# This is CS50x

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# **Plurality**

Implement a program that runs a plurality election, per the below.

\$ ./plurality Alice Bob Charlie

Number of voters: 4

Vote: Alice Vote: Bob Vote: Charlie Vote: Alice

Alice

### Background

Elections come in all shapes and sizes. In the UK, the Prime Minister (https://www.parliament.uk/education/about-your-parliament/general-elections/) is officially appointed by the monarch, who generally chooses the leader of the political party that wins the most seats in the House of Commons. The United States uses a multi-step Electoral College (https://www.archives.gov/federal-register/electoral-college/about.html) process where citizens vote on how each state should allocate Electors who then elect the President.

Perhaps the simplest way to hold an election, though, is via a method commonly known as the "plurality vote" (also known as "first-past-the-post" or "winner take all"). In the plurality vote, every voter gets to vote for one candidate. At the end of the election, whichever candidate has

the greatest number of votes is declared the winner of the election.

#### **Getting Started**

Here's how to download this problem's "distribution code" (i.e., starter code) into your own CS50 IDE. Log into CS50 IDE (https://ide.cs50.io/) and then, in a terminal window, execute each of the below.

- Execute cd ~ (or simply cd with no arguments) to ensure that you're in your home directory).
- Execute mkdir pset3 to make (i.e., create) a directory called pset3.
- Execute cd pset3 to change into (i.e., open) that directory.
- Execute mkdir plurality to make (i.e., create) a directory called plurality in your pset3 directory.
- Execute cd plurality to change into (i.e., open) that directory.
- Execute wget https://cdn.cs50.net/2020/fall/psets/3/plurality/plurality.c to download this problem's distribution code.
- Execute 1s. You should see this problem's distribution code, in a file called plurality.c.

#### **Understanding**

Let's now take a look at plurality.c and read through the distribution code that's been provided to you.

The line #define MAX 9 is some syntax used here to mean that MAX is a constant (equal to 9) that can be used throughout the program. Here, it represents the maximum number of candidates an election can have.

The file then defines a struct called a candidate. Each candidate has two fields: a string called name representing the candidate's name, and an int called votes representing the number of votes the candidate has. Next, the file defines a global array of candidates, where each element is itself a candidate.

Now, take a look at the main function itself. See if you can find where the program sets a global variable candidate\_count representing the number of candidates in the election, copies command-line arguments into the array candidates, and asks the user to type in the number of voters. Then, the program lets every voter type in a vote (see how?), calling the vote function on each candidate voted for. Finally, main makes a call to the print\_winner function to print out the winner (or winners) of the election.

If you look further down in the file, though, you'll notice that the vote and print\_winner

functions have been left blank. This part is up to you to complete!

#### **Specification**

Complete the implementation of plurality.c in such a way that the program simulates a plurality vote election.

- Complete the vote function.
  - vote takes a single argument, a string called name, representing the name of the candidate who was voted for.
  - If name matches one of the names of the candidates in the election, then update that candidate's vote total to account for the new vote. The vote function in this case should return true to indicate a successful ballot.
  - If name does not match the name of any of the candidates in the election, no vote totals should change, and the vote function should return false to indicate an invalid ballot.
  - You may assume that no two candidates will have the same name.
- Complete the print\_winner function.
  - The function should print out the name of the candidate who received the most votes in the election, and then print a newline.
  - It is possible that the election could end in a tie if multiple candidates each have the maximum number of votes. In that case, you should output the names of each of the winning candidates, each on a separate line.

You should not modify anything else in plurality.c other than the implementations of the vote and print\_winner functions (and the inclusion of additional header files, if you'd like).

#### Usage

Your program should behave per the examples below.

```
$ ./plurality Alice Bob
Number of voters: 3
Vote: Alice
Vote: Bob
Vote: Alice
Alice
```

```
$ ./plurality Alice Bob
Number of voters: 3
Vote: Alice
Vote: Charlie
Invalid vote.
```

Vote: Alice Alice

\$ ./plurality Alice Bob Charlie

Number of voters: 5

Vote: Alice
Vote: Charlie
Vote: Bob
Vote: Bob
Vote: Alice

Alice Bob

### Walkthrough



## **Testing**

Be sure to test your code to make sure it handles...

- An election with any number of candidate (up to the MAX of 9)
- Voting for a candidate by name
- Invalid votes for candidates who are not on the ballot
- Printing the winner of the election if there is only one
- Printing the winner of the election if there are multiple winners

Execute the below to evaluate the correctness of your code using check50. But be sure to

compile and lest it yourself as well:

check50 cs50/problems/2021/x/plurality
Execute the below to evaluate the style of your code using style50.
style50 plurality.c

#### **How to Submit**

Execute the below, logging in with your GitHub username and password when prompted. For security, you'll see asterisks (\*) instead of the actual characters in your password.

submit50 cs50/problems/2021/x/plurality