



# CHANGING LIST ELEMENTS

List Basics

List Operations

Modifying Lists

List Functions  
& Methods

Nested Lists

Copying Lists

Tuples

Ranges

Lists elements can be **changed**, but not added, by using indexing

```
new_items = ['Coat', 'Backpack', 'Snowpants']  
  
new_items[1] = 'Gloves'  
new_items  
  
['Coat', 'Gloves', 'Snowpants']
```

The second element in the list has changed from 'Backpack' to 'Gloves'

```
new_items = ['Coat', 'Backpack', 'Snowpants']  
  
new_items[3] = 'Gloves'  
new_items
```

The list only has 3 elements, so an index of 3 (the fourth element) does not exist

```
IndexError: list assignment index out of range
```



# ADDING LIST ELEMENTS

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You can **.append()** or **.insert()** a new element to a list

- **.append(*element*)** – adds an element to the end of the list
- **.insert(*index*, *element*)** – adds an element to the specified index in the list

```
item_list = ['Snowboard', 'Boots', 'Helmet', 'Goggles', 'Bindings']  
item_list.append('Coat')  
print(item_list)
```

```
['Snowboard', 'Boots', 'Helmet', 'Goggles', 'Bindings', 'Coat']
```

} 'Coat' was added as the  
last element in the list

```
item_list = ['Snowboard', 'Boots', 'Helmet', 'Goggles', 'Bindings']  
item_list.insert(3, 'Coat')  
item_list
```

```
['Snowboard', 'Boots', 'Helmet', 'Coat', 'Goggles', 'Bindings']
```

} 'Coat' was added as the  
fourth element in the list



# COMBINING & REPEATING LISTS

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Lists can be **combined**, or concatenated, with **+** and **repeated** with **\***

```
item_list = ['Snowboard', 'Boots', 'Helmet', 'Goggles', 'Bindings']  
new_items = ['Coat', 'Backpack', 'Snowpants']
```

```
all_items = item_list + new_items  
print(all_items)
```

```
['Snowboard', 'Boots', 'Helmet', 'Goggles', 'Bindings', 'Coat',  
'Backpack', 'Snowpants']
```

```
new_items * 3
```

```
['Coat',  
'Backpack',  
'Snowpants',  
'Coat',  
'Backpack',  
'Snowpants',  
'Coat',  
'Backpack',  
'Snowpants']
```



# REMOVING LIST ELEMENTS

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There are two ways to **remove** lists elements:

1. The **del** keyword deletes the selected elements from the list

```
new_items = ['Coat', 'Backpack', 'Snowpants']  
del new_items[1:3]  
  
new_items  
  
['Coat']
```

The second (index of 1) and third (index of 2) elements were deleted from the list

- **del** list\_name(slice)

2. The **.remove()** method deletes the first occurrence of the specified value from the list

```
new_items = ['Coat', 'Backpack', 'Snowpants']  
  
new_items.remove('Coat')  
new_items  
  
['Backpack', 'Snowpants']
```

'Coat' was removed from the list

- **.remove(value)**