

# IDEs and Beyond: Tools for Continuous Delivery

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# Overview

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- 1. Continuous Delivery**
2. New Tools Landscape
3. Tooling Challenges
4. Composable Tool Chains

# Bluemix DevOps Services



# Under pressure to move faster

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## Business Pressures:

- Customer expectations have changed – mobile/tablet world has created expectation of constant stream of small updates
- Access to features earlier
- Ability for customer feedback to influence direction

## Technology Pressures:

- Need to move as fast as your fastest releasing dependency
- For web applications this means 6 weeks to match browser releases
- Web applications don't live in a closed system, the world around them can change and you must react
- Zero day security fixes



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“If you want to increase your success rate, double your failure rate” – Thomas J Watson, Sr.

# What is Continuous Delivery?

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Most software teams practice some form of Continuous Integration:

- Merging changes into a common stream daily
- Automated build and testing on all merges
- Catch problems early while code is easy to change

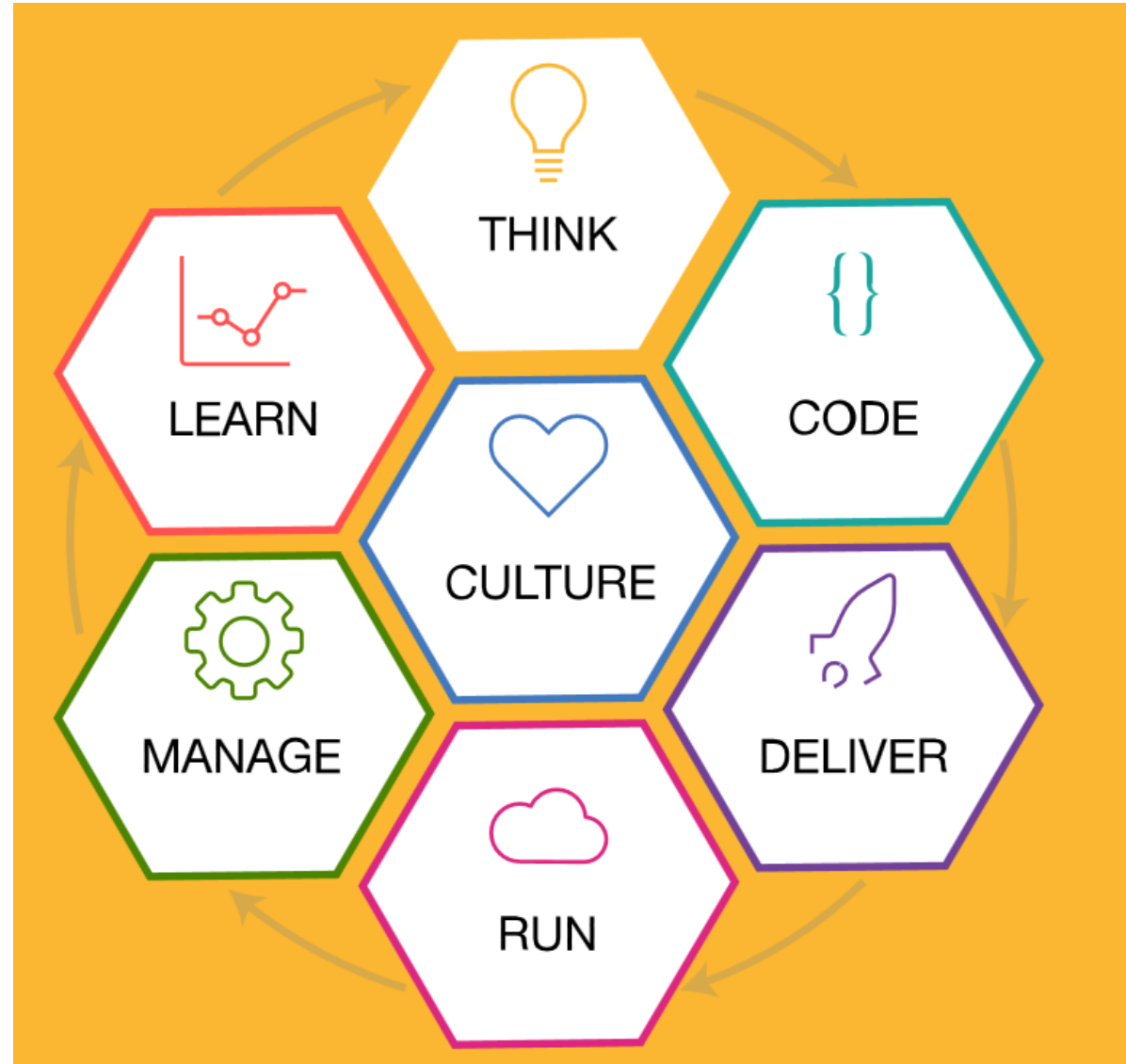
Continuous Delivery goes beyond:

- Be capable of delivering to customers with a button click
- Replace monolithic “big bang” releases with frequent “little bang” releases
- Relentless focus on **automation** and **measurement**

<https://ibm.com/devops/method>

# Bluemix Garage Method

A resource for information about DevOps and Continuous Delivery



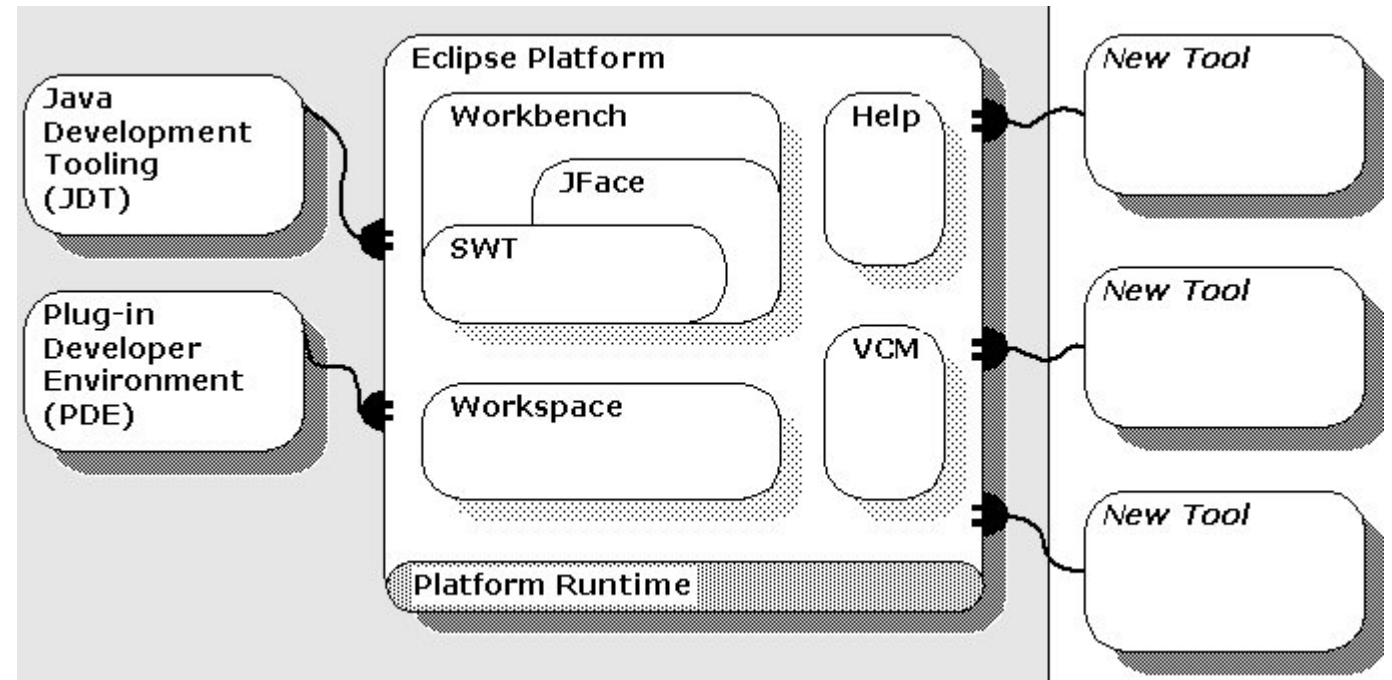
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# The Closed World Dev Model



All tools running on your desktop

IDE integrating and directly running those tools

Runtime environment also typically on desktop

App can go straight from dev to customer

# Gaps in the closed dev model

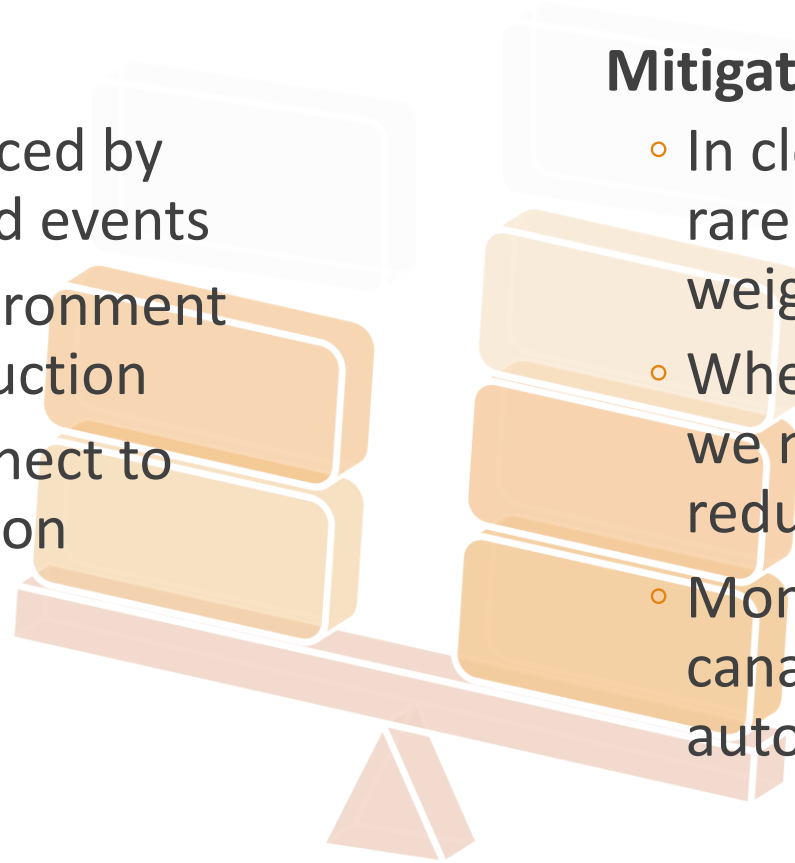
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## The Internet is chaotic

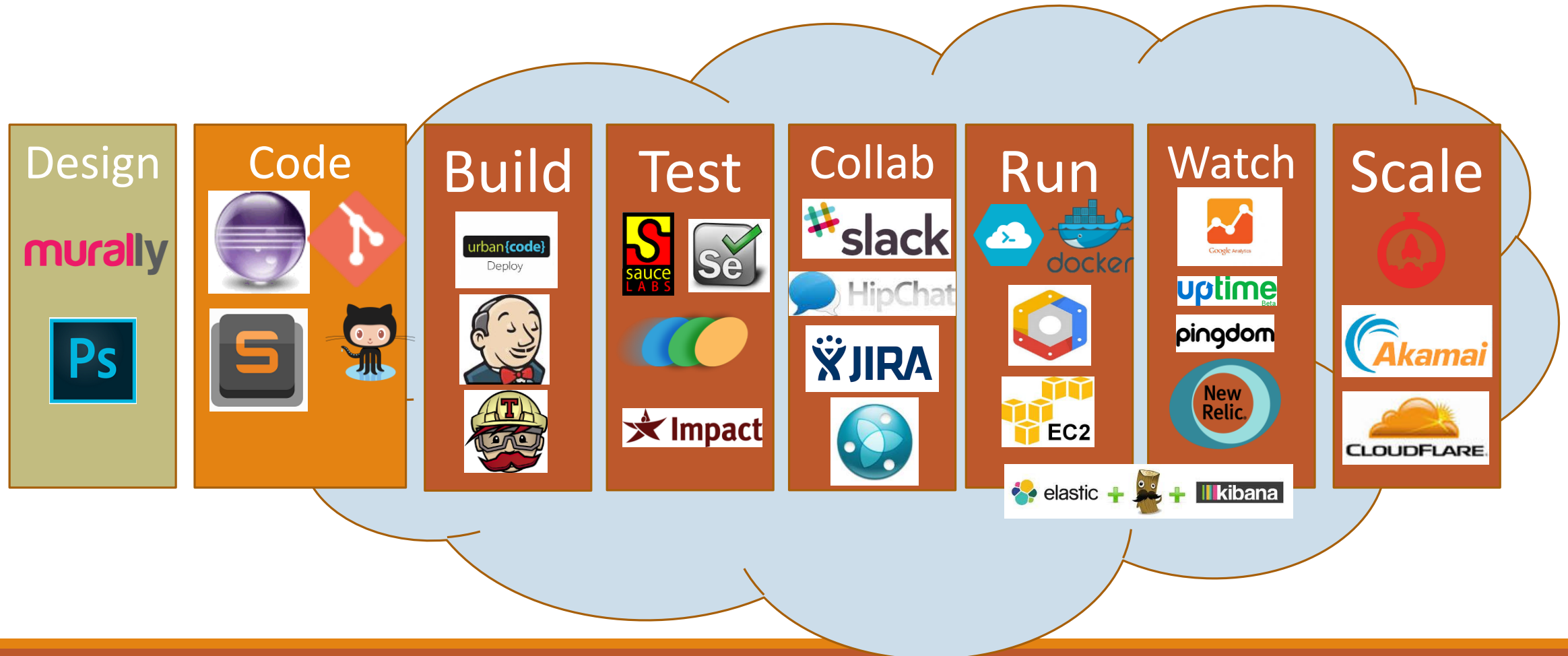
- Bugs can be introduced by external systems and events
- There is no test environment that simulates production
- Need tools that connect to production application

## Mitigating the risk of delivery

- In closed dev world we release rarely, and can afford heavy-weight release process
- When forced to release often, we need new techniques to reduce delivery risk
- Monitoring, test after release, canary release, feature toggles, automated rollback



# The Cloud development world



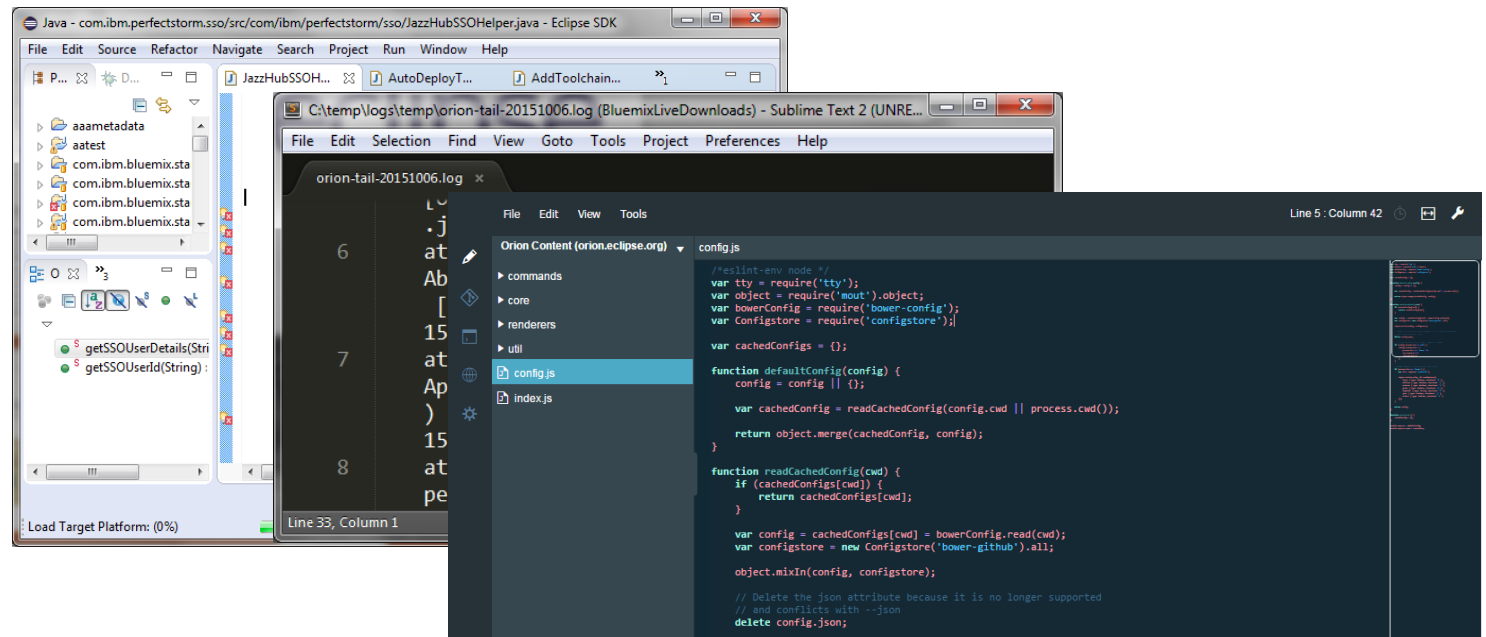
## Sidebar: Where does this leave the IDE?

Can no longer offer a 100% integrated development experience

Still powerful tools for core development tasks

Balance shifting towards lighter weight, focused on core coding experience

Browser development environments are a viable alternative, are able to integrate more easily with runtimes



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# Setup Cost

## ▼ Installing and Configuring Hudson for Continuous Integration

### Prerequisites for Installing and Configuring Hudson

#### Downloading Hudson

## ▼ Installing Hudson

### Installing Hudson on Linux

### Installing Hudson on Windows

### Configuring the HTTP Port

### Starting Hudson

## ▼ Configuring Maven After Startup

### First Time Startup

### Configuring the JDK

### Specifying the Maven Home

### Setting Up Maven for Use by Hudson

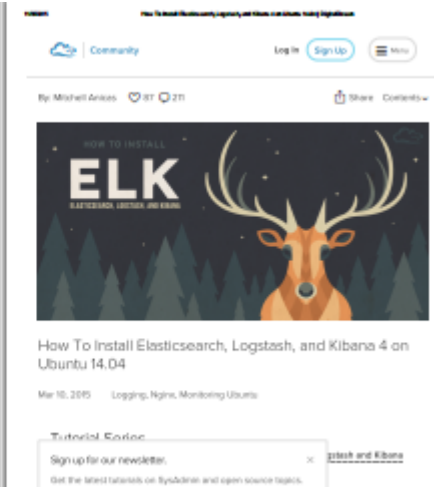
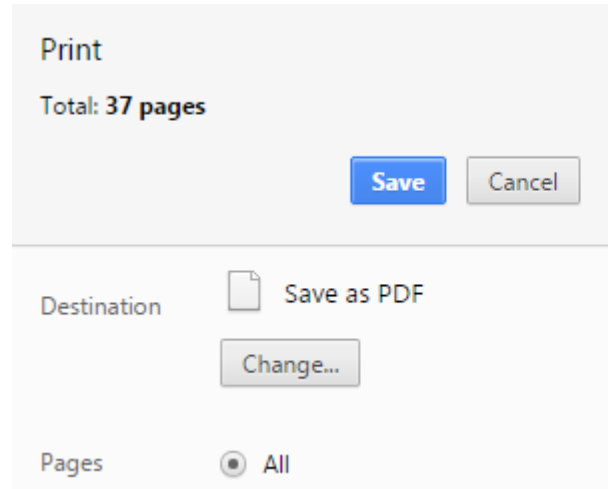
### Installing Hudson Plug-Ins

### Integrating the Repository

### Monitoring Subversion

### For More Information

- › System Overview
- › Provisioning and Installation
  - › Installing GitHub Enterprise on AWS
  - › Installing GitHub Enterprise on VMware
  - › Migrating to a different platform or from GitHub Enterprise 11.10.34x
- › Administrative Tools
  - › Web-based Management Console
  - › Administrative Shell (SSH) Access
  - › Maintenance Mode
- › Basic Configuration
  - › DNS, Hostname, Subdomain Isolation, and SSL
  - › Validating your domain settings
  - › Configuring GitHub Enterprise Pages
  - › Git Server Settings
- › System Resource Monitoring and Alerting
- › Updating the virtual machine and physical resources
  - › Upgrading the GitHub Enterprise virtual machine
  - › What's new in this release?
  - › Increasing storage capacity
  - › Increasing CPU or memory resources
- › Backups and Disaster Recovery
- › High Availability Cluster Configuration
- › Securing your instance
  - › Network ports to open
  - › Configuring firewall settings
  - › Enabling private mode
- › Integrations
- › Setting up a staging instance
- › Troubleshooting

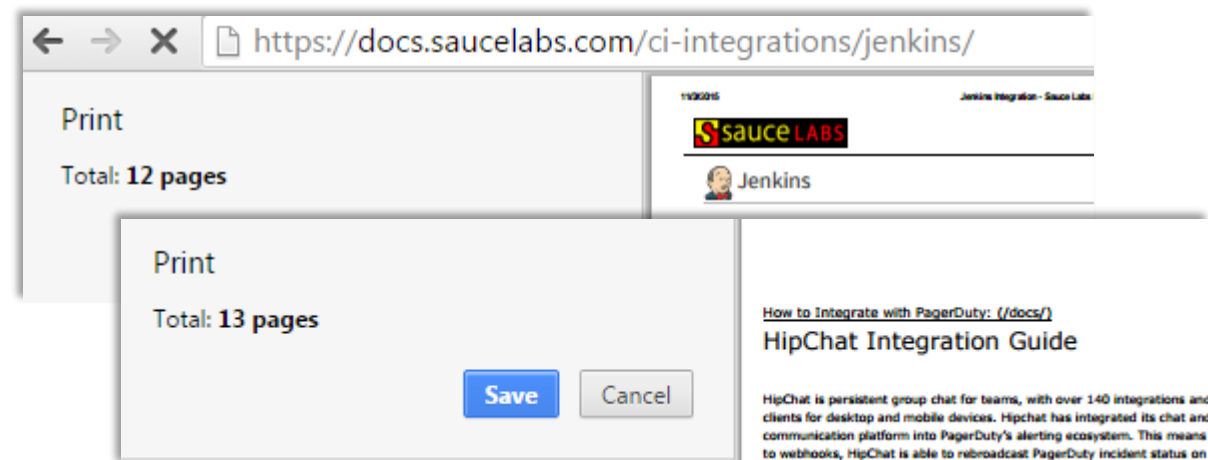
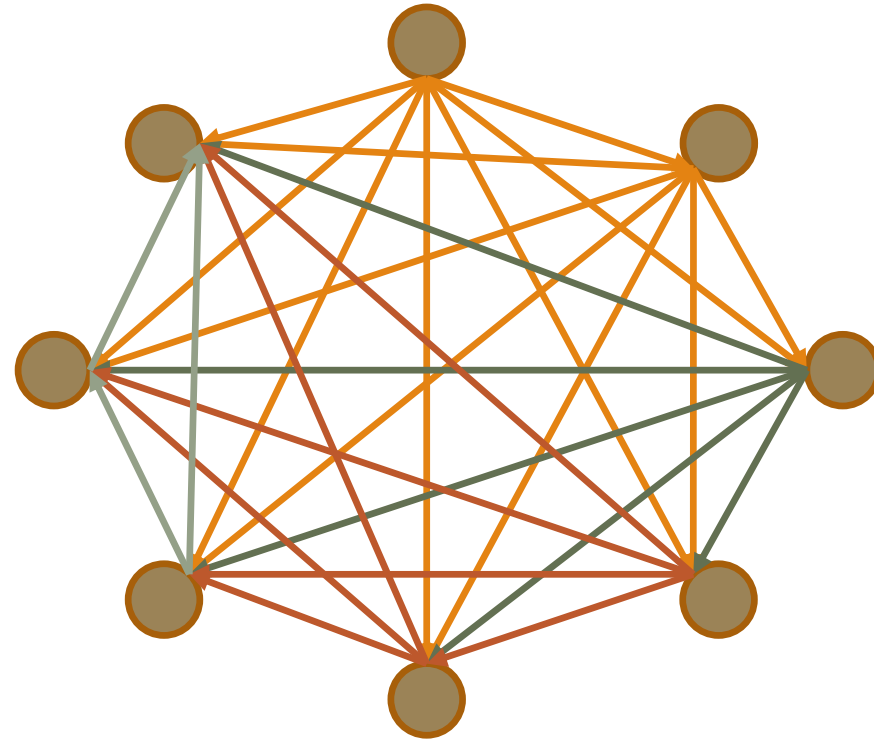


# Integration Cost

Need tight integration to deliver with speed and scale

Cost grows exponentially as you add tools

Replacing a tool requires a lot of touchpoints to be revisited



# Abundance of Choice Cost

This is not a consolidated tool market. There is vast variety and choice

Figuring out what is the best tool to use for a given app and team is complex





## Problem Summary

We cannot package and deliver tools to developers easily

Significant setup and integration pain with putting tools together

Developers who are new to cloud development don't know what tools to use

Hard to repeatedly and consistently instantiate toolchains at scale

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# Tool Chain Demo

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Start from an interesting app on GitHub: <https://github.com/oneibmcloud/devops-tutorial-2>

Click button to create the app

Prompted for essential configuration parameters for Slack and Sauce Labs

Entire tool chain is instantiated and integrations performed





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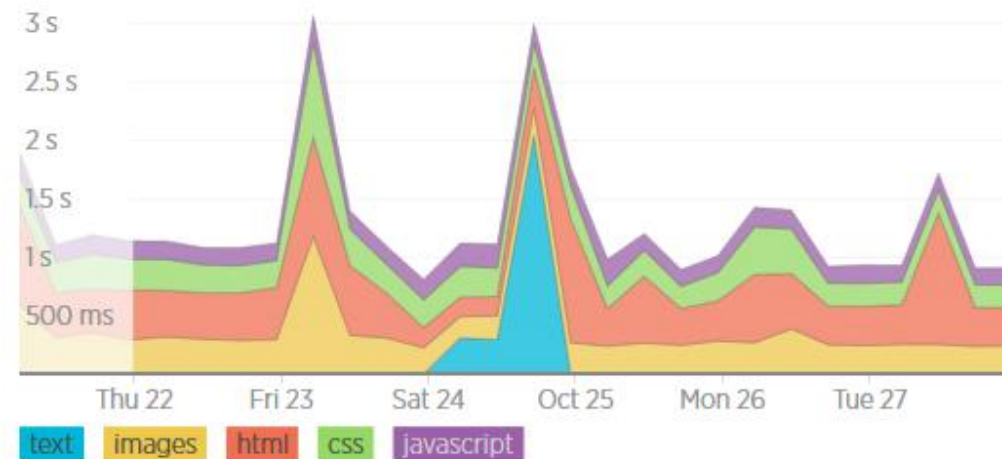
## Bonus Material: Favorite New Tools



# Performance Analysis: New Relic

hub.jazz.net/deploy/index.html	484 ms
hub.jazz.net/deploy/images/blue	430 ms
hub.jazz.net/deploy/requirejs/rec	413 ms
hub.jazz.net/deploy/left-nav.css	351 ms
hub.jazz.net/deploy/deploy.js	296 ms
hub.jazz.net/deploy/banner.css	254 ms
hub.jazz.net/deploy/deploy.css	212 ms
hub.jazz.net/code/cfui/cfUtil.js	197 ms
hub.jazz.net/deploy/images/defa	196 ms
hub.jazz.net/deploy/inputUtils.js	196 ms

Resources load time



hub.jazz.net/deploy/index.html

Filter locations

Tokyo, Japan

Portland, OR

Download time



57.7 s

MAX DURATION

0.000 ms

MIN DURATION

484 ms

AVG DURATION

< 406 ms

FOR 50% OF REQUESTS

# Team Communication: Slack

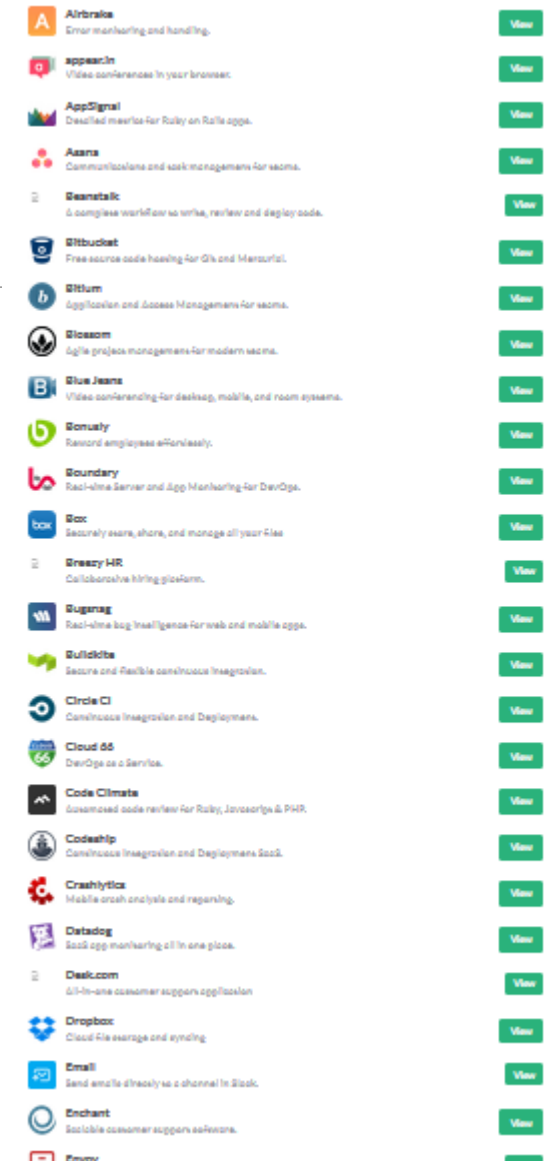
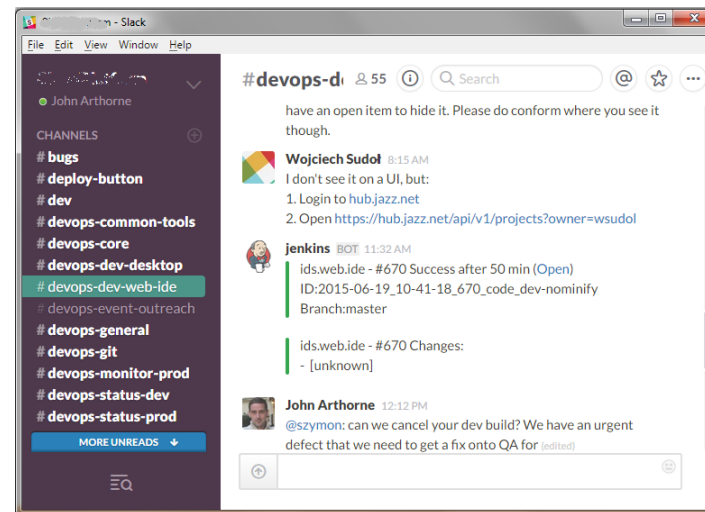
Like IRC with great user experience and integrations

Interrupty communication breaks developer flow

Slack gives you focused communication with ability for others to “pull” the information

Great client apps, slick and comprehensive integrations

Reasonable free account limits



# Log Monitoring

## SPLUNK

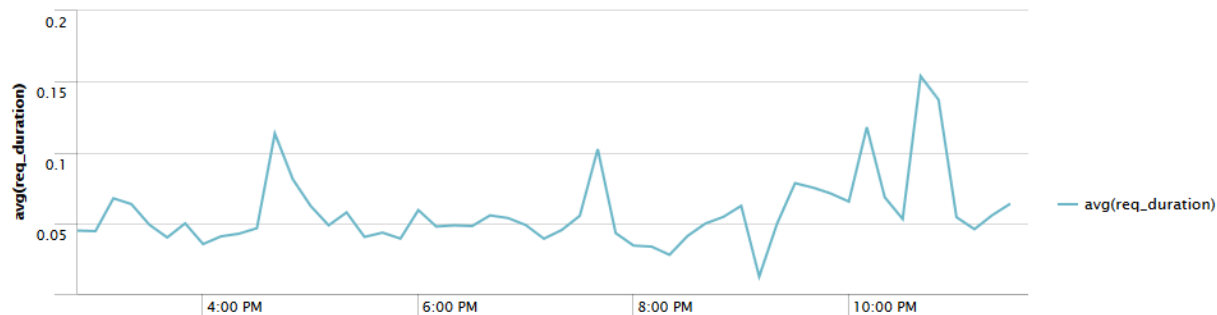


Slick, easy to use UI

Quickly drill in to get results, statistical analysis

Great for deep root cause analysis

Con: Expensive



## ELK

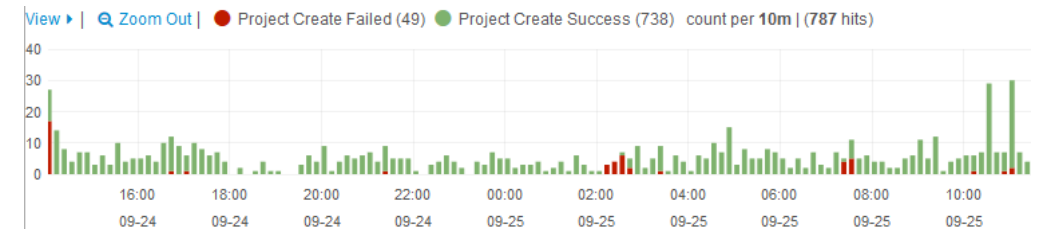


Highly configurable dashboards

Flexible and customizable architecture for DIY

Great for high level monitoring

Con: Cumbersome UI



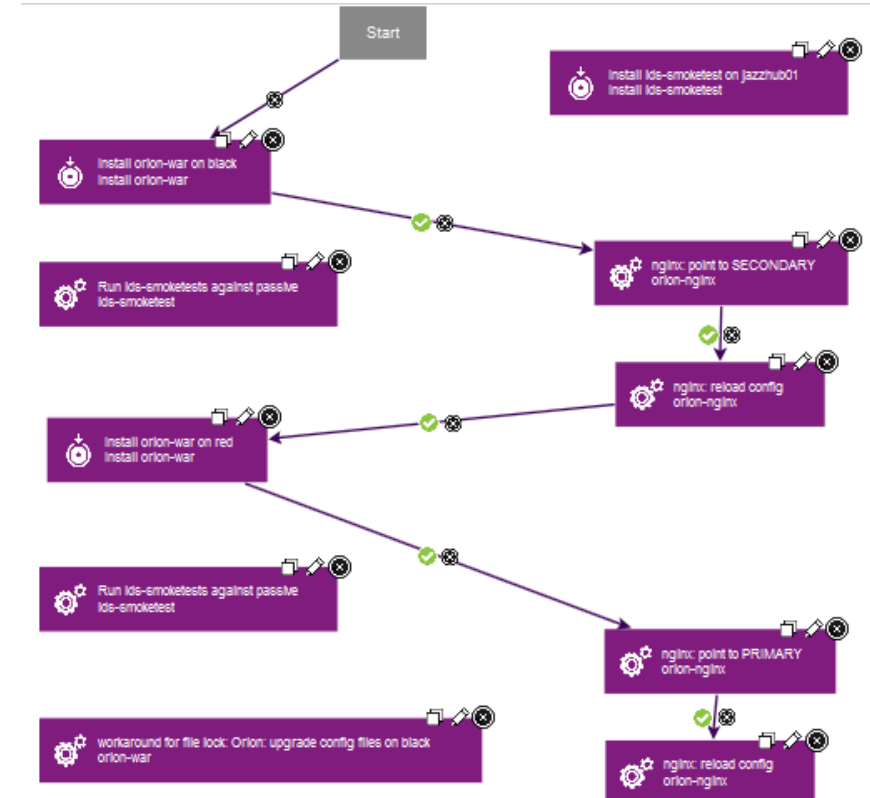
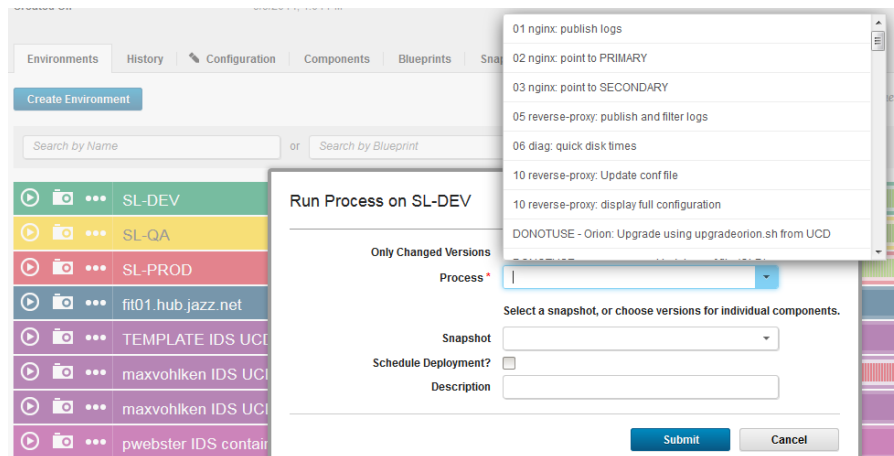
# Automated Delivery: Urban Code

Deliver to staging environments in **exactly** the same way you deliver to production

Full traceability of what changed, when, and by whom

Predictable rollback: expect failure!

Blue/green deployment to avoid downtime





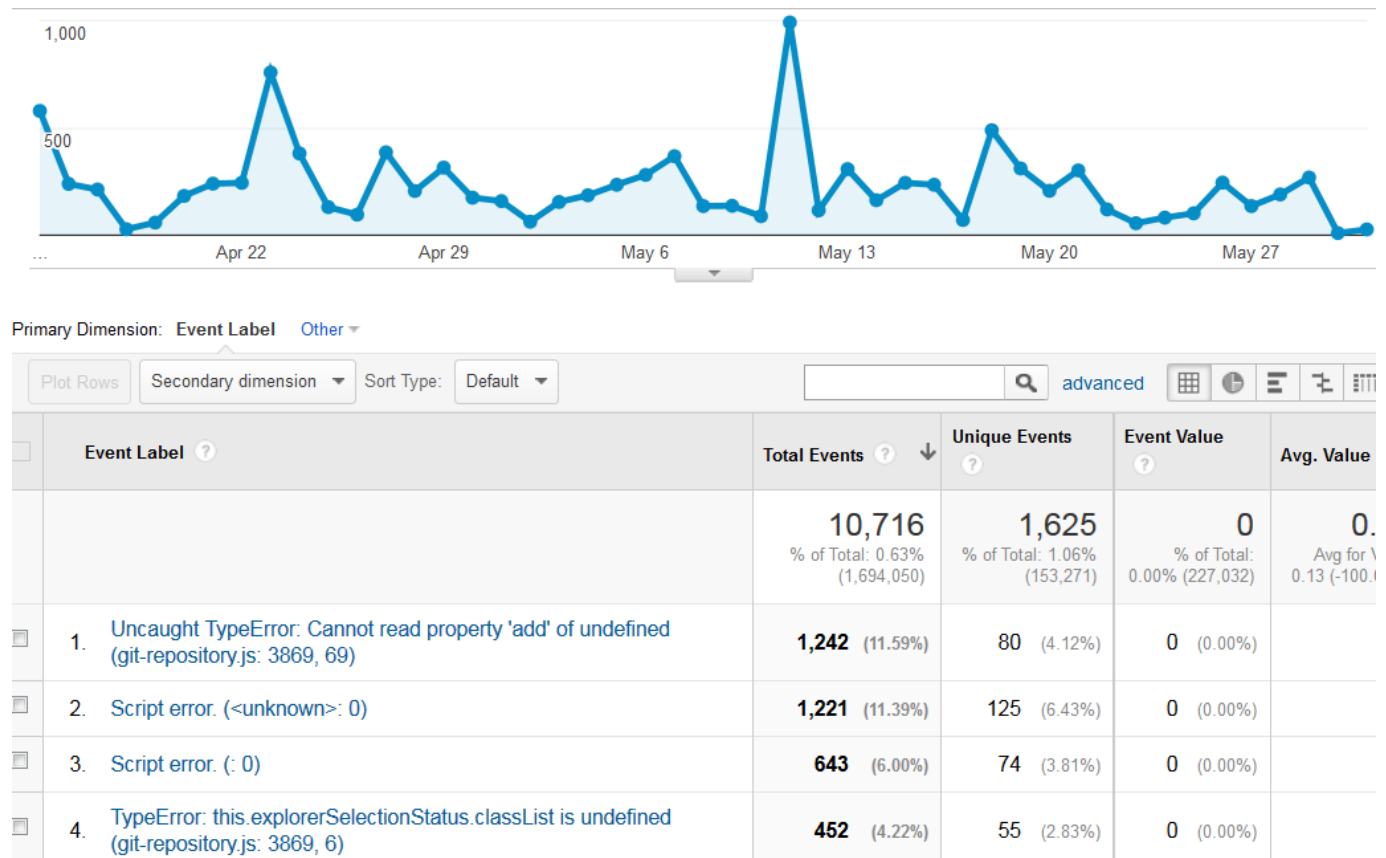
# Metrics: Google Analytics

*“The only real failure is the one we learn nothing from”*

- Henry Ford

Not just for page views! Custom events allow you to instrument a rich web application

Tracking every command use, every client exception



# Thanks for listening!

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