

# Even if cell phones are turned off and turned face down, their mere presence reduces people's cognitive capacity

Brain Drain: The Mere Presence of One's Own Smartphone Reduces Available Cognitive Capacity

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### Add more tech to eliminate tech distractions!

Trust us, it works!



#### With your headset look and decide what to eliminate



#### And after some behind the scenes magic

```
start point = 0, 0
                                                       bounding box (image path, objects):
   ort cv2
 mport numpy as np
                                                       BBCOLOR = (255, 0, 0)
                                                                                                          end point = int(img bw.shape[1]),
                                                       img = cv2.imread(image path)
                                                                                                          img bw = cv2.rectangle(img bw,
                                                       img width = img.shape[0]
                                                       img height = img.shape[ 1]
                                                       coordinates = [obj [ 2] for obj in
                                                       for i in range (len (coordinates)):
                                                                                                              start point = obj[ 0][0], obj[0][1]
    client O= vistor U, ( geAnnotator Client ()
                                                             or j in range(len(coordinates[i])):
                                                                                                              end point = obj[2][0], obj[2][1]
                                                                                                              img bw = cv2.rectangle(img bw,
                                                                coordinates[i][j][ 0] =
              path, 'rb') as image file.
                                                   int(coordinates[i]<mark>[j][</mark> 0] * img height)
                                                                                                     start point, end point, WHITE COLOR, - 1)
        content = image file.read()
                                                               coordi<mark>nate</mark>s[i][j][<u>1]</u> =
    image = vision.Image(content=content)
                                                          rdinates[i]<mark>[j][</mark> 1] * img width)
                                                                                                          cv2.imwrite("black and white.jpg",
                                                                                                     img bw)
    objects = client.object localization
                                                           obj in co<mark>ordi</mark>nates:
                                                                                                          # print(img bw.shape)
                                                           start = ob<mark>j[ 0</mark>][0], obj[0][1]
                                                                                                          return img bw
image=image).localized object annotations
                                                           end = obj[<mark>2][</mark>0], obj[2][<mark>1]</mark>
                                                           img = cv2.rectangle(img, start, end,
                                                                                                     def produce overlay (img bw):
                                                                                                          src = img bw
                                                       return img, coordinates
object .bounding poly.normalized vertices:
                                                  def generate bw overlay (img bw, objects):
                                                       BLACK COLOR = (0, 0, 0)
                                                       WHITE COLOR = (255, 255, 255)
                                                                                                          dst = cv2.merge(rgba, 4)
                                                       end point = int (ima by shape[1])
```





## The Future is Present



### DIMINISHED REALITY

#### **Tech stack**

- Computer Vision
- Figma
- HTC Vive XR Elite
- Machine Learning
- OpenCV
- Python
- Stable Diffusion
- Unity

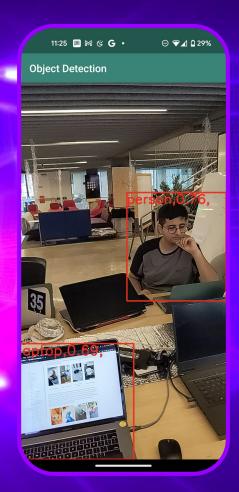
Brian McDonald, Grace Ng, Jash Rathod, Lisa Szolovits, Steph Ng



#### **Appendix - Ethics**

Q: What about ethics? Do you allow rich people to block from ever seeing homeless people?

A: We only allow people to block objects - people and animals are not blocked



#### **Appendix - Tech Approach Current**

- 1. Get a screenshot
- 2. Run object detection and generate the mask
- 3. Inpaint using OpenCV or Stable Diffusion
- 4. Return overlay image to server
- 5. Imprint it on the anchored plane

#### **Appendix - Tech Approach Alternative**

- 1. Get a screenshot every second
- 2. Run object detection and generate the mask
- 3. Inpaint using OpenCV or Stable Diffusion
- 4. Return overlay image to server
- 5. Resize and distort it to fit perfectly on the Mixed Reality feed for all the frames of the entire second (no anchor needed)



Overlay (OpenCV)







All Objects



Filtering



Mask

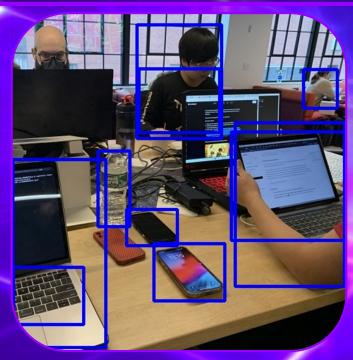


Overlay (OpenCV)



Stable Diffusion

**Initial Image** 



**Initial Image** 









**Filtering** 

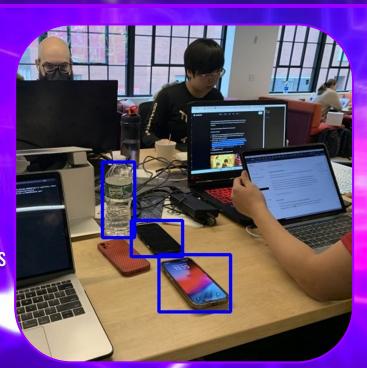
Mask

Overlay (OpenCV)

Stable **Diffusion** 

**All Objects** 











Mask

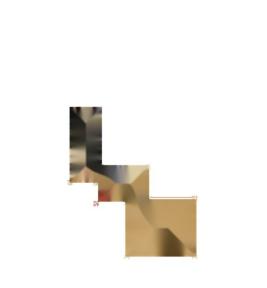
Overlay (OpenCV)

Stable Diffusion

**Filtering** 





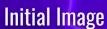




Stable Diffusion

Overlay (OpenCV)







**All Objects** 



**Filtering** 



Mask



Overlay (OpenCV)



Stable Diffusion