

Conceptual design using ER ModelTools Required:

<https://draw.io> (or Creatly / ERD PLUS)

Steps involved in creating ER diagram

Step 1: Understanding

* Analyze the real world application:

College management system

* Understand domain: student, admission, lecture, subjects.

Step 2: - Identify major entities

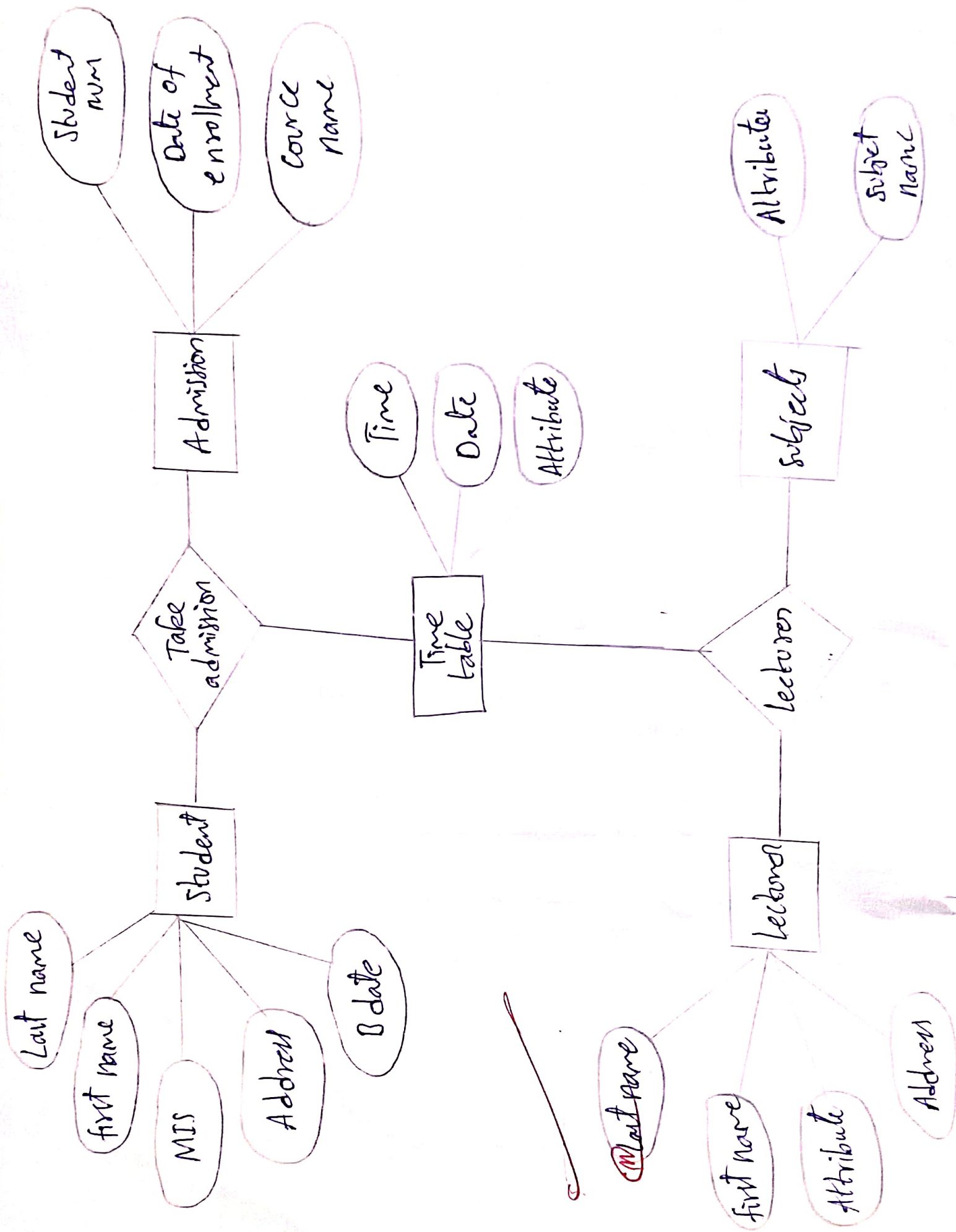
Entities are core components representing objects (or) concepts:

- Students
- Admission
- Timetable
- Lecture
- subjects.

Step 3: Identify Attributes for entity:

Entity Attributes

- Student: Name, student ID, Address, DOB, , Department
- Admission: Admission-num, course name, date of enrollment, student ID.
- Timetable: Time, date, classes.



Lecturers: Name, Lecturer-ID, Gender, department, Ph-num

Subjects: subject-name, subject code,

Step 4: Relationship b/w entities.

- * Students take one or more Admissions.
- * Admission student gets timetable
- * Timetable gives one or more Lecturers.
- * Lecturers teaches one or more subjects.

Step 5: Draw ER diagram using draw.io

- * Open <https://draw.io>
- * Choose blank diagram → click create
- * From left panel, draw the following
- * Use ellipses for attributes
- * Connect using lines.
- * Solid lines for relationship connectors.

Input for ER design

Real-time College management system
scenario. Use requirements
Data base design rules (Entities -
Attribute - Relationship)

Output:-

Entity Relationship diagram (ERD) that shows

- * All identified entities with attributes.
- * All relationship with appropriate cardinalities.

VEL TECH	
EX No.	1
PERFORMANCE (5)	5
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (5)	5
VIVA VOCE (5)	5
RECORD (5)	5
TOTAL (20)	15
SIGN WITH DATE	28/10/15

Result: This task helped to understand the importance of conceptual design in database management using draw.io; we were able to visually model to a real-time college management system into an ER diagram.

Task (1.B)

28/7/25

Convert ER diagram into Relational Model

Aim - To convert the ER Model diagram into relational model.

Steps for converting ER diagram to the relational model.

- * Entity type become a table.
- * All single-valued attributes become a column for the table.
- * A key attribute of the entity type represented by primary key.
- * The multi-valued attribute is represented by a separate table.
- * Composite attributes represent by components
- * Derived attributes are not considered in the table.

Using these rules, you can convert the ER diagram to tables & column and assign the mapping between the tables.

Relational model:

Student	
Name	VARCHAR
Student ID(PK)	INT
Department ID	INT
Department	VARCHAR
DOB	DATE
Address	VARCHAR

Time table	
Time	Time
Date	Date
classes	VARCHAR
TT_ID(PK)	INT

Admission	
Student ID(FK)	INT
Admission-num	INT
Course name	VARCHAR
Date of enrollment	DATE

Lecturer	
Name	VARCHAR
Gender	VARCHAR
Lecturer ID(PK)	INT
Ph Num	VARCHAR
Department	VARCHAR

Subjects	
Subject_name	VARCHAR
Subject_code(PK)	INT

VEL TECH	
EX No.	1. B
PERFORMANCE (5)	5
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (5)	5
VIVA VOCE (5)	5
RECORD (5)	15
TOTAL (20)	40
SIGN WITH DATE	28/2/15

Thus,
Result:- The relational model for the given
 ER diagram was successfully converted.