An ideal gas undergoes the cyclic process $A \to B \to C \to A$ as shown in the diagram.

- a) Rank the temperature of the gas at states A, B, and C from highest to lowest. If two or more states have the same temperature, state that in your ranking. Justify your answer.
- b) For each of the thermodynamic variables ΔU , Q, and W, indicate whether the variable is positive, negative, or zero for the process $A \to B$ only. Justify your answer.
- c) Determine how much work, if any, was done on the process $A \to B$.
- d) Determine how much heat, if any, was added to the gas in the process A o B.
- e) In the entire process $A \to B \to C \to A$, was heat added or removed from the gas, or neither?

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 $T_B \approx (1.0 \times 10^5 \, \mathrm{Pa})(0.050 \, \mathrm{m}^3) = 5000 \, \mathrm{J}$

Rank the temperature of the gas at states A, B, and C from highest to lowest. If two or more states have the same temperature, state that in your ranking. Justify your answer.

$$T_A pprox P_A V_A = (5.0 imes 10^5 \, \mathrm{Pa}) (0.010 \, \mathrm{m}^3) = 5000 \, \mathrm{J}$$
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$$T_A = T_B > T_C$$

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- ullet Since U=0 and W is negative, ig| Q must be positive ig| in order to balance out work

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 $W=-12\,000\ {
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d) Determine how much heat, if any, was added to the gas in the process $A \to B$.

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