

Title: *Instructor Performance Evaluation: Weighted Scoring SOP*

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1. Purpose

This document outlines the procedures for implementing a weighted scoring system to evaluate instructor performance in a structured academic environment. The system was designed to account for variability in student background and academic risk level, ensuring that instructor evaluations remain accurate and equitable across student groups.

2. Background

Historically, instructors teaching high-risk or repeating students in our language program received disproportionately low performance scores. These scores failed to reflect instructional effort or improvement over time and introduced bias in comparative analysis. A new scoring model was proposed and tested during the 2019 academic year.

3. Scope

This SOP applies to all instructional supervisors, program analysts, and administrative coordinators responsible for compiling, interpreting, or acting upon performance data within the training program.

4. Evaluation Model Overview

The performance scoring system incorporates the following:

- **Baseline student profile:** Each class is tagged with an average pre-course proficiency rating and failure history.

- **Category weighting:**
 - **Student improvement rate** – 40%
 - **Student pass rate** – 25%
 - **Behavioral discipline records** – 15%
 - **Admin compliance (paperwork/timeliness)** – 10%
 - **Peer and supervisor observations** – 10%

Scores are normalized using a z-score adjustment to compare across instructor types (i.e., remedial vs. advanced).

5. Data Collection Method

Data were pulled monthly from:

- Student language assessments (entry and exit)
- Attendance and discipline logs
- Teacher compliance reports
- Internal survey feedback (qualitative observations coded)

Each instructor's score was recalculated every quarter, with cumulative scoring reported annually.

6. Outcomes and Benefits

- Improved accuracy in identifying high-performing teachers with low-performing student cohorts.
 - Balanced representation of instructional quality across departments.
 - Data transparency used in coaching and performance improvement plans.
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7. Limitations and Future Improvements

- Data entry inconsistencies from legacy systems reduced reliability in early quarters.
- Future versions should explore weighting adjustments based on longitudinal student success (e.g., delayed gains).
- Incorporate anonymized student feedback as a fourth data stream.