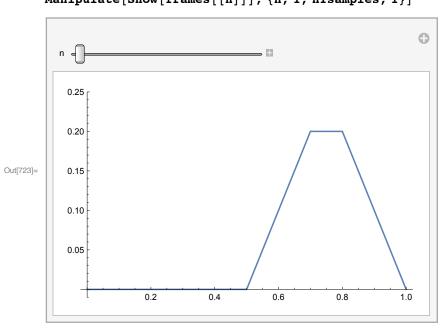
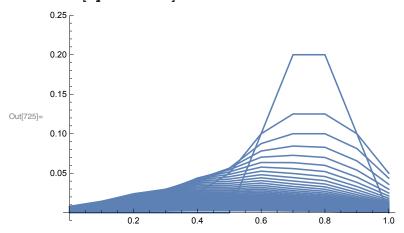
```
In[705]:= Clear[coord, L, nPart, dt, dx, k, s, xPos,
       u0, myTemp, uTemp, rightT, leftT, lastT, newT, newT];
     L := 1
                         (*Length of rod *)
     nPart := 10
                         (*Number of partitions *)
     nTsamples := 100
                         (*Number of time samples*)
     tTime := 10
                        (*How much time*)
     dt := tTime / nTsamples
                              (*Time interval size ∆t*)
     dx := L / nPart
                              (*Section size \Delta x*)
                              (*k value*)
     k := 1
     (*s=k*dt/(dx^2)*)
                                (*s constant*)
     s = 0.50
     (*Interesting to note that forcing various *)
     (*values on s affects the stability of the solution*)
     (*Here I define a function for the initial temperature distribution f0=f(x)*)
     (*f0[x_]:=Abs[Sin[6x]]+.2*)
     f0[x_] := Piecewise[{{0, x \ge 0 \&\& x < 0.5 L}},
        \{(x-0.5L)/L, x \ge 0.5L\&\&x < 0.75L\}, \{(0.75L-x)/L+0.25, x \ge 0.75L\&\&x \le L\}\}
     (*Here is where I define the initial conditions at t=0*)
     (*so u(x,0)=the function f0=f(x) acting on the xpos*)
     xPos := (Range[nPart] - 1) * dx
     (*This includes the very end of the rod*)
     AppendTo[xPos, dx * nPart];
     (*the symbol /@ maps the function onto xpos*)
     u0 := f0/@xPos
     (*Initialize the empty u temperature list, these are*)
     (*our sample solution points*)
     uTemp := {}
     (*At t=1 we have our u0 list of temps*)
     uTemp = Append[uTemp, u0];
     (*This nested for loop sequence calculates the temps at time*)
     (*t by using the difference equation on page 226 of the book*)
     (*this is also the same one we derived in class*)
     (*The outer loop only starts at t=2 because at t=1 this is t0 with*)
     (*initial temp of u0 which we append before the loop*)
     For [t = 2, t \le nTsamples, t++,
       (*Initialize an empty temporary list*)
       myTemp := {};
       (*This loop is where we go throuh each x and calculate*)
       (*u(x,t), where t is from the outer loop*)
       For [k = 1, k \le nPart + 1, k++, (*Remember we added the end*)
        lastT = uTemp[[t - 1, k]];
                                     (*so we need to go nPart+1*)
```

```
(*if we are at start position x0 or in this case x1*)
         If[k == 1, rightT = 0;
          leftT = uTemp[[t - 1, k + 1]]];
         (*if we reach the end of the rod*)
         If[k == nPart + 1, leftT = 0; rightT = uTemp[[t - 1, k - 1]]];
         (*if we are inside rod*)
         If [k > 1 \&\& k < nPart + 1,
          rightT = uTemp[[t - 1, k - 1]];
          leftT = uTemp[[t-1, k+1]]
         ];
         (*This is the relationship: u[j][m+1]=u[j][m]...from page 226*)
         newT = lastT + s * (leftT - 2 * lastT + rightT);
         (*append temperatures to temporary list we started with*)
         myTemp = Append[myTemp, newT];
        ];
        (*append the temp list to our uTemp list which we began before*)
        (*the outer loop*)
        uTemp = Append[uTemp, myTemp];
Out[713]= 0.5
```

```
_{\ln[721]:=} (*Here we define individual frames representing the solution*)
     (*at different times of t*)
     (*Initialize an empty frame list, we will collect the frames*)
     frames := {}
     (*We need to get the coordinates of the xpos and utemp at*)
     (*those xpos at time t here I accidentally used the letter k instead*)
     For [k = 1, k \le nTsamples, k++,
       coord := {};
       For [i = 1, i \le nPart + 1, i++,
        coord = Append[coord, {xPos[[i]], uTemp[[k, i]]}];
       ];
       tempframe := ListLinePlot[coord, PlotRange \rightarrow {-0.01, 0.25}];
       frames = Append[frames, tempframe];
      ];
     (*Try manipulating the plot*)
     Manipulate[Show[frames[[n]]], {n, 1, nTsamples, 1}]
```





```
In[726]:= (*This will generate a contour and 3d plot overlayed together*)
     coord := {};
     For [t = 1, t \le nTsamples, t++,
        For [i = 1, i \le nPart + 1, i++,
          coord = Append[coord, {xPos[[i]], (t-1) * dt, uTemp[[t, i]]}];
         ];
       ];
     ctPlot = ListContourPlot[coord, ColorFunction -> "Rainbow"];
     listPlot = ListPlot3D[coord, ColorFunction → "Rainbow", PlotRange → {-.01, 0.25}];
     level = -0.01;
     gr = Graphics3D[{Texture[ctPlot], EdgeForm[], Polygon[{{0, 0, level}, {L, 0, level},
            \{L, tTime, level\}, \{0, tTime, level\}\}, VertexTextureCoordinates \rightarrow
            \{\{0, 0\}, \{1, 0\}, \{1, 1\}, \{0, 1\}\}\}\}, Lighting \rightarrow \{\{\text{"Ambient", White}\}\}\};
     Show[listPlot, gr, PlotRange \rightarrow \{-.01, 0.21\}, BoxRatios \rightarrow \{1, 1, 1\}]
      (*Notice that the plot somewhat jagged on some
        of the contours starting to become unstable! for s = 0.50*)
```

