	Autumn 2017 – Main Exam
	SEAT NUMBER:
~! ! = ^	STUDENT NUMBER:
EUTS	SURNAME: (FAMILY NAME)
NIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY STUNEY	OTHER NAMES:
Examination Conditions:	33130 Mathematical Modelling 1
	33130 Mathematical Modelling 1 Time Allowed: 2 hours and 10 mins
ou. Use the time before your examination o do so as you will not be allowed any xtra time once the exam has ended. You are not permitted to have on your	Includes 10 minutes of optional reading time. This reading time is optional. You are permitted to write, calculate or mark your paper any way during reading time.
esk or on your person any unauthorised naterial. This includes but not limited to: Mobile phones Smart watches and bands	This is a Restricted Open Book exam Please refer to the permitted materials below:
 Electronic devices Draft paper (unless provided) Textbooks (unless specified) Notes (unless specified) 	Permitted materials for this exam: Calculators (non-programmable only) Drawing instruments
ou are not permitted to obtain assistance y improper means or ask for help from or ive help to any other person.	i.e. Rulers, Set Squares and Compasses The following material is allowed:
f you wish to leave and be re-admitted including to use the toilet), you have to vait until 90 mins has elapsed.	One (1) revision sheet (A4 double-sided). They must be handwritten only.
f you wish to leave the exam room	Materials provided for this exam: This examination paper

permanently, you have mins has elapsed.

You are not permitted to leave your seat (including to use the toilet) during the final 15 mins.

During the examination you must first seek permission (by raising your hand) from a supervisor before.

- Leaving early
- Using the toilet
- Accessing your bag

Disciplinary action will be taken against you if you infringe university rules.

Four (4) answer booklets (5 pages)

Students please note:

- Each question is to be attempted in a separate booklet
- You MUST indicate the question number on the cover of each booklet
- You MUST hand in your sheet of A4 paper

Examiner: Dr D. M. Solina

Assessor: Dr M. Coupland

Rough work space
Do not write your answers on this page.



Question 1 : Mastery/Basic Level (3 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 3 + 3 = 20 marks)

- (a) For what values of d are the given vectors (20, d, -19) and $(d, -d^2, d)$ orthogonal (at 90°)?
- (b) Find the equation of the plane through the point (4, 5, 3) and perpendicular to the vector (9, -4, 3).
- (c) Each <u>side</u> of a cube is increasing at a rate of 2 cm/s. At what rate is the <u>surface</u> area of the cube increasing when the <u>surface</u> area is 54 cm²?
- (d) Find all the solutions of the equation: $x^2 + 2x + 2 = 0$. Express your answer in exponential polar form with $-\pi < \theta \le \pi$.
- (e) Use logarithmic differentiation to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ of the function: $y = x^{5x}$
- (f) Evaluate the integral: $\int_{1}^{4} \frac{x-12}{\sqrt{x}} dx$. Leave your answer as a fraction.

Remember to start the next question in a separate booklet, and write the question number on the cover.

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Question 2 : Standard Level (4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 20 marks)

- (a) By writing each vector in terms of its components, e.g. $\underline{u} = \langle u_1, u_2 \rangle$, prove: $\underline{u} + \underline{v} = \underline{v} + \underline{u}$.
- (b) Resolve the vector $\mathbf{a} = 5\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$ into two vectors, one parallel to $\mathbf{c} = 3\mathbf{i} 2\mathbf{j} + 1\mathbf{k}$, and one perpendicular to \mathbf{c} .
- (c) A hanging cable of constant linear density ρ and horizontal tension T at its lowest point takes the shape of the graph of a solution of the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{\rho g}{T} \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} \text{ where } g \text{ is the acceleration due to gravity. Verify that the function } y = \frac{T}{\rho g} \cosh\left(\frac{\rho g x}{T}\right) \text{ is a solution of the differential equation.}$
- (d) In fluid mechanics, the complex potential function w is given by: $w(r,\theta) = \varphi(r,\theta) + i\psi(r,\theta)$. where $\varphi(r,\theta)$ is the potential function and $\psi(r,\theta)$ the stream function both of which are functions of the two real variables, r and θ . A particular flow is given by $w = z^5 + \frac{c^2}{z^5}$, where c is a non-zero real number and $z = re^{i\theta}$. By considering the real and imaginary parts of w, show that the potential function $\varphi(r,\theta)$ is given by $\varphi(r,\theta) = \left(r^5 + \frac{c^2}{r^5}\right)\cos(5\theta)$.
- (e) Show that $\frac{d}{dx}\cos^{-1}x = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ Hint: start by letting $y = \cos^{-1}x$ then complete $x = \dots$, then differentiate both sides with respect to x using the Chain Rule.

Remember to start the next question in a separate booklet, and write the question number on the cover.

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Question 3 : Standard Level (4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 20 marks)

- (a) Find the following: $\int x\sqrt{5x+1} dx$
- (b) Find the length of the curve $y = \cosh x$ for $0 \le x \le 6$. Note: Arc Length $= \int_a^b \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} dx$
- (c) In a particular series RC circuit the voltage v(t) across one of the elements is given by the differential equation $RC\frac{dv}{dt} + v = Ee^{-\frac{t}{RC}}$, with R, C, and E constants. If v(0) = 2, find the particular solution.
- (d) Find the solution of the following differential equation which satisfies the given initial conditions: y'' = -10y', y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 3.
- (e) Solve the initial value problem: $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4y^2 + 1$, y(0) = 2

Remember to start the next question in a separate booklet, and write the question number on the cover.

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Question 4: Challenge Level (10 + 6 + 4 = 20 marks)

- (a) At a mining plant, bauxite ore is stored in a stockpile in a square yard with 100 metre sides. The ore is poured from a conveyor belt 30 metres above the original ground surface of the yard at a rate of $6000 \ m^3$ /hour, and forms a conical shaped pile, whose radius is 1.5 times its height.
 - i. If at a certain time the pile is 20 metres high, how long will it take for the top of the pile to reach the conveyor belt (i.e. 30 metres high)?
 - ii. How much of the floor area of the yard is uncovered when the pile is 20 metres high? How fast is the floor area of the pile growing at that height?
 - iii. Suppose that the ore is now being removed from the pile at a rate of $2000 \, m^3$ /hour to be used in the next stage of processing when the height of the pile reaches 25 metres. Assuming that the pile continues to maintain its conical shape, how long will it now take for the top of the pile to reach the conveyor belt under these conditions?
- (b) Show that $\sin^{-1}(\tanh x) = \tan^{-1}(\sinh x)$.
- (c) Consider a container of any shape, full of water, and without a lid. The water evaporates at a rate proportional to the area of the surface of the water. That is, the rate of decrease of the volume is proportional to the surface area. Show that the depth of the water decreases at a constant rate, regardless of the shape of the container.