

二、编程控制

我们也可以通过12C编程读写RTC时间,运行i2cdetect -y 1命令我们可以看到下图,我们发现ds3231的i2c地址0x68的位置显示UU,此时ds3231作为树 莓派的硬件时钟,不能通过i2c编程控制,必须将刚才配置文件中的设置注释掉才能用。

021 树莓派系列教程3:

022 树莓派系列教程2: 023 树莓派系列教程1:

```
sudo vi /boot/config.txt
找到刚才的设置,在前面加'#'注释掉
#dtoverlay=i2c-rtc,ds3231
重启后再运行i2cdetect -y 1此时发现ds3231可以通过i2c编程控制
1、bcm2835
#include <bcm2835.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
// {\tt regaddr, seconds, minutes, hours, weekdays, days, months, yeas}\\
char buf[]={0x00,0x00,0x00,0x18,0x04,0x12,0x08,0x15};
char *str[] ={"SUN","Mon","Tues","Wed","Thur","Fri","Sat"};
void pcf8563SetTime()
    bcm2835_i2c_write(buf,8);
}
void pcf8563ReadTime()
{
    buf[0] = 0x00;
    bcm2835_i2c_write_read_rs(buf ,1, buf,7);
}
int main(int argc, char **argv)
    if (!bcm2835_init())return 1;
   bcm2835_i2c_begin();
    bcm2835_i2c_setSlaveAddress(0x68);
    bcm2835_i2c_set_baudrate(10000);
    printf("start.......n");
   pcf8563SetTime();
   while(1)
        pcf8563ReadTime();
        buf[0] = buf[0]&0x7F; //sec
        buf[1] = buf[1]\&0x7F; //min
        buf[2] = buf[2]\&0x3F; //hour
        buf[3] = buf[3]\&0x07; //week
        buf[4] = buf[4]\&0x3F; //day
        buf[5] = buf[5]&0x1F; //mouth
        //year/month/day
        printf("20%02x/%02x/%02x ",buf[6],buf[5],buf[4]);
        //hour:minute/second
        printf("%02x:%02x:%02x ",buf[2],buf[1],buf[0]);
        //weekday
        printf("%s\n",str[(unsigned char)buf[3]-1]);
        bcm2835_delay(1000);
    bcm2835_i2c_end();
    bcm2835_close();
```

```
return 0;
}
编译并执行
gcc -Wall ds3231.c -o ds3231 -lbcm2835
sudo ./ds3231
2、python
#!/usr/bin/python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
import smbus
import time
address = 0x68
register = 0x00
#sec min hour week day mout year
NowTime = [0x00,0x00,0x18,0x04,0x12,0x08,0x15]
w = ["SUN","Mon","Tues","Wed","Thur","Fri","Sat"];
#/dev/i2c-1
bus = smbus.SMBus(1)
def ds3231SetTime():
   bus.write_i2c_block_data(address,register,NowTime)
def ds3231ReadTime():
   return bus.read_i2c_block_data(address,register,7);
ds3231SetTime()
while 1:
   t = ds3231ReadTime()
   t[0] = t[0]\&0x7F #sec
   t[1] = t[1]\&0x7F #min
   t[2] = t[2]\&0x3F #hour
   t[3] = t[3]\&0x07 #week
   t[4] = t[4]\&0x3F #day
   t[5] = t[5]\&0x1F #mouth
   \label{eq:print("20%x/%x/%x %x:%x %s" %(t[6],t[5],t[4],t[2],t[1],t[0],w[t[3]-1]))} \\
time.sleep(1)
执行程序
sudo python ds3231.py
```



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