

Problem 15

A system consists of a ball of mass M_2 and a uniform rod of mass M_1 and length d . The rod is attached to a horizontal frictionless table by a pivot at point P and initially rotates at an angular speed ω , as shown. The rotational inertia of the rod about point P is $\frac{1}{3}M_1d^2$. The rod strikes the ball, which is initially at rest. As a result of this collision, the rod is stopped and the ball moves in the direction shown. Express all answers in terms of M_1 , M_2 , ω , d , and fundamental constants.

- Derive an expression for the angular momentum of the rod about point P before the collision.
- Derive an expression for the speed v of the ball after the collision.
- Assuming that this collision is elastic, calculate the numerical value of the ratio M_1/M_2 .
- A new ball with the same mass M_1 as the rod is now placed a distance x from the pivot, as shown. Again assuming the collision is elastic, for what value of x will the rod stop moving after hitting the ball?

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$$v = \frac{M_1d\omega}{3M_2}$$

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$$\boxed{\frac{M_1}{M_2} = 3}$$

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$$x = \frac{d}{\sqrt{3}}$$