pressing SW2 which clears everything and just displays student number on the screen.	Press SW2 on the game over screen.	The screen is cleared and the student number is displayed on the screen.	As expected.

3 Advanced functionality test plan

3.1 Block movement

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
All blocks move at a constant horizontal speed.	Start the game and observe block movement.	Blocks move at the same constant speed and do not accelerate by themselves, except for the starting block.	As expected.
Each row of blocks must move in the opposite direction to the row above it.	Start the game and observe block movement.	Adjacent rows move in opposite directions, except for the starting block.	As expected.

3.2 Player velocity

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
Pressing the joystick left or right while the player is supported by a block sets the player in continuous horizontal motion at a constant speed relative to the block in the appropriate direction.	Move the player onto a moving safe block and press joystick left and right.	The player will move left when the left and right joysticks are pressed, respectively, at a speed relative to the block.	As expected.
When in horizontal motion, the player's horizontal velocity must be greater than that of the block.	Move the player onto a moving safe block and press the joystick against the direction of motion.	The player makes progress against the direction of the block.	As expected.
If the player is moving horizontally on a supporting block and the joystick is pressed in the opposite direction, the player stops moving relative to the supporting block.	Move the player onto a moving safe block, then press joystick left and then right.	The player begins moving left relative to the block, then stops moving relative to the block and is carried by its motion alone.	As expected.
If the player is moving horizontally on a supporting block, and the joystick is pressed in the same direction as current movement, then the player continues to move at the same speed in the current direction.	When the player is stationary, press joystick left or right, then press the joystick the same direction again.	The player moves in the direction of the joystick and does not speed up or slow down.	As expected.
If the player is moving horizontally on a supporting block and the joystick is not pressed, then the player continues to move at the same speed in the current direction.	When the player is stationary, press and release either joystick left or right.	The player continues moving in the direction the joystick is pressed after it is released.	As expected.

If the player is not supported by a block, then it will commence to accelerate downwards.	Guide the player off a safe block until it is not supported by any block.	The player will start to accelerate downwards.	As expected.
If the player is moving horizontally before leaving the support of a block, then the player must continue to move horizontally at the same speed while accelerating downwards, so that a parabolic flight path will be observed.	Move the player off a moving safe block.	The player will keep its horizontal velocity but accelerate downwards according to gravity.	As expected.
If the player is moving without support of a block and the player lands on a safe block, it will then immediately begin to move horizontally in the same speed and direction as the block, and all vertical motion will cease.	Move the player off a moving safe block so that it falls and lands on another moving safe block.	When the player lands, it will immediately begin to move horizontally in the same speed and direction as the block, and all vertical motion will cease.	As expected.
If the player is moving without support of a block, and its Sprite collides with the end of a safe block (from the side), then its horizontal motion becomes zero, and it continues to accelerate downward.	Make the player jump off a block and collide with the end of another safe block from the side.	The player's horizontal motion becomes zero and it continues to accelerate downward.	As expected.
All other collisions between the player and safe blocks are treated in a manner consistent with the combined motion.	From a lower row of blocks, make the player jump into a safe block on the row above.	The player is given an upward velocity passes upward through the block above, keeping the horizontal velocity of its previous block and accelerating vertically downwards.	Not implemented.
Any collision with an unsafe block results in death.	Guide the player into an unsafe block by standing or jumping into it.	The player dies and a life is deducted.	Not implemented.

3.3 Player jumping

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
Pressing the joystick up while the player is supported by a block causes the player to jump.	Press the joystick up while the player is supported by a block.	The player is given an upward velocity.	As expected.

After UP is pressed, the player should commence to move upwards. Any horizontal motion should continue, and the acceleration provision when the player is not supported by a block will take effect.	Press joystick up while on a safe block with horizontal motion.	The player will retain the previous horizontal motion of the block while being given a new upwards velocity.	As expected.
Once up is pressed, the joystick has no effect until the player lands on a block or dies.	Press joystick up to jump when the player is standing on a block, then press joystick up again while the player is still in the air.	The player will jump once, then will not be affected by the next press and continue its jump.	As expected.
Immediately upon landing on a block, the player's velocity changes to match that of the block so it is carried along.	Make the player jump off a moving safe block so that it falls and lands on another moving safe block.	When the player lands, it will immediately begin to move horizontally in the same speed and direction as the block, and all vertical motion will cease.	As expected.
If the player jumps off screen, the player dies.	Make the player jump off any side of the screen.	The player dies.	As expected.
The initial vertical velocity should be sufficient to allow the player to jump through gaps between blocks and land on blocks on the row above.	From a lower safe block, make the player jump through a gap of blocks in the row above and land.	The player will jump high enough to land on the row of blocks above.	As expected.

3.4 Player inventory

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
At the start of the game, the player has five Food in their inventory.	Start the game and view the food count on the pause screen.	The pause screen shows 5 food in the inventory.	Not implemented.
The Food sprite's area (i.e. sprite width * height) is no larger than the player sprites's area.	Place a Food by pressing joystick down and observe the food sprite.	The Food sprite is — pixels wide and — pixels high.	Not implemented.
When the player is supported by a block and joystick down is pressed, Food appears.	Press joystick down when the player is supported by a block.	Food appears where the player is standing.	Not implemented.
The Food must be supported by the block it is on, and overlap the player sprite.	Place a Food by pressing joystick down and observe the food sprite.	The Food is supported by the block it is placed on, and overlaps the player sprite.	Not implemented.

When the player is supported by a block and joystick DOWN is pressed, the number of Food in the inventory decreases by one.	With at least 1 Food in the inventory, view the Food count on the pause screen, place Food by pressing joystick Down, then view the pause screen again.	The number of Food in the inventory decreases by one.	Not implemented.
The total Food count (inventory + screen) must always equal 5.	Place Food by pressing joystick down, view the pause screen, and keep doing this until no Food is left in the inventory.	The total Food count always equals 5.	Not implemented.
Food dropped on a block is carried by the block.	Stand on a moving safe block and place Food by pressing joystick down.	The horizontal velocity of the Food matches the horizontal velocity of the block it is placed on.	Not implemented.
Food may overlap.	Press joystick down twice while standing on a safe block.	Two Food will be placed on top of each other and overlap.	Not implemented.

3.5 Zombies

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
Five (5) Zombies appear from the top of the screen, and fall straight down without overlapping each other, after the program has been running for approximately 3 seconds.	Start the game and wait approximately 3 seconds.	Five Zombies appear from the top of the screen and fall straight down without overlapping each other.	Not implemented.
Zombies stop falling when they land on any block.	Start the game and observe the Zombie motion.	The Zombies stop falling when they land on a block.	Not implemented.
If a Zombie falls all the way to the bottom of the screen, it passes from view and does not reappear immediately. The player doesn't get any points for this.	Start the game and wait for a Zombie to fall off the bottom of the screen. Check the score on the pause screen.	When the Zombie falls off the bottom of the screen, it passes from view and does not reappear immediately. The player's score does not change.	Not implemented.
After landing on a block, Zombies prowl left and right along the blocks at fixed constant speed relative to the blocks.	Start the game and observe the Zombie motion.	Zombies will move faster when moving with the direction of the blocks, and slower when moving against the direction of the blocks.	Not implemented.
Zombies can cross over narrow gaps, and whenever a Zombie reaches a gap that it cannot cross, it reverses and moves in the opposite direction.	Start the game and observe the Zombie motion.	Zombies move between blocks with narrow gaps, and reverses and moves in the opposite direction when it encounters a wider gap.	Not implemented.

Zombies may overlap each other if they are moving in opposite directions on the same span of blocks.	Start the game and observe the Zombie motion.	If two zombies are moving in opposite directions on the same span of blocks, they overlap and pass through each other.	Not implemented.
If a Zombie is on a block that leaves the screen, the Zombie is carried off the screen; it continues to move along the blocks as if nothing untoward had occurred.	Start the game and observe the Zombie motion.	Zombies that are on a block that move off-screen are teleported to the other side of the screen where the block reappears.	Not implemented.
When a Zombie collides with Food, the Zombie disappears, the player gains 10 points, the Food disappears, and the Food inventory increases by 1.	Place Food in the path of a Zombie and wait for them to collide. Check the score and inventory on the pause screen.	When the Zombie collides with food, it disappears, the player gains 10 points, the Food disappears, and the Food inventory increases by 1.	Not implemented.
If a Zombie collides simultaneously with multiple Food, then the Zombie consumes one Food, leaving the others unaffected.	Place two Food on the same block in the path of a Zombie, and wait for the Zombie to collide with it.	The Zombie and one Food disappears, leaving the other Food still on the block.	Not implemented.
Zombies do not disappear when the player collides with them, but instead the player loses a life and respawns.	Guide the player to collide with a Zombie.	The Zombie is unaffected, the player loses a life and respawns.	Not implemented.
Three seconds after the last of the five Zombies disappears, either by feeding or falling out of view, the full complement of five Zombies respawn in the manner noted above.	Kill all five Zombies by placing Food in their paths or waiting for them to fall off screen, then wait three seconds.	The five Zombies respawn from the top of the screen.	Not implemented.

3.6 Pause screen advanced

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
The pause screen shows the number of Zombies on screen.	Start the game and press joystick centre to view the pause screen.	In addition to other statistics, the pause screen shows the current number of Zombies on screen.	Not implemented.
The pause screen shows the number of Food in inventory.	Start the game and press joystick centre to view the pause screen.	In addition to other statistics, the pause screen shows the current number of Food in inventory.	Not implemented.

4 Specialised Teensy functionality test plan

4.1 ADC for block speed

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
All rows of blocks move at the same speed which is proportional to the potentiometer value.	Star the game and turn the left potentiometer Pot0 down to minimum, then turn it slowly up to maximum.	The blocks will stop moving, then their speed will slowly increase proportional to the potentiometer value.	As expected.
Block movement speed should range from 0 to a speed where the blocks are still clearly visible.	Star the game and turn the left potentiometer Pot0 down to minimum, then turn it up to maximum.	Block speed is zero when the potentiometer is at a minimum, and blocks are still clearly distinguishable and playable at max speed.	As expected.

4.2 LED warning

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
Both LED0 and LED1 flash at approximately 4Hz (synchronously or asynchronously) before the zombies spawn.	Start the game and observe the LEDs for the first approximately 3 seconds.	Both LED0 and LED1 flash at approximately 4Hz synchronously before the zombies spawn.	Not implemented.
Both LED0 and LED1 flash at approximately 4Hz (synchronously or asynchronously) continue to flash until all the zombies have landed or fallen off screen.	Start the game and observe the LEDs while the zombies spawn.	Both LED0 and LED1 flash at approximately 4Hz synchronously until all the zombies have landed or fallen off screen.	Not implemented.

4.3 PWM controlled visual effects

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
When the player dies with more than one life remaining, the backlight fades off and the screen fades out so nothing is visible.	Start the game and kill the player by pressing joystick left or right to collide with a forbidden block.	The backlight gradually fades out via PWM to zero brightness and the screen contrast decreases to zero.	Fully implemented.
After the screen fades out, the screen gradually goes back to normal contrast, the backlight fades on and the player respawns at the top row of blocks.	Start the game and kill the player by pressing joystick left or right to collide with a forbidden block.	The screen fades out, then the backlight gradually turns on via PWM and the screen contrast gradually increases to normal levels.	Fully implemented.

4.4 Pixel level collision

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
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4.5 Serial communication events

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
When the game starts, the name of event, player x position, and player y position are sent over USB serial.	Start the game by pressing SW2 while viewing the Teensy serial output from the computer.	A serial message saying that the game has started, player x position, and player y position are received over USB serial.	As expected.
When the player dies, the name of event, reason for death, lives after death, score, and game time are sent over USB serial.	Start the game by pressing SW2 and kill the player by any means, while viewing the Teensy serial output from the computer.	A serial message saying that the player has died, reason for death, lives after death, score, and game time are received over USB serial.	Not implemented.
When the player respawns, the name of event, player x, and player y are sent over USB serial.	Start the game by pressing SW2, kill the player by any means, and wait for it to respawn, while viewing the Teensy serial output from the computer.	A serial message saying that the player has respawned, player x, and player y are received over USB serial.	Not implemented.
When the Zombies appear, the name of event, number of zombies, game time, player lives, and player score are sent over USB serial.	Start the game by pressing SW2 and wait for the Zombies to appear, while viewing the Teensy serial output from the computer.	A serial message saying that the Zombies have appeared, number of zombies, game time, player lives, and player score are received over USB serial.	As expected.
When the Zombies collide with Food, the name of event, number of zombies on screen after collision, number of Food in inventory after collision, and game time are sent over USB serial.	Start the game by pressing SW2 while viewing the Teensy serial output from the computer.	A serial message saying that the game has started, player x position, and player y position are received over USB serial.	As expected.
When the Zombies collide with Food, the name of event, number of zombies on screen after collision, number of Food in inventory after collision, and game time are sent over USB serial.	Place a Food in the path of a Zombie and wait for the to collide, while viewing the Teensy serial output from the computer.	A serial message saying that a Zombie has collided with Food, number of zombies on screen after collision, number of Food in inventory after collision, and game time are received over USB serial.	As expected.

When the player collides with the treasure, the name of event, score, lives, game time, and position of player after returning to the top row are sent over USB serial.	Guide the player to collide with the treasure while avoiding Zombies and forbidden blocks, while viewing the Teensy serial output from the computer.	A serial message saying that the player has collided with the treasure, score, lives, game time, and position of player are received over USB serial.	As expected.
When the pause button is pressed, the name of event, player lives, player score, game time, number of zombies on screen, number of Food in inventory are sent over USB serial.	Start the game by pressing SW2 and pause the game by pressing SW3, while viewing the Teensy serial output from the computer.	A serial message saying that the pause button was pressed, player lives, player score, game time, number of zombies on screen, number of Food in inventory are received over USB serial.	As expected.
When the game is over, the name of event, player lives, player score, game time, total number of zombies fed are sent over USB serial.	Kill the player repeatedly by any means until all lives are gone, while viewing the Teensy serial output from the computer.	When all lives are lost, a serial message saying that the game is over, player lives, player score, game time, total number of zombies fed are received over USB serial.	As expected.

4.6 Serial communication game control

Test of specific functionality	Test setup and actions	Expected result	Actual result
When 's' is sent from the intro screen, the game is started.	Turn on the Teensy and send 's' over USB serial.	The game is started.	As expected.
When 'a' is sent while the game is running, the character moves left.	Start the game and send 'a' over USB serial.	The character moves left according to normal player movement.	As expected.
When 'd' is sent while the game is running, the character moves right.	Start the game and send 'd' over USB serial.	The character moves right according to normal player movement.	As expected.
When 'w' is sent while the game is running, the character jumps	Start the game and send 'w' over USB serial.	The character jumps according to normal player movement.	Not implemented.
When 't' is sent while the game is running, the treasure starts and stops moving.	Start the game and send 't' over USB serial twice with a pause in between when the treasure is visible and moving.	The treasure motion stops then starts again.	As expected.
When 's' is sent while the game is running, Food is dropped where the player stands.	Start the game and send 's' over USB serial while the player is on a safe block and has Food in inventory.	A Food is dropped where the player stands.	Not implemented.

When 'p' is sent while the game is running, the game is paused and game information is displayed.	Start the game and send 'p' over USB serial.	The game is paused and game information is displayed.	As expected.
When 'r' is sent after game over, the game is restarted.	Kill the player by any means until the player has run out of lives and the game over screen is displayed, then send 'r' over USB serial.	The game is reset and restarts from the beginning.	Not implemented.
When 'q' is sent after game over, the student number screen is displayed.	Kill the player by any means until the player has run out of lives and the game over screen is displayed, then send 'q' over USB serial.	The screen clears and the student number screen is displayed.	Not implemented.

5 Specialised Teensy functionality justification

5.1 Switch debouncing

5.2 Direct control of LCD write

5.3 Timers

5.4 Program memory