學號:

1. A researcher calculated the ANOVA summary table for an experiment, but accidentally spilled grape juice over the first line of the output. Please answer the following questions.

a. How many groups for the experiment? (_

& b. Finish the ANOVA table.

c. State the hypothesis for the analysis of variance.

d. What is the test value, and find the critical value.

e. Will the null hypothesis be rejected? Explain the result.

Source	SS	d.f.	MS	F
Between	60	6	10,	2475
Within	194	48	4.04	
Total	254	54	ÁI	

Ho: U, = Uz = ... = Mg ① Hi: M1, M2, …, M7不全等 d. CV. FLE,48) = 2-3+ 0x229. test value = >.475

e.	i test value > CV.
	⇒ rej. Ho. 表示 Mi, My 不全等

2. A vending machine company wants to check three of its machines to determine if they are properly dispensing 360 milliliters of coffee. Use ANOVA, at $\alpha = 0.05$, to test whether there is a significant difference between the means for the vending machines? (use the 5 steps procedure & establish ANOVA table)

	A	В	C
	351	346	356
	352	344	358
	353	353	354
	354	348	352
	354	351	357
\overline{X}	352.8	348.4	355.4
S^2	1.7	13.3	5.8

中の Ho: UA = MB = MC 中の Hi: MA, MB, MC不全等 2 OV: F(2,(2) = 3.89

 $SSR = \sum n_i (\bar{X}_i - \bar{X}) = 125.2$

SSW= \(\frac{1}{2}(n_i-1)S_{\text{1}}^2 = \text{83.2}

SSTD = SSB+SSW = 508.4

2 × 2		
MSB	=	62,6

MSW = 6.93

1 Decision:

2

· ! test value > cV =) rej. Ho

≥ \$ Summary A.B.C = 种机器, 咖啡顿忘墓有题老重 AO

6 4.				
Source	SS	d.f.	MS	F
Between	(25,2	7	62.6	9.03
Within	83,2	12	6.93	
Total	>08.4	14		-

3. A diet center wanted to test three different methods for losing weight to determine if the average weight loss (reported in pounds/week) for each method is the same. The results for the three methods are tabulated below. Given that there is a significant difference between the three methods, use the Tukey test to determine if there is a significant difference between each pair of methods. At $\alpha = 0.01$, can the researcher conclude that there is a difference in the means? A computer printout for this problem is shown. a. Use the P-value method to test the claim. Low-Calorie Diet Liquid Low-Calorie b. If the null hypothesis is rejected, use scheffe' test to see if there is a Diet (B) and Exercise (C) Diet (A) significant different in the pair of means. 5 Ho: MA=MB= UC 3 5 4 a. : p-value < 2 001 5 6 > reject Ho is MA, MB, Mc Tre's 5 4 b. 4F'= (3-1) CV = 6,93 xz = 13,86,-ANALYSIS OF VARANCE SOURCE TABLE d.f. Source SS MS P-value FAB= 5179 => AB聚 差婁 2%×3 10.07 0.009 Bet Groups 20.133 W/I Groups 1.40 16.800 FAC=14 — A.C有题著題 Total 36.933 Fs = (x,-x)2

MSW[-1+----] FBC=179 > BC 完美叟 4. A Two-Way ANOVA Summary Table is shown below and some values are missed. ($\alpha = 0.05$) a. What are factors and factor levels? Source b. What are the hypotheses? Factor A 7207.5 c. What is the critical values for each of the hypotheses? Factor B 28020.1 d. Finish the ANOVA table and make a conclusion. Interaction 12.2 345.45 Within 12781.6 48021.4 Total a. Factor A > 3/eve/s 3 > 4 SHo: There is no difference between the means for factor A. P(H): Theres is a 11 {Ho: There is no interaction effect between factor A and factors.

H: " On , an c.V. test value rej. Ho > Factor A有疑卷纹里 F(2,36) = 3,32. vej. Ho ⇒ 1, B , @ F(3,36) = 2,92

do not Yej, Ho > Factor AQB東交色1下即

3 F(6, 36) = 2,42

0,00