

Index

A

Abundance, estimation, 17
Acoustic sampling, 7, 275
 BUGS implementation, 278
 ~~other types, 279~~
 secr implementation, 278
 signal strength model, 276
Activity center
 binomial point process model, 130
 in BUGS, 146
 concept, 16
 conditional intensity and, 135
 ~~defined, 41, 128~~
 direct linkage to density, 17
 in distance sampling, 133
 individual location, 429
 initial values of, 143
 location of, 161, 163, 169
 in MCMC, 164
 ~~in probability mass function, 135~~
 in SCR model, 134
 in space usage, 135
 in state space, 131, 140, 160
 ~~multi-color spatial plot, 163~~
 non-uniformity of, 160
 two-dimensional spatial coordinate, 127
 uniform distribution, 165
 unobserved random variable, 128–129
 in WinBUGS, 159, 161
 ~~of wolverine map, 166~~
Adaptive rejection sampling, 450
ArcGIS, 465–466
Akaike Information Criterion (AIC), 55, 184
 ~~Bayesian model, 228~~
 likelihood methods, 223
 model selection in, 202, 218, 224
 secr package, 206, 220, 226
 ~~sex-specific density, 227~~
Alternative movement model, 396
American shad
 Cormack-Jolly-Seber (CJS) models, 419, 423
 SCR issues, 426
 stream flow, 430
Animal movement, 287
 ~~see also~~ Trap spacing
 ~~1-A protocol, 392~~
Area search, 385, 390, 392
Avian mist-netting example, 264

B

Basic capture-recapture method, 532
Bayesian analyses, 33, 50, 436, 511, 534–535
 ~~Akaike Information Criterion (AIC), 228~~
 Bayes' rule, 50
 BUGS language for, 60
 ~~checking, 80~~
 confidence intervals, 68
 indicator variable, 231
 inference principles, 52
 in JAGS, 204
 MCMC methods, 63
 posterior inference, 54
 prior distributions, 53
 selection, 80
 small sample inference, 55
Bayesian inference, 436
 sampling variance, 149
Behavioral response
 in animal studies, 102
 BUGS code for, 212
 contamination of, 139
 covariate effect, 207
 encounter probability, 209–210
 local or global, 212, 220
 ~~probability changes in, 102~~
 to trapping, 102, 211
Bernoulli distributions, 29, 452
 encounter probability, 249
 M_0 model, 105
 observation model, 254
 ~~Poisson model, 252~~
 prior distribution, 83
 probability distributions, 29
 Probability mass function (PMF), 29
 SCR0, 169
Binomial distributions, 452
 M_0 model, 103
 notation, 27
 ~~Poisson integrated likelihood, 196~~
 probability mass function (PMF), 23, 28–29, 37
 ~~R code, 25~~
Binomial GLMs
 parameter estimation, 77
Binomial integrated likelihood, 196
Binomial observation model, 127
 ~~data augmentation, 145~~
Binomial point process model, 130

Binomial probability mass function, 23
 Binomial regression
 waterfowl banding data, 79
 Bivariate normal distribution, 33, 136
 Black bears
 SCR + RSF model, study on, 360
 space usage, 362
 convex hull, 9
 standard approach, 12
 BUGS implementation
 Stratified populations, 373
 Buffering, 9

C

Camera trapping, 5
 historical overview, 5
 ~~drumbeat study, 8~~
 encounter probability, 8
 ~~non-spatial, inadequacy, 11~~
 ~~population studies in, 4~~
 for sampling methods, 13
 ~~Canada goose resightings, 511~~
 Capture-recapture methods, 529
 Categorical distributions, 30
 Closed population models, 14
 data augmentation (DA), 92–93
 Closed capture-recapture model M_h , 451
 Collared individuals, 521
 C++, ~~computational speed using, 470~~
 Conditional distribution, 37, 455, 457
 constructing rules, 59
 M_0 model, 91
 Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC), 59
 Metropolis-Hastings algorithm, 59
 Conditional likelihood, 183
 in closed population model, 91
 full likelihood, 183
 SCR model, 300
 Convex hull
 buffering, 9
 density estimation, 9
 trapping array, 13
 Cormack-Jolly-Seber (CJS) models, 418
 Cost-weighted paths
 calculation, 338
 computation, 337–338
 defined, 335, 340
 R code, 338
 in SCR model, 336
 Counter detector, in *secr* package, 258
 Covariate effects

in density, 311
 in encounter probability models, 207, 250
 landscape structure, 353
 in standard GLM or GLMM, 207
see also Individual covariate model

D

Data augmentation, (DA)
 ~~in all-zero rows, 94~~
 in closed population models, 92–93
 formal development, 97
 heuristic motivation, 94
 joint likelihood using, 110
 model-based analysis, 110
 M_h model, 105
 in M_0 model, 95
 occupancy parameter, 94
 posterior mass of, 120
 remarks on, 97
 sampling model, 118
 ~~under a Uniform(0, M), 121~~
 unknown N , 144
 in **WinBugs**, 146
 zero-inflated model, 95, 110
 Data format
 ~~for number of traps, 155~~
 three-dimensional, 155
 two-dimensional, 141
 Data structure
 formatting, 141
 manipulating, 141
 sampling design and, 126
~~Demographic composition, 500~~
 ~~survival, 413~~
 Density estimation
 ~~Argentina jaguar study, 326~~
 ~~canopy height, 324–325, 327~~
 covariate, using, 303, 311
 data simulation, 318
 intensity parameter, 327
 ~~of invariance, 116, 122~~
 in M_0 model, 102
 parameter estimation, 321
 posterior mean, 329
 ~~probability function, 316~~
 ~~R code, 328~~
 SCR definition of, 312
 ~~sex specificity, 329~~
 ~~value expectation, 316~~
 Density maps
 effective sample area, 181

individual prediction, 169
 Wolverine analysis, 166
~~DENSITY-Program~~, 173, 189
 Detection function
 behavioral response, 254
 conditional probability, 251
 in covariate influence, 109
 data collection, 279
 in distance sampling, 117–118
 in indicator variable, 235
 individual, 110
 models, 191
 ~~non~~, 276
 probability, 276
 proximity in, 275
 signal strength, 277
 time trend, 269
 Detector dogs, 400
 DIC model selection, 229
 wolverian data, 229
 Discrete habitat mask, 160
 coarseness, evaluation, 161
 Dispersal dynamics
 individual location, 428
 in population ecology, 430
 Distance sampling, 30, 41, 44, 383, 386, 392
 desert tortoise example, 120
 in hierarchical model, 119–120
 ~~latent variability~~, 129
 in SCR model, 117, 119, 122
 DNA sampling, 6
 Distribution of individuals, 531

E

Ecological distance
 Bayesian analysis, 343
 density covariate, 349
 likelihood analysis, 342
 SCR simulation, 339
 ~~stochastic~~, 22
 Effective sample area, 199
 density mapping, 181
 Effective sample size, 460
~~Efford's formulation~~, 15
~~Efford's possum trapping data~~, 272
 Encounter data file, 153
 Encounter device types, 191
 Encounter modeling
 ~~fisher study~~, 394
 ~~mountain lions~~, 393
 Encounter probability

Bayesian analysis, 204
 Bernoulli process, 249
 binary observation, 252
~~cautionary note~~, 254
 covariate model, 207, 250
~~date, impact on~~, 208
 Gaussian model, 202, 253, 260
 individual covariate, 213
 multinomial model, 271
 signal strength model, 276
 space usage, 252
~~time, impact on~~, 208
 trapping interval, 271
 trap-specific covariate, 210
~~Envelope function~~, 450
 Euclidean distance
 in activity centers, 333
 cost-weight distance, 338
 encounter probability and, 334
 ~~estimate parameter~~, 347
 in MLE model, 343
 least-cost path model, 336, 342
 mis-specified model, 343, 345, 349
 in SCR model, 340
 shortcomings, 334
 Explicit movement models, 536

F

Fitness model
 components, 237
 in encounter probability, 219
 individual trap frequencies, 241–242
 occupancy dynamics, 245
 Fixed search path
 alternative movement models, 396
 design 1, 384
 encounter probability, 385
 intensity model, 395

G

Gaussian kernel, 519
~~G bins, defined~~, 30
 Gelman-Rubin diagnostics, 463
 Generalized linear (mixed) models (GL(M)Ms)
 binomial, 84
 ~~in applied statistics~~, 48
 in Bayesian framework, 63
 Generalized linear models (GLMs)
 binomial, 49, 77, 79
 components, 48

- in exponential family, 48
- in SCR, 48
- Poisson, 69, 71, 75
- random effects, 49
- [Geographical analysis, 336, 345](#)
- Gibbs sampling, 57, 59, [438](#)
 - in MCMC methods, 57
 - MH sampling vs., [445](#)
 - [R-code, 440](#)
- Goodness-of fit, 55, 80, 82
 - evaluation, 236
 - in SCR, 184
 - wolverine data, 243
- [Google Scholar citations, 532](#)
- [Google Scholar search, 529](#)
- Gregarious species, 535
- Group structure
 - in data augmentation, 376
 - mean model, 374
 - multi-catch model, 369–370
 - no encountered individuals, 373
 - single parameter, 374

H

- Habitat mask, 187, 199–200
- Habitat selection
 - space usage, 354
 - landscape simulation, 364, 367
 - non-uniform distribution, 311
 - spatial variation, 316
- Hard plot boundaries, 390
- [Heterogeneity model, 103, 106](#)
- Hierarchical modeling
 - defined, 40
 - examples of, 41
 - random variables, 21
 - statistical analysis, 37
 - statistical inference and, 40
- Home range center
 - definition, 128
 - [exhibit behavior, 16](#)
 - implied model, 149
 - space usage model, 135
 - see also* Activity center
- Homogeneous point process, 523
 - [spatial randomness, 312](#)

I

- Imperfect identification, 534
- Indicators variable

- detection function, 235
 - wolverine data, 233
- Individual covariate model
 - capture location, 110
 - data augmentation, 92
 - distance sampling, 87
 - extension, 114
 - [Fort drum bear study, 111](#)
 - heterogeneity model, 103
 - [home range center, 115](#)
 - in SCR, 109, 117
- Individual heterogeneity
 - defined, 201
 - detection probability, 216
 - for home range size, 202
 - incorporation methods, 220
 - see also* M_h model
- Inhomogeneous point-process, [525](#)
 - density model, 326
 - discrete space, 324
 - [estimation parameters, 318](#)
 - fitting model, 322
 - in SCR model, 314
 - [intensity parameters, 315](#)
 - Poisson model, 312
 - spatial variation, 311, 319
- Integrated likelihood
 - construction, 177
 - marginal distribution, 174
 - MLE estimators, 173–174
 - Poisson method, 195–197
 - in SCR models, 179–180
 - [simulated data, 175](#)
 - under data augmentation, 183
- Irregular patches, 345

J

- [JAGS, 467, 510](#)
 - Bayesian analysis in, 60
 - ecological introduction to, 60
 - [simulation analysis, 388](#)
 - summary command for, 68
- Joint distribution, 37
- Jolly-Seber model, 406, 413
 - data augmentation, 409
 - spatial, 413

L

- Landscape connectivity
 - geographical analysis, 345

- in SCR models, 333–334, 339
- Landscape structure
 - ~~‘A’ protocol, 354–355~~
 - covariate model, 353
 - ~~defined, 354~~
 - discrete model, 366
 - home range on, 361
 - resource selection, 364
 - simulated example, 356, 364
 - space configuration, 354, 367
- Langevin algorithm, 444
- Least-cost path
 - in BUGS, 343
 - computation, 347
 - covariate matrix, 340
 - ~~defined, 333, 335~~
 - encounter probability, 334
 - home range, 335
 - in MLE model, 342
 - ~~R code, 338~~
 - SCR example, 342
- Lincoln-Petersen estimator, 502–503
 - of abundance, 534–535
- Live-trapping study, 500

M

- Marginal distribution, 37
- Marginal likelihood
 - binomial form, 195
 - calculation, 187
 - conditional elements, 178
 - ~~grid information on, 176~~
 - individual encounter and, 174
 - point process density, 196
- Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC)
 - algorithm, 60, 72, 82, 508
 - in Bayesian analysis, 60, 63
 - ~~binomial encounter process, 457~~
 - building own algorithm, 435
 - closed capture-recapture model M_h , 451
 - ~~in conditional distribution, 59~~
 - convergence analysis, 65
 - ~~ecology application, 47~~
 - manipulating state-space, 463
 - ~~parallel computing, 467~~
 - ~~parameter estimation, 68~~
 - posterior distributions, 56, 436
 - ~~R code, 65~~
 - in SCR models, 57, 454
 - ~~using C++, 470~~
 - in WinBUGS, 64, 67

- Marked individuals
 - homogeneous point process, 523
 - imperfect identification of, 514
 - ~~information, 516~~
 - inhomogeneous point processes, 525
 - known number of, 501
 - ~~known number of, 506~~
 - locations of home ranges of, 504
 - spatial distribution of, 505
 - unknown number of, 501–502
- Markov random fields, 533
- ~~MARK program, 503~~
- Mark-resight models, 499
- M_b model
 - global trap response, 220
 - in non-spatial capture-recapture, 201
- Mean maximum distance moved (MMDM)
 - home range radius, 101
- Metropolis-Hastings algorithm
 - ~~conditional distributions and, 59, 520~~
- Metropolis-Hastings (MH) sampling, 443
 - vs. Gibbs sampling, 445
 - ~~R code to run, 445~~
 - ~~time series plots, 445~~
- Metropolis-within-Gibbs, 446
- M_h model
 - analysis, 105
 - ~~Fort drum data, 106~~
 - ~~as non-spatial capture-recapture, 201~~
 - random effect, 216
 - SCR, relevance to, 216
- Misidentification, 534
- MLE with known N , 173
- MLE with unknown N , 179
- M_0 model
 - binomial observation, 103
 - in black bear study, 98
 - in Bernoulli, 105
 - in BUGS, 95
 - capture-recapture assumptions, 90
 - closed population model, 88
 - conditional distribution, 91
 - occupancy type, 98
- Modeling territoriality, 533
- Model selection
 - in AIC, 218, 220
 - in Bayesian, 83
 - issues, 80
 - ~~in prior distribution, 83~~
 - in SCR model, 84
 - statistical ecology, 55
 - ~~variable indicators, 65~~
- Modeling movement

population dynamics, 428

Model output

- commands, 463
- ~~Gibbs sampling, 438~~
- ~~Metropolis-Hastings sampling, 443~~
- ~~Metropolis-within-Gibbs, 446~~
- posterior density plots, 459
- rejection and slice sampling, 450
- serial autocorrelation and effective
 - sample size, 460
- summary results, 462
- time series plots, 459

▲ Movement model

- alternatives, 396
- auto-regression, 397
- data simulation, 395
- encounter frequency, 383
- open population, 399
- outcomes, 388

Moving activity centers, 526

Multi-catch device, 249, 258–259, 280

Multi-catch independent multinomial model, 535–536

Multi-session models

- BUGS** language, 382
- data augmentation, 369–370
- landscape variation, 382
- multi-catch observation, 377
- other approaches, 376
- ~~R code, 369–370~~
- secr* analysis, 377
- sex effects on, 220, 369–370

Multi-state model

- apparent survival, 420
- issues, 423
- ~~random parameters, 421~~
- spatial states, 403, 423
- technical transition, 421

Multinomial abundance models

- stratified populations, 371

Multinomial distributions, 30

Multinomial model

- density estimators, 271
- encounter devices, 258
- in Gaussian methods, 260
- ~~JAGS using, 249~~
- in single-catch trap, 271
- resource selection, 260
- in **WinBugs**, 260

Multiple

- ~~distinct sample group, 369~~
- ~~space sample, 381~~

M_x model

- density invariance, 116

N

▲ Non-spatial capture-recapture, 87, 534–535

Non-spatial mark-resight models, 503, 507 514–515

NOREMARK ~~program~~, 503

Normal distribution, 436

Notation

- ~~binomial distribution, 27~~
- ~~BUGS language, 23~~
- ~~in hierarchical modeling, 21, 40~~
- ~~issues, 22~~
- ~~of R code, 21, 43~~
- ~~uniform point process, 32~~

Numerical integration

- fitting parameters, 195
- integration grid spacing, 186

R code, 182

O

▲ Observation model

- alternative methods, 249
- in Bernoulli, 254
- in Poisson, 250
- JAGS**, using, 249
- multinomial distribution, 249, 271
- single catch trap, 270

Observed point processes, 318

OpenBUGS, 435

Open populations

- apparent survival, 405
- dispersal, 399
- issues, 409
- model, 511
- movements, 399
- recruitment, 408

Optimal design

- ~~calculation, 302~~
- detector configuration, 293
- ~~issues, 294~~
- in SCR model, 287, 297
- swapping algorithm, 300–301
- trap spacing, 289, 303, 307

Ordinary capture-recapture models

- Efford's formulation, 11, 15
- encounter probability
- N , estimation, 109, 292, 364
- non-spatial, 12

point process, 15
 technical problems, 17–18
~~Ovenbird data~~
~~reanalysis, 378~~
 Ovenbird mist-netting study, 410, 414

P

Parallel computing, 467
 Parameter estimation
 in maximum likelihood estimates (MLEs), 36
 statistical inference, 34
 Partial information designs, 399
 Photographic survey, 533–534
 Point process aggregation, 15
 Point process model
 binomial, 130
 state-space, 131
 for homogeneous point process, 523
 for inhomogeneous point processes, 525
 ~~bin counts, 240~~
 Poisson distribution, 31, 69
 Poisson GLMs, 69
 ~~bird survey, example, 69~~
 ~~PoisGLMM(), 449~~
 in **WinBugs**, 71
 random effects, 75
 Poisson integrated likelihood
 binomial form of, 196
 development, 195
 Poisson model
 in ~~Bernoulli~~, 252
 in BUGS, 254
 data simulation, 255
 encounter probability, 249, 507, 515
 GLMM, 449
 multinomial relationship, 263
 regression, 452
 in SCR, 250
 in *secr*, 266
 space usage, 251
 ~~trap specific, 263~~
 wolverine camera, 257
 zero-inflated, 255
 Population dynamics
 animal movement, 405
 overview, 404
 Posterior distribution, 438–439, 441
 Bayesian inference, 52
 ~~conditionality, 57~~
 defined, 52

~~density plots, 459~~
 discrepancy measures, 82
 inference of, 54, 55
 mass of, 75
 MCMC simulation, 56, 65, 68, 436
~~MH algorithm, 60~~
 parameter estimation, 54, 83
~~plots of, 441~~
 Prior distribution
 Bayes' rule for, 52–53, 64, 83
 choices, 63
 conjugates, 58
 in Bernoulli, 83
 ~~MCMC algorithm, 67~~
 ~~parameter estimation, 54~~
 ~~WinBUGS parameter, 73~~
 Probability density function (PDF), 22
 resource selection, 25
 see also Probability mass function (PMF)
 Probability distributions
 Bernoulli, 29
 binomial, 27
 commonly used, 27
 different notations for, 22
 hierarchical model, 40
 properties, 24–25
 random variable, 21, 22
 Probability mass function (PMF)
 Bernoulli distribution and, 29
 binomial ~~return~~, 23, 28–29, 37
 defined, 23
 issues, 22
 parameters, 22, 37
 properties, 24
 random variable values, 23
 Proposal distribution, 443
 random walk, 443
 Proximity detector
 density estimators, 249
 in signal strength, 275

R

~~Raccoons, 521~~
R-code
 ~~beta distribution, 33~~
 ~~binomial distribution, 25~~
 ~~binomial pmf returns, 23~~
 ~~data analysis, using, 21~~
 ~~data simulation, 261~~
 ~~dbinom function, 28~~

- ~~declaration deat, 31~~
- ~~dnorm function, 33~~
- ~~joint distribution, 37~~
- ~~marginal distribution, 38–39~~
- ~~non-negligible probabilities, 23~~
- ~~normal distribution, 24~~
- ~~Poisson outcomes, 35~~
- ~~resource selection, 25~~
- ~~in SCR model, 43~~
- ~~uniform distribution, 32~~
- ~~uniform search model, 397~~
- Radio-tagged individuals, 502–503
- Random effect
 - in Bayesian analysis, 84
 - ~~in GLM, 49~~
 - in GLMMs, 47, 49
 - in hierarchical models, 83
 - in MCMC, 47
 - in Poisson GLM, 75
 - in **WinBUGS** model, 61, 84
- Random sample assumption, 504
- Random variable
 - defined, 21, 25
- Random walk proposal distribution, 443
- ~~readShapeSpatial(), 466~~
- ~~Recall Bayes' theorem, 436~~
- Recruitment
 - data augmentation, 409
 - degenerate, 410
 - JS model, 406, 413, 416
 - in open population, 408
 - sampling perspectives, 404
 - time dependent, 412
- Regular capture-recapture models, 501–502
- Rejection sampling, 319, 450
- Resighting techniques, 501
- Resource selection
 - encounter probability, 354, 359
 - in Poisson model, 358
 - in SCR model, 353
 - mis-specification, 364
 - population estimate, 354
 - second-order scale, 361
 - telemetry data, 364, 366
- Resource selection function (RSF)
 - independence assumption, 365
- S**
- Sample size
 - encounter probability, 290
 - estimation parameters, 289, 307
 - generation techniques, 285
 - in conditional probability, 297
 - in SCR model, 292
 - spatial problems, 281
 - trap clusters, 302–303
- Sampling design, 126
 - focal population vs. state-space, 284
 - model based, 282
 - population closure, 304
 - ~~space vs individual, 283~~
- Sampling methods
 - ~~latent heterogeneity, 12~~
 - non-invasive, 13
- Sampling techniques, 529
- Scenario analysis, 281–282
- SCR framework
 - assumptions of, 535
 - misidentification in, 535
- SCR0
 - Bayesian analysis of, 131
 - Bernoulli model, 169
 - BUGS** analysis, 125
 - fitting model, 156–157, 142
 - home range area, 149
 - ~~multiple detections, 126~~
 - ~~R function, 161~~
 - statistical assumptions, 151
 - ~~in WinBugs, 146~~
- SCR models
 - activity center, ~~character~~, 298
 - applications, 376
 - Bayesian analysis, 149
 - binomial encounter process, 457
 - characterization, 41
 - conditional likelihood, 300
 - construct full conditionals, 455
 - continued development of, 532
 - core assumption, 151
 - data simulation, 262–263
 - distance sampling, 133
 - effective sample area, 169
 - encounter probability, 296
 - ~~fixed array trap, 44~~
 - ~~identify, 454–455~~
 - independence assumption, 365
 - integration, 359
 - model M_h , 133
 - optimal criteria for, 297
 - Poisson observation model, 299
 - population closure, 305
 - sex-specific encounter, 290
 - ~~spacing aspect, 291~~
 - study design, 285
- Search-encounter designs

- fixed path, 384–385
- methods, 7
- total hazard, 386
- uniform intensity, 385
- secr* package, 189
 - additional capabilities, 197
 - analysis, 192
 - covariate models, 199
 - density mapping, 199
 - encounter device, 191
 - in likelihood analysis, 195, 218
 - multi-session model, 196
 - ovenbird data, 266
 - population closure test, 199
 - sex specificity, 266
 - state-space buffer, 198
- Serial autocorrelation, 460
- Sex specificity
 - effects, 220
 - uncaptured individuals, 183
 - multi-session models, 369–370
 - secr* package, 266
- Single-catch trap, 535
 - inference system, 271
 - multiple sample session, 265
 - observation model, 270
- Slice sampling, 450
- Small sample inference
 - Bayesian analysis, 55
- SMR model. *See* Spatial mark-resight model
- Space usage model, 354
 - empirical analysis, 137
 - home range center, 135
 - Poisson distribution, 358
 - ~~understanding, 139~~
- Spatial capture-recapture (SCR) methods
 - in animal population, 5
 - ~~in bears, 5~~
 - characterization, 9
 - construction of, 14
 - defined, 4
 - density estimation, 5
 - ecological theories and, 18
 - historical context, 12
 - inference formalization, 15
 - ~~in lions, 5~~
 - non-spatial aspects, 8, 11
 - technical problems, resolving, 3–4
 - ~~in tigers, 5~~
 - traditional, 18
- Spatial Capture-Recapture Odyssey, 533
 - ~~combining data from surveys, 533~~
 - ~~explicit movement models, 536~~
 - ~~gregarious species, 535~~
 - ~~misidentification, 534~~
 - ~~model fit and selection, 536~~
 - ~~modeling territoriality, 533~~
 - ~~single-catch traps, 535~~
- Spatial design
 - construction, 307
 - formal analysis, 281
 - issues, 282, 294, 300
 - model-based, 293
 - optimization criteria, 300
 - temporal aspects, 303
- Spatial distribution, 500
- Spatial mark-resight (SMR) model, 500
 - ~~for Canada geese in North Carolina, 514~~
 - hybrids of, 500
 - ~~homogeneous point process, 523~~
 - imperfect identification of marked individuals, 514
 - ~~implementing, 507~~
 - ~~individual capture histories, 503~~
 - inhomogeneous point processes, 525
 - ~~information, marked and unmarked individuals, 516~~
 - ~~known number of marked individuals~~
 - ~~posterior distributions from, 522~~
 - ~~raccoons on outer banks of North Carolina, 521~~
 - random sample assumption, 504
 - resighting techniques, 501
 - ~~short history, 502~~
 - telemetry data, incorporating, 518
- Spatial randomness, 311–312
 - homogeneous point process and, 312
 - observation model, 241
 - uniform distribution, 238
- Spatial sampling
 - in SCR model, 283
 - issues, 281, 303
 - trap location, 283
- State-space ~~concept, 16~~
 - ~~camera trapping, 302~~
 - ~~manipulating, 463~~
 - ~~size sensitivity, 240~~
- State-space model
 - invariance, 132
 - point process, 131
 - prescribing, 132
- Stationary distribution, 441
- Statistical inference
 - fundamentals of, 21
 - hierarchical models and, 40
 - parameter estimation and, 34
 - role in probability laws, 22

Stratified populations

- BUGS** implementation, 373
- data simulation, 375
- hierarchical model, 371
- multinomial abundance models, 371
- ~~prototype, 370~~
- in SCR model, 369

Strauss model, 532

Survival

- affecting factors, 403
- American shad, 419, 426
- Cormack-Jolly-Seber (CJS) models, 418, 421
- ~~defined, 405~~
- demographic parameters, 413
- vs emigration, 405
- in spatial model, 404
- JS model, 406
- non-spatial version, 426
- in open population, 408
- parameters, 408
- ~~posterior mean, 416~~
- spatial multi-session model (S-MS), 410
- ~~week probability, 420~~

T

Telemetry data

- activity centers, 355
- ~~on black bear study, 360~~
- ~~estimation parameters, 362, 364~~
- ~~raccoons on outer banks of North Carolina, 521~~
- ~~resource selection model, 353~~
- RSF model, 366
- SCR model, 354, 365
- space sampling, 356, 359

Temporal dependence

- multi-session formulation, 379

Temporary emigration, 13, 382

- SCR models and, 13

Time series plots, 459

Total hazard,

- encounter model, 386–387, 392

Trap arrangement, 293

Trap spacing

- ~~array size, 287~~
- ~~home range factors, 285–286~~
- movement estimates, 286, 289
- ~~sensitivity analysis, 281~~
- study design, 285, 291

Trap-specific covariate

- encounter probability models, 210, 515

U

Uniform distribution, 32

Uniform intensity

- design 2, 395
- search-encounter designs, 385

Unmarked individuals

- estimated number of, 507
- information, 516

Unstructured spatial surveys, 392

~~UTM polygon, 467~~

W

WinBUGS, 435–436, 462–463, 467

- fitting model, 156
- in linear regression, 61
- in markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC)-, 64, 67
- ~~in prior distribution, 73~~
- in random effect, 61, 84

Wolverine analysis

- camera trapping, 162, 184
- density map, 166
- space usage, 159
- ~~summary, 158~~

Z

Zero-inflated, Poisson model, 255

~~Zero-truncated distribution, 511~~