Simulated Nessus Vulnerability Scan Report

Generated on: 2025-09-25 11:08 UTC

Scanner: Nessus (simulated)

Scanned targets: 127.0.0.1 (localhost)

Executive Summary

This document is a simulated Nessus-style vulnerability scan report generated for coursework/demo purposes. The scan target is a localhost system (127.0.0.1). Findings are realistic in style but are NOT based on a live scan. Use this report only as an example to include in deliverables where a simulated report is acceptable.

Total Findings (simulated)	8
Critical	1
High	2
Medium	3
Low	2

Findings Summary (Top entries)

ID	Title	Port	Risk	cvss	CVE	
1	OpenSSL Heartbleed-like Vulnerability (Simulat	d)443/tcp (https)	High	7.5		
2	SMBv1 Server Enabled	445/tcp (microso	ft-dsCritical)	9.1		(е
3	Outdated Apache HTTP Server (Directory Trave	rsal Risk)80/tcp (http)	Medium	6.8		
4	Weak SSH Ciphers and MAC Algorithms	22/tcp (ssh)	Medium	5.3	N/A (configuratio	,
5	Default Credentials — Web Management Interfa	ce8080/tcp (http- pr	-oxy)High	8.0	N/A (auth issue)	
6	Insecure HTTP (Missing HSTS and TLS Weakn	esses)80/tcp http)	Low	4.3	N/A (configuratio)
7	Outdated SMB Client Signing Not Required	445/tcp (microso	ft-dsMedium)	6.5	N/A (configuratio	,
8	Localhost Unnecessary Service: FTP Running	21/tcp (ftp)	Low	3.7		

(configuration issue)

CVE-2017-9798 (example

N/A (insecure service)

Finding 1: OpenSSL Heartbleed-like Vulnerability (Simulated)

CVE 2014 0160 example N/A

Finding 2: SMBv1 Server Enabled

Risk High CVSS (simulated) 7.5

CVE CVE-2014-0160 (example)

Port / Service 443/tcp (https)

Evidence OpenSSL 1.0.1f detected in service banner (simulated)

Description A simulated Heartbleed-like memory disclosure vulnerability allowing remote attackers to read s

Remediation Upgrade OpenSSL to a version without the heartbeat vulnerability (e.g., >=1.0.1g). Apply vendo

Risk Critic CVSS (simulated) 9.1

CVE N/A (configuration issue)
Port / Service 445/tcp (microsoft-ds)

Evidence SMBv1 protocol detected via banner (simulated)

Description SMBv1 is insecure and has known critical vulnerabilities (e.g., WannaCry).

Remediation Disable SMBv1 on the host and enable SMBv2/SMBv3. Apply all OS security updates.

Finding 3: Outdated Apache HTTP Server (Directory Traversal Risk)

Finding 4: Weak SSH Ciphers and MAC Algorithms

Risk Medium CVSS (simulated) 6.8

CVE CVE-2017-9798 (example)

Port / Service 80/tcp (http)

Evidence Apache/2.2.15 detected in server header (simulated)

Description Older Apache versions may be susceptible to directory traversal and other issues.

Remediation Update Apache to the latest stable release, review document root permissions, and disable mod

Finding 5: Default Credentials — Web Management Interface

Risk High
Risk Medium
CVSS (simulated) 5.3

CVE N/A (configuration)

Port / Service 22/tcp (ssh)

Evidence Server supports 3des-cbc, hmac-sha1 (simulated)

Description The SSH service is allowing weak ciphers and MACs which can be susceptible to cryptographic

Remediation Reconfigure SSH to use strong ciphers (e.g., aes256-gcm@openssh.com) and strong MACs. R

Finding 6: Insecure HTTP (Missing HSTS and TLS Weaknesses)

CVSS (simulated) 8.0

CVE N/A (auth issue)

Port / Service 8080/tcp (http-proxy)

Evidence Default admin:admin credentials accepted on /admin (simulated)

Description Web management interface accessible with default credentials allowing administrative access.

Remediation Change default passwords, enforce strong password policy, restrict management interface to true

Finding 7: Outdated SMB Client Signing Not Required

Risk Low CVSS (simulated) 4.3

CVE N/A (configuration)

Port / Service 80/tcp (http)

Evidence No HSTS header; TLS 1.0 supported (simulated)

Description HTTP connections and weak TLS versions expose traffic to interception and downgrade attacks

Remediation Redirect HTTP to HTTPS, enable HSTS, and disable TLS 1.0/1.1. Use TLS 1.2+ and modern ci

Risk Medium CVSS (simulated) 6.5

CVE N/A (configuration)
Port / Service 445/tcp (microsoft-ds)

Evidence SMB signing not required (simulated)

Description SMB client signing not required may allow man-in-the-middle attacks on SMB sessions.

Remediation Require SMB signing via group policy or system config and ensure clients are updated.

Finding 8: Localhost Unnecessary Service: FTP Running

Risk Low CVSS (simulated) 3.7

CVE N/A (insecure service)

Port / Service 21/tcp (ftp)

Evidence FTP service banner: vsftpd 2.0.5 (simulated)

Description FTP transmits credentials in cleartext. Unnecessary services increase attack surface.

Remediation Disable FTP if not required or replace with SFTP (SSH-based). Enforce secure file transfer met