## data\_analysis

## December 7, 2024

Author: Jase Banta Data: 2024-12-07

Description: Sample python code written for UChicago M.S. Applied Data Science Program.

```
[5]: import csv, random, argparse
     import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import seaborn, matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     class Utility:
         def __init__(self):
             pass
         def random_select(self, source: str, target: str, size: float) -> str:
             with open(source, 'r') as file:
                 reader = csv.reader(file, delimiter= ';')
                 header = next(reader)
                 data = list(reader)
                 size = round(size * len(data))
                 sample_rows = random.sample(data, min(size, len(data)))
             with open(target, 'w', newline= '') as outfile:
                 writer = csv.writer(outfile, delimiter= ',')
                 writer.writerow(header)
                 writer.writerows(sample_rows)
             return target
         def summarize(self, value):
             pass
         def transformBinary(self, df, columns: list):
             mapping = {
                 'yes': True,
                 'no': False,
                 'unknown': np.nan
             }
```

```
for column in columns:
            df[column] = df[column].replace(mapping)
       return df
def fixCols(util, df):
   df['job'] = df['job'].apply(lambda val: val.rstrip(".,!?"))
   df["education"] = df["education"].apply(lambda val: val.replace('.', '-'))
   return df
def showHistogram(col):
   fig, ax = plt.subplots()
   ax.hist(col, bins = 18, linewidth = 0.5, edgecolor = 'blue')
   ax.set(xlim=(0, 90), xlabel= "Age (18 yr bin size)", ylabel= "Frequency")
   plt.show()
def main():
   util = Utility()
    sample_data = util.random_select(source = 'bank-additional-full.csv',_

¬target="bank-sample.csv", size = 0.15)
    sample data = pd.read csv(sample data)
   new_data = util.transformBinary(df = sample_data, columns = ['default', __
 new_data = fixCols(util, new_data)
   print(new_data[['age', 'duration']].describe())
   showHistogram(new_data['age'])
   pivot table = new data.pivot table(
       values='y',
       index=['education'],
       columns=['job'],
       aggfunc='mean',
       fill_value=np.nan
   )
    # print(pivot table)
    seaborn.heatmap(pivot_table, cmap=seaborn.cubehelix_palette(as_cmap=True))
   plt.title("Term Deposit Subscriber by Education and Job function")
   plt.show()
main()
```

```
duration
              age
count 6178.000000 6178.000000
                   258.878601
mean
        40.002266
std
        10.507797 260.536947
        18.000000
                      0.000000
min
25%
        32.000000
                    102,000000
50%
        38.000000
                    178.000000
```

75% 47.000000 319.000000 max 94.000000 3366.000000



