Nodejs

Nodejs – problem & solution

Use variable in Regular expression

```
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August 31, 2011
```

Javascript

Normally i just use the <u>search</u> method from the String object.

```
var myString = "i love nodejs";
if(yString.search(/nodejs/i) != -1) {
  console.log("i find it");
}
```

The problem is when you want to use a variable instead it will not work properly like desired.

```
var myRegexNotWorking = ['/regex1/i',
    '/^regex2/g',
    'etc...'];
var myRegexWorking = ['regex[0-9]'];
var myString = 'regex1';
for(var i in myRegexNotWorking) {
    if(myString.search(myRegexNotWorking[i]) != -1) {
        console.log("i find it");
    }
}
for(var i in myRegexWorking) {
    if(myString.search(myRegexWorking[i]) != -1) {
        console.log("i find it");
    }
}
```

If you want a complete regex you will need to use the RegExp object.

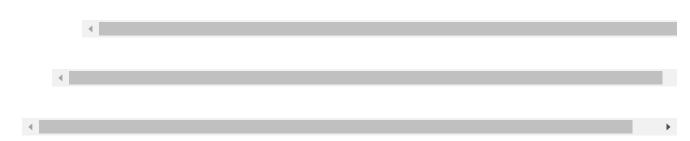
```
var myRegexNowWorking = ['regex1',
    '^regex2',
    'etc...'];
var myString = "REGEX1";
for(var i in myRegexNowWorking) {
    var regex = new RegExp(myRegexNowWorking[i]."ig");
    if(regex.test(myString) == true) {
        console.log("i find it");
    }
}
// Or you can do this
var myString = "REGEX1";
var regex = /^regex1/ig;
console.log(regex.test(myString));
```

Be aware, you will need excaping all your slash in your string in you are using this method like Jonathan Swinney said on a stackoverflow question.

If you want to replace using a regex you can use replace from the string object.

```
var sourceString = "10 10 10 10 10 10";
var myRegVariable = "10";
var myReg = new RegExp(myRegVariable, "g");
console.log(sourceString.replace(myReg, "20");
console.log(sourceString.replace(/10/g, "20");
```

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