



# **FEWD - Responsive Basics**

**James Gallichio**

# Agenda

- Review
- Responsive Layouts
- Fonts - rem/em
- Media Queries

# **Review**



**Boxes**

# **Responsive Design**

## Fixed Layout

- What we've mostly been doing till now
- Relies on a container of fixed width
- Usually around 960px or 980px

# Responsive Layout

- Different styles for different screen widths
- Uses an elastic/fluid layout
- Flexbox and percentages

# Fixed vs Responsive

Checkout these **Fixed** sites

- [Google.com](https://www.google.com)
- [Spacex.com](https://www.spacex.com)
- [UPS.com](https://www.ups.com)



Checkout these **Responsive** Sites

- [Generalassemb.ly](http://Generalassemb.ly)
- [Dwolla.com](http://Dwolla.com)
- [Shapeways.com](http://Shapeways.com)
- [Relayrides.com](http://Relayrides.com)



**Mobile Boxes**

# Font Sizing

## **Px**

- Based on display resolution pixels (rather than physical screen pixels)
- Simple, consistent size metric
- May not scale as well on older browsers if user changes font settings

# EM

- Relative size metric
- Sized based on the width of the letter 'M'
- A multiplier of the parent element's size
- 1em=100% font-size; 1.4em = 140% font-size;

# EM

```
.someElement {  
  font-size: 16px;  
}  
  
.someElement .child {  
  font-size: 2em;  
}  
  
.someElement .child .grandchild {  
  font-size: 1.5em;  
}  
  
/* .child's font size is 32px */  
/* .grandchild's font size is 48px */
```

# REM

- 'Root' em
- Same as em but based on the font-size of `<html>` element

# REM

```
html {  
  font-size: 14px;  
}  
  
.someElement .child {  
  font-size: 2rem;  
}  
  
.someElement .child .grandchild {  
  font-size: 1.5rem;  
}  
  
/* .child's font size is 28px */  
/* .grandchild's font size is 21px */
```



## What should I use?

- `px` is easiest to read
- `rem` is easier to scale and maintain
- Avoid `em` for fonts (fine for padding or margins though)

# Media Queries

# Media Queries - Specify the conditions

```
@media screen
@media print
@media (max-width: 1280px)
@media (min-width: 480px)
@media (orientation: portrait)
@media (orientation: landscape)
```

# Combine multiple conditions

Separate multiple clauses with 'and'

```
@media screen and (max-width: 600px){  
    /* mobile specific css in here */  
}  
  
@media (min-width: 600px) and (max-width: 960px) {  
    /* mobile specific css in here */  
}
```

# Usage

```
.box {  
  display: inline-block;  
  width: 30%;  
}  
  
@media only screen and (max-width:768px) {  
  .box {  
    display: block;  
    width: 100%;  
  }  
}
```

# Mobile Display

We can also specify how a mobile browser displays the document:

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
```

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=0.8, maximum-scale=2">
```

## Things to keep in mind

- Start with mobile first.
  - It's easier to scale up a simpler design than scale down a complex one.
  - You're forced to decide what your site *really* needs.
- Design for sizes not devices.
- Think about how user experience might differ across devices.



## **Responsive Boxes**



## Further Reading

- [w3schools - Responsive Web design](#)
- [MDN - Using media queries](#)
- [CSS-Tricks - Media Queries for Standard Devices](#)