1) Dynamic dropdown

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Dynamic Dropdown Population</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Dynamic Dropdown Population</h1>
  <select id="categorySelect">
     <option value="fruits">Fruits</option>
     <option value="vegetables">Vegetables</option>
  </select>
  <select id="itemSelect">
     <option value="">Select an item
  </select>
  <script>
    // Get references to the select elements
     const categorySelect = document.getElementById('categorySelect');
     const itemSelect = document.getElementById('itemSelect');
    // Define a data structure for items
     const items = {
       fruits: ['Apple', 'Banana', 'Orange'],
       vegetables: ['Carrot', 'Broccoli', 'Tomato'],
    };
    // Function to populate the item dropdown based on the selected category
    function populateItems() {
       const selectedCategory = categorySelect.value;
       const itemOptions = items[selectedCategory];
       // Clear the current options
       itemSelect.innerHTML = ";
       // Add a default option
       const defaultOption = document.createElement('option');
       defaultOption.value = ";
       defaultOption.text = 'Select an item';
       itemSelect.appendChild(defaultOption);
       // Populate the item options
       if (itemOptions) {
         itemOptions.forEach(item => {
            const option = document.createElement('option');
            option.value = item;
            option.text = item;
            itemSelect.appendChild(option);
         });
       }
    }
```

```
// Event listener to call the populateItems function when the category changes
     categorySelect.addEventListener('change', populateItems);
    // Initial population of items
    populateItems();
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

2) Movie ticketing website and calculate total amount.

3) React Hooks.

```
In App.js
```

```
import React, { useState, useEffect } from "react";
function App() {
 // Declare a state variable named 'count' with an initial value of 0
 const [count, setCount] = useState(0);
 // Declare a side effect using the useEffect hook
 useEffect(() => {
  document.title = `Count: ${count}`;
}, [count]);
 return (
  <div>
   <h1>React Hooks Example</h1>
   Count: {count}
   <button onClick={() => setCount(count + 1)}>Increment/button>
   <button onClick={() => setCount(count - 1)}>Decrement/button>
  </div>
);
```

export default App;

4) Make a form and validate using JS not HTML attributes.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
 <head>
  <title>Form Validation</title>
 </head>
 <body>
  <h1>Form Validation with JavaScript</h1>
  <form id="myForm" onsubmit="return validateForm()">
   <label for="name">Name:</label>
   <input type="text" id="name" placeholder="Enter your name" /><br />
   <label for="email">Email:</label>
   <input
    type="text"
    id="email"
    placeholder="Enter your email"
```

```
/><br /><br />
   <label for="password">Password:</label>
    type="password"
    id="password"
    placeholder="Enter your password"
   /><br /><br />
   <button type="submit">Submit
  </form>
  <script>
   function validateForm() {
    // Get form elements
    var name = document.getElementById("name").value;
    var email = document.getElementById("email").value;
    var password = document.getElementById("password").value;
    var errorText = document.getElementById("errorText");
    // Simple validation: check if fields are empty
    if (name === "" || email === "" || password === "") {
     errorText.textContent = "All fields are required";
      return false; // Prevent form submission
    }
    // Validate email using a simple regular expression
    var emailPattern = /^[^\s@]+@[^\s@]+\.[^\s@]+$/;
    if (!emailPattern.test(email)) {
     errorText.textContent = "Invalid email format";
     return false; // Prevent form submission
    }
    // Password length validation
    if (password.length < 6) {
     errorText.textContent = "Password must be at least 6 characters long";
     return false; // Prevent form submission
    }
    // If all validation checks pass, the form is submitted
    errorText.textContent = ""; // Clear any previous error message
    return true;
   }
  </script>
 </body>
</html>
5) Create a NodeJS module and use it to perform arithmetic operations.
In mathOperation.js
function add(a, b) {
```

return a + b:

}

```
function subtract(a, b) {
 return a - b;
}
function multiply(a, b) {
 return a * b;
}
function divide(a, b) {
 if (b == 0) {
  throw new Error("Division by zero is not possible");
 return a / b;
module.exports = {
 add,
 subtract,
 multiply,
 divide,
};
In App.js
const mathOperations = require("./mathOperation.js");
const a = 10;
const b = 5;
console.log(`Addition: {a} + {b} = {\text{mathOperations.add}(a, b)}');
console.log(`Subtraction: ${a} - ${b} = ${mathOperations.subtract(a, b)}`);
console.log(`Multiplication: ${a} * ${b} = ${mathOperations.multiply(a, b)}`);
try {
 console.log(`Division: ${a} / ${b} = ${mathOperations.divide(a, b)}`);
} catch (e) {
 console.log(e.message);
}
6) Inheritance in react
In App.js
import React from "react";
// Base class
class Animal extends React.Component {
 constructor(props) {
  super(props);
  this.state = {
   name: "Unknown",
  };
 }
 render() {
  return (
```

```
<div>
     <h2>Animal</h2>
     Name: {this.state.name}
   </div>
  );
}
// Child class that inherits from Animal
class Dog extends Animal {
 constructor(props) {
  super(props);
  this.state.name = "Dog";
}
 render() {
  return (
   <div>
     <h2>Dog</h2>
     Name: {this.state.name}
   </div>
  );
}
function App() {
 return (
  <div>
   <h1>Inheritance in React</h1>
   <Animal />
   <Dog/>
  </div>
);
}
export default App;
7) Routing using React, Express, Node
React
App.js
import "./App.css";
import Home from "./components/Home.jsx";
import About from "./components/About.jsx";
import Contact from "./components/Contact.jsx";
import { Routes, Route, BrowserRouter } from "react-router-dom";
function App() {
 return (
  <>
   <BrowserRouter>
     <Routes>
      <Route path="/" element={<Home />} />
      <Route path="/about" element={<About />} />
```

```
<Route path="/contact" element={<Contact />} />
    </Routes>
   </BrowserRouter>
  </>
);
export default App;
/components/Home.js
import React from 'react'
const Home = () => {
 return (
  <div>
   Home component
  </div>
}
export default Home
/components/About.js
import React from 'react'
const About = () => {
 return (
  <div>
   About component
  </div>
)
}
export default About
/components/Contact.js
import React from 'react'
const Contact = () => {
 return (
  <div>
   Contact component
  </div>
 )
}
export default Contact
Express
const express = require('express');
const app = express();
```

```
const port = 3000;
app.listen(port, () => console.log(`Server challa hai at port ${port}!`));
app.get('/', (req, res) => {
  res.send('Home');
});
app.get('/about', (req, res) => {
  res.send('About');
})
app.get('/contact', (req, res) => {
  res.send('Contact');
})
Node
const http = require('http');
// Create a server object
http.createServer(function (req, res) {
        // http header
        res.writeHead(200, {'Content-Type': 'text/html'});
        const url = req.url;
        if(url ==='/about') {
                res.write(' Welcome to about us page');
                res.end();
        }
        else if(url ==='/contact') {
                res.write(' Welcome to contact us page');
                res.end();
        }
        else {
                res.write('Hello World!');
                res.end();
        }
}).listen(3000, function() {
        // The server object listens on port 3000
        console.log("server start at port 3000");
});
```

8) Bootstrap tooltips and breadcrumbs

Tooltips: added to breadcrumbHome.html similarly sab me daal do

```
Breadcrumbs:
breadcrumbHome.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
  k href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css"
rel="stylesheet"
integrity="sha384-T3c6Coli6uLrA9TneNEoa7RxnatzjcDSCmG1MXxSR1GAsXEV/Dwwykc2MP
K8M2HN" crossorigin="anonymous">
<body>
    <nav aria-label="breadcrumb">
    class="breadcrumb">
     Home
     class="breadcrumb-item" ><a href="breadcrumbAbout.html" data-toggle="tooltip"</p>
title="Click to go to about page">About</a>
     class="breadcrumb-item active" aria-current="page"><a</pre>
href="breadcrumbContact.html" data-toggle="tooltip" title="Click to go to Contact
page">Contact</a>
    </nav>
  <h1>This is home page</h1>
</body>
</html>
breadcrumbContact.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
  k href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css"
rel="stylesheet"
integrity="sha384-T3c6Coli6uLrA9TneNEoa7RxnatzjcDSCmG1MXxSR1GAsXEV/Dwwykc2MP
K8M2HN" crossorigin="anonymous">
<body>
  <nav aria-label="breadcrumb">
    class="breadcrumb-item"> <a href="breadcrumbHome.html"> Home </a> 
     class="breadcrumb-item"><a href="breadcrumbAbout.html">About</a>
```

```
Contact
   </nav>
 <h1>This is contact page</h1>
</body>
</html>
breadcrumbAbout.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 <title>Document</title>
 k href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css"
rel="stylesheet"
integrity="sha384-T3c6Coli6uLrA9TneNEoa7RxnatzjcDSCmG1MXxSR1GAsXEV/Dwwykc2MP
K8M2HN" crossorigin="anonymous">
<body>
  <nav aria-label="breadcrumb">
   <|i class="breadcrumb-item"> <a href="breadcrumbHome.html"> Home </a> 
    About
    <a</pre>
href="breadcrumbContact.html">Contact</a>
   </nav>
 <h1>This is about page</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

9) NodeJS FS Asynchronous and Synchronous

Make a file example.txt in the same dir

In AsynchronousFS.js

```
const fs = require("fs");

// Asynchronous file read
fs.readFile("example.txt", "utf8", (err, data) => {
  if (err) {
    console.error(err);
    return;
  }
  console.log("Asynchronous File Content:");
  console.log(data);
});
console.log("Reading file asynchronously...");
```

```
Output:
Reading file asynchronously...
Asynchronous File Content:
Hello this is the example . txt file
required for the FS module of NODEJS
In SynchronousFS.js
const fs = require("fs");
// Synchronous file read
try {
 const data = fs.readFileSync("example.txt", "utf8");
 console.log("Synchronous File Content:");
 console.log(data);
} catch (err) {
 console.error(err);
console.log("Reading file synchronously...");
Output:
Synchronous File Content:
Hello this is the example . txt file
required for the FS module of NODEJS
Reading file synchronously...
10) Take i/p from a form calculate BMI and give results based on the data table
11) Props, State example
In App.js
import React, { useState } from "react";
function WelcomeMessage(props) {
 return (
  <div>
   <h1>Props Example</h1>
   Hello, {props.name}!
  </div>
);
}
function Counter() {
 // Declare a state variable named 'count' with an initial value of 0
 const [count, setCount] = useState(0);
 return (
  <div>
   <h1>React Hooks Example</h1>
   Count: {count}
   <button onClick={() => setCount(count + 1)}>Increment</button>
   <button onClick={() => setCount(count - 1)}>Decrement/button>
  </div>
);
}
```

export default App;

- 12) Node Routing
- 13) Make a kid accessories website using bootstrap tooltips and Breadcrumb
- 14) Javascript: Take form input child name, DOB, height, weight
 - a) calculate age by giving DOB as input
 - b) tell whether the child is underweight or overweight by age and weight Eg

if the newborn baby age 0 years 0 months

so if its weight is less than 3.3 kg then underweight more than 3.3 kg then overweight

similarly table will display results for babies 3 months 6 months 9 months 1 year

- 15) node program to perform synchronous and asynchronous operations on the file
- 16) Write a Javascript program for menu-driven categories that enable you to perform the following set of tasks
 - 1) To calculate the Number of links in a webpage
 - 2) Design a drop-down option consisting of colors, and upon choosing the color from the down it should change the background color of the webpage

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Background Color Changer</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Background Color Changer</h1>
  <label for="colorSelect">Select a Color:</label>
  <select id="colorSelect">
    <option value="white">White</option>
    <option value="red">Red</option>
    <option value="blue">Blue</option>
    <option value="green">Green</option>
    <option value="yellow">Yellow</option>
  </select>
  <script>
    const colorSelect = document.getElementById('colorSelect');
    // Function to change the background color
    function changeBackgroundColor() {
       const selectedColor = colorSelect.value;
       document.body.style.backgroundColor = selectedColor;
```

```
}

// Event listener to call the changeBackgroundColor function when a color is selected
colorSelect.addEventListener('change', changeBackgroundColor);
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

- 3)Create a Registration Form and use data validation using Regular Expression upon Registration, it should display Registered Successful or Details not entered or wrong mobile number/email ID/d.o.b depending on the validation and that message should be displayed as a pop-up with a timeout.
- 17) Create a sharemarket website using html css. Take a person's name,address, phone no,share purchase value, quantity, share current value. Calculate the profit/loss