

# Benchmarks

## Random Cutting Plane Algorithm

$\alpha$ : Compute an  $\alpha$ -optimal solution.

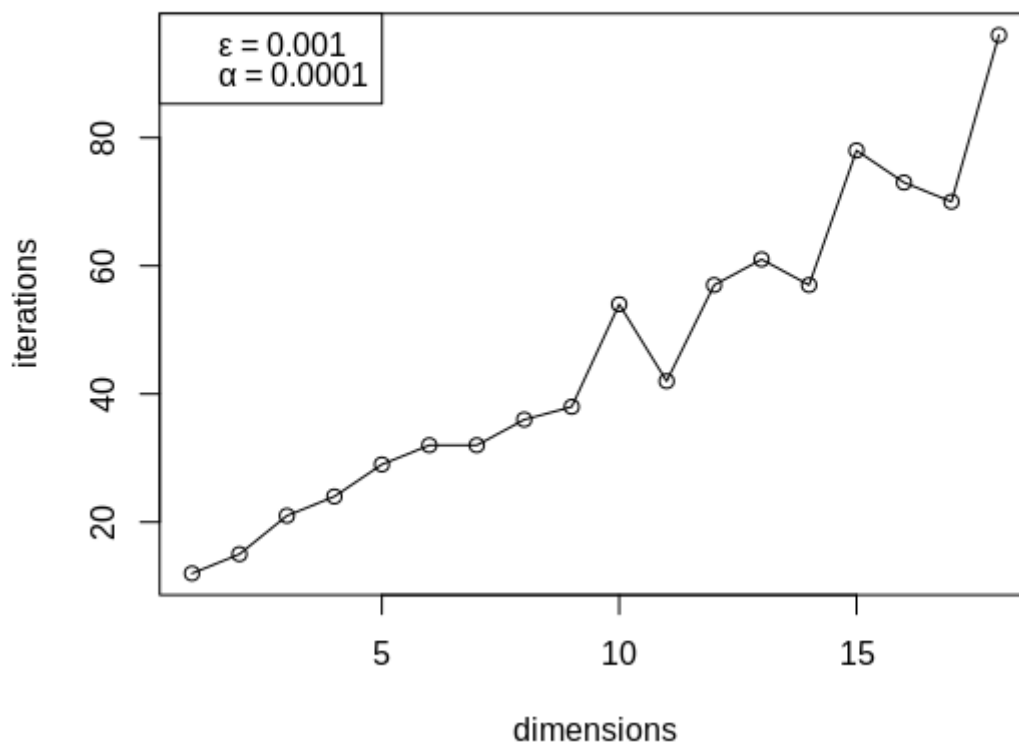
$\varepsilon$ : probability used to calculate number of samples in the  $k$ th iteration:  $N(\varepsilon, k)$

Construct a random H-polytope with  $d$ -dimensions and 50 facets.

$P = \text{GenRandHpoly}(d, 50)$  ,  $d = 2$  to  $20$

1)  $\alpha, \varepsilon$  default values.

**RCP iterations for a random polytope with 50 facets**



2) decrease  $\alpha$ ,  $\varepsilon$ . We notice that as we decrease  $\alpha$  and  $\varepsilon$ , the number of iterations is increased (as we expected).

**RCP iterations for a random polytope with 50 facets**

