## CSE 674 Advanced Data Structures

Example: Topological Sort

Andrew C. Lee

EECS, Syracuse

### Contents

- ► Topological Sort
- the data structures
- Algorithms and Analysis

#### Motivations

#### The Topological Sort Example

- Use both Sequential and Linked Allocation
- Use more than one node structures
- Can be analyzed relatively easily

## What is Topological Sort?

- Data are partially ordered
  - ► The set of procedures performed in a manufacturing process (PERT, CRT)
  - Implementation of programming languages
- Mathematical definition
  - Reflexive
  - Anti-symmetric
  - ▶ Transitive

### Terms and Notations

- ► *S* (the collection of items, partially ordered)
- ▶ For any two distinct items of *S*, say *a* and *b*, we have either one of the following cases:
  - 1. a precedes b (expressed as a < b)
  - 2. b precedes a (expressed as b < a)
  - 3. neither a < b nor b < a

Other concepts: immediate predessors and immediate successors

## A Simple Method

- 1. Remove an item i from S which is not preceded by any other items.
- 2. Remove i.
- 3. Re-apply the method to the remaining elements (i.e.  $S \{i\}$ )

**Question:** Does it sound like sorting? Name a sorting method that use similar ideas.

## Example

Course Pre-requisite structure in a College

Prerequisites
400, 411
412, 612
311
113, 311, 420
113

Question: How will you use sequential/linked allocation?

### Data Structures I

**Phase 1:** Building a data structures to store the relations. Suppose we have the following table:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
400	612	818	412	411	420	311	113

#### Data Structures II

Phase 2: Compute a topologically sorted sequence

**Question** How to make use of a data structure to compute a topologically sort sequence ?

# The Algorithm (Discussions)

Suppose we have n items and m predecessor-successor relations

- 1. Build data structures to store the predessor information. Needs O(m+n) time
- 2. At this point:

#### **Discussions**

- 2.1 How to compute a topological sorted sequence ?
- 2.2 What will be the running time for your algorithm?