

Task 14

LINUX SERVER HARDENING & SECURE CONFIGURATION

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Environment: Ubuntu Server on VirtualBox

Server hardening is the process of securing a server by reducing its attack surface, eliminating unnecessary services, applying security patches, and implementing strict access controls. The goal is to protect the system from unauthorized access, malware, and cyber attacks.

In this project, Ubuntu Linux was installed in Oracle VirtualBox and hardened using industry-recommended security practices.

Objective

- To secure an Ubuntu server installed on VirtualBox.
- To implement authentication and access control mechanisms.
- To configure firewall and network security.
- To reduce vulnerabilities by disabling unnecessary services.
- To perform a security audit using Lynis.

Hardening Implementation Steps

Review Default Linux System Settings

The default Linux system configuration was reviewed to understand existing user accounts, running services, and open network ports. This step helps in identifying unnecessary users and exposed services that may increase security risks.

The system users were examined, active services were listed, and open ports were analyzed to assess the initial security posture of the Ubuntu server.

```
jashmi@Ubuntu: ~  
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ cat /etc/passwd  
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash  
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin  
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin  
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin  
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync  
games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin  
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin  
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin  
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin  
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin  
uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin/nologin  
proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin  
www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin  
backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin  
list:x:38:38:Mail List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin  
irc:x:39:39:ircd:/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin  
_apt:x:42:65534::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin  
nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin  
systemd-network:x:998:998:systemd Network Management:/:/usr/sbin/nologin  
dhcpcd:x:100:65534:DHCP client Daemon:/usr/lib/dhcpcd:/bin/false  
messagebus:x:996:996:System Message Bus:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin  
syslog:x:101:101::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin  
systemd-resolve:x:990:990:systemd Resolver:/:/usr/sbin/nologin  
_chrony:x:102:102:Chrony daemon:/var/lib/chrony:/usr/sbin/nologin  
tss:x:103:105:TPM software stack:/var/lib/tpm:/bin/false  
uidd:x:104:107:/run/uidd:/usr/sbin/nologin  
systemd-oom:x:989:989:systemd Userspace OOM Killer:/:/usr/sbin/nologin  
whoopsie:x:105:110:/nonexistent:/bin/false  
dnsmasq:x:999:65534:dnsmasq:/var/lib/misc:/usr/sbin/nologin  
avahi:x:106:112:Avahi mDNS daemon:/run/avahi-daemon:/usr/sbin/nologin  
nm-openvpn:x:107:113:NetworkManager OpenVPN:/var/lib/openvpn/chroot:/usr/sbin/nologin  
tcpdump:x:108:114:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin  
sssd:x:109:115:SSSD system user:/var/lib/sss:/usr/sbin/nologin
```

```
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ systemctl list-units --type=service --state=running
```

UNIT	LOAD	ACTIVE	SUB	DESCRIPTION
accounts-daemon.service	loaded	active	running	Accounts Service
apache2.service	loaded	active	running	The Apache HTTP Server
avahi-daemon.service	loaded	active	running	Avahi mDNS/DNS-SD Stack
chrony.service	loaded	active	running	chrony, an NTP client/server
colord.service	loaded	active	running	Manage, Install and Generate Color Profiles
cron.service	loaded	active	running	Regular background program processing daemon
cups-browsed.service	loaded	active	running	Make remote CUPS printers available locally
cups.service	loaded	active	running	CUPS Scheduler
dbus.service	loaded	active	running	D-Bus System Message Bus
gdm.service	loaded	active	running	GNOME Display Manager
ModemManager.service	loaded	active	running	Modem Manager
mysql.service	loaded	active	running	MySQL Community Server
networkd-dispatcher.service	loaded	active	running	Dispatcher daemon for systemd-networkd
NetworkManager.service	loaded	active	running	Network Manager
polkit.service	loaded	active	running	Authorization Manager
power-profiles-daemon.service	loaded	active	running	Power Profiles daemon
rsyslog.service	loaded	active	running	System Logging Service
rtkit-daemon.service	loaded	active	running	RealtimeKit Scheduling Policy Service
snappyd.service	loaded	active	running	Snap Daemon
switcheroo-control.service	loaded	active	running	Switcheroo Control Proxy service
systemd-journald.service	loaded	active	running	Journal Service
systemd-logind.service	loaded	active	running	User Login Management
systemd-oomd.service	loaded	active	running	Userspace Out-Of-Memory (OOM) Killer
systemd-resolved.service	loaded	active	running	Network Name Resolution
systemd-udevd.service	loaded	active	running	Rule-based Manager for Device Events and Files
udisks2.service	loaded	active	running	Disk Manager
unattended-upgrades.service	loaded	active	running	Unattended Upgrades Shutdown
upower.service	loaded	active	running	Daemon for power management
user@1000.service	loaded	active	running	User Manager for UID 1000
wpa_supplicant.service	loaded	active	running	WPA supplicant

Legend: LOAD → Reflects whether the unit definition was properly loaded.
ACTIVE → The high-level unit activation state, i.e. generalization of SUB.
SUB → The low-level unit activation state, values depend on unit type.

30 loaded units listed.

```
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo ss -tulnp
```

Netid	State	Recv-Q	Send-Q	Local Address:Port
Process				
udp	UNCONN	0	0	127.0.0.54:53
users:((("systemd-resolve",pid=400,fd=16))				
udp	UNCONN	0	0	127.0.0.53%lo:53
users:((("systemd-resolve",pid=400,fd=14))				
udp	UNCONN	0	0	0.0.0.0:5353
users:((("avahi-daemon",pid=861,fd=12))				
udp	UNCONN	0	0	127.0.0.1:323
users:((("chronyd",pid=1002,fd=4))				
udp	UNCONN	0	0	0.0.0.0:39363
users:((("avahi-daemon",pid=861,fd=14))				
udp	UNCONN	0	0	:::5353
users:((("avahi-daemon",pid=861,fd=13))				
udp	UNCONN	0	0	:::48390
users:((("avahi-daemon",pid=861,fd=15))				
udp	UNCONN	0	0	:::323
users:((("chronyd",pid=1002,fd=5))				
tcp	LISTEN	0	4096	127.0.0.1:631
users:((("cupsd",pid=1471,fd=7))				
tcp	LISTEN	0	151	127.0.0.1:3306
users:((("mysqld",pid=1573,fd=24))				
tcp	LISTEN	0	4096	127.0.0.53%lo:53
users:((("systemd-resolve",pid=400,fd=15))				
tcp	LISTEN	0	70	127.0.0.1:33060
users:((("mysqld",pid=1573,fd=21))				
tcp	LISTEN	0	4096	127.0.0.54:53
users:((("systemd-resolve",pid=400,fd=17))				
tcp	LISTEN	0	4096	:::631
users:((("cupsd",pid=1471,fd=6))				
tcp	LISTEN	0	511	*:80
users:((("apache2",pid=1602,fd=4),("apache2",pid=1601,fd=4),("apache2",pid=1600,fd=4),("apache2",pid=1599,fd=4))				

User Account Management

All existing user accounts were reviewed. Unnecessary or unused user accounts were removed to prevent unauthorized access.

Administrative privileges were restricted based on the principle of least privilege, ensuring that only authorized users were granted sudo access.

Outcome:

Reduced risk of unauthorized access and privilege misuse.

```
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ getent group sudo
sudo:x:27:jashmi
```

SSH Configuration and Root Login Restriction

Secure Shell (SSH) configuration was strengthened by disabling root login to prevent direct administrative access.

SSH key-based authentication was configured to enhance secure remote login and reduce the risk of brute-force password attacks.

Outcome:

Improved remote access security and minimized risk of root account compromise.

```
GNU nano 8.4 /etc/ssh/sshd_config *
#ListenAddress 0.0.0.0
#ListenAddress ::

#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ecdsa_key
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ed25519_key

# Ciphers and keying
#RekeyLimit default none

# Logging
#SyslogFacility AUTH
#LogLevel INFO

# Authentication:

#LoginGraceTime 2m
#PermitRootLogin no
#StrictModes yes
#MaxAuthTries 6
#MaxSessions 10

#PubkeyAuthentication yes

# Expect .ssh/authorized_keys2 to be disregarded by default in future.
#AuthorizedKeysFile .ssh/authorized_keys .ssh/authorized_keys2

#AuthorizedPrincipalsFile none

#AuthorizedKeysCommand none
#AuthorizedKeysCommandUser nobody

# For this to work you will also need host keys in /etc/ssh/ssh_known_hosts
#HostbasedAuthentication no
# Change to yes if you don't trust ~/.ssh/known_hosts for

^G Help      ^O Write Out  ^F Where Is   ^K Cut        ^T Execute    ^C Location   M-U Undo
^X Exit      ^R Read File  ^\ Replace    ^U Paste      ^J Justify    ^_ Go To Line  M-E Redo
```

```
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo nano /etc/ssh/sshd_config
[sudo: authenticate] Password:
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo systemctl restart ssh
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ ssh-keygen
Generating public/private ed25519 key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/jashmi/.ssh/id_ed25519):
Enter passphrase for "/home/jashmi/.ssh/id_ed25519" (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /home/jashmi/.ssh/id_ed25519
Your public key has been saved in /home/jashmi/.ssh/id_ed25519.pub
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:Xe10+aFYs024wDIapkQ261uhbUc85tP5bbU5PuaikFI jashmi@Ubuntu
The key's randomart image is:
+--[ED25519 256]--+
|
|      .
|    +   . .
|  o o ....
| o +SB.o ++o |
| o = B = =oB.o|
| + = + + +..=|
| +... o..B |
| . oE.o..*+o|
+----[SHA256]-----+
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$
```

System Update and Automatic Security Updates

All system packages were updated using the package manager to patch known vulnerabilities. Automatic security updates were enabled to ensure continuous protection against newly discovered threats.

Outcome:

System protected against known vulnerabilities and maintained up-to-date security patches.

```
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo apt install openssh-server -y
[sudo: authenticate] Password:
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  linux-headers-6.17.0-5  linux-headers-6.17.0-5-generic  linux-modules-6.17.0-5-generic  linux-tools-6.17.0-5
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.

Installing:
  openssh-server

Installing dependencies:
  ncurses-term  openssh-sftp-server  ssh-import-id

Suggested packages:
  molly-guard  monkeysphere  ssh-askpass

Summary:
  Upgrading: 0, Installing: 4, Removing: 0, Not Upgrading: 236
  Download size: 943 kB
  Space needed: 7,527 kB / 16.9 GB available
```

Firewall Configuration

The UFW (Uncomplicated Firewall) was configured to allow only required network services such as SSH. All unnecessary incoming connections were blocked to minimize exposure to external threats.

Outcome:

Controlled incoming and outgoing traffic and reduced network attack surface.

```
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo ufw allow ssh
Rule added
Rule added (v6)
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo ufw enable
Firewall is active and enabled on system startup
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo ufw status verbose
Status: active
Logging: on (low)
Default: deny (incoming), allow (outgoing), disabled (routed)
New profiles: skip

To Action From
--
22/tcp ALLOW IN Anywhere
22/tcp (v6) ALLOW IN Anywhere (v6)

jashmi@Ubuntu:~$
```

Disabling Unnecessary Services

Running services were reviewed, and unnecessary services were stopped and disabled to reduce potential entry points for attackers.

This step helps in minimizing the attack surface of the server.

```
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ systemctl list-unit-files --type=service | grep enabled
accounts-daemon.service enabled enabled
alsa-utils.service masked enabled
anacron.service enabled enabled
apache-htcacheclean.service disabled enabled
apache-htcacheclean@.service disabled enabled
apache2.service enabled enabled
apache2@.service disabled enabled
apparmor.service enabled enabled
appport.service enabled enabled
avahi-daemon.service enabled enabled
bluetooth.service enabled enabled
brltty.service disabled enabled
chrony-wait.service disabled enabled
chrony.service enabled enabled
cloud-config.service enabled enabled
cloud-final.service enabled enabled
cloud-init-local.service enabled enabled
cloud-init-main.service enabled enabled
cloud-init-network.service enabled enabled
console-setup.service enabled enabled
cron.service enabled enabled
cryptdisks-early.service masked enabled
cryptdisks.service masked enabled
cups-browsed.service enabled enabled
cups.service enabled enabled
dmesg.service enabled enabled
e2scrub_reap.service enabled enabled
```

```

wpa_supplicant.service disabled enabled
wpa_supplicant.service enabled enabled
wpa_supplicant.service disabled enabled
wtmpdb-update-boot.service enabled enabled
x11-common.service masked enabled
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo systemctl stop servicename
Failed to stop servicename.service: Unit servicename.service not loaded.
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo systemctl stop bluetooth.service
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo systemctl disable bluetooth.service
Synchronizing state of bluetooth.service with SysV service script with /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install
Executing: /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install disable bluetooth
Removed '/etc/systemd/system/dbus-org.bluez.service'.
Removed '/etc/systemd/system/bluetooth.target.wants/bluetooth.service'.
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ systemctl status bluetooth.service
Command 'system' not found, did you mean:
  command 'system3' from deb simh (3.8.1-6.2)
Try: sudo apt install <deb name>
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ systemctl status bluetooth.service
○ bluetooth.service - Bluetooth service
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/bluetooth.service; disabled; preset: enabled)
   Active: inactive (dead)
     Docs: man:bluetoothd(8)
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$

```

File Permission Security

Critical system files such as:

- /etc/passwd
- /etc/shadow

were secured by configuring appropriate file permissions to prevent unauthorized access or modification.

Outcome:

Enhanced protection of sensitive authentication data.

```

jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ ls -l /etc/passwd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2950 Feb 12 02:37 /etc/passwd
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ ls -l /etc/shadow
-rw-r----- 1 root shadow 1375 Feb 12 02:37 /etc/shadow
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo chmod 644 /etc/passwd
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo chmod 640 /etc/shadow
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ ls -l /etc/passwd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2950 Feb 12 02:37 /etc/passwd
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ ls -l /etc/shadow
-rw-r----- 1 root shadow 1375 Feb 12 02:37 /etc/shadow
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$

```

Log Monitoring and System Activity Review

System logs and authentication logs were reviewed to monitor login attempts and system activities.

Log analysis helps in detecting suspicious behavior, failed login attempts, and potential security incidents.

Outcome:

Improved system monitoring and early detection of suspicious activities.

```

jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo cat /var/log/auth.log
2026-01-16T13:14:28.015190+00:00 localhost systemd-logind[832]: Watching system buttons on /dev/input/event
2026-01-16T13:14:28.015203+00:00 localhost systemd-logind[832]: Watching system buttons on /dev/input/event
2026-01-16T13:14:28.015211+00:00 localhost systemd-logind[832]: Watching system buttons on /dev/input/event
2026-01-16T13:14:28.015216+00:00 localhost systemd-logind[832]: New seat seat0.
2026-01-16T13:14:28.255078+00:00 localhost polkitd[796]: Loading rules from directory /etc/polkit-1/rules.
2026-01-16T13:14:28.271063+00:00 localhost polkitd[796]: Loading rules from directory /run/polkit-1/rules.
2026-01-16T13:14:28.271131+00:00 localhost polkitd[796]: Error opening rules directory: Error opening dire
or directory (g-file-error-quark, 4)
2026-01-16T13:14:28.271150+00:00 localhost polkitd[796]: Loading rules from directory /usr/local/share/pol
localhost polkitd[796]: Error opening rules directory: Error opening dire
o such file or directory (g-file-error-quark, 4)
2026-01-16T13:14:28.276908+00:00 localhost polkitd[796]: Loading rules from directory /usr/share/polkit-1/
localhost polkitd[796]: Finished loading, compiling and executing 18 rule
2026-01-16T13:14:28.399691+00:00 localhost polkitd[796]: Acquired the name org.freedesktop.PolicyKit1 on t
2026-01-16T13:14:34.248164+00:00 localhost passwd[1327]: password for 'root' changed by 'root'
2026-01-16T13:14:34.310241+00:00 localhost groupadd[1342]: group added to /etc/group: name=vboxsf, GID=100
2026-01-16T13:14:34.320964+00:00 localhost groupadd[1342]: group added to /etc/gshadow: name=vboxsf
2026-01-16T13:14:34.321509+00:00 localhost groupadd[1342]: new group: name=vboxsf, GID=1000
2026-01-16T13:14:34.369546+00:00 localhost groupadd[1349]: group added to /etc/group: name=jashmi, GID=100
2026-01-16T13:14:34.383163+00:00 localhost groupadd[1349]: group added to /etc/gshadow: name=jashmi
2026-01-16T13:14:34.383232+00:00 localhost groupadd[1349]: new group: name=jashmi, GID=1001
2026-01-16T13:14:34.482756+00:00 localhost useradd[1356]: new user: name=jashmi, UID=1000, GID=1001, home=
localhost useradd[1356]: add 'jashmi' to group 'sudo'
2026-01-16T13:14:34.493559+00:00 localhost useradd[1356]: add 'jashmi' to group 'vboxsf'
2026-01-16T13:14:34.493578+00:00 localhost useradd[1356]: add 'jashmi' to shadow group 'sudo'
2026-01-16T13:14:34.493594+00:00 localhost useradd[1356]: add 'jashmi' to shadow group 'vboxsf'
2026-01-16T13:14:34.633033+00:00 localhost passwd[1373]: password for 'jashmi' changed by 'root'
2026-01-16T13:14:43.107855+00:00 localhost gdm-launch-environment]: pam_unix(gdm-launch-environment:session
60578) by (uid=0)
2026-01-16T13:14:43.171292+00:00 localhost systemd-logind[832]: New session c1 of user gdm-greeter.
2026-01-16T13:14:43.336199+00:00 localhost (systemd): pam_unix(systemd-user:session): session opened for u
d=0)
2026-01-16T13:14:43.339146+00:00 localhost systemd-logind[832]: New session 1 of user gdm-greeter.
2026-01-16T13:14:52.721932+00:00 localhost polkitd[796]: Registered Authentication Agent for unix-session:

```



```
jashmi@Ubuntu:~$ sudo journalctl -xe
Feb 12 02:54:38 Ubuntu systemd[1]: Starting systemd-tmpfiles-clean.service - Cleanup of Temporary Directories
Subject: A start job for unit systemd-tmpfiles-clean.service has begun execution
Defined-By: systemd
Support: http://www.ubuntu.com/support

A start job for unit systemd-tmpfiles-clean.service has begun execution.

The job identifier is 2598.
Feb 12 02:54:39 Ubuntu systemd-tmpfiles[4000]: /usr/lib/tmpfiles.d/legacy.conf:14: Duplicate line for path
Feb 12 02:54:39 Ubuntu systemd[1]: systemd-tmpfiles-clean.service: Deactivated successfully.
Subject: Unit succeeded
Defined-By: systemd
Support: http://www.ubuntu.com/support

The unit systemd-tmpfiles-clean.service has successfully entered the 'dead' state.
Feb 12 02:54:39 Ubuntu systemd[1]: Finished systemd-tmpfiles-clean.service - Cleanup of Temporary Directories
Subject: A start job for unit systemd-tmpfiles-clean.service has finished successfully
Defined-By: systemd
Support: http://www.ubuntu.com/support

A start job for unit systemd-tmpfiles-clean.service has finished successfully.

The job identifier is 2598.
Feb 12 02:55:01 Ubuntu CRON[4006]: pam_unix(cron:session): session opened for user root(uid=0) by root(uid=0)
Feb 12 02:55:02 Ubuntu CRON[4008]: (root) CMD (command -v debian-sa1 > /dev/null && debian-sa1 1 1)
Feb 12 02:55:02 Ubuntu CRON[4006]: pam_unix(cron:session): session closed for user root
Feb 12 02:55:58 Ubuntu kernel: workqueue: e1000_watchdog [e1000] hogged CPU for >10000us 11 times, considering
Feb 12 02:57:06 Ubuntu sudo[4018]: pam_unix(sudo:session): session opened for user root(uid=0) by jashmi(uid=0)
Feb 12 02:57:06 Ubuntu sudo[4018]: jashmi : TTY=/dev/pts/0 ; PWD=/home/jashmi ; USER=root ; COMMAND=/usr/bin/sudo
Feb 12 02:57:06 Ubuntu sudo[4018]: pam_unix(sudo:session): session closed for user root
Feb 12 02:57:23 Ubuntu sudo[4023]: pam_unix(sudo:session): session opened for user root(uid=0) by jashmi(uid=0)
```

Linux Hardening Checklist

- ✓ System updated with latest patches
- ✓ Automatic updates enabled
- ✓ Unnecessary users removed
- ✓ Sudo access restricted
- ✓ Strong password policy configured
- ✓ Root login disabled
- ✓ SSH secured
- ✓ Firewall enabled and configured
- ✓ Unnecessary services disabled
- ✓ File permissions secured
- ✓ Fail2Ban installed
- ✓ Lynis audit completed

Security Configuration Summary

The Ubuntu server installed in VirtualBox was successfully hardened by applying security best practices. User access was restricted following the principle of least privilege. Root login was disabled to prevent unauthorized administrative access.

Network security was enhanced through firewall configuration, and unnecessary services were disabled to minimize the attack surface. Strong password policies were enforced to improve authentication security. Intrusion prevention mechanisms such as Fail2Ban were implemented to protect against brute-force attacks. Finally, a comprehensive security audit was conducted using Lynis to ensure the system meets recommended security standards.

The system is now configured with improved security, reduced vulnerabilities, and enhanced monitoring capabilities.