- The DNA sequence CAT will be transcribed into which sequence in mRNA?
 - A. TAC
- B. GUA
- C. CAT
- D. GTA
- 2. The start codon in eukaryotes specifies which amino acid?
 - A. Valine
- B. Alnine
- C. Methionine D. Isoleucine
- 3. Which of the following cells do not have phagocytic activity?
 - A. Neutrophil
- B. Monocytes
- C. Macrophages D. Erythrocytes
- 4. Major form of nitrogenous waste excreated by man is?
 - A. Urea
- B. Ammonia
- C. Uric Acid
- D. Creatinine
- 5. In eukaryotes, the number of codons that specify amino acids is
 - A. 64
- B. 60
- C. 24
- D. 61
- 6. Gout is caused due to accumulation of which crystals in Joints?
 - A. Uric acid
- B. Allantoin
- C. Xanthine
- D. Urea
- 7. Glycosuria is
 - A. High sugar in blood
 - B. Low sugar in blood
 - C. High sugar in urine
 - D. Low sugar in urine
- 8. Which of the following enzymes are correctly paired with their function
 - A. Peptidyl transferase- translation
 - B. DNA ligase joining of Okazaki fragments
 - C. RNA polymerase- transcription
 - D. All of the above
- 9. Which of the following hormones is an amino acid derivative?
 - A. Insulin
- B. Thyroxine
- C. Cortisol
- D. Glucagon

- 10. Which of the following is a C4 epimer of Glucose?
 - A Galactose
- B. Mannose
- C. Fructose
- D. All of these
- 11. Which of the following coenzymes is required for carboxylation reaction.
 - A. Biotin
- B. Niacin
- C. Thiamine
- D. Cobalamine
- 12. Which of the following fat soluble vatamins is an important anti oxidants?
 - A. Vitamin E
- B. Vitamin C
- C. Vitamin A
- D. Both a and b
- 13. Which harmone is the fight and flight hormone?
 - A. Aderenaline B. Insulin
 - C. Glucagon
- D. Thyroxine
- 14. Which of the following is an essential fatty acid for humans?
 - A. Streric Acid
- B. Linoleic Acid
- C. Oleic Acid
- D. Palmitic Acid
- 15. Prostaglandins are derived from?
 - A. Cholesterol
 - B. Fatty Acid
 - C. Amino Acid
 - D. Carbohydrates
- 16. Which of the following conditions is not due to deficiency of Thyroid Hormones?
 - A. Graves disease
 - B. Cretinism
 - C. Myxoedema
 - D. Inodine deficiency Giotre
- 17. Which of the following antibiotics are inhibitors of proteins synthesis?
 - A. Streptomycin
- B. Puromycin
- C. Chloramphenicol
- D. All of these
- 18. How many molecules of acetyl CoA are produced from 16 carbon palmitic acid during β-oxidation?
 - A. 4
- B. 6
- C. 8
- D. 10

- 19. Which of the following statements regarding Insulin are correct?
 - A. In museles, insulin increases glucose uptake
 - B. In lives, insulin decreases production of glucose by inhibiting gluconeogenesis
 - C. Epinephrine and glucagon have opposite effect to insulin, they increase glucose concentration in blood
 - D. All of the above
- 20. Detoxification of drugs and other metabolic wastes takes place in?
 - A. Smooth Endoplasmic Reticulum
 - B. Rough Endoplasmic Reticulum
 - C. Golgi Apparatus
 - D. Mitochondria
- 21. Which is of the following is a glucose homopolysaccharide?
 - A. Starch
- B. Chitin
- C. Cellulose
- D. Both a) and c)
- 22. Adenosine triphosphate (ATP) is a?
 - A. Purine
- B. Nucleoside
- C. Nucleotide
- D. Pvrimidine
- 23. Which of the following carbohydrates is not a disaccharide?
 - A. Mannose
- B. Sucrose
- C. Maltose
- D. Lactose
- 24. The backbone of DNA and RNA, formed of alternating sugar-phosphate-sugarresidues is held by which bonds?
 - A. Glycosidic bond
 - B. Hydrogen bond
 - C. Phosphodiester bond
 - D. Peptide bond
- 25. Cholesterol is a precursor of which of the following hormones?
 - A. Progestrone
- B. Testosterone
- C. Estradiol
- D. All of these
- 26. Which of the following nitrogenous bases is not present in DNA?
 - A. Adenine
- B. Guanine
- C. Uracil
- D. Thymine

- 27. Which of the following amino acids is not optically active?
 - A. Leucine
- B. Glycine
- C. Tryptophan
- D. Methionine
- 28. Pellagra is caused due to deficiency of?
 - A. Biotin
- B. Cobalamine
- C. Niacin
- D. Pyridoxine
- 29. Which of the following cell organelles lacks membrane?
 - A. Lysosome
- B. Ribosome
- C. Nucleus
- D. Vacoule
- 30. The 2 Carbon compounds that enters the Kreb's Cycle to condense with 4 Carbon oxaloaceltate is?

 - A. Pyruvate B. Acetyl CoA
 - C. Lactate
- D. Acetaldehyde
- 31. β-oxidation of fatty acids takes place in

 - A. Cytosol
- B. Mitochondria
- C. E.R
- D. Lysosome
- 32. Ketone bodies are formed during?
 - A. Fasting
 - B. High carbohydrate meal
 - C. High protein meal
 - D. High insulin
- 33. Which is the most abundant protein in animals?
 - A. Keratin
- B. Collagen
- C. Haemoglobin D. Insulin
- 34. The metabolic disorder "phenylketonuria" results in the build up of?
 - A. Ketone bodies
- B. Phenylalanine
- C. Alanine
- D. All of these
- 35. Post transcriptional modification of mRNA includes?
 - A. 5 capping of mRNA
 - B. 3[/] capping of mRNA
 - C. 5 poly A tail addition
 - D. All of the above

- 26. In eukaryotes mRNA is transcribed by ?
 - A. RNA pol I
- B. RNA pol II
- C. RNA pol III
- D. All of the above
- 37. The enzyme Lipase that breaks down triacylglycerols belongs to which class of enzymes?
 - A. Ligases
- B. Lyases
- C. Hydrolases
- D. Transferases
- 38. Which of the following forms of DNA is a Left-handed helix?
 - A. A form
 - B. B form
 - C. Z form
 - D. None of above
- 39. Phospholipid "Lecithin" is which of the following?
 - A. Phosphatidyl choline
 - B. Phosphatidyl serine
 - C. Phosphatidyl ethanolamine
 - D. Phosphatidyl inositol
- 40. According to Michealis Menten approach a graph between initial velocity (V) and substrate concentration
 - (S) of an enzyme catalyzed reaction is?
 - A. Straight Line
 - B. Bell shaped curve
 - C. Hyperbolic curve
 - D. None of the above
- 41. The net gain of ATP during glycosis is
 - A. Two
- B. Four
- C. Six
- D. Eight
- 42. Which of the following is an aromatic amino acid?
 - A. Serine
- B. Alanine
- C. Tryptophan
- D. None of these
- 43. Electron Transport Chain (ETC) is located in mitochondrial?
 - A. Matrix
 - B. Outer Membrane
 - C. Inner Membrane
 - D. Inter Membrane Space

- 44. The conversion of pyruvate to acetyl CoA is by the process of
 - A. Oxidative decarboxylation
 - B. Dehydrogenation
 - C. Phosphorylation
 - D. Decarboxylation
- 45. The site for Tricarboxylic Acid Cycle in eukaryotes is?
 - A. Cytoplasm
 - B. Mitochondrial matrix
 - C. Inner Mitochondrial Membrane
 - D. Outer Mitochondrial Membrane
- 46. The Fluid Mosaic Model for Plasma Membrane was given by?
 - A. Schleiden and Schwann
 - B. Gorter and Grendel
 - C. Danielli and Dayson
 - D. Singer and Nicolson
- 47. Which of the following is a sulphur containing amino acid?
 - A. Methionine B. Glycine
 - C. Cysteine
- D. Both a and c
- 48. Which enzyme of the TCA cycle is located on the inner mitochondrial membrane?
 - A. Malate dehydrogenase
 - B. Isocitrate dehydrogenase
 - C. α-ketoglutarate dehydrogense
 - D. Succinate deydrogenase
- 49. Which of the following is an unsaturated fatty acid?
 - A. Palmitic Acid
 - B. Oleic acid
 - C. Stearic acid
 - D. Arachidic Acid
- 50. The Na⁺ Glucose transporter of the intestinal epithelium is an example of?
 - A. Antiport
 - B. Uniport
 - C. Symport
 - D. Facilitated Diffusion