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1 %%This class is a collection of functions related to signal✓
detection via
2 %%Karhunen Loeve Transformation
3 %%written by Tim Jaschek as a part of his bachelor thesis%%
4
5 %%Used to generate FIGURE 5 %%
6 %%...to generate it, type the following in your MATLAB command:
7 %%Signal;
8 %%Signal.compare2();
9 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
10
11 classdef Signal
12     properties (Constant)
13     end
14     methods (Static)
15         function tone = SinTone(toneFreq,sampleFreq)
16             %build sine tone
17             t = (1:sampleFreq) / sampleFreq;           % build✓
time steps of length 1 second
18             tone = sin(2 * pi * toneFreq * t);         %✓
sinusoidal modulation
19         end
20         function playTone(tone,sampleFreq)
21             %play tone
22             sound(tone, sampleFreq);           % sound function from✓
Matlab
23             pause(1.5);           % wait
24         end
25         function spect = Spectrum(coeff)
26             spect = abs(coeff);
27             %know spectrum is two sided. Make it one sided:
28             spect = spect(1:length(coeff)/2+1);
29             spect(2:end-1) = 2*spect(2:end-1);
30         end
31         function K = AutoCo(data)
32             [M,N] = size(data);
33             K = zeros(N,N);
34             AK = zeros(N);
35             for j=1:N
36                 for l=1:M
37                     AK(j) = AK(j) + data(l,1)*data(l,j);
38                 end
39                 AK(j)=AK(j)/M;
40             end

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41         for j=1:N
42             for k=1:N
43                 K(j,k) = AK(abs(j-k)+1);
44             end
45         end
46     end
47     function K = AutoCo2(data)
48         [M,N] = size(data);
49         K = zeros(N,N);
50         for j = 1:N
51             for k = 1:N
52                 %use symmetry to save operations
53                 if k<j
54                     K(j,k) = K(k,j);
55                 else
56                     for l=1:M
57                         K(j,k)= K(j,k) + data(l,k)*data(l,j);
58                     end
59                     K(j,k)=K(j,k)/M;
60                 end
61             end
62         end
63     end
64     function coeff = KLT(K,E)
65         Kernels;
66         [lambda,Phi] = Kernels.trapez_Sceme(K);
67         Phi(:,1)=sqrt(lambda(1))*Phi(:,1);
68         %for i = 2:5
69         %     Phi(:,1)=Phi(:,1)+sqrt(lambda(i))*Phi(:,i);
70         %end
71         N = length(E);
72         A = zeros(1,N);
73         for j=1:N
74             A(j) = Phi(j,1)+E(j);
75         end
76         coeff = fft(A);
77     end
78     function compare()
79         %build measure values
80         N = 1400;
81         M = 40000;
82         figure
83         %different factor for the noise amplitude
84         for i = 1:4

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85         data = zeros(M,N);
86         if i ==1
87             z=2;
88         elseif i ==2
89             z=4;
90         elseif i == 3
91             z=10;
92         else
93             z=100;
94         end
95         for j = 1:M
96             %generate M times tone + noise
97             tone = Signal.SinTone(300,N);
98             noise = z*randn(1,N);
99             data(j,:) = tone + noise;
100        end
101        %first line is B
102        B = data(1,:);
103        %take the time
104        tic;
105        %build covariance matrix
106        K = Signal.AutoCo(data);
107        %KARHUNEN-LOEVE TRANSFORMATION
108        %KLT returns first Eigenfunction in Fourier base
109        coeff = Signal.KLT(K,zeros(1,N));
110        spectrum_KLT = Signal.Spectrum(coeff);
111        toc
112        tic;
113        %FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM
114        spectrum_FFT = Signal.Spectrum(fft(B));
115        toc
116        subplot(4,2,1+2*(i-1));
117        plot(spectrum_FFT);
118        if i == 1
119            title('SNR=0.5 - FFT');
120        elseif i == 2
121            title('SNR=0.25 - FFT');
122        elseif i == 3
123            title('SNR=0.1 - FFT');
124        elseif i == 4
125            title('SNR=0.01 - FFT');
126        end
127        xlabel('Frequenz in Hz');
128        ylabel('Magnitude');
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129         subplot(4,2,2+2*(i-1));
130         plot(spectrum_KLT);
131         if i == 1
132             title('SNR=0.5 - KLT');
133         elseif i == 2
134             title('SNR=0.25 - KLT');
135         elseif i == 3
136             title('SNR=0.1 - KLT');
137         elseif i == 4
138             title('SNR=0.01 - KLT');
139         end
140         xlabel('Frequenz in Hz');
141         ylabel('Magnitude');
142     end
143 end
144 function compare2()
145     %build measure values
146     N = 1400;
147     M = 300;
148     figure
149     %different factor for the noise amplitude
150     for i = 1:4
151         data = zeros(M,N);
152         if i ==1
153             z=2;
154         elseif i ==2
155             z=4;
156         elseif i == 3
157             z=10;
158         else
159             z=50;
160         end
161         for j = 1:M
162             %generate M times tone + noise
163             tone = Signal.SinTone(300,N);
164             noise = z*randn(1,N);
165             data(j,:) = tone + noise;
166         end
167         %compute Expectation
168         E = zeros(1,N);
169         for j = 1:N
170             E(j) = sum(data(:,j))/M;
171         end
172         for j=1:M
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173         data(j,:)=data(j,:)-E;
174     end
175     %first line is B
176     B = data(1,:);
177     %take the time
178     tic;
179     %build covariance matrix
180     K = Signal.AutoCo2(data);
181     %KARHUNEN-LOEVE TRANSFORMATION
182     %KLT returns first Eigenfunction in Fourier base
183     coeff = Signal.KLT(K,E);
184     spectrum_KLT = Signal.Spectrum(coeff);
185     toc
186     tic;
187     %FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM
188     spectrum_FFT = Signal.Spectrum(fft(B+E));
189     toc
190     subplot(4,2,1+2*(i-1));
191     plot(spectrum_FFT);
192     if i == 1
193         title('SNR=0.5 - FFT');
194     elseif i == 2
195         title('SNR=0.25 - FFT');
196     elseif i == 3
197         title('SNR=0.1 - FFT');
198     elseif i == 4
199         title('SNR=0.02 - FFT');
200     end
201     xlabel('Frequenz in Hz');
202     ylabel('Magnitude');
203     subplot(4,2,2+2*(i-1));
204     plot(spectrum_KLT);
205     if i == 1
206         title('SNR=0.5 - KLT');
207     elseif i == 2
208         title('SNR=0.25 - KLT');
209     elseif i == 3
210         title('SNR=0.1 - KLT');
211     elseif i == 4
212         title('SNR=0.02 - KLT');
213     end
214     xlabel('Frequenz in Hz');
215     ylabel('Magnitude');
216 end
```

217 end

218 end

219 end

220