

第3章 命令和例程一览

本章列出了 OpenGL、OpenGL 实用库以及对 X 窗口系统的 OpenGL 扩展的原型。这些原型按功能分组显示如下：

• OpenGL 命令

| | |
|-------|--------|
| 图元 | 雾 |
| 顶点数组 | 帧缓冲区操作 |
| 坐标转换 | 求值器 |
| 着色与光照 | 选择与反馈 |
| 剪切 | 显示列表 |
| 光栅化 | 模式与执行 |
| 像素操作 | 状态查询 |
| 纹理 | |

• ARB 扩展

| | |
|-----|------|
| 多纹理 | 图形子集 |
|-----|------|

• GLU 例程

| | |
|---------|-------------|
| 纹理图形 | 二次对象 |
| 坐标转换 | NURBS 曲线和曲面 |
| 多边形镶嵌分块 | 状态查询 |

• GLX 例程

| | |
|-----|--------|
| 初始化 | 控制绘制操作 |
|-----|--------|

3.1 注释

有些 OpenGL 命令仅在它们所接受的数据类型上存在不同。本书中使用如下的约定来简化地表示这些命令：

```
void glVertex2{sifd}{v} (TYPE x, TYPE y);
```

上例中，第一对大括号中所包含的字符用来确定数据 TYPE 可能的类型。（其中括号前的阿拉伯数字表示命令所包含的自变量的个数。）表 3-1 列出了每种可能的数据类型、其相应的字符以及 OpenGL 中用来表示它们的类型定义。

命令中如果包含第二对大括号，则其中的字母 v 表示命令中包含向量形式。当你选择使用向量形式时，所有的 TYPE 参数将合并为一个数组。例如，下面是一个命令的非向量形式和向量形式，它们都使用一个浮点数据类型：

```
void glVertex2f(GLfloat x, GLfloat y);
```

```
void glVertex2fv(GLfloat v[2]);
```

在向量形式的用法是不确定的时候，向量和非向量的形式都被列出。请注意并非所有多变量

的命令都有向量形式，而有些命令就只有一个向量形式，这时字母 *v* 将不包含在大括号中。

表 3-1

| 字 符 | C语言类型 | OpenGL类型定义 |
|-----|----------------|----------------------------|
| b | signed char | GLbyte |
| s | short | GLshort |
| i | int | GLint |
| f | float | GLfloat, GLclampf |
| d | double | GLdouble, GLclampd |
| ub | unsigned char | GLubyte, GLboolean |
| us | unsigned short | GLushort |
| ui | unsigned int | GLuint, GLenum, GLbitfield |
| | void | GLvoid |

3.2 OpenGL命令

3.2.1 图元

指定顶点或矩形：

```
void glBegin (GLenum mode);
void glEnd (void);
void glVertex2[sf](v) (TYPE x, TYPE y);
void glVertex3[sf](v) (TYPE x, TYPE y, TYPE z);
void glVertex4[sf](v) (TYPE x, TYPE y, TYPE z, TYPE w);
void glRect[sf] (TYPE x1, TYPE y1, TYPE x2, TYPE y2);
void glRect[sf]v (const TYPE *v1, const TYPE *v2);
```

指定多边形边界的处理方式：

```
void glEdgeFlag (GLboolean flag);
void glEdgeFlagv (const GLboolean *flag);
```

指定多边形的偏移量：

```
void glPolygonOffset (GLfloat factor, GLfloat units);
```

3.2.2 顶点数组

指定顶点数组：

```
void glVertexPointer (GLint size, GLenum type, GLsizei stride,
                     const GLvoid *pointer);
void glEdgeFlagPointer (GLsizei stride, const GLvoid *pointer);
void glIndexPointer (GLenum type, GLsizei stride,
                    const GLvoid *pointer);
void glColorPointer (GLint size, GLenum type, GLsizei stride,
                    const GLvoid *pointer);
void glNormalPointer (GLenum type, GLsizei stride,
                     const GLvoid *pointer);
```

```
void glTexCoordPointer (GLint size, GLenum type, GLsizei stride,  
                        const GLvoid *pointer);
```

控制顶点数组及其组分的绘制：

```
void glInterleavedArrays (GLenum format, GLsizei stride,  
                          const GLvoid *pointer);  
void glArrayElement (GLint i);  
void glDisableClientState (GLenum array);  
void glEnableClientState (GLenum array);  
void glDrawElements (GLenum mode, GLsizei count, GLenum type,  
                     const GLvoid *indices);  
void glDrawRangeElements (GLenum mode, GLuint start, GLuint end,  
                           GLsizei count, GLenum type, const GLvoid *indices);  
void glDrawArrays (GLenum mode, GLint first, GLsizei count);
```

存储与恢复顶点数组的值：

```
void glPushClientAttrib (GLbitfield mask);  
void glPopClientAttrib (void);
```

获取指定的顶点数组的地址：

```
void glGetPointerv (GLenum pname, GLvoid **params);
```

3.2.3 坐标转换

转换当前矩阵：

```
void glRotate{fd} (TYPE angle, TYPE x, TYPE y, TYPE z);  
void glTranslate{fd} (TYPE x, TYPE y, TYPE z);  
void glScale{fd} (TYPE x, TYPE y, TYPE z);  
void glMultMatrix{fd} (const TYPE *m);  
void glFrustum (GLdouble left, GLdouble right, GLdouble bottom,  
                GLdouble top, GLdouble near, GLdouble far);  
void glOrtho (GLdouble left, GLdouble right, GLdouble bottom,  
              GLdouble top, GLdouble near, GLdouble far);
```

替换当前矩阵：

```
void glLoadMatrix{fd} (const TYPE *m);  
void glLoadIdentity (void);
```

操纵矩阵堆栈：

```
void glMatrixMode (GLenum mode);  
void glPushMatrix (void);  
void glPopMatrix (void);
```

指定视口：

```
void glDepthRange (GLclampd near, GLclampd far);  
void glViewport (GLint x, GLint y, GLsizei width, GLsizei height);
```

3.2.4 着色与光照

设置当前颜色、颜色索引或法向量：

```
void glColor3{bsifd ubusui}{v} (TYPE red, TYPE green, TYPE blue);
void glColor4{bsifd ubusui}{v} (TYPE red, TYPE green, TYPE blue,
                                TYPE alpha);
```

指定光源、材料或光照模式参数值：

```
void glLight{if}{v} (GLenum light, GLenum pname, TYPE param);
void glMaterial{if}{v} (GLenum face, GLenum pname, TYPE param);
void glLightModel{if}{v} (GLenum pname, TYPE param);
```

选择一种阴影模式：

```
void glShadeModel (GLenum mode);
```

指定正面多边形：

```
void glFrontFace (GLenum dir);
```

使一种颜色跟踪当前颜色：

```
void glColorMaterial (GLenum face, GLenum mode);
```

获取光源或材料的参数值：

```
void glGetLight{if}v (GLenum light, GLenum pname, TYPE *params);
void glGetMaterial{if}v (GLenum face, GLenum pname, TYPE *params);
```

3.2.5 剪切

指定一个剪切平面：

```
void glClipPlane (GLenum plane, const GLdouble *equation);
```

返回剪切平面系数：

```
void glGetClipPlane (GLenum plane, GLdouble *equation);
```

3.2.6 光栅化

设置当前光栅位置：

```
void glRasterPos2{sifd}{v}(TYPE x, TYPE y);
void glRasterPos3{sifd}{v}(TYPE x, TYPE y, TYPE z);
void glRasterPos4{sifd}{v}(TYPE x, TYPE y, TYPE z, TYPE w);
```

指定一个位图：

```
void glBitmap (GLsizei width, GLsizei height, GLfloat xorig, GLfloat yorig,
              GLfloat xmove, GLfloat ymove, const GLubyte *bitmap);
```

指定点或线的尺寸：

```
void glPointSize (GLfloat size);
void glLineWidth (GLfloat width);
```

指定或返回线或多边形的点画模式：

```
void glLineStipple (GLint factor, GLushort pattern);
void glPolygonStipple (const GLubyte *mask);
void glGetPolygonStipple (GLubyte *mask);
```

选择如何光栅化多边形：

```
void glCullFace (GLenum mode);
```

3.2.7 像素操作

选择像素读取或复制操作的源：

```
void glReadBuffer (GLenum mode);
```

读、写或复制像素：

```
void glReadPixels ( GLint x, GLint y, GLsizei width, GLsizei height,  
                   GLenum format, GLenum type, GLvoid *pixels);  
void glDrawPixels ( GLsizei width, GLsizei height, GLenum format,  
                   GLenum type, const GLvoid *pixels);  
void glCopyPixels ( GLint x, GLint y, GLsizei width, GLsizei height,  
                   GLenum type);
```

指定或查询像素的编码或处理方式：

```
void glPixelStore{if} (GLenum pname, TYPE param);  
void glPixelTransfer{if} (GLenum pname, TYPE param);  
void glPixelMap{f usui}v (GLenum map, GLint mapsize, const TYPE *values);  
void glGetPixelMap{f usui}v (GLenum map, TYPE *values);
```

控制像素的光栅化：

```
void glPixelZoom (GLfloat xfactor, GLfloat yfactor);
```

3.2.8 纹理

控制如何将一个纹理应用于片断：

```
void glTexParameter{if}{v} (GLenum target, GLenum pname, TYPE param);  
void glTexEnv{if}{v} (GLenum target, GLenum pname, TYPE param);
```

设置当前纹理坐标：

```
void glTexCoord1{sifd}{v} (TYPE s);  
void glTexCoord2{sifd}{v} (TYPE s, TYPE t);  
void glTexCoord3{sifd}{v} (TYPE s, TYPE t, TYPE r);  
void glTexCoord4{sifd}{v} (TYPE s, TYPE t, TYPE r, TYPE q);
```

控制纹理坐标的生成：

```
void glTexGen{ifd}{v} (GLenum coord, GLenum pname, TYPE param);
```

指定一个一维或二维的纹理图像或纹理子图：

```
void glTexImage1D (GLenum target, GLint level, GLint internalformat,  
                  GLsizei width, GLint border, GLenum format,  
                  GLenum type, const GLvoid *pixels);  
void glTexImage2D (GLenum target, GLint level, GLint internalformat,  
                  GLsizei width, GLsizei height, GLint border,  
                  GLenum format, GLenum type, const GLvoid *pixels);  
void glTexImage3D (GLenum target, GLint level, GLenum internalformat,  
                  GLsizei width, GLsizei height, GLsizei depth, GLint border,
```

```

        GLenum format, GLenum type, const GLvoid *pixels);
void glTexSubImage1D (GLenum target, GLint level, GLint xoffset,
        GLsizei width, GLenum format, GLenum type,
        const GLvoid *pixels);
void glTexSubImage2D (GLenum target, GLint level, GLint xoffset,
        GLint yoffset, GLsizei width, GLsizei height,
        GLenum format, GLenum type, const GLvoid *pixels);
void glTexSubImage3D (GLenum target, GLint level, GLint xoffset,
        GLint yoffset, GLint zoffset, GLsizei width, GLsizei height,
        GLsizei depth, GLenum format, GLenum type,
        const GLvoid *pixels);

```

测试一个名称是否对应于一个纹理并获取与纹理有关的参数值：

```

void glIsTexture (GLuint texture);
void glGetTexEnv{if}v (GLenum target, GLenum pname, TYPE *params);
void glGetTexGen{ifd}v (GLenum coord, GLenum pname, TYPE *params);
void glGetTexImage (GLenum target, GLint level, GLenum format,
        GLenum type, GLvoid *pixels);
void glGetTexLevelParameter{if}v (GLenum target, GLint level,
        GLenum pname, TYPE *params);
void glGetTexParameter{if}v (GLenum target, GLenum pname, TYPE *params);

```

复制一个或部分纹理：

```

void glCopyTexImage1D (GLenum target, GLint level,
        GLenum internalformat, GLint x, GLint y, GLsizei v,
        GLint border);
void glCopyTexImage2D (GLenum target, GLint level,
        GLenum internalformat, GLint x, GLint y,
        GLsizei width, GLsizei height, GLint border);
void glCopyTexSubImage1D (GLenum target, GLint level, GLint xoffset,
        GLint x, GLint y, GLsizei width);
void glCopyTexSubImage2D (GLenum target, GLint level, GLint xoffset,
        GLint yoffset, GLint x, GLint y, GLsizei width,
        GLsizei height);
void glCopyTexSubImage3D (GLenum target, GLint level, GLint xoffset,
        GLint yoffset, GLint zoffset, GLint x, GLint y,
        GLsizei width, GLsizei height);

```

建立一个指定的纹理并优化纹理存储驻留：

```

void glBindTexture (GLenum target, GLuint texture);
void glDeleteTextures (GLsizei n, const GLuint *textures);
GLboolean glAreTexturesResident (GLsizei n, const GLuint *textures,
        GLboolean *residences);
void glGenTextures (GLsizei n, GLuint *textures);
void glPrioritizeTextures (GLsizei n, const GLuint *textures,
        const GLclampf *priorities);

```

3.2.9 雾

设置雾参数：

```

void glFog{if}{v} (GLenum pname, TYPE param);

```

3.2.10 帧缓冲区操作

控制每个片断的测试：

```
void glScissor (GLint x, GLint y, GLsizei width, GLsizei height);
void glAlphaFunc (GLenum func, GLclampf ref);
void glStencilFunc (GLenum func, GLint ref, GLuint mask);
void glStencilOp (GLenum fail, GLenum pass, GLenum zpass);
void glDepthFunc (GLenum func);
```

结合片断与帧缓冲区中的值：

```
void glBlendFunc (GLenum sfactor, GLenum dfactor);
void glLogicOp (GLenum opcode);
```

清除部分或全部缓冲区：

```
void glClear (GLbitfield mask);
```

指定清除操作所需的颜色、深度和模板值：

```
void glClearAccum (GLfloat red, GLfloat green, GLfloat blue, GLfloat alpha);
void glClearColor ( GLclampf red, GLclampf green, GLclampf blue,
                   GLclampf alpha);
void glClearDepth (GLclampd depth);
void glClearIndex (GLfloat c);
void glClearStencil (GLint s);
```

控制向缓冲区中写入：

```
void glDrawBuffer (GLenum mode);
void glIndexMask (GLuint mask);
void glColorMask ( GLboolean red, GLboolean green, GLboolean blue,
                  GLboolean alpha);
void glDepthMask (GLboolean flag);
void glStencilMask (GLuint mask);
```

操作累积缓冲区：

```
void glAccum (GLenum op, GLfloat value);
```

3.2.11 求值器

定义一个一维或二维求值器：

```
void glMap1{fd} (GLenum target, TYPE u1, TYPE u2, GLint stride,
                GLint order, const TYPE *points);
void glMap2{fd} (GLenum target, TYPE u1, TYPE u2, GLint ustride,
                GLint uorder, TYPE v1, TYPE v2, GLint vstride,
                GLint vorder, const TYPE *points);
```

生成并求取一系列映射的域值：

```
void glMapGrid1{fd} (GLint n, TYPE u1, TYPE u2);
void glMapGrid2{fd} (GLint un, TYPE u1, TYPE u2, GLint vn, TYPE v1,
                    TYPE v2);
void glEvalMesh1 (GLenum mode, GLint i1, GLint i2);
void glEvalMesh2 (GLenum mode, GLint i1, GLint i2, GLint j1, GLint j2);
void glEvalPoint1 (GLint i);
void glEvalPoint2 (GLint i, GLint j);
```

在一个指定的域坐标中求取一维或二维映射值：

```
void glEvalCoord1[fd]{v} (TYPE u);  
void glEvalCoord2[fd]{v} (TYPE u, TYPE v);
```

获取求值器的参数值：

```
void glGetMap[idf]v (GLenum target, GLenum query, TYPE *v);
```

3.2.12 选择与反馈

控制模式及相应的缓冲区：

```
GLint glRenderMode (GLenum mode);  
void glSelectBuffer (GLsizei size, GLuint *buffer);  
void glFeedbackBuffer (GLsizei size, GLenum type, GLfloat *buffer);
```

为反馈模式提供一个标记：

```
void glPassThrough (GLfloat token);
```

控制选取模式中的名称堆栈：

```
void glInitNames (void);  
void glLoadName (GLuint name);  
void glPushName (GLuint name);  
void glPopName (void);
```

3.2.13 显示列表

建立或删除显示列表：

```
void glNewList (GLuint list, GLenum mode);  
void glEndList (void);  
void glDeleteLists (GLuint list, GLsizei range);
```

执行一个或一组显示列表：

```
void glCallList (GLuint list);  
void glCallLists (GLsizei n, GLenum type, const GLvoid *lists);
```

管理显示列表的索引：

```
GLuint glGenLists (GLsizei range);  
GLboolean glIsList (GLuint list);  
void glListBase (GLuint base);
```

3.2.14 模式与执行

启动、关闭及查询模式：

```
void glEnable (GLenum cap);  
void glDisable (GLenum cap);  
GLboolean glIsEnabled (GLenum cap);
```

等待，直到所有 OpenGL 命令执行完成：

void glFinish (void);

强迫执行所有已发布的OpenGL命令：

void glFlush (void);

指定OpenGL操作的提示：

void glHint (GLenum *target*, GLenum *mode*);

3.2.15 状态查询

获取有关错误及OpenGL当前连接的信息：

GLenum glGetError (void);

const GLubyte * glGetString (GLenum *name*);

查询状态变量：

void glGetBooleanv (GLenum *pname*, GLboolean **params*);

void glGetDoublev (GLenum *pname*, GLdouble **params*);

void glGetFloatv (GLenum *pname*, GLfloat **params*);

void glGetIntegerv (GLenum *pname*, GLint **params*);

存储与恢复状态变量集：

void glPushAttrib (GLbitfield *mask*);

void glPopAttrib (void);

3.3 ARB扩展

3.3.1 多重纹理

设置当前纹理坐标：

void glMultiTexCoord1{sfd}{v}ARB (GLenum *target*, TYPE *s*);

void glMultiTexCoord2{sfd}{v}ARB (GLenum *target*, TYPE *s*, TYPE *t*);

void glMultiTexCoord3{sfd}{v}ARB (GLenum *target*, TYPE *s*, TYPE *t*, TYPE *r*);

void glMultiTexCoord4{sfd}{v}ARB (GLenum *target*, TYPE *s*, TYPE *t*,
TYPE *r*, TYPE *q*);

选择当前有效的纹理单元：

void glActiveTextureARB (GLenum *texture*);

选择当前有效的顶点数组：

void glClientActiveTextureARB (GLenum *texture*);

3.3.2 绘图集

1. 颜色表

指定一个颜色查询表或子表：

void glColorTable (GLenum *target*, GLenum *internalformat*, GLsizei *width*,
GLenum *format*, GLenum *type*, const GLvoid **table*);

void glColorSubTable (GLenum *target*, GLsizei *start*, GLsizei *count*,
GLenum *format*, GLenum *type*, const GLvoid **data*);

复制一个颜色查询表或子表：

```
void glCopyColorTable (GLenum target, GLenum internalformat, GLint x,
                      GLint y, GLsizei width);
void glCopyColorSubTable (GLenum target, GLsizei start, GLint x, GLint y,
                        GLsizei width);
```

获取颜色表的相应值：

```
void glGetColorTable (GLenum target, GLenum format, GLenum type,
                    GLvoid *table);
void glGetColorTableParameter{if}v (GLenum target, GLenum pname,
                                     TYPE *params);
```

2. 卷积

控制如何将一个卷积滤波器应用于输入的图像：

```
void glConvolutionParameter{if}{v} (GLenum target, GLenum pname,
                                     TYPE params);
```

指定一维或二维卷积滤波器：

```
void glConvolutionFilter1D (GLenum target, GLenum internalformat,
                           GLsizei width, GLenum format, GLenum type,
                           const GLvoid *image);
void glConvolutionFilter2D (GLenum target, GLenum internalformat,
                           GLsizei width, GLsizei height, GLenum format,
                           GLenum type, const GLvoid *image);
```

指定二维可分离卷积滤波器：

```
void glSeparableFilter2D (GLenum target, GLenum internalformat,
                         GLsizei width, GLsizei height, GLenum format,
                         GLenum type, const GLvoid *row, const GLvoid *column);
```

获取卷积的相关参数值：

```
void glGetConvolutionFilter (GLenum target, GLenum format, GLenum type,
                           GLvoid *image);
void glGetConvolutionParameter{if}v (GLenum target, GLenum pname,
                                     TYPE *params);
void glGetSeparableFilter (GLenum target, GLenum format, GLenum type,
                          GLvoid *row, GLvoid *column, GLvoid *span);
```

复制一个或部分卷积滤波器：

```
void glCopyConvolutionFilter1D (GLenum target, GLenum internalformat,
                               GLint x, GLint y, GLsizei width);
void glCopyConvolutionFilter2D (GLenum target, GLenum internalformat,
                               GLint x, GLint y, GLsizei width, GLsizei height);
```

3. 直方图

指定直方图格式：

```
void glHistogram (GLenum target, GLsizei width, GLenum internalformat,
                 GLboolean sink);
```

获取直方图的值与参数：

```
void glGetHistogram (GLenum target, GLboolean reset, GLenum format,
                    GLenum type, GLvoid *values);
void glGetHistogramParameter{if}v (GLenum target, GLenum pname,
                                    GLfloat *params);
```

重新设置内部直方图表：

```
void glResetHistogram (GLenum target);
```

4. 最值

指定最值格式：

```
void glMinmax (GLenum target, GLenum internalformat, GLboolean sink);
```

获取最值及参数：

```
void glGetMinmax (GLenum target, GLboolean reset, GLenum format,
                 GLenum type, GLvoid *values);
void glGetMinmaxParameter{if}v (GLenum target, GLenum pname,
                                 GLfloat *params);
```

重新设置内部最值表：

```
void glResetMinmax (GLenum target);
```

3.4 GLU例程

3.4.1 纹理图像

缩放一个图像：

```
int gluScaleImage (GLenum format, GLint widthin, GLint heightin,
                  GLenum typein, const void *datain, GLint widthout,
                  GLint heightout, GLenum typeout, void *dataout);
```

生成一个图像的mipmap：

```
int gluBuild1DMipmaps (GLenum target, GLint internalformat, GLint width,
                      GLenum format, GLenum type, const void *data);
int gluBuild2DMipmaps (GLenum target, GLint internalformat, GLint width,
                      GLint height, GLenum format, GLenum type,
                      const void *data);
int gluBuild3DMipmaps (GLenum target, GLint internalformat, GLsizei width,
                      GLsizei height, GLsizei depth, GLenum format,
                      GLenum type, const void *data);
```

生成一个图像的mipmap图层的范围：

```
int gluBuild1DMipmapLevels (GLenum target, GLint internalformat,
                           GLsizei width, GLenum format, GLenum type,
                           GLint level, GLint base, GLint max, const void *data);
int gluBuild2DMipmapLevels (GLenum target, GLint internalformat,
                           GLsizei width, GLsizei height, GLenum format,
                           GLenum type, GLint level, GLint base, GLint max,
                           const void *data);
```

```
int gluBuild3DMipmapLevels (GLenum target, GLint internalformat,
                             GLsizei width, GLsizei height, GLsizei depth,
                             GLenum format, GLenum type, GLint level,
                             GLint base, GLint max, const void *data);
```

3.4.2 坐标转换

建立投影或观察矩阵：

```
void gluOrtho2D (GLdouble left, GLdouble right, GLdouble bottom,
                 GLdouble top);
void gluPerspective (GLdouble fovy, GLdouble aspect, GLdouble zNear,
                    GLdouble zFar);
void gluPickMatrix (GLdouble x, GLdouble y, GLdouble width,
                  GLdouble height, GLint viewport[4]);
void gluLookAt (GLdouble eyex, GLdouble eyey, GLdouble eyez,
               GLdouble centerx, GLdouble centery, GLdouble centerz,
               GLdouble upx, GLdouble upy, GLdouble upz);
```

将对象坐标转换成屏幕坐标：

```
int gluProject (GLdouble objx, GLdouble objy, GLdouble objz,
               const GLdouble modelMatrix[16],
               const GLdouble projMatrix[16],
               const GLint viewport[4], GLdouble *winx,
               GLdouble *winy, GLdouble *winz);
int gluUnProject (GLdouble winx, GLdouble winy, GLdouble winz,
                 const GLdouble modelMatrix[16],
                 const GLdouble projMatrix[16],
                 const GLint viewport[4], GLdouble *objx,
                 GLdouble *objy, GLdouble *objz);
int gluUnProject4 (GLdouble winx, GLdouble winy, GLdouble winz,
                  GLdouble clipw, const GLdouble modelMatrix[16],
                  const GLdouble projMatrix[16],
                  const GLint viewport[4], GLdouble near,
                  GLdouble far, GLdouble* objx, GLdouble* objy,
                  GLdouble* objz, GLdouble* objw);
```

3.4.3 多边形镶嵌分块

管理镶嵌分块对象：

```
GLUtessellator* gluNewTess (void);
void gluTessCallback (GLUtessellator *tobj, GLenum which, void (*fn)());
void gluDeleteTess (GLUtessellator *tobj);
void gluGetTessProperty (GLUtessellator* tess, GLenum which,
                        GLdouble* data);
```

描述输入的多边形：

```
void gluTessBeginPolygon (GLUtessellator *tobj);
void gluTessEndPolygon (GLUtessellator *tobj);
void gluTessBeginContour (GLUtessellator *tess);
```

```

void gluTessEndContour (GLUtesselator *tess);
void gluTessVertex (GLUtesselator *tobj, GLdouble v[3], void *data);
void gluTessNormal (GLUtesselator *tess, GLdouble valux, GLdouble valuey,
                  GLdouble valuez);
void gluTessProperty (GLUtesselator *tess, GLenum which, GLdouble data);

```

3.4.4 二次对象

管理二次对象：

```

GLUQuadric* gluNewQuadric (void);
void gluDeleteQuadric (GLUQuadric *state);
void gluQuadricCallback (GLUQuadric *qobj, GLenum which, void (*fn)());

```

控制绘图操作：

```

void gluQuadricNormals (GLUQuadric *quadObject, GLenum normals);
void gluQuadricTexture (GLUQuadric *quadObject,
                      GLboolean textureCoords);
void gluQuadricOrientation (GLUQuadric *quadObject,
                          GLenum orientation);
void gluQuadricDrawStyle (GLUQuadric *quadObject, GLenum drawStyle);

```

指定一个二次图元：

```

void gluCylinder (GLUQuadric *qobj, GLdouble baseRadius,
                GLdouble topRadius, GLdouble height, GLint slices,
                GLint stacks);
void gluDisk (GLUQuadric *qobj, GLdouble innerRadius,
             GLdouble outerRadius, GLint slices, GLint loops);
void gluPartialDisk (GLUQuadric *qobj, GLdouble innerRadius,
                   GLdouble outerRadius, GLint slices, GLint loops,
                   GLdouble startAngle, GLdouble sweepAngle);
void gluSphere (GLUQuadric *qobj, GLdouble radius, GLint slices,
               GLint stacks);

```

3.4.5 NURBS曲线和曲面

管理一个NURBS对象：

```

GLUnurbs* gluNewNurbsRenderer (void);
void gluDeleteNurbsRenderer (GLUnurbs *nobj);
void gluNurbsCallback (GLUnurbs *nobj, GLenum which, void (*fn)());
void gluNurbsCallbackData (GLUnurbs *nurbs, GLvoid *userData);

```

创建一条NURBS曲线：

```

void gluBeginCurve (GLUnurbs *nobj);
void gluEndCurve (GLUnurbs *nobj);
void gluNurbsCurve (GLUnurbs *nobj, GLint nknots, GLfloat *knot,
                  GLint stride, GLfloat *ctrlarray,
                  GLint order, GLenum type);

```

创建一个NURBS曲面：

```
void gluBeginSurface (GLUnurbs *nobj);
void gluEndSurface (GLUnurbs *nobj);
void gluNurbsSurface (GLUnurbs *nobj, GLint uknot_count,
                     GLfloat *uknot, GLint vknot_count, GLfloat *vknot,
                     GLint u_stride, GLint v_stride, GLfloat *ctllarray,
                     GLint sorder, GLint torder, GLenum type);
```

定义一个修剪区域：

```
void gluBeginTrim (GLUnurbs *nobj);
void gluEndTrim (GLUnurbs *nobj);
void gluPwlCurve (GLUnurbs *nobj, GLint count, GLfloat *array,
                  GLint stride, GLenum type);
```

控制NURBS绘图：

```
void gluLoadSamplingMatrices (GLUnurbs *nobj,
                              const GLfloat modelMatrix[16],
                              const GLfloat projMatrix[16],
                              const GLint viewport[4]);
void gluNurbsProperty (GLUnurbs *nobj, GLenum property, GLfloat value);
void gluGetNurbsProperty (GLUnurbs *nobj, GLenum property,
                          GLfloat *value);
```

3.4.6 状态查询

由一个OpenGL出错代码生成一个出错字符串或描述 GLU的版本或扩展：

```
const GLubyte* gluErrorString (GLenum errorCode);
const GLubyte* gluGetString (GLenum name);
GLboolean gluCheckExtension (const GLubyte *extName,
                             const GLubyte *extString);
```

3.5 GLX例程

3.5.1 初始化

确定GLX扩展是否已经在X服务器上被定义：

```
Bool glXQueryExtension (Display *dpy, int *errorBase, int *eventBase);
Bool glXQueryVersion (Display *dpy, int *major, int *minor);
```

获取所需的视觉环境信息：

```
XVisualInfo* glXChooseVisual (Display *dpy, int screen, int *attribList);
int glXGetConfig (Display *dpy, XVisualInfo *vis, int attrib, int *value);
```

查询服务器端或客户端所支持的特性：

3.5.2 控制绘图操作

管理或查询一个OpenGL绘图环境：

```

GLXContext glXCreateContext (Display *dpy, XVisualInfo *vis,
                             GLXContext shareList, Bool direct);
void glXDestroyContext (Display *dpy, GLXContext ctx);
void glXCoppyContext (Display *dpy, GLXContext src,
                     GLXContext dst, GLuint mask);
Bool glXIsDirect (Display *dpy, GLXContext ctx);
Bool glXMakeCurrent (Display *dpy, GLXDrawable draw, GLXContext ctx);
GLXContext glXGetCurrentContext (void);
GLXDrawable glXGetCurrentDrawable (void);

```

执行屏幕外的绘制：

```

GLXPixmap glXCreateGLXPixmap (Display *dpy, XVisualInfo *vis,
                              Pixmap pixmap);
void glXDestroyGLXPixmap (Display *dpy, GLXPixmap pix);

```

同步执行：

```

void glXWaitGL (void);
void glXWaitX (void);

```

交换前后缓冲区：

```

void glXSwapBuffers (Display *dpy, Window window);

```

使用一种X字体：

```

void glXUseXFont (Font font, int first, int count, int listBase);

```

注：在GLX1.3机制中，下面的命令为前面所列的命令提供了一组高级功能。

查询或请求关于帧缓冲区或视觉环境的信息：

```

GLXFBConfig* glXGetFBConfigs (Display *dpy, int screen, int *nelements);
GLXFBConfig* glXChooseFBConfig (Display *dpy, int screen,
                                const int *attribList, int *nelements);
int glXGetFBConfigAttrib (Display *dpy, GLXFBConfig config, int attribute,
                          int *value);
XVisualInfo* glXGetVisualFromFBConfig (Display *dpy, GLXFBConfig
config);

```

管理GLX的可绘区域：

```

GLXWindow glXCreateWindow (Display *dpy, GLXFBConfig config,
                           Window window, const int *attribList);
void glXDestroyWindow (Display *dpy, GLXWindow window);
GLXPixmap glXCreatePixmap (Display *dpy, GLXFBConfig config,
                           Pixmap pixmap, const int *attribList);
void glXDestroyPixmap (Display *dpy, GLXPixmap pixmap);
GLXPbuffer glXCreatePbuffer (Display *dpy, GLXFBConfig config,
                             const int *attribList);
void glXDestroyPbuffer (Display *dpy, GLXPbuffer pbuffer);
void glXQueryDrawable (Display *dpy, GLXDrawable drawable,
                      int attribute, unsigned int *value);

```

管理OpenGL绘图环境：

```
GLXContext glXCreateNewContext (Display *dpy, GLXFBConfig config,  
                                int renderType, GLXContext shareList, Bool direct);  
Bool glXMakeContextCurrent (Display *dpy, GLXDrawable drawable,  
                             GLXDrawable read, GLXContext ctx);  
GLXDrawable glXGetCurrentReadDrawable (void);  
Display* glXGetCurrentDisplay (void);  
int glXQueryContext (Display *dpy, GLXContext ctx, int attribute, int *value);
```

选择和返回 GLX 事件：

```
void glXSelectEvent (Display *dpy, GLXDrawable drawable,  
                    unsigned long eventMask);  
void glXGetSelectedEvent (Display *dpy, GLXDrawable drawable,  
                          unsigned long *eventMask);
```