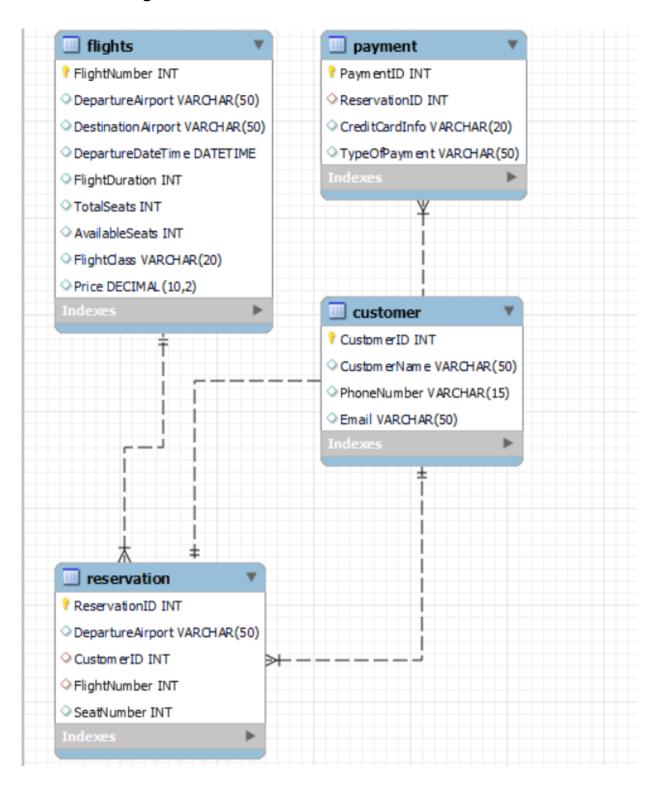
Term Project: Report 3

Database Structures

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Q0. Schema Diagram



Q1. Creating Six Queries:

Queries selected from HW2:

- SELECT * FROM Flights WHERE DepartureAirport = 'JFK' UNION SELECT * FROM Flights WHERE DestinationAirport = 'JFK';
- 2) SELECT Customer.*, Reservation.* FROM Customer, Reservation WHERE Customer.CustomerID = Reservation.CustomerID;
- 3) SELECT DepartureAirport FROM Flights UNION SELECT DestinationAirport FROM Flights;
- 4) SELECT SUM(AvailableSeats) FROM Flights WHERE FlightNumber ='101';
- 5) SELECT * FROM Customer WHERE CustomerID IN (SELECT CustomerID FROM Reservation WHERE Reservationid > '2')
- 6) SELECT * FROM Reservation WHERE ReservationID IN (SELECT ReservationID FROM Payment WHERE typeofpayment > 'Paypal')

Python for selected Queries:

```
import datetime
      import mysql.connector
      # Establish a database connection
      cnx = mysql.connector.connect(user='root', password='Database123',
host='localhost', database='test')
      cursor = cnx.cursor()
      # Define your SQL commands with host variables
      queries with variables = {
        'query1': {
           'sql': "SELECT * FROM Flights WHERE DepartureAirport = %s UNION
SELECT * FROM Flights WHERE DestinationAirport = %s",
           'params': ('JFK', 'JFK')
        },
        'query2': {
           'sgl': "SELECT Customer.*, Reservation.* FROM Customer, Reservation
WHERE Customer.CustomerID = Reservation.CustomerID AND Customer.CustomerID
= %s",
```

```
'params': (5,)
         },
         'query3': {
           'sgl': "SELECT DepartureAirport FROM Flights WHERE DepartureAirport =
%s UNION SELECT DestinationAirport FROM Flights WHERE DestinationAirport =
%s",
           'params': ('LAX', 'FLL')
         },
         'query4': {
           'sql': "SELECT SUM(AvailableSeats) FROM Flights WHERE FlightNumber
= %s",
           'params': ('101',)
         'query5': {
           'sql': "SELECT * FROM Customer WHERE CustomerID IN (SELECT
CustomerID FROM Reservation WHERE Reservationid > %s)",
           'params': ('2',)
         },
         'query6': {
           'sgl': "SELECT * FROM Reservation WHERE ReservationID IN (SELECT
ReservationID FROM Payment WHERE typeofpayment > %s)",
           'params': ('PayPal',)
         }
      }
      # Execute each guery with its corresponding host variables
      for query name, query info in queries with variables.items():
         cursor.execute(query info['sql'], query info['params']) # Execute the query
with host variables
         if query name in ['query1', 'query2', 'query3', 'query5', 'query6']:
           # Fetch and print results for SELECT queries
           results = cursor.fetchall()
           print(f"Results for {query name}:")
           for row in results:
              print(row)
         elif query name == 'query4':
           # For the aggregation query, fetch and print the result
           total seats = cursor.fetchone()
           print(f" Results for guery4:\n Total available seats for airline 'AA':
{total seats[0]}")
```

```
# Close the cursor and the database connection
cursor.close()
cnx.close()
```

Output for Python:

```
Results for query1:
(101, 'JFK', 'LAX', datetime.datetime(2023, 12, 3, 8, 0), Decimal('5.24'), 150, 145, 'Economy', Decimal('600.72'))
(104, 'ATL', 'JFK', datetime.datetime(2023, 11, 10, 10, 0), Decimal('3.23'), 120, 115, 'First Class', Decimal('399.99'))
(512, 'MIA', 'JFK', datetime.datetime(2023, 10, 24, 17, 41), Decimal('2.54'), 162, 18, 'Economy', Decimal('86.00'))
Results for query2:
(5, 'Justin Bieber', '123-456-7891', 'justin.bieb@email.com', 1, 6, 'LAX', 5, 5042, 2)
Results for query3:
('LAX',)
('FLL',)
Results for query4:
Total available seats for airline 'AA': 145
Results for query5:
(4, 'Taylor Swift', '555-555-5555', 't.swift@email.com', 1)
(5, 'Justin Bieber', '123-456-7891', 'justin.bieb@email.com', 1)
(6, 'Beyonce Knowles', '954-104-1395', 'beyonce.k@email.com', 1)
Results for query6:
(8, 'ATL', 4, 1111, 4)
```

Q2. Implementing Procedure and Function

Procedure containing aggregate function:

DELIMITER //

CREATE PROCEDURE GetTotalSeats()

BEGIN

SELECT SUM(AvailableSeats) AS TotalSeats FROM Flights;

END //

DELIMITER:

Function returning a value:

DELIMITER //

CREATE FUNCTION AverageFlightPrice() RETURNS DECIMAL(10,2)

```
DETERMINISTIC
READS SQL DATA
BEGIN
DECLARE result DECIMAL(10,2);
SELECT AVG(Price) INTO result FROM Flights;
RETURN result;
END //
DELIMITER;
```

Python using both procedures:

import mysql.connector

```
# Connect to the MySQL database
cnx = mysql.connector.connect(user='root', password='Database123', host='localhost',
database='test')
cursor = cnx.cursor()
# Call the stored procedure
try:
  cursor.callproc('GetTotalSeats')
  for result in cursor.stored results():
     print("Total available seats from stored procedure:", result.fetchone()[0])
except mysgl.connector.Error as err:
  print("An error occurred: {}".format(err))
# Call the function
try:
  cursor.execute("SELECT AverageFlightPrice()")
  average price = cursor.fetchone()[0]
  print("Average flight price:", average price)
except mysql.connector.Error as err:
  print("Error occurred: {}".format(err))
# Close the cursor and database connection
cursor.close()
cnx.close()
```

Output for Python:

Total available seats from stored procedure: 700
Average flight price: 307.46

Q3. Implementing HW1 tasks

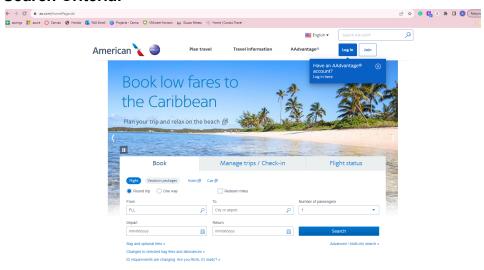
Part 1

For the implementation of tasks described in HW1 we have decided to go with the following.

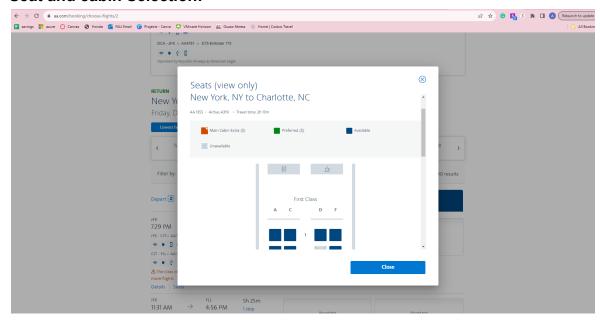
- **Search Criteria:** In this feature the user will be able to enter the criteria for which they wish to choose a flight. There will be a round trip or single flight option, dates for departure and/or return option, a departure airport option, a destination airport option, and a number of passengers option.
- **Seat Selection:** This one is pretty straight forward, after having entered the search criteria and having selected the flight(s), the passenger will be allowed to pick whether they would like to choose a specific seat and cabin class.
- **Customer Details:** Finally, after having completing all the previous selections a prompt will pop up asking the customer to enter their personal information and payment method for their purchase.

Below are the webpages that American Airlines currently uses:

Search Criteria:



Seat and cabin Selection:



Customer Details:

Passenger details			
Enter names as printed on each passenger's government-issued photo ID. TSA Secure Flight rules			
We collect your personal data in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Read how we use and protect your personal information. American Airlines privacy policy @			
Passenger 1			
(• Required)			
First name •	Middle name		Last name •
Loyalty program AAdvantage	Loyalty number	ır	
Date of birth •			
Month ▼ Day ▼ Year ▼	Gender • Select your ge	ender 🔻	Country / region of residence • Select a country / region
	As listed on your p	hoto ID	
Add Known Traveler number	⊕ Add redress	number	⊕ Add special assistance
Trip contact			
(* Required)			
Primary email •		ry email •	
Primary phone •			
Primary phone type Mobile	Select ▼	Number	

Part 2

import mysql.connector

```
# Connect to the MySQL database

cnx = mysql.connector.connect(user='root', password=", host='localhost',

database='P2_Schema')

cursor = cnx.cursor()
```

```
def search criteria():
  round trip = input("Round trip (yes/no): ")
  if round trip == "yes":
    departure date = input("Departure date (YYYY-MM-DD): ")
    return date = input("Return date (YYYY-MM-DD): ")
  elif round trip == "no":
    departure date = input("Departure date (YYYY-MM-DD): ")
  departure airport = input("Departure airport: ")
  destination airport = input("Destination airport: ")
  num passengers = int(input("Number of passengers: ")) # Convert to integer
  #SQL query to search for flights
  query = "SELECT * FROM Flights WHERE DepartureDateTime = %s AND
DepartureAirport = %s AND DestinationAirport = %s"
  cursor.execute(query, (departure date, departure airport, destination airport))
  flights = cursor.fetchall()
  print("\nAvailable Flights:\n")
  for flight in flights:
     FlightNumber, DepartureAirport, DestinationAirport, DepartureDateTime,
FlightDuration, TotalSeats, AvailableSeats, FlightClass, Price = flight
    print(f"Flight Number: {FlightNumber}")
    print(f"Departure Date and Time: {DepartureDateTime}")
    print(f"Departure Airport: {DepartureAirport}")
    print(f"Destination Airport: {DestinationAirport}")
    print(f"Available Cabin Class: {FlightClass}")
    print(f"Price: ${Price}")
  print("="*50) # Separator for better readability
  # Add more code to handle round trip, return date, etc.
def seat selection():
  choose seat = input("Do you want to choose a seat (yes/no): ")
  cabin class = input("Cabin class (economy/business/first): ")
  if choose seat.lower() == 'yes':
    # Add code for seat selection
```

```
seat number = input("Enter seat number: ")
    print(f"Seat {seat number} selected in {cabin class} class.\n")
  else:
    print(f"You have chosen {cabin class} class without seat selection.\n")
  print("="*50) # Separator for better readability
def customer_details():
  name = input("Full name: ")
  email = input("Email address: ")
  phone = input("Phone number: ")
  flightPurchased = 1
  # SQL query to save customer details
  query = "INSERT INTO Customer (CustomerName, Email, PhoneNumber,
FlightPurchased) VALUES (%s, %s, %s, %s)"
  cursor.execute(query, (name, email, phone, flightPurchased))
  cnx.commit()
  print("Customer details saved successfully.")
# Example usage:
search criteria()
seat_selection()
customer_details()
# Close the database connection
cursor.close()
cnx.close()
```

Part 3