

Dynamically create a 2D array using single pointer

- Input:

- N : number of students in a class (Number of columns)
- M : number of examinations of each student (Number of rows)

number of students

number of
examinations



```
/* Declare a variable*/  
int *grade;  
  
/* Allocate memory of size M x N */  
MALLOC(grade, M * N * sizeof(int));
```

*The address of $A[i][j]$ is $base_address + (nRows*j + i)*size$*

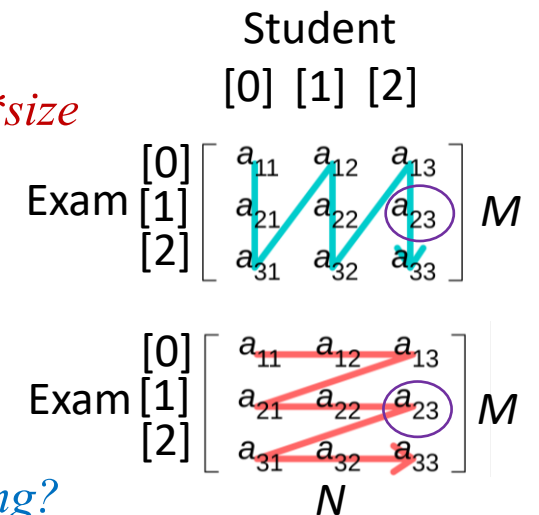
Assign score 80 to exam [1] for student [2]

Column major

`grade[$M*2+1$]=80;`

Row major

$N*1+2$ or $N+2$
`grade[$Q1$]=80;`



Q2: What is the address of $A[i][j]$ in row-major mapping?

*$base_address + (nColumns*i + j)*size$*

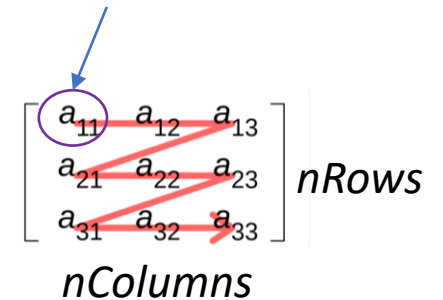
- Q2: Let **A** be a two-dimensional array with $nRows$ rows and $nColumns$ columns. Let S be the size of each element in **A** and $alpha$ be the base address of **A**. When the array **A** is stored using row-major order, what is the **address** of an arbitrary element $A[i][j]$?

The address of $A[0][0]$ is base address.

$$base_address + (nColumns * i + j) * size$$



$$alpha + (nColumns * i + j) * S$$



Some answers needed to be modified:

$(N*j)+i$

$A[i*N+j]$

$A + (nRows * i + j) * S$

$alpha+(n*j+i)*S$

- Steps:
 - Scan the expression from left to right
 - When a **left** bracket, “[”, “{”, or “(”, is encountered, **push** it into stack.
 - When a **right** bracket, “]”, “}”, or “)”, is encountered, **pop** the top element from stack and check whether they are matched.
 - If the right bracket and the pop out element are not matched, **return False**.
 - After scanning the whole expression, if the stack is not empty, **return False**.
- Examine whether the brackets in the following expression are balanced.

$$\{[(a+b)*c+d-e]/(f+g)-(h+j)*k-l\}/(m-n)$$

- Q3: Are the brackets in the expression balanced?
- Q4: How many times of push and pop are required?
- Q5: Please list the order of push and pop.

$\{[(a+b)*c+d-e]/(f+g)-(h+j)*k-l)\}/(m-n)$

"(" and ")" are
Matched.

Continue scanning.

"[" and "]" are
Matched.

Continue scanning.

"(" and ")" are
Matched.

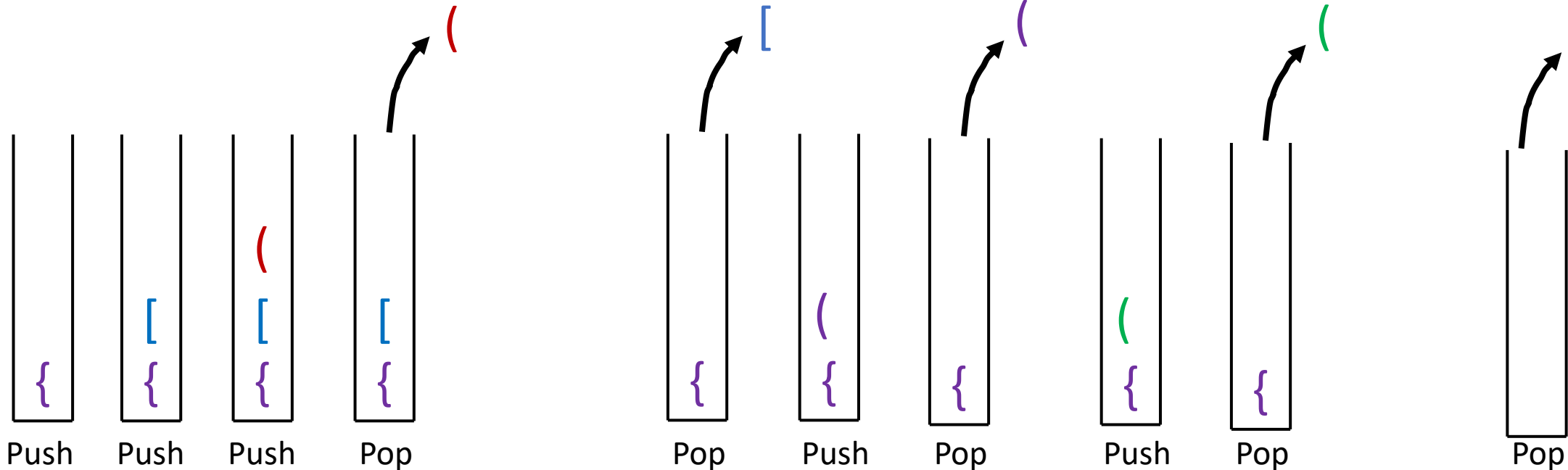
Continue scanning.

"(" and ")" are
Matched.

Continue scanning.

"{" and "}" are not
matched.

Return False.



Note:

1. If the pop element and the right bracket are not matched, false will be returned (the program is **terminated**).
2. If a right bracket is encountered, pop an element from stack and then check whether they are matched.

1 pop and 2 pushes for "{}/(m-n)"
-> won't happen