```
In [3]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import scipy as sp

In [4]: %matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('ggplot')

In [5]: %%file hw_data.csv
id,sex,weight,height
1,M,190,77
2,F,120,70
3,F,110,68
4,M,150,72
5,0,120,66
6,M,120,60
7,F,140,70
```

Writing hw_data.csv

Python

```
Add each element in the list to `total` and return `total`

### DO NOT use a library function nor `sum()`

In [12]: def average(my_list):
    total = 0
    for item in my_list:
        #do something with item!
        total = total + item
        avg = total / len(my_list)

    return avg

average([1,2,1,4,3,2,5,9])
```

In []: ## 1. Finish creating the following function that takes a list and ret

Out[12]: 3.375

2. Using a Dictionary keep track of the count of numbers (or items) from a list

```
In [15]: def counts(my_list):
    counts = dict()
    for item in my_list:
        #do something with item!
        counts[item] = counts.get(item, 0) + 1

    return counts

counts([1,2,1,4,3,2,5,9])

Out[15]: {1: 2, 2: 2, 4: 1, 3: 1, 5: 1, 9: 1}
```

3. Using the counts() function you created above and the .split() function, return a dictionary of most occuring words from the following paragraph. Bonus, remove punctuation from words.

In [48]: paragraph_text = ''' For a minute or two she stood looking at the house, and wondering what The Fish-Footman began by producing from under his arm a great letter, Then they both bowed low, and their curls got entangled together. Alice laughed so much at this, that she had to run back into the wood Alice went timidly up to the door, and knocked. 'There's no sort of use in knocking,' said the Footman, 'and that for 'Please, then,' said Alice, 'how am I to get in?' 'There might be some sense in your knocking,' the Footman went on with 'I shall sit here,' the Footman remarked, 'till tomorrow-' At this moment the door of the house opened, and a large plate came sk counts(paragraph_text.split())

```
Out[48]: {'For': 2,
           'a': 15,
           'minute': 1,
           'or': 2,
           'two': 2,
           'she': 6,
           'stood': 1,
           'looking': 2,
           'at': 6,
           'the': 32,
           'house,': 1,
           'and': 16,
           'wondering': 1,
           'what': 2,
           'to': 15,
           'do': 1,
           'next,': 1,
           'when': 2,
           'suddenly': 1,
```

4. Read in a file using open() and iterated through the file line-by-line write each line from the file to a new file in a title()-ized. Create your own file for input

This is the first line -> This Is The First Line

Hint: There's a function to do this

```
In [105]: text = '''
          Four score and seven years ago our fathers brought forth on this conti
          Now we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation,
          We have come to dedicate a portion of that field, as a final resting p
          It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this.
          But, in a larger sense, we can not dedicate—we can not consecrate—we d
          The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here, have consecrated i
          The world will little note, nor long remember what we say here, but it
          It is for us the living, rather, to be dedicated here to the unfinishe
          It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining b
          with open('text.txt', 'r') as f1, open('new_text.txt', 'a') as f2:
              lines = f1.readlines()
              new lines = list(map(str.title, lines))
              print(new lines)
```

['\n', 'Four Score And Seven Years Ago Our Fathers Brought Forth On T his Continent, A New Nation, Conceived In Liberty, And Dedicated To T he Proposition That All Men Are Created Equal.\n', 'Now We Are Engage d In A Great Civil War, Testing Whether That Nation, Or Any Nation So Conceived And So Dedicated, Can Long Endure. We Are Met On A Great Ba ttle-Field Of That War.\n', 'We Have Come To Dedicate A Portion Of Th at Field, As A Final Resting Place For Those Who Here Gave Their Live s That That Nation Might Live.\n', 'It Is Altogether Fitting And Prop er That We Should Do This.\n', 'But, In A Larger Sense, We Can Not De dicate—We Can Not Consecrate—We Can Not Hallow—This Ground. \n', 'The Brave Men, Living And Dead, Who Struggled Here, Have Consecrated It, Far Above Our Poor Power To Add Or Detract.\n', 'The World Will Littl e Note, Nor Long Remember What We Say Here, But It Can Never Forget W hat They Did Here.\n', 'It Is For Us The Living, Rather, To Be Dedica ted Here To The Unfinished Work Which They Who Fought Here Have Thus Far So Nobly Advanced.\n', 'It Is Rather For Us To Be Here Dedicated To The Great Task Remaining Before Us—That From These Honored Dead We Take Increased Devotion To That Cause For Which They Gave The Last Fu ll Measure Of Devotion—That We Here Highly Resolve That These Dead Sh all Not Have Died In Vain-That This Nation, Under God, Shall Have A N ew Birth Of Freedom-And That Government Of The People, By The People, For The People, Shall Not Perish From The Earth.']

Numpy

1. Given a list, find the average using a numpy function.

```
In [92]: simple_list = [1,2,1,4,3,2,5,9]
    np.mean(simple_list)

Out[92]: 3.375
```

2. Given two lists of Heights and Weights of individual, calculate the BMI of those individuals, without writing a for-loop

```
In [116]: heights = [174, 173, 173, 175, 171]
    weights = [88, 83, 92, 74, 77]

    height = np.array(heights)
    weight = np.array(weights)

    bmi = weight / (height/100) **2

    print(bmi)
```

[29.06592681 27.73229978 30.73941662 24.16326531 26.33288875]

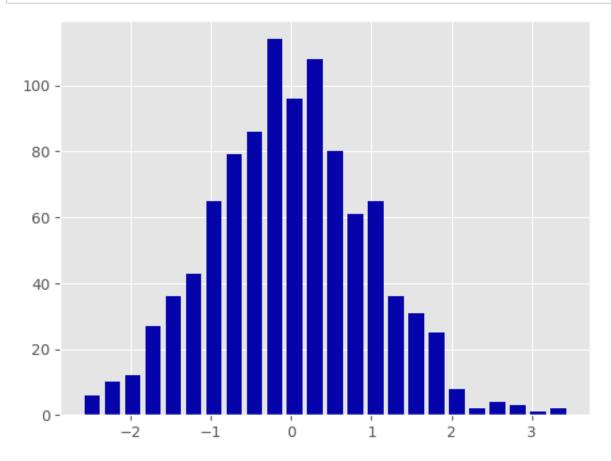
3. Create an array of length 20 filled with random values (between 0 to 1)

```
In [118]: rarray = np.random.rand(20)
    print(rarray)

[0.08881928  0.97649917  0.67822235  0.78498403  0.46045386  0.62413584
        0.57802122  0.81273883  0.10569177  0.93905747  0.16230417  0.82259147
        0.33721533  0.13502602  0.10550672  0.25041207  0.2984878  0.01536585
        0.60226948  0.45442775]
```

4. Create an array with at least 1000 random numbers from normal distributions (normal). Then, plot a histogram of these values (plt.hist).

In [124]: a = np.random.randn(1000)
 random_hist = plt.hist(x=a, bins='auto', color='#0504aa', rwidth=0.75)



Pandas

1. Read in a CSV () and display all the columns and their respective data types

```
In [134]: df = pd.read_csv("hw_data.csv", index_col = 'id')
    print(df)
    df.dtypes
```

	sex	weight	height
id			
1	М	190	77
2	F	120	70
3	F	110	68
4	М	150	72
5	0	120	66
6	М	120	60
7	F	140	70

Out[134]: sex object

weight int64 height int64 dtype: object

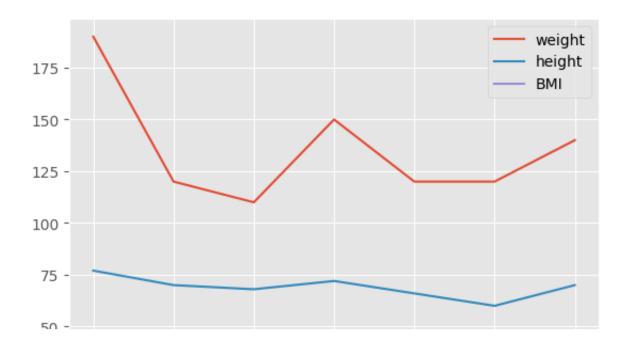
2. Find the average weight

3. Find the Value Counts on column sex

4. Plot Height vs. Weight

```
In [159]: df.plot()
```

Out[159]: <AxesSubplot: xlabel='id'>



5. Calculate BMI and save as a new column

```
In [156]: df['BMI'] = df.weight * 703 / df.height **2
print(df)
```

	sex	weight	height	BMI
id				
1	М	190	77	22.528251
2	F	120	70	17.216327
3	F	110	68	16.723616
4	М	150	72	20.341435
5	0	120	66	19.366391
6	М	120	60	23.433333
7	F	140	70	20.085714

6. Save sheet as a new CSV file hw_dataB.csv

```
In [157]: df.to_csv('hw_dataB.csv')
df2 = pd.read_csv("hw_dataB.csv", index_col = 'id')
print(df2)
```

	sex	weight	height	BMI
id		_	_	
1	М	190	77	22.528251
2	F	120	70	17.216327
3	F	110	68	16.723616
4	М	150	72	20.341435
5	0	120	66	19.366391
6	М	120	60	23.433333
7	F	140	70	20.085714

Run the following (Mac)

```
In [158]: !cat hw_dataB.csv

id,sex,weight,height,BMI
1,M,190,77,22.528250969809413
2,F,120,70,17.216326530612246
3,F,110,68,16.723615916955016
4,M,150,72,20.341435185185187
5,0,120,66,19.366391184573004
6,M,120,60,23.43333333333334
7,F,140,70,20.085714285714285
```

Run the following (Windows)

```
In [ ]: !type hw_dataB.csv
```