

What is Kubernetes?



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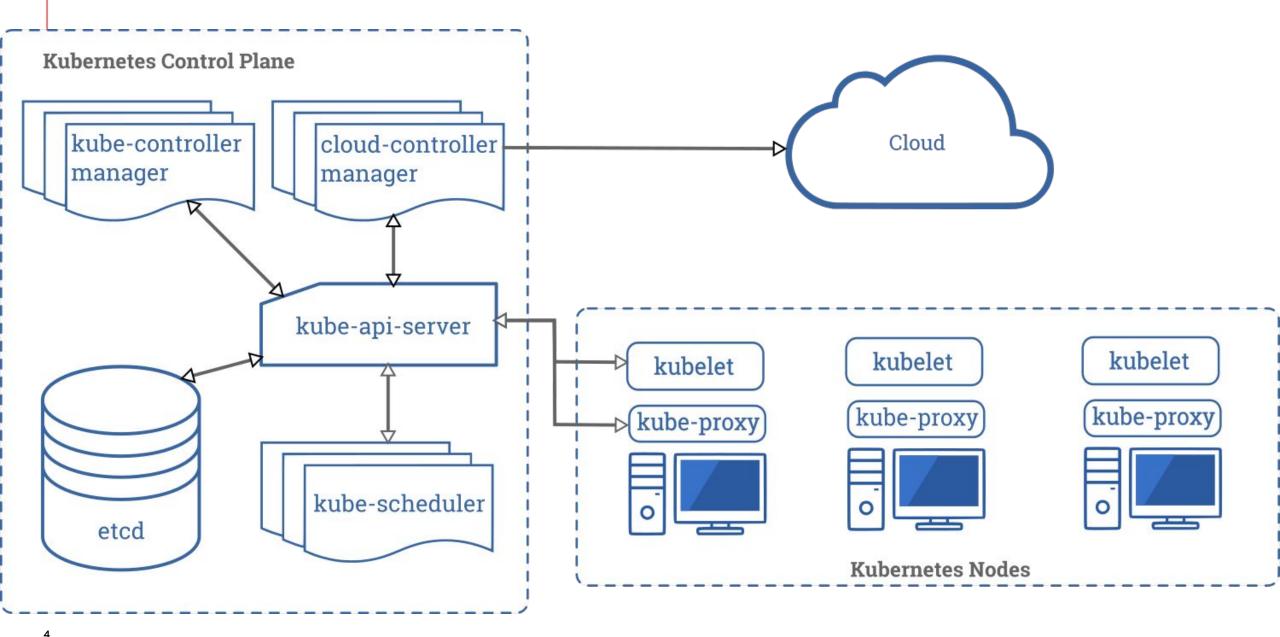
- "An open-source system for automating deployment, scaling, and management of containerized applications" (https://kubernetes.io/)
- Layman terms Kubernetes is a scheduler for containers
- Abstracts away the details of infrastructure
- "Kubernetes is the new kernel."

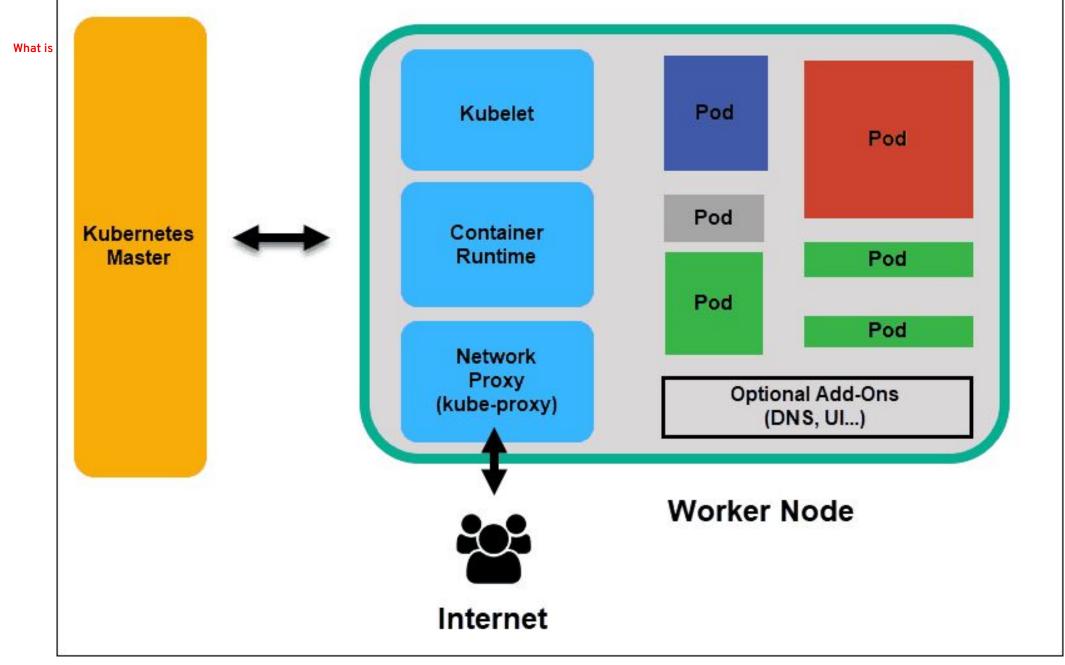


History of Kubernetes

- Came from Google (announced in 2014)
- Influenced by Google's own cluster manager (Borg/Omega)
- Greek word for Helmsman or Governor
 - The captain of the container ship
- Written in GOLANG
- Google and the Linux foundation formed the CNCF (Cloud Native Computing Foundation) and donated the first project (2015)









Kubernetes
basic building
blocks



Declarative API - The unsung hero

The Control Plane's Declarative API is the most underrated and important part of Kubernetes

- Inception: Orchestrator of containers
- Today: Orchestrator of containers and container adjacent things
- Tomorrow: Orchestrator of Orchestrators and Clouds

"Kubernetes is Infrastructure as Data" - Kelsey Hightower

"Containers is just how it started, Kubernetes is bound for much more" - Bassam Tabbara

Object Model

All Objects have:

- GVK (Group/Version/Kind)
- Metadata
- "spec" This is what I want to happen
- "status" This is what the actual state is

*Objects are described in YAML and converted to JSON when sent to the API server.

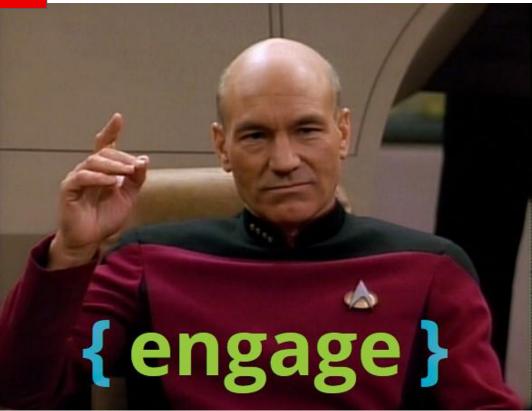
Resource definition

```
object1.yaml x
                                 Group: apps Version: v1beta
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
                            Kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: nginx-g
                       Spec: Make it so!
spec:
  replicas: 3
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: nginx
    spec:
      containers:

    name: hello-world

        image: hello-world:latest
        ports:

    containerPort: 80
```

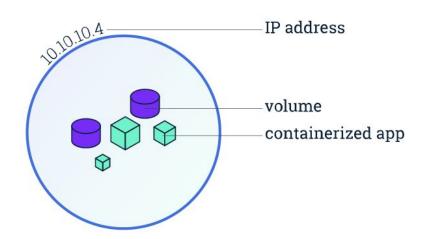


Pod

A pod is the atomic unit of an application in Kubernetes.

One (or more) containers that share:

- Networking (IP address)
- Linux namespace
- Storage
- Memory



Pod

```
kubectl create -f
```

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jankleinert/hello-workshop/master/pod.jso

kubectl get pods

kubectl describe pod/hello-k8s

Volumes / Configmaps / Secrets

Volumes, Configmaps, and Secrets are used to insert data into pods at runtime

- Volumes are essentially just a directory on disk
 - Ephemeral or Persistent (PV/PVC)
- **Configmaps** are a declarative way to store and insert configuration data in to pods as volumes
- Secrets are just like configmaps only they store their data in RAM and can be encrypted and obfuscated from the host.

Service

A networking construct to abstract the Pod

3 basic types of Services:

- ClusterIP basic load balancing (internal to cluster only)
- NodePort Translates ClusterIP:port to NodeIP:port
- LoadBalancer integrates with 3rd party / external LB



Service

Acts as a single endpoint for a collection of replicated pods like a load balancer

```
kind: Service
apiVersion: v1
metadata:
  name: hello-k8s
  creationTimestamp:
  labels:
    run: hello-k8s
spec:
  ports:
  - protocol: TCP
    port: 8080
    targetPort: 8080
  selector:
    run: hello-k8s
  type: NodePort
status:
  loadBalancer: {}
```



Service

kubectl expose pod/hello-k8s --port 8080 --type=NodePort

kubectl get svc/hello-k8s -o yaml

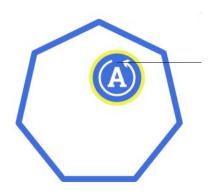
curl hello-k8s.<userX>:8080

ReplicaSets / Deployments

ReplicaSets - Scales Pods...That's it...

Deployments - Declarative updater for pods and ReplicaSets

- What is running and where?
- What services and resources are available to it?
- Policies for how things should behave (IFTTT logic)
- Rollback / Scaleup / Rollout definitions



Stateful Sets / Daemon Sets / Cron Jobs

Stateful Sets

- A special deployment type for stateful workloads
- Stable and ordered constructs
- Volumes scale out with pods

Daemon Sets

- A special deployment type that runs on a defined set of nodes
- As nodes get added that match, the pods scale
- Useful for infrastructure services

Cron Jobs

- Batch processing
- Serverless (like)
- Schedule when you want to run a pod

DIY Kubernetes does not include all components that production needs



Do It Yourself Kubernetes - some assembly required

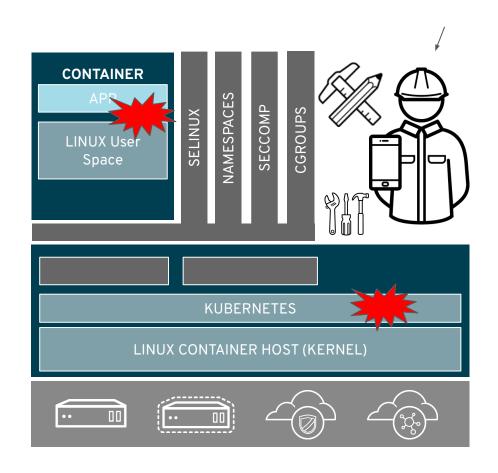


DIY: WHAT YOU NOW OWN

If you want to run DIY Kubernetes...

You will now OWN:

Building your full DIY Kubernetes Stack Testing your DIY Kubernetes Stack Keeping up with Kubernetes (every 90 days) Updating add-on projects Patching OS Security CVEs (1 per week) Finding full-stack problems Fixing full-stack problems



You

All without any enterprise Technical Support

OCP vs DIY Kubernetes

	Red Hat OpenShift 4	& kubernetes
Service mesh	✓ Istio, Jaeger, Kiali, Prometheus&Grafana	×
Logging	✓ EFK	×
Metrics	✓ Prometheus/Grafana	×
Storage	✓ OpenShift Container Storage	×
Network	✓ OVN	×
Ingress	✓ Kubernetes Ingress/Routes	✓ Kubernetes Ingress
Ingress controller	✓ HA Proxy	×
Egress	✓ Egress Router	×
Authentication	✓ Kubernetes Auth/RH-IdM	✓ Kubernetes Auth
App isolation	✓ Kubernetes scheduler	✓ Kubernetes Scheduler
Infrastructure	✓ Bare metal, vSphere, KVM, OpenStack, AWS, GCP, Azure	✓ BYO Linux
Infra automation	✓ Ansible/Operators	×
Infra management	✓ Admin Console	×
Operating system	✓ RHEL or RHEL CoreOS	×



OCP vs DIY Kubernetes

	Red Hat OpenShift 4	& kubernetes
Container orchestration	✓ Kubernetes	√ Kubernetes
Container image	✓ OCI-compliant	✓ BYO OCI-compliant
Container runtime	✓ CRIO	✓ BYO OCI-compliant engine
Container build	✓ RHCC/S2I/containerfile	X
Container registry	✓ Quay/OSS docker registry	X
Container scanner	✓ Clair	X
CI/CD automation	✓ OCP Pipelines/Tekton	X
IDE	✓ Che/Code Ready workspaces	X
Web UX	✓ Web console (admin and developer perspectives)	√ Web console
CLIUX	✓ oc/odo/kubectl	√ kubectl
Service catalog	✓ Operators	X
Secrets management	✓ Kubernetes Secrets	✓ Kubernetes Secrets



Thank you

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