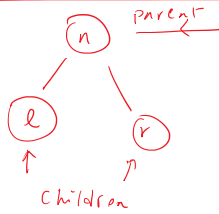


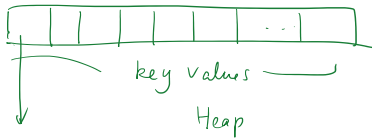
1 Midterm (Oct 19) up to Balanced Binary Search Trees.
(review on Oct 17)

2. (a) Min-Heap



$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Max} & \text{Min} \\ n \geq l & n \leq l \\ n \geq r & n \leq r \end{array}$$

(b)



Balanced Binary Search Trees

(1) for BST; Worst case All operations $O(n)$

insert
delete
search

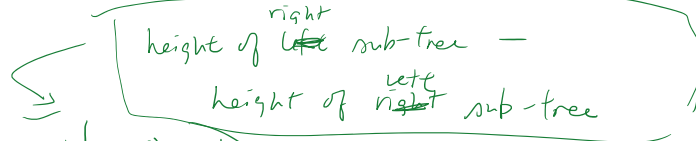
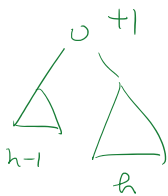


“high”

$$O(\lg n)$$

Worst
(NOT Balanced)

AVL trees.



-1, 0, 1 → OK for balanced binary search tree.
-2

Self Adjusting BST (Splay tree)

→ No Additional data to be tracked

→ Visiting imbalanced part will end up re-adjusting the height (more balanced than before)

→ Amortized Analysis

(M operations → $M \lg n$ time)

↑
insert

Worst case

- 1 1 1
 ↑
 Insert
 delete
 search

worst case
 ∴ the Amortized cost
 for each operation is $\sim \lg n$

Splay (x, T)

→ ↓ being used in all dictionary operations

→ Comparable to AVL trees & many other balanced
 BST (in terms of performance)

Multiway trees

