(a) From
$$y_1 + y_2 - y_1^2 = 0$$
, we have $y_2 = y_1^2 - y_1$

Then $2y_1 - (y_1^2 - y_1) + y_1(y_1^2 - y_1) = 0$
 $y_1(y_1^2 - 2y_1 + 3) = 0$
 $y_1 = 0$ or $y_1 = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{-8}}{2}$

complex number.

Skip it.

fixed point $(0,0)$.

Jacobian Matrix

 $\begin{bmatrix} 1-2y_1 & 1 \\ 2+y_2 & -1+y_1 \end{bmatrix}$

Substituting $y_1 = 0$ & $y_2 = 0$, we have

2 -1

 $(1-\lambda)(-1-\lambda)-2=0$

im Stable.

 $\lambda^2 = 3$

 $\lambda = \pm \sqrt{3}$

(b) From
$$-6y_1 + 4y_2 + y_3^2 = 0$$
, we have

$$y_1 = \frac{1}{6} (4y_2 + y_3^2)$$

$$0 = \frac{2}{3} (4y_1 + y_3^2) + 3y_2 - \frac{1}{6} y_1^2 (4y_1 + y_3^2)$$

$$\frac{17}{3} y_2 - \frac{y_2^5}{6} = 0$$

$$34 y_2 - y_2^5 = 0$$

$$y_2 (y_2^4 - 34) = 0$$

$$y_2 = \pm \sqrt{34}$$

$$y_2 = \pm \sqrt{34}$$

$$y_2 = \pm \sqrt{34}$$
fixed points $(0, 0)$

$$(\frac{2}{3}, \sqrt{34} + \frac{1}{6} (\sqrt{34})^3, \sqrt{34})$$

$$(-\frac{2}{3}, \sqrt{34} - \frac{1}{6} (\sqrt{34})^3, -\sqrt{34})$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 - y^{2} & 3 - 2y_{1}y_{2} \\ -6 & 4 + 3y_{2}^{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ -6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(4-\lambda)^2 + 18 = 0$$

$$\lambda - 4 = \pm \sqrt{-18}$$

$$\lambda = 4 \pm \sqrt{-18}$$

real
$$(\alpha) = 4 > 0$$
 instable.

(c) From
$$2y_1 + 3y_2 - y_1^3 = 0$$
, we have $y_2 = \frac{1}{3}(y_1^3 - 2y_1)$
Then. $-4y_1 + 2(y_1^3 - 2y_1) + y_1^2(y_1^3 - 2y_1) = 0$
 $y_1(y_1^4 - 8) = 0$
 $y_1 = 0$ or $y_1^2 = \pm \sqrt{8}$
 $y_1 = \pm \sqrt{8}$ $y_1 = \pm \sqrt{8}$
 $y_1 = \pm \sqrt{8}$ skip

Fixed points $(0, 0)$
 $(\frac{4}{\sqrt{8}}, \frac{1}{3}(\frac{4}{\sqrt{8}})^3 - \frac{2}{3}\frac{4}{\sqrt{8}})$
 $(-\sqrt{8}, -\frac{1}{3}(\frac{4}{\sqrt{8}})^3 + \frac{2}{3}\frac{4}{\sqrt{8}})$
For the point $(0, 0)$
 $(2-3y_1^2 + 3)$
 $(2-\lambda)(6-\lambda)+12=0$ $\lambda^2-8\lambda+24=0$

 $\lambda^2 - \beta \lambda + 24 = 0$

$$\lambda = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{64 - 24 \times 4}}{2}$$

real $(\lambda) = 4 > 0$

un stable.