§3 A perfect hash table for integers

Listing 1: perf_hash.c

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
3
   #define BLOCKSIZE 256
5
6
   typedef int object_t;
7
   typedef int key_t;
8
   #define MAXP 46337 /* prime, and 46337*46337 < 2147483647 */
9
10
   typedef struct { int
11
                                   size;
12
                      int
                              primary_a;
13
                      int
                           *secondary_a;
14
                      int
                           *secondary_s;
15
                      int
                           *secondary_o;
16
                      int
                                  *keys;
                      object_t
17
                                  *objs; } perf_hash_t;
18
19
   perf_hash_t *create_perf_hash(int size, int keys[],
20
                                                   object_t objs[])
21
   {
        perf_hash_t *tmp;
22
        int *table1, *table2, *table3, *table4;
23
        int i, j, k, collision, sq_bucket_sum, sq_sum_limit, a;
24
        object_t *objects;
25
        tmp = (perf_hash_t *) malloc( sizeof(perf_hash_t) );
        table1 = (int *) malloc( size * sizeof(int) );
26
27
        table2 = (int *) malloc( size * sizeof(int) );
28
        table3 = (int *) malloc( size * sizeof(int) );
29
        sq_sum_limit =
                           5*size;
        sq\_bucket\_sum = 100*size;
30
        while(sq_bucket_sum > sq_sum_limit) /* find primary factor */
31
          \{ a = rand()\%MAXP; \}
32
33
           for (i=0; i < size; i++)
             table1[i] = 0;
34
35
           for (i=0; i < size; i++)
36
             table1 [(((a*keys[i])\%MAXP)\% size)] +=1;
37
           sq\_bucket\_sum = 0;
           for (i=0; i < size; i++)
38
              sq_bucket_sum += table1[i] * table1[i];
39
40
        /* compute secondary table sizes and their offset */
41
42
        for (i=0; i < size; i++)
            table1[i] = 2*table1[i]*table1[i];
43
44
            table 2[i] = (i>0) ? table 2[i-1] + table 1[i-1] : 0;
45
        table4 = (int *) malloc( 2*sq_bucket_sum * sizeof(int) );
46
```

```
47
       for (i=0; i< 2*sq\_bucket\_sum; i++)
            table4[i] = MAXP; /* different from all keys */
48
49
        collision = 1;
50
        for (i=0; i < size; i++)
51
            table3[i] = rand()%MAXP; /* secondary hash factor */
52
       while( collision )
53
          collision = 0;
           for (i=0; i < size; i++)
54
           \{ j = ((keys[i]*a)\% MAXP) \% size; \}
55
             k = ((keys[i]*table3[j])\% MAXP) \% table1[j] + table2[j];
56
57
             if(table4[k] = MAXP || table4[k] = keys[i])
                 table4[k] = keys[i]; /* entry up to now empty */
58
59
             else /* collision */
               collision = 1;
60
61
                table3[i] = 0; /* mark bucket as defect */
62
63
           if( collision )
64
          \{ for (i=0; i < size; i++) \}
65
             { if ( table3[i] == 0 ) /* defect bucket */
66
67
               { table3[i] = rand()%MAXP; /* choose new factor */
                  for ( k= table2[i]; k< table2[i]+table1[i]; k++)</pre>
68
                     table4[k] = MAXP; /* clear i-th secondary table */
69
70
             }
71
72
73
       } /* now the hash table is collision-free */
74
       /* keys are in the right places, now put objects there */
       objects = (object_t *) malloc(2*sq_bucket_sum*sizeof(object_t));
75
76
       for (i=0; i < size; i++)
       \{ j = ((keys[i]*a)\% MAXP) \% size; \}
77
78
         k = ((keys[i]*table3[j])\% MAXP) \% table1[j] + table2[j];
79
          objects[k] = objs[i];
80
81
       tmp \rightarrow size = size;
       82
83
       tmp->secondary_s = table1; /* secondary hash table sizes */
84
       tmp->secondary_o = table2; /* secondary hash table offsets */
85
       tmp->keys = table4; /* secondary hash tables */
86
       tmp \rightarrow objs = objects;
87
88
       return( tmp );
89
   }
90
91
92
   object_t *find(perf_hash_t *ht, int query_key)
93
      int i, j;
      i = ((ht->primary_a *query_key)% MAXP)%ht->size;
94
      if (ht \rightarrow secondary s[i] = 0)
95
96
         return ( NULL ); /* secondary bucket empty */
97
      else
```

```
98
          j = ((ht->secondary_a[i]*query_key)% MAXP)%ht->secondary_s[i]
               + ht->secondary_o[i];
99
100
           if (ht->keys[j] = query_key)
101
              return((ht->objs)+j); /* right key found */
102
103
              return( NULL ); /* query_key does not exist. */
104
       }
105
    }
106
107
108
109
    int main()
110
    {
111
       char nextop;
112
       int keys [1000]; int objects [1000]; int size = 0; int i;
113
       perf_hash_t *ht;
       printf("Enter Keys (here we choose object 10*k for key k)\n");
114
       while (\text{nextop} = \text{getchar}())! = 'q'
115
       { if ( nextop == 'i')
116
117
          { int inskey;
118
            scanf(" %d", &inskey);
            keys[size] = inskey;
119
120
            objects [size] = 10*inskey;
121
            size += 1:
122
         }
123
124
       printf("\nList of keys:\n");
125
       for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
126
          printf(" %d", keys[i] );
127
       printf("\n");
       ht = create_perf_hash( size, keys, objects );
128
129
       printf("created perfect hash table\n");
       while( (nextop = getchar())!= 'q' )
130
131
          if ( nextop = 'f' )
132
          { int findkey, *findobj;
133
            scanf(" %d", &findkey);
134
            printf(" looking for key %d\n", findkey);
135
            findobj = find( ht, findkey);
136
            if (findobj == NULL)
137
                        find failed, for key %d\n", findkey);
138
              printf("
139
            else
                        find successful, found object %d\n", *findobj);
140
              printf("
141
         }
142
143
       return(0);
144
```