

## Problem 1

The large container shown in the cross section is filled with a liquid of density  $1.1 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . A small hole of area  $2.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$  is opened in the side of the container a distance  $h$  below the liquid surface, which allows a stream of liquid to flow through the hole and into a beaker placed to the right of the container. At the same time, liquid is also added to the container at an appropriate rate so that  $h$  remains constant. The amount of liquid collected in the beaker in 2.0 min is  $7.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3$ .

- Calculate the volume rate of flow of liquid from the hole in  $\text{m}^3/\text{s}$ .
- Calculate the speed of the liquid as it exits from the hole.
- Calculate the height  $h$  of liquid needed above the hole to cause the speed you determined in part b.
- Suppose that there is now less liquid in the container so that the height  $h$  is reduced to  $h/2$ . In relation to the collection beaker, where will the liquid hit the tabletop?

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$$\boxed{v = 2.4 \text{ m/s}}$$

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$$\boxed{h = 0.294 \text{ m}}$$

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Left of the container