

# Adjusted Home Run Frequencies

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## Adjusted hr frequencies, 2012-2021.

Let us see how the batter-pitcher combination (bpcombo) frequencies have varied over time

```
##          PIT_HAND_CD
## BAT_HAND_CD      L      R
##          L 0.08054097 0.34107305
##          R 0.19685160 0.38153439

## [1] "by Batter Hand (row sums)"

##          L      R
## 0.421614 0.578386

## [1] "by Pitcher Hand (col sums)"

##          L      R
## 0.2773926 0.7226074

## [1] "Conditionally on Batter Hand"

##          PIT_HAND_CD
## BAT_HAND_CD      L      R
##          L 0.1910301 0.8089699
##          R 0.3403464 0.6596536

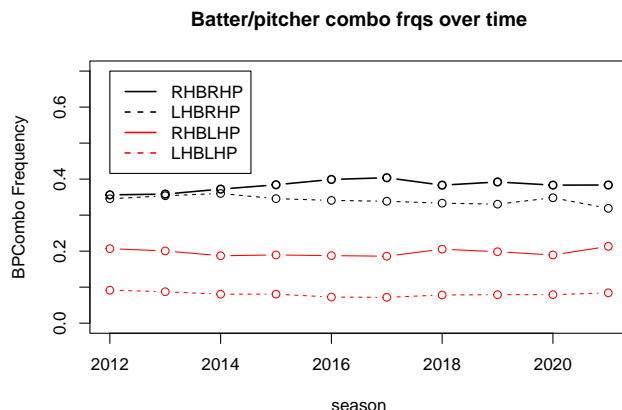
## [1] "Conditionally on Pitcher Hand"

##          PIT_HAND_CD
## BAT_HAND_CD      L      R
##          L 0.2903501 0.4720032
##          R 0.7096499 0.5279968

## [1] "All four relative freqs as a vector"

##  BAT_HAND_CD PIT_HAND_CD      Freq
## 1          L          L 0.08054097
## 2          R          L 0.19685160
## 3          L          R 0.34107305
## 4          R          R 0.38153439
```

These four bpcombo frequencies have changed little over time, though the preference for LHB when facing RHP may have decreased slightly.

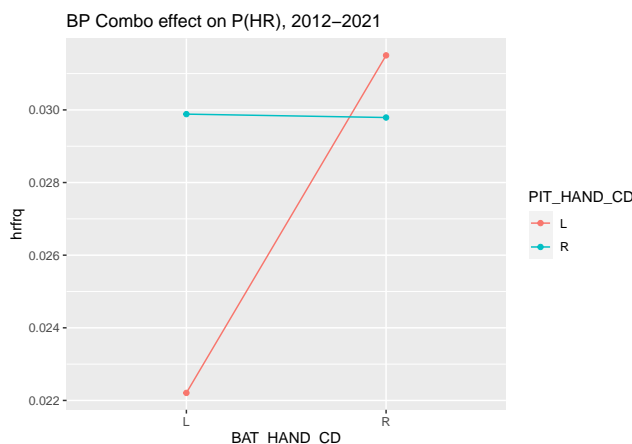


The effects of bpcombo on home run frequency can be investigated with an interaction plot, generated with data from 2012-2021:

```
allyrs.12vars %>% group_by(BAT_HAND_CD,PIT_HAND_CD) %>% summarize(hrfrq=mean(hr)) -> hrfrq.bp.era
hrfrq.bp.era
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
## # Groups:   BAT_HAND_CD [2]
##   BAT_HAND_CD PIT_HAND_CD hrfrq
##   <chr>        <chr>      <dbl>
## 1 L           L           0.0222
## 2 L           R           0.0299
## 3 R           L           0.0315
## 4 R           R           0.0298
```

```
ggplot(hrfrq.bp.era,aes(y=hrfrq,x=BAT_HAND_CD,color=PIT_HAND_CD)) +
  geom_line(aes(group=PIT_HAND_CD)) + geom_point() +
  ggtitle("BP Combo effect on P(HR), 2012-2021")
```



Looking over this 10 year period, it can be seen that home runs are least likely when a LHB is facing a LHP. Remarkably, the effect of the batter hand only appears to matter when facing lefties. Wow!

For a given park, the frequencies of the four combinations can vary dramatically from one season to the next, depending upon the personnel of the home team and with the unbalanced schedules of years past, upon the personnel of other teams in the division. In light of bpcombo effects, home run frequencies for each park can be adjusted to league-wide bpcombo frequencies simply by reweighting the four conditional home run rates

to the these frequencies.

```
allyrs.12vars %>% group_by(park,BAT_HAND_CD,PIT_HAND_CD) %>%
  summarize(hrfrq=mean(hr)) %>% pivot_wider(values_from=hrfrq,
                                             names_from=c("BAT_HAND_CD","PIT_HAND_CD")) ->
  hrsummary.wide
hrsummary.wide %>% mutate(adjhr=bpfrqs.era[1,1]*L_L + bpfrqs.era[1,2]*L_R +
                          bpfrqs.era[2,1]*R_L + bpfrqs.era[2,2]*R_R) ->
  hrsummary.wide
# unadjusted
allyrs.12vars %>% group_by(park) %>% summarize(obshr=mean(hr)) -> hrfrqs.bypark
hrsummary.wide %>% inner_join(hrfrqs.bypark) -> hrsummary.wide
```

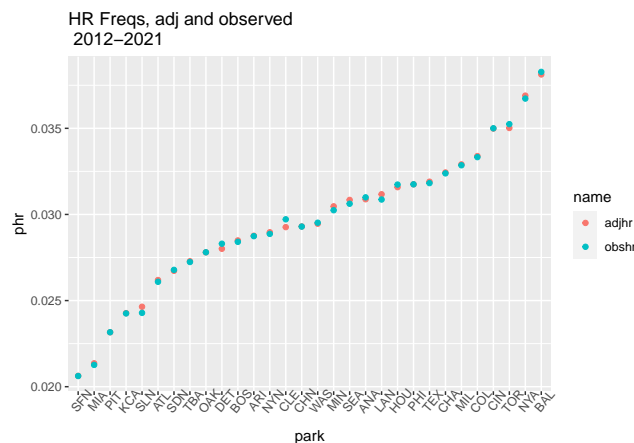
These adjusted frequencies can be plotted against park, along with the unadjusted frequencies. Further investigation of changes over time is warranted though, as a glance at 10-year averages still shows considerable variability in bpcombo frequencies across parks. It must be kept in mind that many players reside with the same team for long periods of time, so these 10 years are not at all independent. However, we average anyway ...

A technique worth mentioning in the construction of this plot is to achieve an ordering of parks on the horizontal axis according to either the observed or adjusted home run rate by so ordering the levels of park as a factor.

```
hrsummary.wide$park <- factor(hrsummary.wide$park,
                             levels=hrsummary.wide$park[order(hrsummary.wide$adjhr)])
hrsummary.wide %>% pivot_longer(cols=c("adjhr","obshr"),values_to="phr") ->
  hrsummary.tall
```

Now ggplot can be used ...

```
ggplot(hrsummary.tall) + geom_point(aes(y=phr,x=park,color=name)) +
  theme(axis.text.x=element_text(angle=50)) +
  ggtitle("HR Freqs, adj and observed \n 2012-2021")
```



Ok, let us consider those teams for which the observed and adjusted hr freqs were different.

```
hrsummary.wide %>% mutate(adjmnt=adjhr-obshr) %>%
  arrange(abs(adjmnt)) -> hrsummary.wide; hrsummary.wide %>% tail
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 8
## # Groups:   park [6]
##   park    L_L    L_R    R_L    R_R adjhr obshr adjmnt
##   <fct> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 TOR    0.0252 0.0330 0.0359 0.0384 0.0350 0.0352 -0.000223
## 2 MIN    0.0187 0.0275 0.0352 0.0332 0.0305 0.0302  0.000225
## 3 DET    0.0218 0.0261 0.0342 0.0278 0.0280 0.0283 -0.000294
## 4 LAN    0.0266 0.0340 0.0294 0.0305 0.0312 0.0309  0.000307
## 5 SLN    0.0184 0.0243 0.0312 0.0229 0.0246 0.0243  0.000357
## 6 CLE    0.0184 0.0322 0.0290 0.0291 0.0293 0.0297 -0.000453
```

These differences between the observed relative frequencies are small, but the number of plate appearances is large:

```
alllys.12vars %>% group_by(park) %>% summarize(pa=n(),hr=sum(hr)) %>%
  inner_join(hrsummary.wide) %>% mutate(hrdiff=adjmnt*pa) %>%
  arrange(abs(hrdiff)) -> hrsummary.wide ; hrsummary.wide %>% tail
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 11
##   park    pa    hr    L_L    L_R    R_L    R_R adjhr obshr adjmnt hrdiff
##   <chr> <int> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 TOR   57373  2022 0.0252 0.0330 0.0359 0.0384 0.0350 0.0352 -0.000223 -12.8
## 2 MIN   58421  1767 0.0187 0.0275 0.0352 0.0332 0.0305 0.0302  0.000225  13.1
## 3 DET   57347  1623 0.0218 0.0261 0.0342 0.0278 0.0280 0.0283 -0.000294 -16.9
## 4 LAN   56243  1736 0.0266 0.0340 0.0294 0.0305 0.0312 0.0309  0.000307  17.2
## 5 SLN   56990  1384 0.0184 0.0243 0.0312 0.0229 0.0246 0.0243  0.000357  20.4
## 6 CLE   57104  1697 0.0184 0.0322 0.0290 0.0291 0.0293 0.0297 -0.000453 -25.9
```

Were bpcombo freqs for CLE different from those of the rest of the league?

```
alllys.12vars %>% select(park,BAT_HAND_CD,PIT_HAND_CD) %>% table %>%
  prop.table(margin=c("park")) %>% as.data.frame -> teambpfrqs.tall
teambpfrqs.tall %>% filter(park=="CLE") %>% print
```

```
##   park BAT_HAND_CD PIT_HAND_CD      Freq
## 1  CLE           L           L 0.06957481
## 2  CLE           R           L 0.14536635
## 3  CLE           L           R 0.44986341
## 4  CLE           R           R 0.33519543
```

```
# Glancing back at era frequencies:
bpfrqs.era.vec %>% print
```

```
##   BAT_HAND_CD PIT_HAND_CD      Freq
## 1           L           L 0.08054097
## 2           R           L 0.19685160
## 3           L           R 0.34107305
## 4           R           R 0.38153439
```

For whatever reason, there were considerably more PA involving Pitchers and Batters of the same hand (RHBRHP or LHBLHP) at Jacobs Field, resulting in upward adjustment to era frequencies (so long as CLE conditional HR rates not too different.)

For other teams, we compute team combo frequencies relative era combo frequencies

```
allyrs.12vars %>% group_by(BAT_HAND_CD,PIT_HAND_CD) %>% summarize(count=n()) %>%
  ungroup %>% mutate(relFreq=count/sum(count)) -> bptotals
teambpfrqs.tall %>% inner_join(bptotals) %>%
  mutate(team2era = Freq/relFreq) -> team2era
team2era %>% arrange(park,BAT_HAND_CD,PIT_HAND_CD) %>%
  filter(park %in% c("CLE","SLN","LAN","DET","MIN","TOR")) %>% print
```

	park	BAT_HAND_CD	PIT_HAND_CD	Freq	count	relFreq	team2era
## 1	CLE		L	0.06957481	139051	0.08054097	0.8638437
## 2	CLE		R	0.44986341	588850	0.34107305	1.3189650
## 3	CLE		R	0.14536635	339857	0.19685160	0.7384565
## 4	CLE		R	0.33519543	658705	0.38153439	0.8785458
## 5	DET		L	0.06240954	139051	0.08054097	0.7748795
## 6	DET		R	0.31973774	588850	0.34107305	0.9374465
## 7	DET		R	0.22011614	339857	0.19685160	1.1181831
## 8	DET		R	0.39773659	658705	0.38153439	1.0424659
## 9	LAN		L	0.11238732	139051	0.08054097	1.3954056
## 10	LAN		R	0.30554914	588850	0.34107305	0.8958466
## 11	LAN		R	0.25007556	339857	0.19685160	1.2703761
## 12	LAN		R	0.33198798	658705	0.38153439	0.8701391
## 13	MIN		L	0.08060458	139051	0.08054097	1.0007898
## 14	MIN		R	0.37734719	588850	0.34107305	1.1063530
## 15	MIN		R	0.18827134	339857	0.19685160	0.9564126
## 16	MIN		R	0.35377690	658705	0.38153439	0.9272477
## 17	SLN		L	0.06211616	139051	0.08054097	0.7712368
## 18	SLN		R	0.33967363	588850	0.34107305	0.9958970
## 19	SLN		R	0.14395508	339857	0.19685160	0.7312873
## 20	SLN		R	0.45425513	658705	0.38153439	1.1906008
## 21	TOR		L	0.07205480	139051	0.08054097	0.8946354
## 22	TOR		R	0.31143569	588850	0.34107305	0.9131055
## 23	TOR		R	0.21663500	339857	0.19685160	1.1004991
## 24	TOR		R	0.39987451	658705	0.38153439	1.0480694

A reminder of which combos lead to the most HRs

```
allyrs.12vars %>% group_by(BAT_HAND_CD,PIT_HAND_CD) %>% summarize(hrfrq=mean(hr),hrsum=sum(hr))
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
## # Groups:   BAT_HAND_CD [2]
##   BAT_HAND_CD PIT_HAND_CD hrfrq hrsum
##   <chr>         <chr>    <dbl> <int>
## 1 L           L         0.0222  3088
## 2 L           R         0.0299 17597
## 3 R           L         0.0315 10706
## 4 R           R         0.0298 19623
```

Now the other adjusteds