C# Protect the Password inside a TextBox



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First of all, the **TextBox** Control is not a secure way to hold passwords - so don't use it as it is by default. Even with a **PasswordChar**, the real password is still visible if you use a tool like **Spy++**.







As an example, take a simple **TextBox** with **PasswordChar = '***. Now, if you use Spy++ and inspect this application, you can get the password.





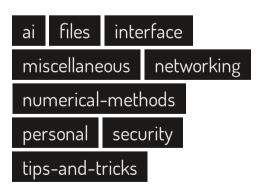
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Recovering values from Password Textboxes with Spy++

But...why is this happening?

Spy++ sends the message WM_GETTEXT (0x000D) to the TextBox, and the control just returns its value. It's actually working as intended and it reacts just like any other control, that obeys any message received.

Fixing this issue...

If the Text property is called, it will send an WM_GETTEXT message, so it will surely be an internal (safe) call. But if that message is received and the Text property wasn't called, then it might be risky to return the password, so we'll not process that message.



I wrote a "safer" **TextBox** here, just to show you the idea, feel free to write your own or simply improve this one.











```
class ProtectedTextBox : TextBox
          // the malicious message, that needs to be handled
3
4
          private const int WM GETTEXT = 0x000D;
5
          // 'true' if the messages are sent from our program (from T
6
          // 'false' if they're sent by anything else
7
8
          bool allowAccess { get; set; }
9
          public override string Text // overriding Text property
10
11
12
              get
13
                  allowAccess = true;
                                         // allow WM GETTEXT (because
14
                  return base.Text; //this sends the message above i
15
16
17
              set
18
                  base.Text = value;
19
20
21
```

```
25
              if (m.Msg == WM GETTEXT) // if the message is WM GETTE
26
                  if (allowAccess) // and it comes from the Text pro
27
28
                      allowAccess = false;
29
                                             //we temporary remove th
                      base.WndProc(ref m); //and finally, process th
30
31
32
              else
33
34
                  base.WndProc(ref m);
35
36
```









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