

Reciprocal cycles

Problem 26

A unit fraction contains 1 in the numerator. The decimal representation of the unit fractions with denominators 2 to 10 are given:

$$1/2 = 0.5$$

$$1/3 = 0.(3)$$

$$1/4 = 0.25$$

$$1/5 = 0.2$$

$$1/6 = 0.1(6)$$

$$1/7 = 0.(142857)$$

$$1/8 = 0.125$$

$$1/9 = 0.(1)$$

$$1/10 = 0.1$$

Where 0.1(6) means 0.16666..., and has a 1-digit recurring cycle. It can be seen that $1/7$ has a 6-digit recurring cycle.

Find the value of $d < 1000$ for which $1/d$ contains the longest recurring cycle in its decimal fraction part.