课后例句 P160

Reading 1: Cheating Death

1. The spokesman of the company refused to ***disclose（透露；揭露；泄露）*** more details of their latest project to the press.
2. old codger 老东西
3. With the improvement of the people's living standard, foreign travels have become ***commonplace(常见的事; 老生常谈; 平常的事; 平淡无奇的言语等).***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ① (ADJ-GRADED) 平常的;不足为奇的 If something is commonplace, it happens often or is often found, and is therefore not surprising. | Computers are now commonplace in primary classrooms.  Foreign vacations have become commonplace. |
| ② (N-COUNT) 平常的事;司空见惯的事 | It's become a commonplace to see people collapsing from hunger in the streets. |
| ③ (N-COUNT) 老生常谈;陈词滥调 A commonplace is a remark or opinion that is often expressed and is therefore not original or interesting. | It is a commonplace to say that Northern Ireland is a backwater in the modern Europe.  说北爱尔兰是现代欧洲死气沉沉的落后地区已是陈词滥调了。 |

1. common sense

Use your common sense... 用一用你的常识吧。

She always had a lot of common sense. 她一直都有很强的直觉判断力。

Adj. commonsense / common-sense

a common-sense approach to a problem

1. Just two months ago, he underwent hip ***replacement(替代品；替换物)*** surgery that cost $120, 000.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| [不可数名词] the ***act*** of replacing one thing with another, especially sth that is newer or better 替换；更换 | the replacement of worn car parts 汽车上损坏零件的更换  replacement windows 新换的窗子 |
| [可数名词] a ***thing*** that replaces sth, especially because the first thing is old, broken, etc. 替代品；替换物 | a hip replacement 假髋骨 |
| [可数名词] ~ (for sb) a ***person*** who replaces another person in an organization, especially in their job （尤指工作中的）接替者，替代者 | We need to find a replacement for Sue. 我们需要找一个替代休的人。 |

[ ] the replacement of damaged or lost book

[ ] Taylor has nominated Adams as his replacement.

[ ] The 18-year-old made his debut（首次出场） last week as a replacement for the injured Gordon Durie.

replace:

④ (***VERB***) 把…放回(原处) If you replace something, you put it back where it was before.

● The line went dead. Whitlock replaced the receiver... 线路中断了，惠特洛克把听筒放回原处。

● Replace the caps on the bottles. 把瓶盖重新盖上。

I replaced the cup carefully in the saucer. 我小心翼翼地将杯子放回茶碟。

造句：

1. It was only at the very end of the 19th century that this practice was ***abolished(废止；废除；取消).***
2. We have decided to ***suspend(暂停;中止)*** all production at the factory until safety checks can be carried out.

***词根 pend/pens 悬挂，挂***

co-dependent adj. 互相依赖的；共存的

codependency n. 互相依赖

overdependence n. 过度依赖

pendant n. 垂饰，坠饰 adj. 下垂的

context-dependent adj. [计] 上下文相关的

temperature-dependent 与温度有关的，[物] 随温度而变的

pending 未决定的；行将发生的

impend v. 迫近；（坏事）隐现

impending [im'pendiŋ] 即将来临的，迫近的 adj.

impendent [im'pendənt] 悬挂的，即将发生的，逼近的

suspend vt. 延缓，推迟；使暂停；使悬浮 vi. 悬浮；禁赛

suspension [sə'spenʃən] n. 悬挂，悬而不决，中止，暂停

suspended [sə'spendid] adj. 悬浮的；暂停的，缓期的（宣判）

suspenders [sə'spɛndɚz] n. 吊裤带；裤子背带



append [ə'pend] vt. 附加

appendage [ə'pendɪdʒ] n. 附加物；下属；[动][解剖] 附器

（如植物的枝叶和动物的腿尾）

appendix [ə'pendɪks] n. 附录；阑尾；附加物

appendix n. 附录；阑尾；附加物

appendicitis [ə,pendɪ'saɪtɪs] n. [医] 阑尾炎；盲肠炎

appendectomy [,æp(ə)n'dektəmɪ] n. [外科] 阑尾切除术 tom 是切的意思，atom 原子（不可切分的意思）

pendulum n.摆，钟摆； 摇摆不定的事态（或局面） 

pendulous ['pendjʊləs] adj. 下垂的，悬垂的；摇摆的

***词根 pend 花费，给钱***

expend/ɪkˈspend/ vt. 花费；消耗；用光；耗尽

pension /'pɛnʃən/ n. 退休金，抚恤金；津贴

pensioner ['penʃənə] n. 领养老金者；领取抚恤金者

pension-fund ['penʃ(ə)n-fʌnd] n. 养老基金；退休基金

dispense vt. 分配，分发

compensate /ˈkɑːmpenseɪt/ vt. 补偿，赔偿；付报酬

1. He's an eternal ***optimist(乐观者；乐观主义者)***. He always expects good things to happen or things to be successful. 反义词？
2. He attributes his ***longevity(长寿)*** to a simple diet and a glass of wine every day.
3. For the first time it seemed possible to measure the body like a machine to test its ***longevity(寿命).***
4. Doctors say these new drugs can reduce pal and ***prolong（延长）*** life for two or three years.
5. Let's try and solve the mast ***immediate（目前的；当下的；紧迫的）*** problem before they get worse.
6. If the eyes are affected by the drug, you must seek ***immediate（附近的）*** medical attention.

本句immediate？

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. happening or done without delay 立即的；立刻的 （= instant） | an immediate reaction/response 即时的反应 / 回应  to take immediate action 立刻采取行动 |
| 1. [常用于名词前] existing now and needing urgent attention 目前的；当前的；迫切的 | Our immediate concern is to help the families of those who died.当务之急  The effects of global warming, while not immediate, are potentially catastrophic.  全球气温上升的后果虽然并非即时发生  The hospital says she's out of immediate danger . 医院说她眼下已没有危险。 |
| 1. [只用于名词前] next to or very close to a particular place or time 接近的；附近的；紧接的 | in the immediate vicinity 近在咫尺  The prospects for the immediate future are good. 短期内前景乐观。  The director is standing on her immediate right. 主管就挨在她的右边站着。  my immediate predecessor in the job (= the person who had the job just before me) 我的职位的前一任 |
| 1. [只用于名词前] nearest in relationship or rank （关系或级别）最接近的，直系的，直接的 | The funeral was attended by her immediate family (= her parents, children, brothers and sisters) only. 直系亲属  He is my immediate superior (= the person directly above me) in the company. |
| 1. [只用于名词前] having a direct effect （作用）直接的 | The immediate cause of death is unknown.  直接原因 |

[ ] These tragic incidents have had an immediate effect..

[ ] My immediate reaction was just disgust.

[ ] Relief agencies say the immediate problem is not a lack of food, but transportation.

[ ] his immediate superior

[ ] I was seated at Sauter's immediate left.

[ ] in the immediate vicinity.

[ ] The presence of his immediate family is obviously having a calming effect on him.

1. The language of teenagers is often completely ***inaccessible（无法理解的）*** to the elderly.
2. A long flight of stairs made the center of the museum ***inaccessible（难到达的；不可及的）*** to disabled visitors.

inaccessible to

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ① (ADJ-GRADED) 达不到的;难到达的;不可(或不易)进入的 An inaccessible place is very difficult or impossible to reach. | ● ...the remote, inaccessible areas of the Andes rainforests.  ● The route took us through scenery quite inaccessible to the motorist. 驾车者难以抵达 |
| ② (ADJ-GRADED) 见不到的;不可使用的;买不到的 If something is inaccessible, you are unable to see, use, or buy it. | ● Ninety-five per cent of its magnificent collection will remain inaccessible to the public... 不会向公众开放。  ● We gained a rich supply of data which would normally be inaccessible.通常难以获取的 |
| ③ (ADJ-GRADED) 难懂的;无法理解的 Someone or something that is inaccessible is difficult or impossible to understand or appreciate. | ● A lot of contemporary music is virtually inaccessible.  几乎难以理解。  ● ...using language that is inaccessible to working people. 使用劳动人民无法理解的语言 |

[ ] They live in a remote area, inaccessible except by car.

[ ] The temple is now inaccessible to the public.

[ ] The language of teenagers is often completely inaccessible to (= not understood by) adults.

造句：

1. Caulfield claimed the company had ***discriminated（区分，辨别; 区别对待; 歧视）*** against him because of his nationality.

难点，重点

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ***~ (between A and B) | ~ A from B***  ***t***o recognize that there is a difference between people or things; to show a difference between people or things 区别；辨别；区分  ***= differentiate, distinguish*** | The computer program was unable to ***discriminate between letters and numbers***.  When do babies learn to discriminate voices?  A number of features ***discriminate this species from others***. |
| ***~ (against sb) | ~ (in favour of sb)*** to treat one person or group worse/better than another in an unfair way 区别对待；歧视；偏袒 | practices that discriminate against women and in favour of men  It is illegal to discriminate on grounds of race, sex or religion. |

[ ] He is incapable of discriminating between a good idea and a terrible one...

[ ] The device can discriminate between the cancerous and the normal cells.

[ ] They believe the law discriminates against women.

[ ] ..legislation which would discriminate in favour of racial minorities...

造句：

1. Melania believes that dressing ***youthfully（年经地：像年轻人地：具有年段人特点地）*** about keeping up with trends.
2. Cutting the bush back in the autumn will help promote ***vigorous（强健的；精力旺盛的）*** growth in the spring.
3. According to a recent survey a quarter of people over 12 get no ***vigorous（强度大的；积极的）*** exercise at all.

vigor: [不可数名词] energy, force or enthusiasm 精力；力量；活力；热情 (= vitality)

He worked with renewed vigour and determination. 他以新的活力和决心工作着。

● His body lacks the bounce and vigour of a normal two-year-old... 弹跳力与活力

● He blew his nose with great vigour. 使劲擤了擤鼻子

1. Tim was rude, unable to bear criticism, and more and more ***hidebound（古板的，守旧的（含贬义））*** in his views as he got older.
2. I would say the film successfully ***recaptures（使重温；使再次经历）*** the joyful style of those days.

capture

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. (VERB) (尤指在战争中)俘虏，擒获，占领，夺取 If you capture ***someone or something***, you catch them, especially in a war. | ● The guerrillas shot down one aeroplane and captured the pilot... 俘虏  ● The whole town celebrated when two tanks were captured... 缴获 |
| ② (VERB) 代表（特点);表现,体现(感情、气氛) If something or someone captures ***a particular quality, feeling, or atmosphere***, they represent or express it successfully. | ● Chef Idris Caldora offers an inspired menu that captures the spirit of the Mediterranean... 富有地中海特色  ● Their mood was captured by one who said, 'Students here don't know or care about campus issues.' 道出了他们的心情 |
| ③ (VERB) 吸引(注意力);激发(想象);赢得(喜爱) If something captures your ***attention or imagination***, you begin to be interested or excited by it. If someone or something captures your heart, you begin to love them or like them very much. | ● ...the great names of the Tory party who usually capture the historian's attention.  ● ...the issue that has captured the imagination of nearly the whole nation. |
| ④ (VERB) 拍摄If an ***event*** is captured in a photograph or on film, it is photographed or filmed.  ● The incident was captured on videotape... | ● The incident was captured on videotape...  ● The images were captured by TV crews filming outside the base. |
| ⑤ (VERB) 得到;夺得;获得 If you capture something that you are trying to ***obtain in competition*** with other people, you succeed in obtaining it. | ● In 1987, McDonald's captured 19 percent of all fast-food sales...  ● The Socialist candidate has captured eighty-five per cent of the vote in the three-way presidential race. |

1. There is a trend toward more temporary employment and ***portfolio careers（组合型职业）.***

***portfolio pl. -os***

folio 是书的一页的意思

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a thin flat case used for carrying documents, drawings, etc. 文件夹；公事包 |  |
| a collection of photographs, drawings, etc. that you use as an example of your work, especially when applying for a job （求职时用以证明资历的）作品，整套照片 |  |
| (finance 财) a set of shares owned by a particular person or organization （个人或机构的）投资组合，有价证券组合 | an investment/share portfolio  投资 / 股份组合 |
| (formal, especially British English) the particular area of responsibility of a government minister （部长或大臣的）职责，职务 | the defence portfolio 国防部长职责  She resigned her portfolio. 她辞去了部长职务。 |
| the range of products or services offered by a particular company or organization （公司或机构提供的）系列产品，系列服务 | a portfolio of wines  系列葡萄酒 |

1. It is said that the new employee has broken the rule and will be punished ***accordingly（相应地）. 难点***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| in a way that is appropriate to what has been done or said in a particular situation 照着；相应地 | We have to discover his plans and act accordingly.  我们得找出他的计划，照着办。  It is a difficult job and they should be paid accordingly... 应得到相应的报酬  The new government will make a judgment about its interests and act accordingly. |
| (used especially at the beginning of a sentence 尤用于句首) for that reason 因此；所以 (= therefore) | The cost of materials rose sharply last year. Accordingly, we were forced to increase our prices. |

1. Matthew has worked as a ***laborer（体力劳动者；工人）*** in factories and on construction sites since he left his hometown.
2. People setting up business on their own really need to employ an ***accountant（会计师；会计）.***
3. There has been a great deal of ***speculation（猜测；推测）*** about what will happen after the president resigns.

Big farmers are moving in, not in order to farm, but in order to ***speculate*** with rising land prices.

1. Don't fall into the ***trap（牢笼；困境）*** of investing all your money in one place.
2. Three teenage girls took a vow (誓言)of ***eternal（永远的；永恒的）*** friendship during the summer of 1985.
3. It is a pity that the spring flowers were already beginning to ***wither（枯菱；千枯）.***



1. ***cicada [sɪˈkɑːdə] 蝉***



1. The business report released on Wednesday ***cautioned（警告；告诚；提醒）*** investors against over-optimistic expectations.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ***~ (sb) against sth | ~ sb about sth***  to warn sb about the possible dangers or problems of sth 警告；告诫；提醒 | I would caution against getting too involved.  Sam cautioned him against making a hasty decision.  The government cautioned that pay increases could lead to job losses.  [also 动词 + 名词短语 + 带to的不定式, 动词 + 名词短语 + that从句, 动词 + 直接引语, 动词 + 名词短语 + 直接引语] |
| [动词 + 名词短语](British English,law 律) to warn sb officially that anything they say may be used as evidence against them in court 警告，提醒（某人说的任何话都可能在法庭上被当作对其不利的证据） | Suspects must be cautioned before any questions are asked. |
| [动词 + 名词短语][常用被动态](British English,law 律) ~ sb (for sth) to warn sb officially that they will be punished if they do sth wrong or illegal again 警告（某人不得再做错事或非法的事） | She wasn't sent to the juvenile court; instead she was cautioned.  她未被送上少年法庭，而是受到了警告。 |

N.

● Extreme caution should be exercised when buying part-worn tyres... 要格外当心

● The Chancellor is a man of caution. 为人处世谨慎

1. The actress who played the fashion designer in the movie was absolutely ***terrific（极好的；极棒的）***!
2. You have to be realistic - it's difficult to ***cram（把⋯塞进（小空间）；硬塞）*** everything into a tight schedule.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ~ (sth) into/onto sth | ~ (sth) in to push or force sb/sth into a small space; to move into a small space with the result that it is full 把…塞进；挤满；塞满 | He crammed eight people into his car.  I could never cram in all that she does in a day.  I managed to cram down a few mouthfuls of food. |
| [单独使用的动词] ~ (for sth) (rather old-fashioned) to learn a lot of things in a short time, in preparation for an exam （为应考）临时死记硬背 | He's been cramming for his exams all week. |

[ ] She was cramming for her Economics exam...

[ ] Supporters crammed the streets.

[ ] We all managed to cram into his car.

造句：

1. Some young mothers feel that they have got to the stage where they aren't able to ***cope（（成功地）应付，对付）*** on their own.
2. Her father's death reminded her that she was ***mortal（不会长生不死的；终有一死的）***, and it made her very sad.
3. Some people want to achieve ***immortality（永生；长存；永恒）*** through their works.
4. He is neither a liar nor a ***fantasist（幻想家；空想家；不切实际者***）, and he is careful about what he says.
5. Traveling to the Potala Palace in Tibet has been on my ***bucket list（人生心愿清单***） for years.

④ (PHRASE) 蹬腿儿；咽气儿 If you say that someone has kicked the bucket, you mean that they have died.

bucket list 遗愿清单

1. Could you explain to us how you ***cheated death（死里逃生；逃脱厄运等）*** at every stage of the journey?
2. Kathleen thinks she's ***over the hill（不再年轻；人老珠黄）***, but she's only 32.
3. Activities ***on offer（可买到的；供使用的；提供的）*** at the beach include sailing, rowing, canoeing and camping.
4. Economists agree that the economic situation is good and recovery is ***on the way（即将到达（发生））.***
5. So you think they'll get married next year?- I think ***it's on the cards（很可能发生）.***
6. I bought the pair of boots three years ago and they are beginning to ***wear out（用坏；（使）磨损）.***

wear out | wear sth↔out

to become, or make sth become, thin or no longer able to be used, usually because it has been used too much 磨薄；穿破；磨损；用坏

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ① (PHRASAL VERB-ERG) (使)磨损;(使)用坏 When something wears out or when you wear it out, it is used so much that it becomes thin or weak and unable to be used any more. | ● Every time she consulted her watch, she wondered if the batteries were wearing out...  He wore out two pairs of shoes last year |
| ② (PHRASAL VERB) 使精疲力竭;使疲乏 If something wears you out, it makes you feel extremely tired. | ● The young people run around kicking a ball, wearing themselves out... |
| ③ (PHRASAL VERB-ERG) （使）（感觉等）逐渐消失 If someone wears out their welcome with you, or if it wears out, they spend a lot of time with you and you are no longer happy about it. You can also say that a feeling wears out or is worn out. | ● 'Could you not stay with us while you are solving your mystery?' — 'Oh, we don't want to wear out our welcome.'... 我们可不想不受欢迎 |

[ ] Horses used for long-distance riding tend to wear their shoes out more quickly...

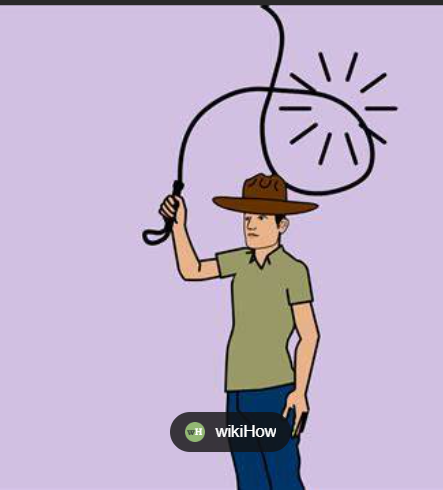
[ ] His stubborn resistance to anything new eventually wore out the patience of his superiors...

[ ] The past few days had really worn him out...

造句：

1. Dr. Rosen closed his downtown practice and ***set up shop（开业）*** in a suburban neighborhood.
2. All the three kids of the Thompsons are good musicians. The musical talent seems to ***run in the family（(某种品质、疾病、技能等）在家族中遗传，是家族特征）.***
3. During the last decade, the right wing of the party has held ***the whip hand（支配权；控制权）*** over the country.

whip: 鞭子



1. The feedback is that more research and solid evidence are needed to ***round out（（尤指通过增加另一特点而）使要加完美，西完成）*** the article.
2. Local authorities have ***drawn up（起草，拟定（名单、合同等））*** guidelines on waste treatment and disposal.